

# Land Registration Act 1925 (repealed)

#### 1925 CHAPTER 21 15 and 16 Geo 5

#### PART VI

GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO REGISTRATION AND THE EFFECT THEREOF

#### Textual Amendments applied to the whole legislation

F1 Act repealed (prosp.) by Land Registration Act 2002 (c. 9), ss. 135, 136(2), **Sch. 13** (with s. 129, Sch. 12)

# 69 Effect of registration on the legal estate.

- (1) The proprietor of land (whether he was registered before or after the commencement of this Act) shall be deemed to have vested in him without any conveyance, where the registered land is freehold, the legal estate in fee simple in possession, and where the registered land is leasehold the legal term created by the registered lease, but subject to the overriding interests, if any, including any mortgage term or charge by way of legal mortgage created by or under the MILaw of Property Act 1925, or this Act or otherwise which has priority to the registered estate.
- (2) Where any legal estate or term left outstanding at the date of first registration (whether before or after the commencement of this Act), or disposed of or created under section forty-nine of the M2Land Transfer Act 1875, before the commencement of this Act, becomes satisfied, or the proprietor of the land becomes entitled to require the same to be vested in or surrendered to him, and the entry, if any, for protecting the same on the register has been cancelled, the same shall thereupon, without any conveyance, vest in the proprietor of the land, as if the same had been conveyed or surrendered to him as the case may be.
- (3) If and when any person is registered as first proprietor of land in a compulsory area after the commencement of this Act, the provisions of the M3Law of Property Act 1925, for getting in legal estates shall apply to any legal estate in the land which was expressed to be conveyed or created in favour of a purchaser or lessee before the commencement of this Act but which failed to pass or to be created by reason of the

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omission of such purchaser or lessee to be registered as proprietor of the land under the Land Transfer Acts 1875 and 1897, and shall operate to vest that legal estate in the person so registered as proprietor on his registration, but subject to any mortgage term or charge by way of legal mortgage having priority thereto.

- (4) The estate for the time being vested in the proprietor shall only be capable of being disposed of or dealt with by him in manner authorised by this Act.
- (5) Nothing in this section operates to render valid a lease registered with possessory or good leasehold title.

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Marginal Citations
M1 1925 c. 20 (98:1).
M2 1875 c. 87.
M3 1925 c. 20 (98:1).
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## 70 Liability of registered land to overriding interests.

- (1) All registered land shall, unless under the provisions of this Act the contrary is expressed on the register, be deemed to be subject to such of the following overriding interests as may be for the time being subsisting in reference thereto, and such interests shall not be treated as incumbrances within the meaning of this Act, (that is to say):—
  - (a) Rights of common, drainage rights, customary rights (until extinguished), public rights, profits a prendre, rights of sheepwalk, rights of way, watercourses, rights of water, and other easements not being equitable easements required to be protected by notice on the register;
  - (b) Liability to repair highways by reason of tenure, quit-rents, crown rents, heriots, and other rents and charges (until extinguished) having their origin in tenure;
  - (c) Liability to repair the chancel of any church;
  - (d) Liability in respect of embankments, and sea and river walls;
  - (e) . . . <sup>F1</sup>payments in lieu of tithe, and charges or annuities payable for the redemption of tithe rentcharges;
  - (f) Subject to the provisions of this Act, rights acquired or in course of being acquired under the Limitation Acts;
  - (g) The rights of every person in actual occupation of the land or in receipt of the rents and profits thereof, save where enquiry is made of such person and the rights are not disclosed;
  - (h) In the case of a possessory, qualified, or good leasehold title, all estates, rights, interests, and powers excepted from the effect of registration;
  - (i) Rights under local land charges unless and until registered or protected on the register in the prescribed manner;
  - (j) Rights of fishing and sporting, seignorial and manorial rights of all descriptions (until extinguished), and franchises;
  - [F2(k)] Leases granted for a term not exceeding twenty-one years;
    - (1) In respect of land registered before the commencement of this Act, rights to mines and minerals, and rights of entry, search, and user, and other rights and reservations incidental to or required for the purpose of giving full effect to the enjoyment of rights to mines and minerals or of property in mines or

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minerals, being rights which, where the title was first registered before the first day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, were created before that date, and where the title was first registered after the thirty-first day of December, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, were created before the date of first registration:

Provided that, where it is proved to the satisfaction of the registrar that any land registered or about to be registered is exempt from land tax, or tithe rentcharge or payments in lieu of tithe, or from charges or annuities payable for the redemption of tithe rentcharge, the registrar may notify the fact on the register in the prescribed manner.

