



House to House Collections Act 1939

1939 CHAPTER 44 2 and 3 Geo 6

11 Interpretation.

(1) In this Act the following expressions have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say:—

“charitable purpose” means any charitable, benevolent or philanthropic purpose, whether or not the purpose is charitable within the meaning of any rule of law;

“collection” means an appeal to the public, made by means of visits from house to house, to give, whether for consideration or not, money or other property; and “collector” means, in relation to a collection, a person who makes the appeal in the course of such visits as aforesaid;

“house” includes a place of business;

“licence” means a licence under this Act;

...^{F1}

“prescribed” means prescribed by regulations made under this Act;

“proceeds” means, in relation to a collection, all money and all other property given, whether for consideration or not, in response to the appeal made;

“promoter” means, in relation to a collection, a person who causes others to act, whether for remuneration or otherwise, as collectors for the purposes of the collection; and “promote” and “promotion” have corresponding meanings.

(2) For the purposes of this Act, a collection shall be deemed to be made for a particular purpose where the appeal is made in association with a representation that the money or other property appealed for, or part thereof, will be applied for that purpose.

Textual Amendments

F1 Definitions of “police area”, “police authority” and “chief officer of police” repealed by [Police Act 1964 \(c. 48\)](#), [Sch. 10 Pt. 1](#) and [Local Government \(Scotland\) Act 1973 \(c. 65\)](#) Sch. 29

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the House to House Collections Act 1939, Section 11.