



# Visiting Forces Act 1952

1952 CHAPTER 67 15 and 16 Geo 6 and 1 Eliz 2

## PART I U.K.

### VISITING FORCES

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1 Pt. I extended by [Finance Act 1960 \(c. 44\), s. 73\(4\)](#)  
Pt. I (ss. 1-12) excluded (1.5.2000) by [S.R. 2000/93, reg. 3](#)

## 1 Countries to which Act applies. U.K.

(1) References in this Act to a country to which a provision of this Act applies are references to—

- (a) Canada, Australia, New Zealand, . . . <sup>F1</sup>, India, [<sup>F2</sup>Pakistan,] . . . <sup>F3</sup> [<sup>F4</sup>Ceylon [<sup>F5</sup>Ghana, . . . <sup>F6</sup> Malaysia]] [<sup>F7</sup>the Republic of Cyprus, . . . <sup>F8</sup>] [<sup>F9</sup>Nigeria, . . . <sup>F10</sup>] [<sup>F11</sup>Sierra Leone, . . . <sup>F12</sup>] [<sup>F13</sup>Tanganyika or Jamaica] [<sup>F14</sup>Trinidad and Tobago, or] [<sup>F15</sup>Uganda, or] [<sup>F16</sup>Kenya, or] [<sup>F17</sup>Zanzibar, or] [<sup>F18</sup>Malawi, or] [<sup>F19</sup>Zambia, or] [<sup>F20</sup>Malta, or] [<sup>F21</sup>The Gambia, or] [<sup>F22</sup>Guyana, or] [<sup>F23</sup>Botswana, or] [<sup>F24</sup>Lesotho, or] [<sup>F25</sup>Singapore, or] [<sup>F26</sup>Barbados, or] [<sup>F27</sup>Mauritius, or] [<sup>F28</sup>Swaziland, or] [<sup>F29</sup>Tonga, or] [<sup>F30</sup>Fiji, or] [<sup>F31</sup>the Bahamas, or] [<sup>F32</sup>Bangladesh, or] [<sup>F33</sup>Solomon Islands or] [<sup>F34</sup>Tuvalu or] [<sup>F35</sup>Dominica or] [<sup>F36</sup>St. Lucia or] [<sup>F37</sup>Kiribati or] [<sup>F38</sup>St Vincent and the Grenadines or] [<sup>F39</sup>Papua New Guinea, Western Samoa and Nauru, or] [<sup>F40</sup>Zimbabwe or] [<sup>F41</sup>the New Hebrides or] [<sup>F42</sup>Belize or] [<sup>F43</sup>Antigua and Barbuda or] [<sup>F44</sup>Saint Christopher and Nevis] [<sup>F45</sup>Brunei or Maldives, or] [<sup>F46</sup>Namibia, or]
- (b) any country designated for the purposes of that provision by Order in Council under the next following subsection.

(2) Where it appears to Her Majesty, as respects any country not mentioned in paragraph (a) of the foregoing subsection, that having regard to any arrangements for common defence to which Her Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and

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the Government of that country are for the time being parties it is expedient that the following provisions of this Act, or any of those provisions, should have effect in relation to that country, Her Majesty may by Order in Council designate that country for the purposes of the provisions in question.

- (3) Her Majesty may by Order in Council provide that in so far as this Act has effect in relation to any country designated under the last foregoing subsection, it shall have effect subject to such limitations, adaptations or modifications as may be specified in the Order.
- (4) No recommendation shall be made to Her Majesty in Council to make an Order under the last foregoing subsection unless a draft thereof has been laid before Parliament and approved by resolution of each House of Parliament.

