

Criminal Justice Act 1948

1948 CHAPTER 58 11 and 12 Geo 6

PART I E+W

POWERS AND PROCEEDINGS OF COURTS

Abolition of penal servitude, hard labour, prison divisions and sentence of whipping

1 Abolition of penal servitude, hard labour and prison divisions. E+W

- (1) No person shall be sentenced by a court to penal servitude; and every enactment conferring power on a court to pass a sentence of penal servitude in any case shall be construed as conferring power to pass a sentence of imprisonment for a term not exceeding the maximum term of penal servitude for which a sentence could have been passed in that case immediately before the commencement of this Act.
- (2) No person shall be sentenced by a court to imprisonment with hard labour; and every enactment conferring power on a court to pass a sentence of imprisonment with hard labour in any case shall be construed as conferring power to pass a sentence of imprisonment for a term not exceeding the term for which a sentence of imprisonment with hard labour could have been passed in that case immediately before the commencement of this Act; and so far as any enactment requires or permits prisoners to be kept to hard labour it shall cease to have effect.
- (3) So far as any enactment provides that a person sentenced to imprisonment or committed to prison is or may be directed to be treated as an offender of a particular division, or to be placed in a separate division, it shall cease to have effect.

2	 F1 E+W

Textual Amendments

F1 S. 2 repealed by Statute Law (Repeals) Act 1977 (c. 18), Sch. 1 Pt. IV

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Criminal Justice Act 1948, Part I. (See end of Document for details)

3—1	12
Tex F2	xtual Amendments 2 S. 3–12 repealed by Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973 (c. 62), Sch. 6
13	F3 E+W
Tex F.	xtual Amendments 3 S. 13 repealed by Criminal Law Act 1967 (c. 58), Sch. 3 Pt. III
14	^{F4} E+W
Tex F	xtual Amendments 4 S. 14 repealed by Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973 (c. 62), Sch. 6
15	F5 E+W
Tex F:	stual Amendments S. 15 repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1967 (c. 80), Sch. 7 Pt. I
	Powers relating to young offenders
16	F6 E+W
Tex Fo	xtual Amendments 6 S. 16 repealed by Homicide Act 1957 (c. 11), Sch. 2
17	\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{W}
	(1)
	(3)
	$(4) \dots F^{9}$
	(6)

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Criminal Justice Act 1948, Part I. (See end of Document for details)

Textu	al Amendments
F7	S. 17(1)(2) repealed by Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973 (c. 62), Sch. 6
F8	S. 17(3) repealed by Courts Act 1971 (c. 23), Sch. 11 Pt. IV
F9	S. 17(4)(5) repealed by Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 (c. 55) s. 132(2), Sch. 6
F10	S. 17(6) repealed by Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973 (c. 62), Sch. 6
18	F11 E+W
Textu F11	ral Amendments S. 18 repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1961 (c. 39), Sch. 5
10. 20	
19, 20.	F12 E+W
Toytu	ol A mondmonts
F12	Ss, 19, 20, 48(2), 52, 76(2) repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), Sch. 16
21	F13 E+W
Textu F13	al Amendments S. 21 repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1967 (c. 80), Sch. 7 Pt. I
22	F14 E+W
Textu F14	ral Amendments S. 22 repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1961 (c. 39), Sch. 5
23	F15 E+W
Textu F15	ral Amendments S. 23 repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1967 (c. 80), Sch. 7 Pt. I
24	F16 E+W

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Criminal Justice Act 1948, Part I. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F16 Ss. 24–26, 28 repealed by Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 (c. 55), Sch. 6

Adjournment, remand, etc.

Textual Amendments

F17 Ss. 24–26, 28 repealed by Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 (c. 55), Sch. 6

[F1827 Remand of persons aged 17 to 20. E+W

- (1) Where a court remands a person charged with or convicted of an offence or commits him for trial or sentence and he is not less than seventeen but under twenty—one years old and is not released on bail, then, if the court has been notified by the Secretary of State that a remand centre is available for the reception from the court of persons of his class or description, it shall commit him to a remand centre and, if it has not been so notified, it shall commit him to a prison.
- (2) Where a person is committed to a remand centre in pursuance of this section, the centre shall be specified in the warrant and he shall be detained there for the period for which he is remanded or until he is delivered thence in due course of law.
- (3) In this section "court" includes a justice; and nothing in this section affects the provisions of [F19 section 128(7) of the Magisrates' Courts Act 1980](which provides for remands to the custody of a constable).]

