## STATUTORYINSTRUMENTS

## 1968 No. 1253

## POST OFFICE

## The Inland Post Regulations 1968

Made - . - 5th August 1968
Laid before Parliament 20th August 1968
Coming into Operation 16th September 1968

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I, The Right Honourable John Thomson Stonehouse, M.P., Her Majesty's Postmaster General, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by sections 5 , $6,7,8,10,15$ and 81 of the Post Office Act 1953(a) (as amended or substituted by sections 21 and 28 of and the Schedule to the Post Office Act 1961(b)), section 9 of the Crown Proceedings Act 1947(c), section 11 of the Juries Act 1862(d) and all other powers enabling me in this behalf, do hereby make the following regulations:

## Part I-Interpretation and Application

## Interpretation

1.-(1) In these regulations, except so far as the contrary is provided or the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them:
"the Act" means the Post Office Act 1953 ;
"articles for the use of the blind" has the meaning assigned to it by regulation 23;
(a) 1953 c. 36.
(b) 1961 c. 15.
(c) 1947 c. 44.
(d) 1862 c .107.
"business reply packet" means a letter or printed packet, on which postage has not been prepaid, and which :
(a) is addressed to, or to the agent of, a person who has made provision to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General for the payment of the appropriate postage on letters or printed packets which are posted without prepayment of postage and are received by him or such agent. and
(b) is distinguished or marked in such manner as the Postmaster General may direct;
"cash on delivery packet" means a registered letter, printed packet or registered newspaper or a registered or unregistered parcel upon which the Postmaster General undertakes at the request of the sender to collect or secure the collection of a sum of money (in these regulations referred to as a trade charge) on his behalf from the addressee of the packet as a condition of delivery and upon which the sender has paid the fee for the cash on delivery service ;
"coin" means coin (whether or not current) except such as is used or designed for purposes of ornament;
"current registered newspaper" means a registered newspaper which is of current issue and is in course of distribution by the publisher, a wholesaler or a retailer and which is intended by the sender to be transmitted at the rate of postage specified in item 3 of Schedule 1 and includes a packet of such newspapers;
"customs duty" includes purchase tax ;
"express delivery office" means any post office from time to time authorised by the Postmaster General for the reception of postal packets for conveyance and delivery by special messenger;
"express packet" means a postal packet conveyed and delivered by special messenger, at the request of the sender or the addressee, throughout its. whole course in the post or any part thereof;
"first class letter" means:
(a) a letter upon which there is denoted in a manner provided by regulation 10(3) payment of postage at the rate specified in or fixed under Schedule 1 appropriate for its transmission as a first class letter ;
(b) a letter on which postage has not been prepaid and with respect to which the Postmaster General has entered into an arrangement with the sender for the grant of credit facilities and which is distinguished or marked in such manner as the Postmaster General may direct to indicate the intention of the sender that it is to be transmitted as a first class letter;
(c) a business reply packet (being a letter) which is distinguished or marked in such manner as the Postmaster General may direct to indicate the intention that it is to be transmitted as a first class letter ;
(d) a letter transmitted under the provisions of regulation 32 which is distinguished or marked in such manner as the Postmaster General may direct to indicate the intention of the sender that it is to be transmitted as a first class letter;
"inland", when used in relation to any postal packet or any description of postal packet, means posted in the British postal area and addressed to some place in the British postal area, but does not include a postal packet
addressed to a ship of the Royal Navy, notwithstanding that the name of a port in the British postal area or the words "c/o G.P.O. London" are included in the address, if the packet has to be sent abroad for delivery to the ship;
"jewellery" means:
(a) gold, silver or platinum or other precious metal in a manufactured state; that is to say, a state in which value is added to the raw material by skilled workmanship, and in this definition are included any coins used or designed for purposes of ornament ;
(b) diamonds and precious stones;
(c) watches. the cases of which are entirely or mainly composed of gold. silver or platinum or other precious metal ; and
(d) any article of a like nature which, apart from workmanship, has an intrinsic or market value ;
"late posted packet" has the meaning assigned to it by regulation 4 ;
"letter", except where that expression is used in regulation 16, means any postal packet except a printed packet, a packet consisting of articles for the use of the blind, a current registered newspaper; a parcel, an unaddressed packet or a packet consisting of a petition or address of the kind referred to in the proviso to section 5(1) of the Act ;
"local parcel" means a parcel addressed to a place within the local parcel delivery area of the place at which the parcel is posted ;
"local parcel delivery area" means the area prescribed as such for the place at which a parcel is posted ;
"the minimum registration fee" means the fee referred to as such in the first column of Part I of Schedule 4;
"ordinary parcel" means a parcel which is not a local parcel ;
"paper money" means:
(a) bank notes or currency notes, being current in the British postal area or elsewhere;
(b) money orders and postal orders ;
(c) unobliterated postage or revenue stamps available for current use in the British postal area or elsewhere (except revenue stamps embossed or impressed on an instrument which has been executed), and National Savings stamps;
(d) exchequer bills, bills of exchange, promissory notes, cheques, credit notes which entitle the holder to money or goods and all orders and authorities for the payment of money, whether negotiable or not;
(e) bonds and coupons relating thereto and other securities for money, whether negotiable or not;
(f) coupons, vouchers, tokens, cards, stamps or similar documents, exchangeable (singly or with other such documents) for money, goods or services:
"parcel" means a postal packet which is posted as a parcel in accordance with the provisions of these regulations;
"postage forward parcel" means a parcel on which postage has not been prepaid, and which:
(a) is addressed to, or to the agent of, a person who has made provision to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General for the payment of postage on postage forward parcels which are posted without prepayment of postage and are received by him or such agent; and
(b) is distinguished or marked in such manner as the Postmaster General may direct;
"postal form" means a form issued by or under the authority of the Postmaster General ;
"postal packet" means and includes every packet or article transmissible by post except a telegram;
"preferred envelope" means an envelope which is of the shape and within the limits of size specified in the third column of Schedule 1 for a preferred letter, has no open panel, and is made of paper weighing at least 63 grammes per square metre;
"preferred le:ter" means a letter which is of the shape and within the limits of size and weight specified in the third and fourth columns of Schedule 1 for a preferred letter and which either:
(a) is enclosed in a preferred envelope; or
(b) consists of an unfolded card not enclosed in an outer covering which complies with the provisions of regulation 15; or
(c) consists of a folded card or folded paper of a type approved by the Postmaster General which is sealed or secured in such manner as the Postmaster General may require ;
"prescribed" means prescribed by the Postmaster General ;
"printed packet" has the meaning assigned to it by regulation 16;
"railex service" means a service whereby a letter is conveyed by a special messenger from the express delivery office to the appropriate railway station, despatched from that station by the next available and suitable train and delivered to the addressee from the railway station to which it was despatched ;
"recorded delivery packet" means an unregistered postal packet which is sent by the recorded delivery service :
"redirection" as applied to a postal packet includes re-posting ;
"second class letter" means any letter other than a first class letter;
"trade charge" has the meaning assigned to it in the foregoing definition of "cash on delivery packet";
"trade charge form" has the meaning assigned to it by regulation 44 ;
"trade charge money order" means a money order in a special form for remitting the trade charge to the sender of a cash on delivery packet or to a person named by him to receive the amount;

[^0](2) Any reference in these regulations to additional postage shall take effect in relation to a postal packet for which no rate of postage is specified as though for the words "additional postage" there were substituted the word "postage".
(3) Any reference in these regulations to the provisions of any enactment or regulations shall be construed, unless the context otherwise requires, as a reference to those provisions as amended re-enacted or replaced by any subsequent enactments or regulations.
(4) The Interpretation Act 1889(a) applies for the interpretation of these regulations as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament, and as if these regulations and the regulations hereby revoked were Acts of Parliament.