#### Textual Amendments

- F1** Words repealed by [South Africa Act 1962 \(c. 23\)](#), **Sch. 5**
- F2** Word inserted (retrospectively: 1.10.1989) by [Pakistan Act 1990 \(c. 14, SIF 26:30\)](#), s. 1, **Sch. para. 5**
- F3** Words repealed by [Pakistan Act 1973 \(c. 43\)](#), **Sch. 4**
- F4** Words substituted by [Ghana Independence Act 1957 \(c. 6\)](#), s. 4(4), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F5** Words substituted by [Federation of Malaya Independence Act 1957 \(c. 60\)](#), s. 2(1), **Sch. 1 para. 4(1)** as construed with [Malaysia Act 1963 \(c. 35\)](#), s. 3(2), **Sch. 2 para. 1(a)**
- F6** Word repealed by [Cyprus Act 1960 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 3(2), **Sch. para. 6**
- F7** Words added by [Cyprus Act 1960 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 3(2), **Sch. para. 6**
- F8** Word repealed by [Nigeria Independence Act 1960 \(c. 55\)](#), s. 3(4), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F9** Words added by [Nigeria Independence Act 1960 \(c. 55\)](#), s. 3(4), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F10** Word repealed by [Sierra Leone Independence Act 1961 \(c. 16\)](#), s. 3(3), **Sch. 3 para. 7**
- F11** Words added by [Sierra Leone Independence Act 1961 \(c. 16\)](#), s. 3(3), **Sch. 3 para. 7**
- F12** Word repealed by [Tanganyika Independence Act 1961 \(10 & 11 Eliz. 2 c. 1\)](#), s. 3(4), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F13** Words substituted by [Jamaica Independence Act 1962 \(c. 40\)](#), s. 3(5)(6), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F14** Words added by [Trinidad and Tobago Independence Act 1962 \(c. 54\)](#), s. 3(4)(5), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F15** Words added by [Uganda Independence Act 1962 \(c. 57\)](#), s. 3(4)(5), **Sch. 3 para. 6**
- F16** Words added by [Kenya Independence Act 1963 \(c. 54\)](#), s. 4(4)(5), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F17** Words added by [Zanzibar Act 1963 \(c. 55\)](#), s. 1(2), **Sch. 1 para. 7**
- F18** Words added by [Malawi Independence Act 1964 \(c. 46\)](#), s. 4(4)(6), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F19** Words added by [Zambia Independence Act 1964 \(c. 65\)](#), s. 2(2), **Sch. 1 para. 7**
- F20** Words added by [Malta Independence Act 1964 \(c. 86\)](#), s. 4(4)(7), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F21** Words added by [Gambia Independence Act 1964 \(c. 93\)](#), s. 4(4)(6), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F22** Words added by [Guyana Independence Act 1966 \(c. 14\)](#), s. 5(4)(5), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F23** Words added by [Botswana Independence Act 1966 \(c. 23\)](#), s. 2, **Sch. Pt. I para. 7**
- F24** Words added by [Lesotho Independence Act 1966 \(c. 24\)](#), s. 2(2), **Sch. Pt. I para. 7**
- F25** Words added by [Singapore Act 1966 \(c. 29\)](#), s. 1, **Sch. para. 4**
- F26** Words added by [Barbados Independence Act 1966 \(c. 37\)](#), s. 4(5)(6), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F27** Words added by [Mauritius Independence Act 1968 \(c. 8\)](#), s. 4(3)(4), **Sch. 2 para. 6**
- F28** Words added by [Swaziland Independence Act 1968 \(c. 56\)](#), s. 2(2), **Sch. Pt. I para. 7**
- F29** Words added by [Tonga Act 1970 \(c. 22\)](#), s. 1(3), **Sch. Pt. I para. 6**
- F30** Words added by [Fiji Independence Act 1970 \(c. 50\)](#), s. 4(3)(4), **Sch. 2 para. 5**
- F31** Words added by [Bahamas Independence Act 1973 \(c. 27\)](#), s. 4(3)(4), **Sch. 2 para. 4**
- F32** Words added retrospectively by [Bangladesh Act 1973 \(c. 49\)](#), **Sch. para. 2**
- F33** Words added by [Solomon Islands Act 1978 \(c. 15, SIF 26:37A\)](#), s. 7(4), **Sch. para. 3(a)**
- F34** Words added by [Tuvalu Act 1978 \(c. 20, SIF 26:44A\)](#), s. 4(3), **Sch. 2 para. 3(a)**
- F35** Words added by [S.I. 1978/1030](#), **Sch. para. 4**
- F36** Words added by 1978/1899, **Sch. para. 4**

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- F37** Words added by Kiribati Act 1979 (c. 27, SIF 26:19A), s. 3(4), **Sch. para. 4(a)**
- F38** Words added by S.I. 1979/917, **Sch. para. 4**
- F39** Words added by Papua New Guinea, Western Samoa and Nauru (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1980 (c. 2, SIF 26:26), s. 3, **Sch. para. 9**
- F40** Words added by S.I. 1980/701, **Sch. para. 11(2)**
- F41** Words added by New Hebrides Act 1980 (c. 16), s. 4(2), **Sch. 1 para. 4**
- F42** Words added by Belize Act 1981 (c. 52, SIF 26:7A), s. 3(4), **Sch. 2 para. 3(a)**
- F43** Words added by S.I. 1981/1105, **Sch. para. 1**
- F44** Words added by S.I. 1983/882, **Sch. para. 3**
- F45** Words added by Brunei and Maldives Act 1985 (c. 3, SIF 26:9A), s. 1, **Sch. para. 6**
- F46** Words in s. 1(1)(a) added (retrospective to 21. 3. 1990) by Namibia Act 1991 (c. 4, SIF 26:25A), s. 1, **Sch. para.4** (with s. 2(2))