Textual Amendments

F18 S. 27 substituted by Children and Young Persons Act 1969 (c. 54), Sch. 5 para. 24

F19 Words substituted by Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c. 43, SIF 82), Sch. 7 para. 7

28F20 E+W

Textual Amendments

F20 Ss. 24–26, 28 repealed by Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 (c. 55), Sch. 6

29 F21 E+W

Textual Amendments

F21 S. 29 repealed by Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973 (c. 62), Sch. 6

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Status: Point in time view as at 01/02/1991.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Criminal Justice Act 1948, Part I. (See end of Document for details)

Mi	iscellaneous provisions relating to procedure, appeals, evidence, etc.
30	F22 E+W
Textual Amer F22 S. 30 re	ndments epealed by Statute Law (Repeals) Act 1977 (c. 18), Sch. 1 Pt. IV
	diction and procedure in respect of certain indictable offences committed in countries. E+W
King or pu in Er	British subject employed under His Majesty's Government in the United adom in the service of the Crown who commits, in a foreign country, when acting arporting to act in the course of his employment, any offence which, if committed agland, would be punishable on indictment, shall be guilty of an offence F23 subject to the same punishment, as if the offence had been committed in England
(2)	F24
F24 S. 31(2	ndments repealed by Criminal Law Act 1967 (c. 58), Sch. 3 Pt. III)(3) repealed by Criminal Law Act 1967 (c. 58), Sch. 3 Pt. III F25 E+W
Textual Amer F25 Ss. 32,	ndments 33 repealed by Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 (c. 55), Sch. 6
34	F26 E+W
Textual Amer F26 S. 34 re	ndments epealed by Criminal Justice Administration Act 1962 (c. 15), Sch. 5 Pt. II
35	F27 E+W
Textual Amer F27 S. 35 re	ndments epealed by Juries Act 1974 (c. 23), Sch. 3

Textual Amendments

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	appeal, case stated or application for certiorari.
	at prejudice to the powers vested before the commencement of this Act in any admit or direct the admission of a person to bail—
(a)	F29
$[^{F30}(b)]$	the High Court may [F31grant bail to] a person—
	(i) who, after the decision of his case by the Crown Court, has applied to the Crown Court for the statement of a case for the High Court on that decision, or
(c)	(ii) who has applied to the High Court for an order of certiorari to remove proceedings in the Crown Court in his case into the High Court, or has applied to the High Court for leave to make such an application.]
[^{F33} (d)	the High Court may grant bail to a person who has been convicted or sentenced by a magistrates' court and has applied to the High Court for an order of certiorari to remove the proceedings into the High Court or has applied to the High Court for leave to make such an application.]
[F34(1A) Where	the court grants bail to a person under paragraph (d) of subsection (1) above—
(a)	the time at which he is to appear in the event of the conviction or sentence not being quashed by the High Court shall be such time within ten days after the judgment of the High Court has been given as may be specified by the High Court; and
(b)	the place at which he is to appear in that event shall be a magistrates' court acting for the same petty sessions area as the court which convicted or sentenced him.]
(2)	F35
	of court may be made under section [F3684 of the Supreme Court Act 1981]— F37
(b)	for authorising the recommittal, in such cases and by such courts or justices as may be prescribed by the rules, of persons released from custody under this section;
	F38
(5)	F39
(d) of s under l jurisdi	me during which a person is [F ⁴⁰ released on]bail under paragraph (b), F ⁴¹ or subsection (1) of this section shall not count as part of any term of imprisonment his sentence; and any sentence of imprisonment imposed by a court of summary etion, or, on appeal, by [F ⁴² the Crown Court], after the imposition of which a is so [F ⁴⁰ released on]bail, shall be deemed to begin to run or to be resumed as

from the dayon which he is received in prison under the sentence; and for thepurposes of this subsection the expression "prison" shall be deemed to include a detention centre and remand home and the expression "imprisonment" shall be construed accordingly.

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Textu	al Amendments	
F29	S. 37(1)(a) repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1967 (c. 80), Sch. 7 Pt. I	
F30	S. 37(1)(b) substituted by Courts Act 1971 (c. 23), Sch. 8 , para. 28(1)	
F31	Words substituted by Bail Act 1976 (c. 63), Sch. 2 para. 11(1)(2)	
F32	S. 37(1)(c) repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1967 (c. 80), Sch. 7 Pt. I	
F33	S. 37(1)(<i>d</i>) substituted by Bail Act 1976 (c. 63), Sch. 2 para. 11(1)(3)	
F34	S. 37(1A) substituted by Bail Act 1976 (c. 63), Sch. 2 para. 11(1)(4)	
F35	S. 37(2)(3) repealed by Bail Act 1976 (c. 63), Sch. 3	
F36	Words substituted by Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54, SIF 37), Sch. 5	
F37	S. 37(4)(a) repealed by Bail Act 1976 (c. 63), Sch. 3	
F38	Words repealed by Supreme Court Act 1981 (c. 54, SIF 37), Sch. 7	
F39	S. 37(5) repealed by Courts Act 1971 (c. 23), Sch. 11 Pt. IV	
F40	Words substituted by Bail Act 1976 (c. 63), Sch. 2 para. 11(1)(5)	
F41	Word repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1967 (c. 80), s. 22(5), Sch. 7 Pt. I	
F42	Words substituted by Courts Act 1971 (c. 23), Sch. 8 para. 24(b)	
Modif	fications etc. (not altering text)	
C 1	S. 37 applied by Administration of Justice Act 1960 (c. 65) s. 4(2)	
C2	S. 37(6) extended by Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c. 43, SIF 82), s. 113(4)	
C3	S. 37(6) applied by Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 (c. 55), s. 89(3)	