## Application

2. These regulations shall apply exclusively to inland postal packets, except as provided in regulation 55 and except in so far as the provisions of these regulations are expressly made applicable to any other postal packets by any regulations relating to such postal packets.

## Part II-Postage

## Rates of postage

3.-(1) There shall be charged and paid upon the postal packets specified in the first column of Schedule 1 (other than packets accepted for transmission under regulation 32) the rates of postage respectively specified in or fixed under the second column thereof, upon unaddressed packets the rates of postage fixed under regulation 24, and upon packets accepted for transmission under regulation 32 the rates of postage fixed under that regulation.
(2) The Postmaster General shall publish from time to time in the London, Edinburgh and Belfast Gazettes or in such other manner as he may determine the rates of postage fixed by him under Schedule 1.

## Additional postage on late posted packets

4.-(1) In this regulation the expression "late posted packet" means a postal packet of such description as may be prescribed:
(a) which is posted in any special posting box which may be provided by the Postmaster General for the purpose, after the ordinary hour of collection for a particular despatch from the office of collection on a particular day in order that it may if possible be forwarded by that despatch,
or (b) which is posted at any time in any posting box which may be provided by the Postmaster General on a train,
or (c) which is posted at any time in any posting box which may be provided by the Postmaster General for the purpose at a railway station, in order that it may if possible be conveyed by a particular train departing from that station,
or (d) which is posted as a registered postal packet or as a recorded delivery packet, after the hour up to which such postal packets are ordinarily accepted at the office of posting in order that they may if possible be forwarded by a particular despatch, but within such further time (if any) as the Postmaster General may from time to time appoint in relation to the office.
(2) There shall be charged and paid in respect of a late posted packet additional postage of such amount, not exceeding 1s. 6d., as the Postmaster General may fix either generally or in relation to the description of postal packet concerned or to the description of office of collection or posting or to the manner or time of posting.
(3) Where no part, or part only, of such additional postage is prepaid, the packet may at the discretion of the Postmaster General either:
(a) be forwarded as if it had not been posted as a late posted packet; or
(b) be forwarded by the despatch referred to in sub-paragraph (a) or (d) of paragraph (1), or by the train referred to in sub-paragraph (b) or (c) of paragraph (1), as may be appropriate in the particular case ; and if the packet is posted as a registered postal packet or as a recorded delivery packet and is forwarded by the despatch referred to in subparagraph (d) of paragraph (1), the amount payable by the addressee or the sender under section 7(1) of the Act in respect of the deficiency shall be the amount of the deficiency.

## Additional postage on certain parcels

5. Upon any parcel redirected by the Post Office as specified in the first column of paragraph 13 of Schedule 2 to an address served from a different delivery office (not being an address within the same local parcel delivery area), there shall be charged additional postage at the appropriate rate as if the transmission of the parcel to the new address. were a fresh transmission by post.

## Part III-General Conditions

## Prohibitions

6.-(1) Save as the Postmaster General may either generally or in any particular case allow, there shall not be conveyed or delivered by post any postal packet of a description referred to in paragraphs (a), (b) or (c) of section 11(1) of the Act.
(2) Subject to section 8(3) of the Act, there shall not be posted or conveyed or delivered by post any postal packet:
(a) containing:
(i) except as may be permitted by the Postmaster General either generally or in any particular case, any living creature ;
(ii) any imitation of a bank note within the meaning of section 38 of the Criminal Justice Act 1925(a);
(b) containing or bearing any fictitious stamp (not being a fictitious stamp which is authorised to be made by or under Post Office regulations) or any counterfeit impression of a stamping machine used under the
direction or by the permission of the Postmaster General or any counterfeit of any other impression authorised by or under these regulations to be used to denote payment of postage or fees;
(c) having thereon, or on the cover thereof, any words, letters or marks (used without due authority) which signify or imply, or may reasonably lead the recipient thereof to believe, that the postal packet is sent on Her Majesty's service ;
(d) of such a size, form or colour or so made up for transmission by post as to be likely in the opinion of the Postmaster General to embarrass the officers of the Post Office in dealing with the packet;
(e) having anything written, printed or otherwise impressed upon or attached to any part of the postal packet which, either by tending to prevent the easy and quick reading of the address of the packet or by inconvenient proximity to the stamp or stamps used in the payment of postage, or in any other way, is in itself, or in the manner in which it is written, printed, impressed, or attached, likely in the opinion of the Postmaster General to embarrass the officers of the Post Office in dealing with the packet;
( $f$ ) whereon the payment of any postage or fees purports to be denoted by any stamp or impression which has been previously used to denote payment of the postage or fees on any other postal packet or any other Revenue duty or tax.

## Packets containing others for different persons

7.-(1) There shall not be posted or conveyed or delivered by post any postal packet consisting of or containing two or more postal packets addressed to different persons who are at different addresses.
(2) If any such postal packet be posted, or tendered for conveyance by post, each postal packet contained therein may be forwarded to the addressee subject to such charges as the Postmaster General may fix in the particular case, not exceeding the total of the charges which would have been payable in respect of each of the separate postal packets contained therein if they had been posted singly without prepayment of postage.

## Packing

8. Every postal packet shall be made up and secured in such manner as in the opinion of the Postmaster General is calculated to prevent injury to any other postal packet in course of conveyance, or to any receptacle in which the same is conveyed, or to an officer of the Post Office or other persons who may deal with such packet.

## Limits of size and weight

9. The limits of size and weight of the postal packets specified in the first column of Schedule 1 shall (except with special permission of the Postmaster General) be those respectively specified in the third and fourth columns of the said Schedule.

## Payment of postage and fees

10.-(1) Except as the Postmaster General may otherwise direct, and subject to the provisions of these regulations, the postage and fees payable on every postal packet, and the fees payable in respect of postal facilities, shall be prepaid.
(2) The provisions of these regulations with reference to prepayment of postage and fees shall not apply to the postage payable on business reply packets or postage forward parcels, or to the postage and fees payable on postal packets with respect to which the Postmaster General has entered into an arrangement with the senders for the grant of credit facilities.
(3) Payment of postage or fees payable under these regulations may be denoted:
(a) by adhesive postage stamps; or
(b) by impressions of stamping machines working under the direction or by the permission of the Postmaster General ; or
(c) by the use of a stamped envelope, cover, card, or other postal form ; or
(d) by the use of an embossed or impressed stamp cut out of or otherwise detached from an envelope, cover, card or other postal form ; or
(e) in such other manner as the Postmaster General may from time to time permit.
(4) No stamp or impression of a stamping machine which is imperfect or mutilated or defaced in any way, or across which anything is written or printed or otherwise impressed, shall be used to denote payment of postage or fees; but a stamp shall. not be deemed to be imperfect or mutilated or defaced or to have anything written or printed or impressed across it within the meaning of this provision, by reason only that it is distinctly perforated with initials by means of a punch if the perforating holes are not larger than those dividing one stamp from another in a sheet of stamps.
(5) No stamp indicating on the face thereof payment of a registration fee as well as postage shall be used to denote payment of postage or fees on any unregistered postal packet.
(6) Packets bearing the impression of stamping machines or intended for impression by stamping machines shall be accepted only at such post offices, within such hours, and under and subject to such conditions and restrictions as the Postmaster General may consider appropriate.
(7) Subject to the provisions of these regulations, the stamp or impression denoting payment of postage or fees shall be placed in such position on the envelope. cover, card or other form as the Postmaster General may consider appropriate.