## 2 **Exercise of powers by service courts and authorities of countries sending visiting forces. U.K.**

- (1) The service courts and service authorities of a country to which this section applies may within the United Kingdom, or on board any of Her Majesty's ships or aircraft, exercise over persons subject to their jurisdiction in accordance with this section all such powers as are exercisable by them according to the law of that country.
- (2) The persons subject to the jurisdiction of the service courts and service authorities of a country in accordance with this section are the following, that is to say—
  - (a) members of any visiting force of that country; and
  - (b) all other persons who, being neither citizens of the United Kingdom and Colonies nor ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom, are for the time being subject to the service law of that country otherwise than as members of that country's forces:

Provided that for the purposes of this subsection a person shall not be treated as a member of a visiting force of a country if he became (or last became) a member of that country's forces at a time when he was in the United Kingdom unless it is shown that he then became a member of those forces with his consent.

- (3) Where any sentence has, whether within or outside the United Kingdom, been passed by a service court of a country to which this section applies upon a person who immediately before the sentence was passed was subject to the jurisdiction of that court in accordance with this section, then for the purposes of any proceedings in a United Kingdom court the said service court shall be deemed to have been properly constituted, and the sentence shall be deemed to be within the jurisdiction of that court and in accordance with the law of that country and if executed according to the tenor of the sentence shall be deemed to have been lawfully executed.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing provisions of this section, a sentence of death passed by a service court of a country to which this section applies shall not be carried out in the United Kingdom unless under United Kingdom law a sentence of death could have been passed in a similar case.
- (5) Any person who—
  - (a) is detained in custody in pursuance of a sentence as respects which subsection (3) of this section has effect, or

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- (b) being subject in accordance with this section to the jurisdiction of the service courts of a country to which this section applies, is detained in custody pending or during the trial by such a court of a charge brought against him, shall for the purposes of any proceedings in any United Kingdom court be deemed to be in legal custody.
- (6) For the purpose of enabling the service courts and service authorities of a country to which this section applies to exercise more effectively the powers referred to in subsection (1) of this section, [<sup>F47</sup>the Defence Council], if so requested by the appropriate authority of that country, may from time to time by general or special orders direct members of the home forces to arrest any person, being a member of a visiting force of that country, who is alleged to be guilty of an offence punishable under the law of that country and to hand him over to such service authority of that country as may be designated by or under the orders.

#### Textual Amendments

F47 Words substituted with saving by S.I. 1964/488

### 3 **Restriction, as respects certain offences, of trial by United Kingdom courts of offenders connected with visiting force.** **U.K.**

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, a person charged with an offence against United Kingdom law shall not be liable to be tried for that offence by a United Kingdom court if at the time when the offence is alleged to have been committed he was a member of a visiting force or a member of a civilian component of such a force and—
- (a) the alleged offence, if committed by him, arose out of and in the course of his duty as a member of that force or component, as the case may be; or
  - (b) the alleged offence is an offence against the person, and the person or, if more than one, each of the persons in relation to whom it is alleged to have been committed had at the time thereof a relevant association either with that force or with another visiting force of the same country; or
  - (c) the alleged offence is an offence against property, and the whole of the property in relation to which it is alleged to have been committed (or, in a case where different parts of that property were differently owned, each part of the property) was at the time thereof the property either of the sending country or of an authority of that country or of a person having such an association as aforesaid; [<sup>F48</sup>or
  - (d) the alleged offence is the offence of hijacking on board a military aircraft in the service of that force or consists of inducing or assisting, in relation to such an aircraft, the commission of any such act as is mentioned in [<sup>F49</sup>section 6(2) (a) of the Aviation Security Act 1982]; or
  - (e) the alleged offence is an offence under [<sup>F49</sup>section 2 or 3 of that Act], or consists of inducing or assisting the commission of any such act as is mentioned in [<sup>F49</sup>section 6(2)(b) and (c)] of that Act, where (in either case) one or more such aircraft was or were the only aircraft alleged to have been, or to have been likely to be, thereby destroyed or damaged or whose safety is alleged to have been, or to have been likely to be, thereby endangered:][<sup>F50</sup>; or—