38 E+W

(1)	F43
(2)	F44
(3)	F45
(5)	F40
(6)	F47

Textual Amendments

F43 S. 38(1) repealed by Criminal Appeal Act 1968 (c. 19), **Sch. 7**

F44 S. 38(2) repealed by Criminal Appeal Act 1966 (c. 31), Sch. 3

F45 S. 38(3)(4) repealed by Criminal Justice Act 1967 (c. 80), Sch. 7 Pt. I

F46 S. 38(5) repealed by Costs in Criminal Cases Act 1952 (c. 48), Sch.

F47 S. 38(6) repealed by Administration of Justice Act 1960 (c. 65), Sch. 4

Proof of previous convictions by finger-prints. E+W

- (1) A previous conviction may be proved against any person in any criminal proceedings by the production of such evidence of the conviction as is mentioned in this section, and by showing that his finger–prints and those of the person convicted are the finger–prints of the same person.
- (2) A certificate purporting to be signed by or on behalf of the Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis, containing particulars relating to a conviction extracted from the criminal records kept by him, and certifying that the copies of the finger–prints

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exhibited to the certificate are copies of the finger-prints appearing from the said records to have been taken [F48] under or by virtue of any enactment in that behalf in force in any part of the United Kingdom (including an enactment of the Parliament of Northern Ireland)], from the person convicted on the occasion of the conviction, shall be evidence of the conviction and evidence that the copies of the finger-prints exhibited to the certificate are copies of the finger-prints of the person convicted.

- (3) A certificate purporting to be signed by or on behalf of the governor of a prison or remand centre in which any person have been detained in connection with any criminal proceedings, certifying that the finger—prints exhibited thereto were taken from him while he was so detained, shall be evidence in those proceedings that the finger—prints exhibited to the certificate are the finger—prints of that person.
- (4) A certificate, purporting to be signed by or on behalf of the Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis, and certifying that the finger–prints, copies of which are certified as aforesaid by or on behalf of the Commissioner to be copies of the finger–prints of a person previously convicted and the finger–prints certified by or on behalf of the governor as aforesaid, or otherwise shown, to be the finger–prints of the person against whom the previous conviction is sought to be proved are the finger–prints of the same person shall be evidence of the matter so certified.
- (5) The method of proving a previous conviction authorised by this section shall be in addition to any other method of proving the conviction.

	al Amendments Words substituted by Criminal Justice Act 1961 (c. 39), Sch. 4
40	F49 E+W
	al Amendments S. 40 repealed by Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 (c. 55), Sch. 6

41 Evidence by certificate. E+W

(1) In any criminal proceedings, a certificate purporting to be signed by a constable, or by a person having the prescribed qualifications, and certifying that a plan or drawing exhibited thereto is a plan or drawing made by him of the place or object specified in the certificate, and that the plan or drawing is correctly drawn to a scale so specified, shall be evidence of the relative position of the things shown on the plan or drawing.

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(3)	١.																						F5	1

(4) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to make a certificate . . . ^{F52} admissible as evidence in proceedings for an offence except in a case where and to the extent to which oral evidence to the like effect would have been admissible in those proceedings.

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- (5) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to make a certificate . . . F52 admissible as evidence in proceedings for any offence—
 - (a) unless a copy thereof has, not less than seven days before the hearing or trial, been served in the prescribed manner on the person charged with the offence; or
 - (b) if that person, not later than three days before the hearing or trial or within such further time as the court may in special circumstances allow, serves notice in the prescribed form and manner on the prosecutor requiring the attendance at the trial of the person who signed the certificate . . . F52
- (6) In this section the expression "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made by the Secretary of State.

Textual Amendments F50 S. 41(2) repealed by Road Traffic Act 1960 (c. 16), Sch. 18 Pt. I F51 S. 41(3) repealed by Theft Act 1968 (c. 60, s. 33(3), Sch. 3 Pt. III F52 Words repealed by Theft Act 1968 (c. 60), s. 33(3), Sch. 3 Pt. III

42 Order of speeches. E+W

(1) Notwithstanding anything in section two of the MICriminal Procedure Act 1865, as amended by section three of the M2Criminal Evidence Act 1898, the prosecution shall not be entitled to the right of reply upon the trial of any person on indictment on the ground only that documents have been put in evidence for the defence.

Textual Amendments F53 S. 42(2)(3) repealed by Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 (c. 55), Sch. 6 Marginal Citations M1 1865 c. 18. M2 1898 c. 36.

43 F54 E+W

Textual Amendments F54 S. 43 repealed by Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973 (c. 62), Sch. 6

44 ^{F55} E+W

Textual Amendments

F55 S. 44 repealed by Costs in Criminal Cases Act 1952 (c. 48), Sch.

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Changes to legislation:

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