## Treatment of irregular packets

11.-(1) If any postal packet which appears to have been intended for transmission as a packet of a particular description is found in the post or is left at a post office, and it does not comply, or its manner of posting did not comply, with the provisions of these regulations which are applicable to postal packets of its purported description, the Postmaster General may if he thinks fit treat it as if it had been posted as a postal packet of such description (including its purported description) as he considers appropriate; and the packet shall for all purposes be deemed to be a postal packet of such description.
(2) Where any postal packet is treated as a parcel under paragraph (1), there shall be payable by the addressee on the delivery of the packet, or, if the packet is refused or cannot for any other reason be delivered, by the sender, the appropriate postage at the rate applicable to parcels and the additional sum of 3 d ., less the amount of any postage prepaid.

## Return of undeliverable postal packets (except parcels)

12.-(1) With regard to any postal packet (other than (i) a parcel, (ii) a preferred letter transmitted as a second class letter chargeable by law with a postage at the lowest rate of postage for the time being payable in respect of a preferred letter so transmitted, (iii) any other letter transmitted as a second class letter chargeable by law with a postage at the lowest rate of postage for the time being payable in respect of any other letter so transmitted or (iv) a current registered newspaper chargeable by law with a postage at the lowest rate of postage for the time being payable in respect of a current registered newspaper) which for any reason cannot be delivered, the following provisions shall apply:
(a) Where the full name and address of the sender appear legibly on the outside of the packet, the packet shall be returned to the sender unopened, but subject to payment of any charges to which it has become liable.
(b) Where the name and address of the sender do not appear on the outside of the packet or are illegible, the packet shall be opened by any officer of the Post Office duly authorised in that behalf, and if the name and address of the sender can be ascertained, the packet shall be returned to the sender, subject to payment of any charges to which it has become liable.
(2) With regard to (i) any preferred letter transmitted as a second class letter chargeable by law with a postage at the lowest rate of postage for the time being payable in respect of a preferred letter so transmitted and (ii) any other letter transmitted as a second class letter chargeable by law with a postage at the lowest rate of postage for the time being payable in respect of any other letter so transmitted, which for any reason cannot be delivered, the following provisions shall apply :
(a) Where the full name and address of the sender appear legibly on the outside of the letter, the letter shall (if the Postmaster General so decides) be charged with additional postage equal in amount to the rate of postage originally chargeable upon the letter exclusive of any postage paid by virtue of regulation 4, and any such additional postage shall be payable by the sender of the letter; and the letter shall upon payment of any such additional postage and any other charges to which it has become liable, be returned to the sender.
(b) Where the name and address of the sender do not appear on the outside of the letter or are illegible, and the letter was accepted for transmission under regulation 31, the letter may be dealt with or disposed of in such manner as the Postmaster General may think fit.
(c) Where the name and address of the sender do not appear on the outside of the letter or are illegible, and the letter was not accepted for transmission under regulation 31, the letter shall be opened by any officer of the Post Office duly authorised in that behalf and
(i) if the letter is found to contain or consist of nothing except commercial advertising matter, newspapers and magazines, it may be dealt with or disposed of in such manner as the Postmaster General may think fit:
(ii) if the letter is found to contain or consist wholly or partly of anything other than commercial advertising matter, newspapers and magazines, then if the name and address of the sender can be ascertained, the letter shall (if the Postmaster General so decides) be charged with additional postage equal in amount to the rate of
postage originally chargeable upon the letter, exclusive of any postage paid by virtue of regulation 4, and any such additional postage shall be payable by the sender of the letter, and the letter shall, upon payment of any such additional postage and any other charges to which it has become liable, be returned to the sender.
(3) With regard to any current registered newspaper chargeable by law with a postage at the lowest rate of postage for the time being payable in respect of a current registered newspaper, which for any reason cannot be delivered, the following provisions shall apply:
(a) Where the full name and address of the sender appear legibly on the outside of the newspaper, the newspaper shall (if the Postmaster General so decides) be charged with additional postage equal in amount to the rate of postage originally chargeable upon the newspaper exclusive of any postage paid by virtue of regulation 4, and any such additional postage shall be payable by the sender of the newspaper; and the newspaper shall upon payment of any such additional postage and any other charges to which it has become liable, be returned to the sender.
(b) Where the name and address of the sender do not appear on the outside of the newspaper or are illegible, the newspaper may be dealt with or disposed of in such manner as the Postmaster General may think fit.
(4) With regard to any postal packet (other than a parcel) which for any reason cannot be delivered, if upon the tender of the packet to the sender he refuses or fails to pay the charges to which the packet has become liable by law, the packet may be dealt with or disposed of in such manner as the Postmaster General may think fit.

## Return of undeliverable parcels

13. With regard to parcels which for any reason cannot be delivered, and parcels which are addressed to a place beyond the limits of the postal delivery of any town or district, or to a ship at any port in the British postal area, and which are not called for or delivered within such times as the Postmaster General considers reasonable, the following provisions shall apply:
(1) The parcel shall be retained at or forthwith forwarded to such place as the Postmaster General may from time to time appoint, and may, if necessary, be there opened and examined.
(2) Where the name and address of the sender can be ascertained from the parcel, then subject to paragraphs (4), (5) and (6):
(a) in the case of a postage forward parcel, the parcel shall be tendered to the sender charged with postage equal in amount to the prepaid rate of postage which would have been originally chargeable if the parcel had not been a postage forward parcel ;
(b) in the case of any other parcel, the parcel shall be returned to the sender free of charge.
(3) Where the name and address of the sender cannot be ascertained from the parcel, the parcel shall be retained pending a claim from the sender or addressee. In default of any claim within a period of 3 months, the parcel shall be disposed of in such manner as the Postmaster General may think fit.
(4) Where, in the case of a parcel which cannot be delivered for want of a true direction, the sender corrects the address of the parcel, the parcel shall be forwarded to the corrected address subject to the following conditions:
(a) Where the corrected address of the parcel is served from the same delivery office as the original address, and the parcel is not, at the time of such correction, lying at a returned letter office, no new charge shall be made with respect to the delivery of the parcel;
(b) Where the corrected address of the parcel is not served from the same delivery office as the original address, or the parcel at the time of such correction is lying at a returned letter office, the sender shall pay additional postage at the appropriate rate as if the transmission of the parcel to the corrected address were a fresh transmission by post.
(5) Where for any reason a parcel cannot be delivered, and paragraph (4) is not applicable, and
(a) the parcel is subsequently retransmitted to the addressee at the request of the sender or the addressee ; or
(b) the name and address of a substituted addressee has been furnished by the sender or the addressee and the parcel is transmitted to the substituted address;
the addressee or, as the case may be, the substituted addressee, shall pay additional postage at the appropriate rate as if such retransmission or transmission were a fresh transmission of the parcel by post.
(6) Notwithstanding anything herein contained, a parcel shall not be given up or returned by post to the sender except upon payment by him of any charge to which the parcel has become liable under the provisions of any such regulations as are referred to in section 16 of the Act.
(7) The Postmaster General may require proof to his satisfaction that an applicant for a parcel is entitled to receive it.
(8) Where an applicant fails to prove to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General that he is entitled to receive the parcel, or refuses or fails to pay any charges to which the parcel has become liable, the parcel may be dealt with or disposed of in such manner as the Postmaster General may think fit.
(9) Any parcel in the possession of the Postmaster General which becomes offensive or injurious to any officer of the Post Office, or other person, or to other parcels, or which is likely from its character or conditions to become offensive or injurious as aforesaid, or to become valueless before it can be delivered or otherwise dealt with in accordance with the provisions of these regulations, may forthwith be dealt with or disposed of in such manner as the Postmaster General may think fit, notwithstanding that the provisions of these regulations as to the return of such parcel have not been, or have only partially been, complied with.