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- (f) the alleged offence is an offence under section 1(2)(a)(ii) of the Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990, where one or more such aircraft was or were the only aircraft alleged to have been thereby destroyed or seriously damaged; or
- (g) the alleged offence is the offence of hijacking a warship in the service of that force or any other ship used as a naval auxiliary in that service or consists of inducing or assisting, in relation to any such warship or other ship, the commission of any such act as is mentioned in section 14(4)(a) of the Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990; or
- (h) the alleged offence is an offence under section 11, 12, or 13 of that Act in relation to a ship, or consists of inducing or assisting the commission of any such act as is mentioned in section 14(4)(b), (c) or (d) of that Act in relation to a ship, where (in either case) one or more warships in the service of that force or other ships used as naval auxiliaries in that service were the only ships alleged to have been, or to have been likely to be, thereby destroyed or damaged or whose safe navigation is alleged to have been, or to have been likely to be, thereby endangered]

Provided that this subsection shall not apply if at the time when the offence is alleged to have been committed the alleged offender was a person not subject to the jurisdiction of the service courts of the country in question in accordance with the last foregoing section.

- (2) In relation to the trial of a person who was a member of a civilian component of a visiting force at the time when the offence is alleged to have been committed, the last foregoing subsection shall not have effect unless it is shown that the case can be dealt with under the law of the sending country.
- (3) Nothing in subsection (1) of this section—
  - (a) shall prevent a person from being tried by a United Kingdom court in a case where the Director of Public Prosecutions (in the case of a court in England or Wales), the Lord Advocate (in the case of a court in Scotland) or the Attorney-General for Northern Ireland (in the case of a court in Northern Ireland) certifies, either before or in the course of the trial, that the appropriate authority of the sending country has notified him that it is not proposed to deal with the case under the law of that country; or
  - (b) shall affect anything done or omitted in the course of a trial unless in the course thereof objection has already been made that by reason of that subsection the court is not competent to deal with the case; or
  - (c) shall, after the conclusion of a trial, be treated as having affected the validity thereof if no such objection was made in the proceedings at any stage before the conclusion of the trial.
- (4) In relation to cases where the charge (by whatever words expressed) is a charge of attempting or conspiring to commit an offence, or of aiding, abetting, procuring or being accessory to, or of being art and part in, the commission of an offence, [F51 paragraphs (b), (c) and (f)] of subsection (1) of this section [F52 and (except in so far as they relate to inducing or assisting the commission of any act) [F51 paragraphs (d), (e), (g) and (h)] of that subsection] shall have effect as if references in those paragraphs to the alleged offence were references to the offence which the person charged is alleged to have attempted or conspired to commit or, as the case may be, the offence as respects which it is alleged that he aided, abetted, procured or was accessory to, or was art and part in, the commission thereof; and references in [F53 paragraphs (b) and

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(c) of that subsection] to persons in relation to whom, or property in relation to which, the offence is alleged to have been committed shall be construed accordingly.

- (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed as derogating from the provisions of any other enactment restricting the prosecution of any proceedings or requiring the consent of any authority to the prosecution thereof.
- (6) For the purposes of this section the expressions “offence against the person” and “offence against property” shall be construed in accordance with the provisions of the Schedule to this Act.

#### Textual Amendments

- F48** S. 3(1)(d)(e) added by [Protection of Aircraft Act 1973 \(c. 47\), s. 6\(1\)](#)
- F49** Words substituted by [Aviation Security Act 1982 \(c. 36, SIF 9\), s. 40, Sch. 2 para. 3](#)
- F50** S. 3(1)(f)(g)(h) inserted by [Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990 \(c. 31, SIF 39:2\), s. 53\(1\), Sch. 3 para. 1\(2\)](#)
- F51** Words substituted by [Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990 \(c. 31, SIF 39:2\), s. 53\(1\), Sch. 3 para. 1\(3\)](#)
- F52** Words inserted by [Protection of Aircraft Act 1973 \(c. 47\), s. 6\(1\)](#)
- F53** Words substituted by [Protection of Aircraft Act 1973 \(c. 47\), s. 6\(1\)](#)

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C2** S. 3 extended by [Indecency with Children Act 1960 \(c. 33\), s. 1\(4\)](#)

#### 4 United Kingdom courts not to try offenders tried by service courts of visiting forces. **U.K.**

- (1) Without prejudice to the last foregoing section, where a person has been tried by a service court of a country to which this section applies in the exercise of the powers referred to in subsection (1) of section two of this Act, he shall not be tried for the same crime by a United Kingdom court.
- (2) Where a person who has been convicted by a service court of such a country in the exercise of the said powers is convicted by a United Kingdom court for a different crime, but it appears to that court that the conviction by the service court was wholly or partly in respect of acts or omissions in respect of which he is convicted by the United Kingdom court, that court shall have regard to the sentence of the service court.