- (2) Where at the time of first registration any easement, right, privilege, or benefit created by an instrument and appearing on the title adversely affects the land, the registrar shall enter a note thereof on the register.
- (3) Where the existence of any overriding interest mentioned in this section is proved to the satisfaction of the registrar or admitted, he may (subject to any prescribed exceptions) enter notice of the same or of a claim thereto on the register, but no claim to an easement, right, or privilege not created by an instrument shall be noted against the title to the servient land if the proprietor of such land (after the prescribed notice is given to him) shows sufficient cause to the contrary.

#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F1** Words repealed by Tithe Act 1936 (c. 43, SIF 98:5), s. 1, **Sch. 9** and with saving by Finance Act 1963 (c. 25, SIF 99:3), s. 73(8)(b), **Sch. 14 Pt. VI**
- F2 S. 70(1)(k) substituted by Land Registration Act 1986 (c. 26, SIF 98:2), s. 4(1)(4)

# **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- C1 S. 70 excluded by Leasehold Reform Act 1967 (c. 88, SIF 75:1), s. 5(5)
- S. 70(1)(*k*) extended by Housing Act 1985 (c. 68, SIF 61), **Sch. 9A para. 3** (as inserted by Housing and Planning Act 1986 (c. 63, SIF 61), s. 8(2), **Sch. 2**) and excluded by S. I. 1986/2092 art. 10, Sch. 2 para. 3

## 71 Dispositions by virtue of overriding interests.

Where by virtue of any interest or power which is an overriding interest a mortgagee or other person disposes of any estate, charge, or right in or upon a registered estate, and the disposition is capable of being registered, the registrar shall, if so required, give effect to the disposition on the register.

# 72 Appurtenances.

If before the registration of any freehold or leasehold interest in land with an absolute or good leasehold title any easement, right, or privilege has been acquired for the benefit thereof, then, on such registration, the easement, right, or privilege shall, subject to any entry to the contrary on the register, become appurtenant to the registered land in like manner as if it had been granted to the proprietor who is registered as aforesaid.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Land Registration Act 1925 (repealed), Part VI. (See end of Document for details)

# [F373 Inland Revenue charge for capital transfer tax.

A disposition shall take effect subject to any subsisting Inland Revenue charge under Part III of the M4Finance Act 1975 unless—

- (a) the disposition is in favour of a purchaser within the meaning of that Part; and
- (b) the charge is not, at the time of registration of the disposition, protected by notice on the register.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

F3 S. 73 substituted by Finance Act 1975 (c. 7, SIF 63:2), Sch. 12 paras. 2, 5(6) in relation to deaths occurring after 13.3.1975

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C3 S. 73: by Finance Act 1986 (c. 41,SIF 65), s. 100 it is provided that the Capital Transfer Tax Act 1984 may be cited as the Inheritance Tax Act 1984 and that any reference to capital transfer tax in any other enactment shall have effect as a reference to inheritance tax

#### **Marginal Citations**

M4 1975 c. 7 (18).

### Notice of trust not to affect registered dealing.

Subject to the provisions of this Act as to settled land, neither the registrar nor any person dealing with a registered estate or charge shall be affected with notice of a trust express implied or constructive, and references to trusts shall, so far as possible, be excluded from the register.