## Treatment of packets addressed to deceased persons

14.-(1) Where the Postmaster General is satisfied that the addressee of postal packets is dead he may in his discretion:
(a) deliver or redirect such postal packets on the written application of any one or more of the executors named in the will of the addressee or of a person appearing to the Postmaster General to be entitled to take out letters of administration to the estate of the addressee, or in Scotland of a majority or quorum of the executors or (if there is no will) of the person whose appointment is being sought as executor dative : or
(b) deliver or redirect such postal packets on the written application of any person appearing to the Postmaster General to be conducting the affairs of the deceased addressee of the postal packets; or
(c) retain such postal packets for such period as he may think fit and on production of probate of the will or letters of administration to the estate of the addressee together with the written application of one or more of the executors or administrators, or in Scotland on production of confirmation together with the written application of a majority or quorum of the executors or the executor dative, deliver or redirect the packets in accordance with such request ; or
(d) treat such postal packets in accordance with the provisions of these regulations as postal packets which cannot be delivered.
(2) The charges specified in paragraph 13 A of Schedule 2 shall be payable for redirection under this regulation, and regulation 5 shall apply to parcels so redirected.

## Part IV <br> Conditions Relating to Particular Classes of Postal Packets

 Cards15. A letter consisting of a card not enclosed in an outer covering shall be made of material of such rigidity and thickness that its sorting and handling will not be hindered; and no writing or printing, other than the name and address of the addressee, shall appear on the right hand half of the face thereof.

## Printed packets

16.-(1) In these regulations the expression "printed packet" means a packet intended by the sender to be transmitted at the rate of postage specified in item 2 of Schedule 1 and which consists of or contains only articles or documents of the following descriptions :
(a) Books, magazines, newspapers, and other similar publications or works of a literary or technical character, whether containing written dedications or not ; sheet music ; catalogues; almanacs; and annual diaries ; in each case being printed on paper or on some other substance ordinarily used for printing ;
(b) Sketches, drawings, paintings, photographic prints, and engravings, on paper or on some other substance ordinarily used for the purpose, provided it is not a brittle or exceptionally fragile substance ;
(c) Maps, plans and charts, on paper or some other substance ordinarily used for the purpose, provided it is not a brittle or exceptionally fragile substance;
(d) The binding or mounting of any article hereinbefore described, provided such binding or mounting be of a kind ordinarily used for the purpose, be not made of glass, or any brittle or exceptionally fragile substance, and be transmitted in the same packet with the article in respect of which it is used ;
(e) Letters and postcards which are out of date and have already fulfilled their original purpose ; tickets which may lawfully be sent through the post by virtue of section 45 of the Betting, Gaming and Lotteries Act 1963(a) or section 27 of the Betting and Lotteries Act (Northern Ireland) 1957(b) ; dress patterns and dress transfers ;
(a) 1963 c .2.
(b) 1957 c. 19 (N.I.).
(f) the following documents, whether containing matter in the nature of a letter or not, provided they respectively conform to the following conditions:

| Description of Document |
| :--- |
|  |
| (i) Commercial or business papers of |
| a formal character, namely, in- |
| voices, orders for goods, or for |
| work to be done, estimates for |
| work, confirmations of orders, |
| advice notes of the despatch or |
| receipt of letters, documents, goods, |
| or money (with or without instruc- |
| tions for their further treatment), |
| waybills, bills of lading, receipts for |
| goods or money, statements of |
| account, price lists, prices current, |
| market reports, delivery and ship- |
| ping notes, tenders for goods or for |
| advertisements, quotations for |
| goods, inquiries for quotations, |
| contract notes, confirmations of |
| contracts, share transfer notices, |
| applications for employment, and |
| such other similar documents as |
| the Postmaster General may from |
| time to time permit. |
| (ii) Notices, applications, certificates, |
| reports and returns given or made |
| to or by public officers and local |
| authorities or other public bodies |
| in the discharge of their public |
| duties. |
| (iii) Lists and tabular statements. |
| (iv) |

(iv) Deeds, agreements, affidavits, Orders of Court, briefs from Solicitor to Counsel, proposals and policies of insurance, and formal papers necessarily incident to insurance, powers of attorney, proxy papers, licences, voting papers, testimonials and certificates. Copies of any of the foregoing documents.
(v) Circulars (that is, printed notices and letters).

## Conditions

(i), (ii) and (iii) That the documents consist of forms bearing printed matter clearly indicating the purpose for which the forms are intended to be used and that any writing refer solely to the subjectmatter, or consist of a formula of courtesy or of a conventional character not exceeding five words or initials.
(iv) That nothing appears in the documents in writing which does not form a necessary part thereof.
(v) That nothing appear in writing on the documents except:
(1) Dates, hours and particulars of times.
(2) The names, addresses and descriptions of parties.
(3) The particulars of goods and of sums of money.
(4) The mode of consignment or delivery of goods or money.

| Description of Document |
| :--- |
| (v) Circulars (that is, printed notices |
| and letters,-continued |

Conditions
(5) The terms on which business is transacted.
(6) Index or reference numbers and letters.
(7) Corrections of errors in print.
(8) The place, character and objects of meetings or appointments.
(9) A formula of courtesy or of a conventional character not exceeding five words or initials.
(vi) Printed Christmas, New Year, Easter, Birthday, Greeting, Picture and Visiting Cards and Calendars.
(vii) Manuscripts for press and printed proofs (including information for insertion in directories and similar publications) with corrections and instructions.
(vi) That the documents be not sent as samples or for the purpose of sale, and that nothing appear in writing in the documents except:
(1) Date of sending and names and addresses of sender and addressee.
(2) A formula of courtesy or of a conventional character not exceeding five words or initials.
(vii) That any writing not forming part of the documents themselves refer solely to the arrangement or correction of the type or to the execution of the work.
(viii) Educational exercises and examination papers with comments, corrections and instructions.
(viii) That any writing not forming parts of the documents themselves refer solely to the subject-matter of the exercise or to the questions put or the answers thereto.
(ix) Addressed envelopes, cards, labels, or wrappers.
(ix) That not more than three such articles be enclosed in one packet, and that such articles be intended for return by post to the sender or a person designated by him.
(x) Blank forms.
(x) That the forms consist of paper bearing printed matter only, that not more than three forms of the same description be enclosed in one packet, that the forms be intended to be completed by the addressee, and that they be accompanied by a covering document which is transmissible in a printed packet.

[^1](ii) On any printed packet or on its cover it is allowed to indicate, by hand or by a mechanical process, the name, description and address of the sender or of the addressee, and the date of despatch, the sender's signature, telephone number and telegraphic address and code ;
(iii) Any formula of courtesy or of a conventional character which may be written on any particular document may be written on the envelope, or on a fly leaf, or on a loose sheet accompanying the document, instead of on the document itself.
(2) In paragraph (1) expressions referring to print or printing shall be taken to refer to any species of type-printing easy to recognise as such. and to include lithography, hand stamping, or any mechanical process ordinarily used to produce a number of identical copies of written matter, and easy to recognise as such, but (except in relation to any article or document referred to in paragraph (1)(a) or to circulars) shall not be taken to include typeprinting after the fashion or in imitation of typewriting, or the reproduction of typewriting by the Mimeograph or any other mechanical process ordinarily used to produce a number of identical copies of written matter; and expressions referring to writing shall be taken to include typewriting or any mechanical or other process ordinarily used to produce a single document.
(3) Every printed packet shall be subject to examination in the post, and if posted without a cover shall not be fastened or otherwise treated so as to prevent easy examination. A covered packet shall be unfastened or (save as the Postmaster General may either generally or in any particular case allow) so adapted that the contents can be easily examined without breaking any seal or tearing any paper or cutting any string or separating any adhering surfaces.
(4) No printed packet shall contain or bear any communication in the nature of a letter not being matter coming within the definition of such packet or being otherwise expressly allowed by these regulations.
(5) No circular which is reproduced from or produced after the fashion or in imitation of a typewritten document shall be sent by post as a printed packet save under.such conditions as the Postmaster General may from time to time consider appropriate.
(6) No paper money shall be posted or conveyed or delivered by post in a printed packet:

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to a single stamped proxy paper or to a single stamped and addressed card, wrapper or envelope forwarded by the sender of the packet in order that such card, wrapper or envelope may be returned through the post to such sender or some person designated by him.