#### 5 Arrest, custody, etc. of offenders against United Kingdom law. **U.K.**

- (1) Neither of the two last foregoing sections shall affect—
- (a) any powers of arrest, search, entry, seizure or custody exercisable under United Kingdom law with respect to offences committed or believed to have been committed against that law; or
  - (b) any obligation of any person in respect of a recognisance or bail bond entered into in consequence of his arrest, or the arrest of any other person, for such an offence; or
  - (c) any power of any court to remand (whether on bail or in custody) a person brought before the court in connection with such an offence.

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(2) Where a person has been taken into custody by a constable without a warrant for such an offence as aforesaid, and there is reasonable ground for believing that in accordance with section two of this Act he is subject to the jurisdiction of the service courts of a country to which this section applies, then, with a view to its being determined whether he is to be dealt with for that offence under United Kingdom law or dealt with by the courts of that country for an offence under the law thereof, he may notwithstanding anything in section thirty-eight of the <sup>M1</sup>Summary Jurisdiction Act, 1879, be detained in custody for a period not exceeding three days without being brought before a court of summary jurisdiction; but if within that period he is not delivered into the custody of an authority of that country he shall, in accordance with the said section thirty-eight, be released on bail or brought before a court of summary jurisdiction as soon as practicable after the expiration of that period.

[<sup>F54</sup>(3) In the application of subsection (2) of this section to Scotland,—

- (a) for the first reference to Part IV of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 there shall be substituted a reference to section 32(3) of the <sup>M2</sup>Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1975; and
- (b) for the words “in accordance with the said Part IV, be released on bail or” there shall be substituted the words “if not liberated under section 294(2) of that Act, be”.]

(4) In the application of subsection (2) of this section to Northern Ireland for the references to section thirty-eight of the <sup>M3</sup>Summary Jurisdiction Act, 1879, there shall be substituted references to section thirty-nine of the <sup>M4</sup>Summary Jurisdiction and Criminal Justice Act (Northern Ireland), 1935, and the references to a court of summary jurisdiction shall be construed as references to such a court or a resident magistrate out of petty sessions or a justice of the peace.

#### Textual Amendments

**F54** S. 5(3) substituted by [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33, SIF 39:1\)](#), s. 170(1), [Sch. 15 para. 13\(b\)](#)

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

**C3** By virtue of [Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 \(c. 55\)](#), s. 132(4), [Interpretation Act 1978 \(c. 30, SIF 115:1\)](#), s. 17(2)(a) and [Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 \(c. 43, SIF 82\)](#), s. 154(2), [Sch. 8 para. 5](#) references to s. 38 of the Summary Jurisdiction Act 1879 were to be construed as references to s. 43 of that 1980 Act and for each of the references in s. 5(2) and (4) to section 43 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 there is expressed to be substituted by [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33, SIF 39:1\)](#), s. 170(1), [Sch. 15 para. 13\(a\)](#) references to Part IV of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984

#### Marginal Citations

**M1** 1879 c. 49.  
**M2** 1975 c.21 (39:1).  
**M3** 1879 c. 49.  
**M4** 1935 c. 13 (N.I.)

## 6 Restriction on proceedings in respect of service of members etc. of visiting force. **U.K.**

No proceedings shall be entertained by any United Kingdom court with regard to the pay of any person in respect of service as a member of a visiting force or as a member

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of a civilian component of such a force, with regard to the terms of such service or with regard to a person's discharge from such service.