#### 75 Acquisition of title by possession.

- (1) The Limitation Acts shall apply to registered land in the same manner and to the same extent as those Acts apply to land not registered, except that where, if the land were not registered, the estate of the person registered as proprietor would be extinguished, such estate shall not be extinguished but shall be deemed to be held by the proprietor for the time being in trust for the person who, by virtue of the said Acts, has acquired title against any proprietor, but without prejudice to the estates and interests of any other person interested in the land whose estate or interest is not extinguished by those Acts.
- (2) Any person claiming to have acquired a title under the Limitation Acts to a registered estate in the land may apply to be registered as proprietor thereof.
- (3) The registrar shall, on being satisfied as to the applicant's title, enter the applicant as proprietor either with absolute, good leasehold, qualified, or possessory title, as the case may require, but without prejudice to any estate or interest protected by any entry on the register which may not have been extinguished under the Limitation Acts, and such registration shall, subject as aforesaid, have the same effect as the registration of a first proprietor; but the proprietor or the applicant or any other person interested may apply to the court for the determination of any question arising under this section.

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(5) Rules may be made for applying (subject to any necessary modifications) the provisions of this section to cases where an easement, right or privilege has been acquired by prescription.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F4 S. 75(4) repealed by Land Registration and Land Charges Act 1971 (c. 54, SIF 98:2), Sch. 2 Pt. I

# 76 Description of registered land.

Registered land may be described—

- (a) by means of a verbal description and a filed plan or general map, based on the ordnance map; or
- (b) by reference to a deed or other document, a copy or extract whereof is filed at the registry, containing a sufficient description, and a plan or map thereof; or
- (c) otherwise as the applicant for registration may desire, and the registrar, or, if the applicant prefers, the court, may approve,

regard being had to ready identification of parcels, correct descriptions of boundaries, and, so far as may be, uniformity of practice; but the boundaries of all freehold land and all requisite details in relation to the same, shall whenever practicable, be entered on the register or filed plan, or general map, and the filed plan, if any, or general map shall be used for assisting the identification of the land.

# 77 [F5Conversion of possessory into absolute or good leasehold title.

- (1) Where land is registered with a good leasehold title, or satisfies the conditions for such registration under this section, the registrar may, and on application by the proprietor shall, if he is satisfied as to the title to the freehold and the title to any intermediate leasehold, enter the title as absolute.
- (2) Where land is registered with a possessory title, the registrar may, and on application by the proprietor shall—
  - (a) if he is satisfied as to the title, or
  - (b) if the land has been so registered for at least twelve years and he is satisfied that the proprietor is in popssession,

enter the title in the case of freehold land as absolute and in the case of leasehold land as good lease hold

- (3) Where land is registered with a qualified title, the registrar may, and on application by the proprietor shall, if he is satisfied as to the title, enter it in the case of freehold land as good leasehold.
- (4) If any claim adverse to the title of the proprietor has been made, an entry shall not be made in the register under this section unless and until the claim has been disposed of.
- (5) No fee shall be charged for the making of an entry in the register under this section at the instance of the registrar or on an application by the proprietor made in connection with a transfer for valuable consideration of the land to which the application relates.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Land Registration Act 1925 (repealed), Part VI. (See end of Document for details)

(6) Any person, other than the proprietor, who suffers loss by reason of any entry on the register made by virtue of this section shall be entitled to be indemnified under this Act as if a mistake had been made in the register.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

F5 S. 77 substituted with saving by Land Registration Act 1986 (c. 26, SIF 98:2), s. 1(1)(2)