## Deferment of second class letters and printed packets

17. Any second class letter or printed packet may be withheld from despatch or delivery until any subsequent despatch or delivery.

## Registration of newspapers under the Act

18. The fee for each registration of a newspaper under section 12 of the Act shall be 5 s.

## Conditions as to current registered newspapers

19.-(1) Every current registered newspaper or the cover or envelope thereof shall be prominently marked on the outside "Newspaper Post" and shall be subject to examination in the post, and if posted without a cover shall not be fastened or otherwise treated so as to prevent easy examination. The cover or envelope of a covered current registered newspaper shall be unfastened or (save as the Postmaster General may either generally or in any particular case allow) so adapted that the contents can be easily examined without breaking any seal or tearing any paper or cutting any string or separating any surfaces.
(2) Save as the Postmaster General may either generally or in any particular case allow, every current registered newspaper when posted shall be so folded and covered (if posted in a cover or envelope) as to permit the title and date of issue to be readily inspected.
(3) No article (not part of the newspaper) shall be posted in or in the cover or envelope with a current registered newspaper.
(4) No current registered newspaper and no cover or envelope in which it is enclosed shall bear anything (not being part of the newspaper) except :
(a) the names, addresses and descriptions of the sender and addressee with index or reference numbers and letters;
(b) the words "With compliments", "Specimen copy" or "Voucher copy";
(c) the title of the newspaper, and a reference to its registration for transmission by post ; and
(d) a reference to any page of or place in the newspaper to which the attention of the addressee is directed.

Parcels
20.-(1) All parcels intended to be transmitted by post shall be posted: (a) by being handed in at a post office to an officer on duty at the counter, on the days and within the hours during which such office shall be open to the public for the posting of parcels, or (b) (in circumstances in which the Postmaster General permits that mode of posting) by being handed to an officer of the Post Office for the time being authorised to receive parcels for the post otherwise than at a post office.
(2) Every parcel shall be packed in such a manner as in the opinion of the Postmaster General is calculated to preserve the contents from loss or damage in the post and to prevent any tampering with its contents.

## Parcels-Channel Islands and Isle of Man

21.-(1) Parcels which may be brought into or sent out of the United Kingdom by post from or to the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man shall not be posted conveyed or delivered except subject to such regulations as are referred to in section 16 of the Act.
(2) In respect of every parcel brought into or sent out of the United Kingdom by post from or to the Channel Islands to which such regulations as aforesaid apply, and upon the contents of which any customs duty is payable, there shall be charged and paid the further fee of 2 s . 9 d .

## Parcels in bond

22.-(1) The Postmaster General may, on application being made in such manner as he may direct by the addressee of any parcel which is received in
the United Kingdom by post from the Channel Islands and is in the custody of the Postmaster General at some place appointed by him and the Commissioners of Customs and Excise for customs examination :
(a) make a search for the parcel in order that it may if possible receive expedited customs examination ; or
(b) permit the addressee or his authorised agent, attending at the place where the parcel is, to inspect the parcel ; or
(c) re-address the parcel to any person either within or outside the British postal area; or
(d) permit the addressee or his authorised agent, attending at the place where the parcel is, to re-address the parcel to any person either within or outside the British postal area.
(2) There shall be charged and paid in respect of the facilities provided for in this regulation:
(i) for each of the facilities mentioned in sub-paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph (1), the fee appropriate to the number of parcels comprised in the application, according to the scale of fees set out in columns 1 and 2 of the table following;
(ii) for the facility mentioned in paragraph (1)(d), the fee appropriate to the number of parcels comprised in the application, according to the scale of fees set out in columns 1 and 3 of the table following.

TABLE

(3) Any fee charged under regulation 21(2) on a parcel which is re-addressed under this regulation shall be paid by the original addressee.
(4) There shall be charged and paid by the original addressee in respect of each parcel which is re-addressed under this regulation:
(a) to an address in the British postal area or the Republic of Ireland, such additional postage and fees (if any) as would have been payable thereon if it had been redirected under regulation 28 ;
(b) to an address elsewhere, such additional postage and fees (if any) as would have been payable thereon if it had been redirected under regulation 22 of the British Commonwealth and Foreign Parcel Post Regulations 1965(a), as amended (b).
(5) Where notice has been given under regulation $9(1)$ of the Postal Packets (Customs and Excise) Regulations 1966(c), as amended (d), requiring entry to be made of the goods in a parcel which is received in the United Kingdom by post from the Channel Islands and the parcel remains in the custody of the Postmaster General at some place appointed by him and the Commissioners of Customs and Excise for customs examination for a period of more than 28 days after the date of such notice, there shall be charged on the parcel (in addition to any other fees payable under these regulations) a fee, not exceeding 27s., calculated at the rate of 1 ls . for each day or part of a day in excess of the said period of 28 days during which the parcel remains in the custody of the Postmaster General as aforesaid : and the fee shall be paid by the addressee.

## Articles for the use of the blind

23.-(1) In these regulations the expression "articles for the use of the blind" means :
(i) Books and papers (including letters to or from blind persons) impressed or otherwise prepared for the use of the blind ;
(ii) Paper posted to any person for the purpose of being so impressed or prepared:
and the following articles specially adapted for the use of the blind:
(iii) Relief maps;
(iv) Machines, frames and attachments for making impressions for the use of the blind;
(v) Pencil writing frames and attachments;
(vi) Braillette boards and metal pegs therefor ;
(vii) De Braille instructional devices;
(viii) Games (including card games) ;
(ix) Mathematical appliances and attachments ;
(x) Voice records on discs, film, tape or wire of readings from books, journals, newspapers, periodicals or other similar printed publications;
(xi) Metal plates impressed, or posted for the purpose of being impressed, for the use of the blind;
(xii) Wrappers and labels for use on postal packets for the blind-bulk supplies:
(xiii) Braille watches, clocks, and timers;
(xiv) Tools, aids and precision instruments ;
(xv) Rules and measures;
(xvi) Sectional or collapsible walking sticks ;
(xvii) Harness for guide dogs.
(a) S.I. 1965/1734 (1965 III, p. 4859).
(b) The relevant amending instrument is S.I. 1966/913 (1966 II, p. 2190).
(c) S.I. 1966/66 (1966 I, p. 134).
(d) S.I. 1968/931 (1968 II, p. 2440).
(2) The following provisions shall apply to postal packets consisting of articles for the use of the blind;
(a) Every packet shall bear on the outside thereof the inscription "Articles for the blind" and the written or printed name and address of the sender.
(b) Every packet shall be subject to examination in the post.
(c) Every packet shall be posted either without a cover or in a cover which can be easily removed for the purposes of examination.
(d) No packet shall contain any article not being an article for the use of the blind (except a label which may bear the name and address of the person to whom the packet is to be returned).
(e) No packet shall contain any communication or inscription either in writing or printing (except the title, date of publication or manufacture, serial number, names and addresses of printer, publisher or manufacturer, price and table of contents of the book or paper, and any key to or instructions for the use of the special type or of any enclosed article).
(f) Articles (viii) to (xvii) (inclusive) mentioned in paragraph (1) may be sent only to blind persons by such institutions as have entered into special arrangements to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General with regard to the transmission of such articles, or to such institutions by blind persons.