**7 Provisions as to coroners' inquests and as to removal of bodies of deceased persons. U.K.**

- (1) If any coroner having jurisdiction to hold an inquest touching a death is satisfied that the deceased person at the time of his death had a relevant association with a visiting force, then unless the Secretary of State otherwise directs the coroner shall not hold the inquest or, if the inquest has been begun but not completed, shall adjourn the inquest and, if a jury has been summoned, shall discharge the jury.
- (2) Subject to the last foregoing subsection, if on an inquest touching a death the coroner is satisfied—
  - (a) that a person who in accordance with section two of this Act is subject to the jurisdiction of the service courts of a country to which this section applies has been charged before a court of that country with the homicide of the deceased person, whether or not that charge has been dealt with, or
  - (b) that such a person is being detained by an authority of that country with a view to being so charged,
 then unless the Secretary of State otherwise directs the coroner shall adjourn the inquest and, if a jury has been summoned, shall discharge the jury, and shall furnish the registrar of deaths with a certificate stating the particulars necessary for the registration of the death so far as they have been ascertained at the inquest.
- (3) Where an inquest is adjourned under this section the coroner shall not resume it except on the direction of the Secretary of State and, if he does resume it, shall proceed in all respects as if the inquest had not previously been begun, except that it shall not be obligatory on the coroner to view the body or to furnish the registrar of deaths with any certificate or further certificate, as the case may be.
- (4) Section four of the <sup>M5</sup>Births and Deaths Registration Act, 1926 (which restricts the removal out of England of the body of a deceased person) shall not apply to the body of a person who at the time of his death had a relevant association with a visiting force: Provided that this subsection shall not apply as respects the body of a person concerning whose death, by virtue of a direction of the Secretary of State under subsection (1) or (3) of this section, an inquest is required to be held or, if begun, is required to be resumed.
- (5) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of section two of the <sup>M6</sup>said Act of 1926 (which relates to certificates to be given to persons giving information concerning deaths), the registrar shall not give a certificate under that subsection to the person giving information concerning a death if that person informs the registrar that the body is one as respects which the last foregoing subsection has effect and that it is proposed to remove the body out of England.
- (6) In this section the expression "homicide" includes murder, manslaughter, infanticide [<sup>F55</sup>aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring suicide] and any offence under the law of the country in question which is analogous to any of those offences.
- (7) In the application of this section to Northern Ireland for the references to the Secretary of State there shall be substituted references to the Minister of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland, and subsections (4) and (5) shall be omitted.



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#### Textual Amendments

**F55** Words inserted (E.W.) (N.I.) by [Suicide Act 1961 \(c. 60\), s. 3\(3\), Sch. 1 Pt. II](#)

#### Marginal Citations

**M5** [1926 c. 48.](#)

**M6** [1926 c. 48.](#)

## 8 Application to visiting forces of law relating to home forces. **U.K.**

- (1) Where under any enactment a power is exercisable by any authority or person—
- as respects any of the home forces or their members or service courts or other persons in any way connected therewith, or
  - as respects any property used or to be used for the purposes of any of the home forces, or for taking possession of any property to be so used, or for acquiring (whether by agreement or compulsorily) any property so used or to be so used.

Her Majesty may by Order in Council make provision for securing that subject to any conditions specified by or under the Order the power shall be exercisable by that authority or person in the case of any visiting force to which the Order applies to any extent to which it would be exercisable if the visiting force were a part of any of the home forces.

- (2) Her Majesty may by Order in Council made as respects any visiting force make provision—
- for exempting that force or members or service courts thereof or other persons in any way connected therewith, or property used or to be used for the purposes thereof, from the operation of any enactment specified in the Order to any extent to which the force, members, courts, persons or property would be, or would be capable of being, exempted therefrom if the force were a part of any of the home forces;
  - for conferring on that force or any such members, courts, persons or property as aforesaid any other privilege or immunity specified in the Order, being a privilege or immunity which would be enjoyed by, or would be capable of being conferred on, the force, members, courts, persons or property if the force were a part of any of the home forces,

subject however to any conditions specified by or under the Order.

- (3) Where by any enactment the doing of anything is prohibited, restricted or required in relation to—
- any of the home forces or their members or service courts or other persons in any way connected therewith,
  - any property used or to be used for the purposes of any of the home forces,
- Her Majesty may by Order in Council make provision for securing that the prohibition, restriction or requirement shall have effect in the case of any visiting force to which the Order applies to any extent to which it so would have effect if the visiting force were a part of any of the home forces.