#### 78 Provisions as to undivided shares in land.

- (1) Where in the case of land belonging to persons in undivided shares the entirety of the land is registered at the commencement of this Act, and the persons entitled to the several undivided shares are registered as proprietors, the registrar shall, on the occasion of the first dealing affecting the title after the commencement of this Act, rectify the register by entering as the proprietors of the entirety of the land the persons in whom the legal estate therein has become vested by virtue of the M5Law of Property Act 1925, and it shall be the duty of the persons registered as the proprietors of the undivided shares in the land to furnish to the registrar such evidence as he may require to enable him to ascertain the persons in whom such legal estate has become so vested as aforesaid.
- (2) Where at the commencement of this Act the title to an undivided share in land is registered but the entirety of the land is not registered, the registrar may, at any time, after giving notice to the proprietor and to the other persons, if any, who appear by the register to be interested therein, remove from the register the title to the undivided share, and such removal shall have the like effect as if it had been effected by the proprietor with the assent of such other persons as aforesaid in pursuance of the power in that behalf contained in this Act:
  - Provided that, if within one year from the commencement of this Act or such extended time as the registrar may allow, and before the removal of the undivided share from the register in manner aforesaid, the persons in whom the legal estate of the entirety of the land is vested by virtue of the M6Law of Property Act 1925, or any persons interested in more than an undivided half of the land or the income thereof, make an application in the prescribed manner for the purpose and furnish the prescribed evidence, the registrar shall, without charging any fee, register the persons in whom such legal estate is so vested as proprietors of that estate, subject to any incumbrance capable of registration affecting the entirety of the land, but free from any charge or incumbrance (whether formerly registered or not) affecting an undivided share, and when the title to the entirety of the land is so registered, the title to the undivided share shall be closed.
- (3) If the person in whom the legal estate in the entirety of the land is so vested is the Public Trustee, he shall not be registered as proprietor pursuant to this section unless and until he has been duly requested to act in accordance with the M7Law of Property Act 1925, and has accepted the trust.
- (4) After the commencement of this Act, no entry other than a caution against dealings with the entirety shall be made in the register as respects the title to an undivided share in land.

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Marginal Citations
M5 1925 c. 20 (98:1).
M6 1925 c. 20 (98:1).
M7 1925 c. 20 (98:1).
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#### 79 Addresses for service and notices.

- (1) Every person whose name is entered on the register as proprietor of any registered land or charge, or as cautioner, or as entitled to receive any notice, or in any other character shall furnish to the registrar a place of address in the United Kingdom.
- (2) Every notice by this Act required to be given to any person shall be served personally, or sent through the post in a registered letter marked outside "His Majesty's Land Registry," and directed to such person at the address furnished to the registrar, and, unless returned, shall be deemed to have been received by the person addressed within such period, not less than seven days, exclusive of the day of posting, as may be prescribed.
- (3) [F6The Post Office]shall give directions for the immediate return to the registrar of all letters marked as aforesaid, and addressed to any person who cannot be found, and on the return of any letter containing any notice, the registrar shall act in the matter requiring such notice to be given in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (4) A purchaser shall not be affected by the omission to send any notice by this Act directed to be given or by the non-receipt thereof.

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F6** Words "The Post Office" substituted for "The Postmaster General" by virtue of Post Office Act 1969 (c. 48, SIF 96), ss. 1, 76, Sch. 4 paras. 1, 27

# **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C4 Reference in s. 79(2) to a registered letter to be construed as including a reference to recorded delivery service: Recorded Delivery Service Act 1962 (c. 27, SIF 96), s. 1(1)(2), Sch. para. 1

# 80 Bona vacantia and forfeiture.

Subject to the express provisions of this Act relating to the effect of first registration of title and the effect or registration of a disposition for valuable consideration, nothing in this Act affects any right of His Majesty to any bona vacantia or forfeiture.

#### 81 Power to remove land from the register.

(1) The proprietor of registered land not situated in an area where the registration of title is compulsory, and, in every case where the entirety of the land is not registered, the proprietor of an undivided share in land, may, with the consent of the other persons (if any) for the time being appearing by the register to be interested therein, and on delivering up the land certificate and, if the land is subject to any registered charges, the charge certificates, remove the land (including an undivided share) from the register.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/12/1991.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Land Registration Act 1925 (repealed), Part VI. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) After land is removed from the register no further entries shall be made respecting it, and inspection of the register may be made and office copies of the entries therein may be issued, subject to such regulations as may be prescribed.
- (3) If the land so removed from the register is situated within the jurisdiction of the Middlesex or Yorkshire registries, it shall again be subject to such jurisdiction as from the date of the removal.

## **Status:**

Point in time view as at 01/12/1991.

# **Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Land Registration Act 1925 (repealed), Part VI.