## Unaddressed packets

24.-(1) Subject to the following paragraphs of this regulation, unaddressed packets may be sent in a consignment for general delivery within an area in respect of which the unaddressed packet delivery service is available.
(2) The number of unaddressed packets in each consignment shall be such as the Postmaster General shall require, having regard to the number of delivery points in the delivery area.
(3) The packets comprised in a consignment of unaddressed packets shall be identical with each other in all respects, and the weight (which shall not exceed 2 lb .), dimensions and shape of each shall be such as the Postmaster General may approve.
(4) Every unaddressed packet shall be subject to examination in the post. Save as the Postmaster General may allow either generally or in respect of any category of unaddressed packets or in any particular case, a packet without a cover shall not be fastened or otherwise treated so as to prevent easy examination, and a covered or enveloped packet shall be so made up that the contents can be easily examined without breaking any seal or tearing any paper or cutting any string or separating any adhering surfaces.
(5) The sender shall comply with such conditions as the Postmaster General may consider appropriate either generally or in the particular case as to :
(a) the provision by the sender to the Post Office of a specimen of the unaddressed packets to be included in a proposed consignment before the consignment is posted;
(b) the assembly of the individual unaddressed packets into groups or bundles by the sender, and their enclosure by him in mail bags or other containers;
(c) the manner, time, day and office at which a consignment of unaddressed packets is to be posted;
(d) any incidental or supplemental matters for which the Postmaster General may consider it expedient to provide.
(6) There shall be charged and paid on unaddressed packets such rates of postage as the Postmaster General may fix, and different rates may be fixed for different circumstances. including in particular the circumstance whether the packets are to be delivered in a town postal delivery area or a rural delivery area:

Provided that the rate of postage charged and paid on a consignment of unaddressed packets shall not exceed the total postage which would have been payable under these regulations on the individual packets comprised in the consignment if each had been posted singly, in the case of a packet not exceeding 1 lb .8 oz . in weight as a second class letter and in the case of a packet exceeding 1 lb .8 oz . as a printed packet.
(7) The Postmaster General shall publish in the London, Edinburgh and Belfast Gazettes or in such other manner as he may determine the rates of postage from time to time fixed by him under the last preceding paragraph.
(8) Postage on unaddressed packets shall be paid in such manner as the Postmaster General shall require.
(9) The Postmaster General may if he thinks fit refuse to accept any consignment or part of a consignment of unaddressed packets for delivery.
(10) The Postmaster General may defer for such time as he thinks fit the delivery of any unaddressed packets.
(11) Any unaddressed packet which is not delivered may be dealt with or disposed of as the Postmaster General may think fit.
(12) The Postmaster General may provide as postal facilities in relation to unaddressed packets such incidental services as he may consider expedient, and the fees for any services so provided shall be such as the Postmaster General may fix either generally or in any particular case, and shall be paid in such manner as the Postmaster General shall require.
(13) (a) An unaddressed packet shall not be regarded as a printed packet for the purpose of these regulations.
(b) For the purpose of the definition of "inland" in regulation 1(1), an unaddressed packet shall be deemed to be addressed to a place within the area in which it is to be delivered.
(c) Regulations 10(3), 12, 33 and 40 shall not apply to unaddressed packets.

## Part V-Postal Facilities

## General

25.-(1) There shall be charged and paid for the postal facilities specified in the first column of Schedule 2 the charges specified or referred to in the second column of the said Schedule, and the said facilities shall be subject to the conditions and provisions contained in the body of these regulations.
(2) The postal facilities referred to in this Part of these regulations and in Schedules 2 and 3 may be provided by the Postmaster General at such times, during such periods, and at such post offices, in such circumstances, and on such conditions (not being inconsistent with the provisions of these regulations) as the Postmaster General may from time to time consider expedient.

## Express delivery

26.-(1) There shall be charged and paid for the conveyance of an express packet conveyed in the manner specified in the first column of Schedule 3 fees at the rates specified in the second and fourth columns of the said Schedule. The facilities shall be subject to the limits of size and weight of the postal packets conveyed referred to in the third column of the said Schedule, to the provisions specified in the fourth column thereof and to the further provisions contained in the body of these regulations.
(2) An express packet (other than a packet to be conveyed by special messenger to an office of collection for transmission by ordinary post through the remainder of its course in the post) shall bear the word "Express" or such other words, and such lines or marks, as the Postmaster General may require.
(3) An express packet to be conveyed by special messenger throughout the whole of its course in the post shall be posted:
(a) by being handed in at a post office to an officer on duty at the counter, or
(b) (in circumstances in which the Postmaster General permits that mode of posting) by being handed to an officer of the Post Office for the time being authorised to receive such express packets otherwise than at a post office.
(4) The sender or addressee of an express packet may require the messenger who delivers the packet to convey an express packet by way of reply or further service. There shall be charged and paid in respect of the last mentioned packet the charges specified in Schedule 3.
(5) The Postmaster General may forward a packet as an express packet although the full postage and fees chargeable thereon are not prepaid, and if the addressee refuses to pay the amount payable in respect of the deficiency, it shall be paid by the sender. In no case shall the Postmaster General be bound to deliver any express packet not fully prepaid unless the addressee pays the amount payable thereon.
(6) Subject to the provisions of these regulations as to express delivery, all express packets shall be forwarded, conveyed, and delivered in all respects subject to the provisions of the Acts and regulations in force for the time being in relation to inland postal packets, so far as the same are applicable.

## Railex service

27.-(1) A letter intended to be transmitted by a railex service shall be posted by being handed to an officer of the Post Office on duty at the counter at a post office which is also an express delivery office.
(2) A letter shall not be posted for transmission by a railex service:
(a) as a registered postal packet, or
(b) if it contains coin or jewellery.
(3) No postal packet other than a letter may be transmitted by a railex service.
(4) The delivery of a letter transmitted by a railex service to the addressee from the railway station to which it was conveyed by railway will be by special messenger meeting the train if, but only if, it arrives at that station at a time when a messenger is on duty.

## Redirection by the public

28.-(1) Any postal packet (other than a business reply packet and a postage forward parcel) may be redirected from its original address, or any substituted address, to the same addressee at any other address in the British postal area or the Republic of Ireland.
(2) Any postal packet (other than a parcel) so redirected on the day of its delivery at the address from which it is redirected, or on the day next following (Sundays, Christmas Day, Good Friday, and public holidays being disregarded for this purpose), shall be transmitted by post free of any charge or postage in respect of such transmission :
Provided that this paragraph shall not apply if before redirection the packet has been opened, or altered otherwise than by the substitution of a new address, or if the name of the addressee has been obscured by any adhesive label used to indicate the new address.
(3) Subject to paragraph (2), there shall be charged on each redirection of a postal packet, and (if not previously paid) paid by the addressee on the delivery of the packet, the following additional postage and fees:
(a) (i) In the case of a recorded delivery packet redirected to an address in the British postal area, additional postage at the appropriate rate as if the transmission of the packet to the new address were a fresh transmission by post together with an additional recorded delivery fee of 9 d .;
(ii) In the case of any other unregistered postal packet (including an unregistered parcel), the said additional postage;
(b) In the case of a registered postal packet (including a registered parcel), the said additional postage together with an additional minimum registration fee:
Provided that (without prejudice to his general power of remission under regulation 54) the Postmaster General may remit such additional postage and (where applicable) registration fee in the case of a parcel redirected within the period mentioned in paragraph (2), if the parcel is redirected to an address served from the same delivery office or to an address within the same local parcel delivery area, and may remit such additional registration fee as aforesaid in the case of a registered parcel redirected within such period where the parcel is redirected to an address which is not served as aforesaid.
(4) (a) A second class letter or printed packet which is redirected and to which paragraph (2) of this regulation applies may be withheld from despatch or delivery until any subsequent despatch or delivery.
(b) Any letter which is redirected and to which paragraph (3) of this regulation applies may be withheld from despatch or delivery until any subsequent despatch or delivery unless before it is redirected there is paid the additional postage mentioned in that paragraph at the rate specified in or fixed under Schedule 1 appropriate for its transmission as a first class letter together with any fee chargeable under the said paragraph.