- (4) An Order in Council under this section—
- may contain such incidental, consequential and supplementary provisions as appear to Her Majesty in Council expedient for the purposes of the Order,

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- including provisions for applying, modifying, adapting or suspending any enactment;
- (b) may make financial provision in respect of the exercise of any power, or the discharge of any duty, conferred or imposed by the Order.
- (5) There shall be defrayed out of moneys provided by Parliament any increase attributable to the provisions of an Order under this section in the sums payable out of such moneys under any enactment.
- (6) No recommendation shall be made to Her Majesty in Council to make an Order under this section unless a draft thereof has been laid before Parliament and approved by resolution of each House of Parliament.
- (7) In this section—  
 “enactment” means an enactment (passed either before or after the passing of this Act) of the Parliament of the United Kingdom or of the Parliament of Northern Ireland, and includes any instrument having effect under an enactment;  
 “property” includes both real and personal property, or in Scotland both heritable and moveable property.
- (8) Subsections (1) and (3) of this section apply whether the power in question is exercisable, or the prohibition, restriction or requirement in question is imposed, by provision expressly relating to the home forces or by more general provision, and subsection (2) of this section applies whether the exemption, privilege or immunity in question would subsist, or be capable of being conferred, by virtue of any such provision or by reason of any enactment’s not binding the Crown.

## 9 Settlement of claims against visiting forces. **U.K.**

- (1) The [<sup>F56</sup>Secretary of State for Defence] may make arrangements whereby claims in respect of acts or omissions of members of visiting forces, or of other persons connected therewith to whom the arrangements relate, being acts or omissions of any description to which the arrangements relate, will be satisfied by payments made by the [<sup>F56</sup>Secretary of State for Defence] of such amounts as may be adjudged by any United Kingdom court or as may be agreed between the claimant and the [<sup>F56</sup>Secretary of State for Defence] or such other authority as may be provided by the arrangements; and any expenses of the [<sup>F56</sup>Secretary of State for Defence] incurred in satisfying claims in pursuance of any such arrangements or otherwise in connection with the arrangements shall be defrayed out of moneys provided by Parliament.
- (2) The [<sup>F56</sup>Secretary of State for Defence] shall take such steps as may be requisite for securing that persons concerned with any arrangements made by him under this section shall be informed of the nature and operation of the arrangements.

### Textual Amendments

**F56** Words substituted with saving by [S.I. 1964/488](#)

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## 10 Definition of membership of civilian component of visiting force. **U.K.**

- (1) In this Part of this Act references to a member of a civilian component of a visiting force are references to a person for the time being fulfilling the following conditions, that is to say—
- (a) that he holds a passport issued in respect of him by a Government, not being a passport issued by the passport authorities of the United Kingdom or any colony;
  - (b) that the passport contains an uncanceled entry made by or on behalf of the appropriate authority of the sending country stating that he is a member of a civilian component of a visiting force of that country; and
  - (c) that the passport contains a note of recognition of that entry by or on behalf of the Secretary of State which has not been cancelled and as respects which no notification in writing has been given by or on behalf of the Secretary of State to the appropriate authority of the sending country stating that the recognition is withdrawn.
- (2) The reference in paragraph (c) of the last foregoing subsection to a note of recognition of an entry in a passport is a reference to any mark or indication made in the passport by or on behalf of the Secretary of State signifying that the entry has been noted and approved.
- (3) For the purposes of this section the following provisions shall have effect in any proceedings in any United Kingdom court, that is to say—
- (a) a document purporting to be a passport issued by or on behalf of a Government and to be so issued in respect of a person bearing the name in which a person is referred to in the proceedings (whether as a party thereto or otherwise) shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to have been issued by that Government and to relate to the person so referred to;
  - (b) an entry in a passport containing such a statement as is mentioned in paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of this section and purporting to be made by or on behalf of the appropriate authority of the sending country shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to have been so made; and
  - (c) a mark or indication in a passport purporting to be made by or on behalf of the Secretary of State shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to have been so made.
- (4) In this section the expression “passport” includes any document which, in accordance with the United Kingdom law for the time being in force, would be treated as the equivalent of a passport in the case of a person entering the United Kingdom, being a national of the country by whose Government the document is issued.

### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C4** S. 10(1)(a) restricted by enactments listed in Chronological Table of the Statutes
- C5** S. 10(1)(a) restricted by Solomon Islands Act 1978 (c. 15, SIF 26:37A), s. 7(4), **Sch. para. 3(b)**; by Tuvalu Act 1978 (c. 20, SIF 26:44A), s. 4(3), **Sch. 2 para. 3(b)**; by Kiribati Act 1979 (c. 27, SIF 26:19A), s. 3, **Sch. para. 4(b)** and by Belize Act 1982 (c. 52, SIF 26:7A), s. 3(4), **Sch. 2 para. 3(b)**

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## 11 Evidence for purposes of Part I. **U.K.**