## Evasion of postage by redirection

29.-(1) In any case where the Postmaster General considers that a packet, purporting to be redirected, has been posted as a redirected packet with a view to evading the payment of any postage chargeable by law upon such
packet, he may, before the delivery of such packet, require the addressee (who shall furnish proof of identity to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General) to sign a receipt for the same.
(2) Any redirected packet which appears to have been opened before being redirected, and any packet which purports to be redirected, but which appears to have been treated in a manner designed to evade the payment of any postage chargeable thercon by law, shall be dealt with and charged as an unpaid packet of the same description or otherwise dealt with as the Postmaster General may think fit.

## Poste restante

30. The following provisions shall apply to postal packets addressed to a post office to be called for:
(a) Except as the Postmaster General may otherwise decide, the service is provided only for the convenience of travellers.
(b) The address of such packets shall include the words "To be called for" or "Poste Restante".
(c) Such packets shall not be addressed to an addressee designated by a fictitious name, or by initials only, or by a Christian name without a surname.
(d) The Postmaster General may refuse to deliver any such packet to a caller unless he is satisfied of the caller's identity.
(e) Such packets shall not be retained at the post office for delivery to the caller for more than 14 days, unless the Postmaster General shall otherwise decide in relation to any particular packet or class or description of packets.
(f) The Postmaster General may refuse or cease to retain for delivery to the caller any such packet the retention of which would in his opinion involve an abuse of the service, or which contravenes paragraphs (b) or (c). or which is addressed to a post office at which the service is not available.
(g) The sender may add to the address of any such packet a request that the packet may, if not called for within the time specified in the request, be returned to the sender or some person designated by him; and (subject to paragraph (e)) at the expiration of such time the packet shall be returned as specified in the request.
(h) The provisions of these regulations as to the return of postal packets shall apply to any such packet which the Postmaster General refuses or ceases to retain for delivery to the caller.

## Rebate postings of second class letters and printed packets

31.-(1) The Postmaster General may make arrangements with the senders of second class letters or printed packets for the acceptance and transmission of such letters or packets as a rebate posting under this regulation.
(2) A rebate posting shall consist of a consignment of not less than 4,501 second class letters or not less than 4,501 printed packets all sent by the same sender, each (except where the Postmaster General otherwise allows) being identical with the others in size and shape and in the nature of its contents.
(3) Unless the Postmaster General in any particular case otherwise allows in writing, a person who proposes to make a rebate posting shall make application therefor to the Postmaster General on a prescribed postal form at least 24 hours before the time at which he wishes to make the posting.
(4) Without prejudice to the generality of regulation 25(2), the sender shall comply with such conditions as the Postmaster General may consider appropriate in the particular case as to:
(a) the manner in which the postage on the individual postal packets comprised in the rebate posting is to be paid;
(b) the sorting and assembly of the individual postal packets by the sender into groups according to their addresses;
(c) the manner, time, day, and office at which the rebate posting is to be delivered to the Post Office for transmission;
(d) any incidental or supplemental matters for which the Postmaster General may consider it expedient to provide.
(5) Where the Postmaster General accepts a rebate posting for transmission under this regulation, and the sender complies with the said conditions, the Postmaster General shall refund to the sender or allow him in account:
(a) Where the number of the postal packets comprised in the rebate posting is between 4,501 and 4,999 (inclusive), the amount by which the total postage charged on those packets exceeds the net payment in respect of 5,000 postal packets. For the purpose of this paragraph, the net payment in respect of 5,000 postal packets means the total postage which would be charged on 5,000 postal packets similar to those comprised in the particular rebate posting less the amount which would be refunded or allowed in account in respect of such 5,000 packets under paragraph (b) if they were accepted as a rebate posting for transmission under this regulation and the sender complied with the said conditions.
(b) Where the number of the postal packets comprised in the rebate posting is between 5,000 and 22,222 (inclusive), one tenth of the total postage charged on those packets.
(c) Where the number of the postal packets comprised in the rebate posting is between 22,223 and 24,999 (inclusive), the amount by which the total postage charged on those packets exceeds the net payment in respect of 25,000 postal packets. For the purpose of this paragraph, the net payment in respect of 25,000 postal packets means the total postage which would be charged on 25,000 postal packets similar to those comprised in the particular rebate posting less the amount which would be refunded or allowed in account of respect of such 25,000 packets under paragraph ( $d$ ) if they were accepted as a rebate posting for transmission under this regulation and the sender complied with the said conditions.
(d) Where the number of the postal packets comprised in the rebate posting is between 25,000 and 234,375 (inclusive), one fifth of the total postage charged on those packets.
(e) Where the number of the postal packets comprised in the rebate posting is between 234,376 and 249,999 (inclusive), the amount by which the total postage charged on those packets exceeds the net payment in respect of 250,000 postal packets. For the purpose of this paragraph, the net payment in respect of 250,000 postal packets means the total postage which would be charged on 250,000 postal packets similar to those comprised in the particular rebate posting less the amount which
would be refunded or allowed in account in respect of such 250,000 packets under paragraph (f) if they were accepted as a rebate posting for transmission under this regulation and the sender complied with the said conditions.
(f) Where the number of the postal packets comprised in the rebate posting exceeds 249,999 , one quarter of the total postage charged on those packets.
(6) The Postmaster General may defer for such time as he thinks expedient the despatch or delivery of postal packets accepted for transmission as a rebate posting under this regulation.

## Transmission of postal packets in bulk

32.-(1) The Postmaster General may make arrangements with any senders of unregistered postal packets (other than cash on delivery packets) for their acceptance and transmission as bulk postings under this regulation and such arrangements shall operate and continue in force at such times and during such periods as the Postmaster General may from time to time consider expedient.
(2) The senders of packets under this regulation shall comply with such conditions as the Postmaster General may consider appropriate either generally or in the particular case and regulation 20(1) shall not apply to any such packets which are parcels.
(3) There shall be charged and paid on packets accepted for transmission under this regulation such rates of postage as the Postmaster General may fix; and different rates may be fixed for different circumstances.
(4) Postage on packets accepted for transmission under this regulation shall be paid and denoted in such manner and at such time as the Postmaster General may require or permit and regulation 10(3) shall not apply to such packets.
(5) The provisions of regulations 26,27 and 40 shall not apply to any packet transmitted under this regulation.

## Part VI-Registration and Compensation

## Registration

33.-(1) Subject to the provisions of these regulations, any postal packet other than a second class letter or a printed packet may be registered.
(2) There shall be charged and paid for the registration of any such postal packet the minimum registration fee, or, if the sender so elects, one of the higher registration fees specified in the first column of Part I of Schedule 4.