- (1) For the purposes of this Part of this Act a certificate issued by or on behalf of the appropriate authority of a country, stating that at a time specified in the certificate a person so specified either was or was not a member of a visiting force of that country, shall in any proceedings in any United Kingdom court be sufficient evidence of the fact so stated unless the contrary is proved.
- (2) For the purposes of this Part of this Act a certificate issued by or on behalf of the appropriate authority of a country, stating, as respects a person specified in the certificate,—
- (a) that on a date so specified he was sentenced by a service court of that country to such punishment as is specified in the certificate, or
  - (b) that he is, or was at a time so specified, detained in custody in pursuance of a sentence passed upon him by a service court of that country or pending or during the trial by such a court of a charge brought against him, or
  - (c) that he has been tried, at a time and place specified in the certificate, by a service court of that country for a crime so specified,
- shall in any proceedings in any United Kingdom court be conclusive evidence of the facts so stated.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2) of section three of this Act a certificate issued by or on behalf of the appropriate authority of a country, stating in connection with any charge against a person of an offence against United Kingdom law, being a charge specified in the certificate, that his case can be dealt with under the law of that country, shall in any such proceedings as aforesaid be conclusive evidence of the fact so stated.
- (4) Where a person is charged with an offence against United Kingdom law and at the time when the offence is alleged to have been committed he was a member of a visiting force or a member of a civilian component of such a force, a certificate issued by or on behalf of the appropriate authority of the sending country, stating that the alleged offence, if committed by him, arose out of and in the course of his duty as a member of that force or component, as the case may be, shall in any such proceedings as aforesaid be sufficient evidence of that fact unless the contrary is proved.

## 12 Interpretation of Part I. **U.K.**

- (1) In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them respectively, that is to say:—
- “court” includes a service court;
- “Her Majesty’s ships or aircraft” does not include ships or aircraft belonging to Her Majesty otherwise than in right of Her Majesty’s Government in the United Kingdom;
- “the home forces” means any of the forces of Her Majesty raised in the United Kingdom and for the time being serving in the United Kingdom;
- “member”, in relation to a visiting force, means a member of the forces of the sending country, being one of the members thereof for the time being appointed to serve with that visiting force;
- “the sending country”, in relation to a visiting force, means the country to whose forces the visiting force belongs;
- “service authorities” means naval, military or air force authorities;

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“service court” means a court established under service law and includes any authority of a country who under the law thereof is empowered to review the proceedings of such a court or to try or investigate charges brought against persons subject to the service law of that country; and references to trial by, or to sentences passed by, service courts of a country shall be construed respectively as including references to trial by, and to punishment imposed by, such an authority in the exercise of such powers;

“service law”, in relation to a country, means the law governing all or any of the forces of that country; and

“visiting force” means, for the purposes of any provision in this Part of this Act, any body, contingent or detachment of the forces of a country to which that provision applies, being a body, contingent or detachment for the time being present in the United Kingdom [<sup>F57</sup>(including United Kingdom territorial waters), or in any place to which subsection (1A) below applies,] on the invitation of Her Majesty’s Government in the United Kingdom.

[<sup>F58</sup>(1A) This subsection applies to any place on, under or above an installation in a designated area within the meaning of section 1(7) of the <sup>M7</sup> Continental Shelf Act 1964 or any waters within 500 metres of such an installation.]

(2) References in this Part of this Act to a person’s having at any time a relevant association with a visiting force are references to his being at that time a person of one or other of the following descriptions, that is to say—

- (a) a member of that visiting force or a member of a civilian component of that force;
- (b) a person, not being a citizen of the United Kingdom and Colonies or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom, but being a dependant of a member of that visiting force or of a civilian component of that force.

(3) In determining for the purposes of any provision in this Part of this Act whether a person is, or was at any time, ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom, no account shall be taken of any period during which he has been or intends to be present in the United Kingdom while being a member of a visiting force or of a civilian component of such a force, or while being a dependant of a member of a visiting force or of such a civilian component.

(4) In this section the expression “dependant”, in relation to a person, means any of the following, that is to say—

- (a) the wife or husband of that person; and
- (b) any other person wholly or mainly maintained by him or in his custody, charge or care.

#### Textual Amendments

**F57** Words inserted by [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33, SIF 39:1\)](#), s. 170(1), **Sch. 15 para. 14(1)**

**F58** [S. 12\(1A\)](#) inserted by [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33, SIF 39:1\)](#), s. 170(1), **Sch. 15 para. 14(2)**

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

**C6** [S. 12](#) applied by [S.I. 1975/1208](#)

#### Marginal Citations

**M7** [1964 c.29 \(86\)](#).

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**Changes to legislation:**

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