## Conditions as to registered packets

34.-(1) The conditions set out in Part II of Schedule 4 shall be complied with in relation to a registered postal packet.
(2) For the purpose of section 9 of the Crown Proceedings Act 1947 the expression "sender" means the person on whose behalf the postal packet is posted but does not include a person at whose request the article or any of the articies contained in the postal packet is sent by the first mentioned person by post.

## Receipts for registered packets

35. On the delivery of a registered postal packet the recipient shall give a written receipt therefor in the prescribed form. Where such a receipt is not obtained, the packet may nevertheless be delivered, or may be withheld and dealt with or disposed of in such manner as the Postmaster General may think fit.

## Compulsory registration

36.-(1) If any postal packet having the word "registered", or any other word, phrase, or mark conveying the impression that the packet is registered or intended to be registered, written or impressed on it or on its envelope or cover, is found in the post or left at a post office, and the packet has not been registered, it shall be registered (whether or not it is eligible for registration under regulation 33(1)), and may be detained for that purpose at any post office through which it shall pass.
(2) Where an unregistered postal packet is found when in the post to contain:
(a) any uncrossed postal order in which the name of the payee has not been inserted; or
(b) any cheque or dividend warrant which is uncrossed and payable to bearer; or
(c) any bearer security (including a share warrant, scrip or subscription certificate, bond or relative coupon); or
(d) any bank note or currency note, being current in the British postal area or elsewhere; or
(e) any unobliterated postage or revenue stamp available for current use in the British postal area or elsewhere (except a revenue stamp embossed or impressed on an instrument which has been executed); or
$(f)$ any National Savings stamp; or
(g) any coupon, voucher, token, card, stamp or similar document, exchangeable (singly or with any other such documents) for money, goods or services; or
(h) coin or jewellery;
of a total value of 10 s . or over, the packet shall be registered (whether or not it is eligible for registration under regulation 33(1)), and may be detained for that purpose at any post office through which it passes. In this paragraph the expression "value", except in relation to jewellery, means face value.
(3) Any postal packet which is subject to compulsory registration under paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) shall be forwarded to the addressee or tendered to the sender (as the case may be) charged with the minimum registration fee and, in the case of a second class letter, an additional sum equal to the difference between the amount of the postage paid thereon and the amount of the postage which would have been payable if the letter had been posted as a first class letter. The amount (if any) of the postage which may have been prepaid in respect of any packet other than a second class letter in excess of the ordinary postage and (in the case of a recorded delivery packet) the fee of 9 d . paid thereon, shall be accepted in payment or part payment (as the case may be) of such registration fee. If the said excess amount is greater than the minimum registration fee, the packet shall be forwarded or tendered as aforesaid charged with the highest registration fee which the said excess amount covers, and the said excess amount shall be accepted in payment of such last mentioned registration fee.
(4) Where upon tender of such postal packet to the addressee or sender he refuses or fails to pay the charges to which the same has become liable by law, the packet may be dealt with or disposed of in such manner as the Postmaster General may think fit.

## Compensation for registered packets

37.-(1) The maximum amount which shall be available for compensating persons aggrieved by the loss of or damage to a registered postal packet (including a packet which has been registered compulsorily under these regulations) and its contents shall be the amount specified in the second column of Part I of Schedule 4 opposite to the amount of the registration fee paid or charged in respect of the packet.
(2) For the purpose of this regulation any fee payable under regulation 28 on redirection of the packet shall be disregarded.

## Compensation for unregistered parcels

38. If any article of pecuniary value enclosed in, or forming part of, an unregistered parcel be lost or damaged whilst in the custody of the Postmaster General, the Postmaster General may pay to any person who may, in the opinion of the Postmaster General, establish a reasonable claim to compensation (having regard to the nature of the article, the care with which it was packed, and other circumstances) such sum, not exceeding $£ 5$, in respect of such parcel as he may think just.

## Compensation for unregistered express packets

39. If any article of pecuniary value enclosed in, or forming any part of, an unregistered express packet, which is conveyed by special messenger throughout its whole course in the post, be lost or damaged whilst in the custody of the Postmaster General, the Postmaster General may pay to the person who may, in the opinion of the Postmaster General, establish a reasonable claim to compensation (having regard to the nature of the article, the care with which it was packed, and other circumstances) such sum, not exceeding $£ 5$, in respect of such packet as he may think just.

## Part ViI-Recorded delivery

## Recorded delivery service

40.-(1) Subject to the provisions of these regulations, any unregistered postal packet other than a parcel may be sent by the recorded delivery service.
(2) There shall be charged and paid on each recorded delivery packet, in addition to any postage and other charges payable on such packet, a fee of 9 d .
(3) If an unregistered postal packet (other than a parcel) to which is attached a label as required by regulation $41(2)$, is found in the post or left at a post office, and the requirements of paragraph (1) or paragraph (3) of regulation 41 have not been complied with, the packet shall be forwarded to the addressee or tendered to the sender (as the case may be) charged with the recorded delivery fee of 9 d. ., but the amount (if any) of the postage which may have been prepaid in respect of the packet in excess of the ordinary postage shall be accepted in payment or part payment (as the case may be) of such recorded delivery fee.

## Conditions as to recorded delivery packets

41. The following conditions shall be complied with in relation to a recorded delivery packet:
(1) The packet shall:
(a) be handed to an officer on duty at a post office; or
(b) be handed to some officer of the Post Office authorised to receive recorded delivery packets though not on duty at a post office, and any recorded delivery packet which has been transmitted to its original address and which is redirected in pursuance of regulation 28 shall also be handed to such an officer as aforesaid.
(2) The sender of the packet shall complete such form, and shall attach to the packet such label in such position, as may be prescribed.
(3) On the posting of the packet the person handing over the packet shall obtain a receipt therefor.
(4) (a) The packet shall be made up in a reasonably strong cover appropriate to its contents, and (except in the case of a printed packet, packet consisting of articles for the use of the blind or a current registered newspaper) so that no part of the contents can be removed without either breaking or tearing the case, wrapper or cover or forcing two adhesive surfaces apart, or breaking a seal.
(b) Any article contained in the packet shall be adequately packed as a protection against damage in course of transmission. In particular:
(i) an article which is of a fragile nature shall be packed in a container of sufficient strength and shall be surrounded in that container with sufficient and suitable material to protect the article against the effects of concussion, pressure and knocks to which postal packets are ordinarily exposed in transmission, and the packet shall bear the words "FRAGILE WITH CARE" written conspicuously in capital letters on the face of the cover above the address;
(ii) an article which is liable to be damaged by bending shall be packed in a container of sufficient strength to prevent the article from being bent in transmission, and the packet shall bear the words "DO NOT BEND" written conspicuously in capital letters on the face of the cover above the address.
(5) No postal packet to be transmitted as a recorded delivery packet shall contain:
(i) any uncrossed postal order in which the name of the payee has not been inserted;
(ii) any cheque or dividend warrant which is uncrossed and payable to bearer;
(iii) any bearer security (including a share warrant, scrip or subscription certificate, bond or relative coupon);
(iv) any bank note or currency note, being current in the British postal area or elsewhere;
(v) any unobliterated postage or revenue stamp available for current use in the British postal area or elsewhere (except a revenue stamp embossed or impressed on an instrument which has been executed);
(vi) any National Savings stamp;
(vii) any coupon, voucher, token, card, stamp or similar document, exchangeable (singly or with any other such documents) for money, goods or services;
(viii) coin or jewellery; or
(ix) any other article or articles of which the market value or aggregate market value exceeds $£ 2$.
(6) (a) Where a recorded delivery packet has been delivered and it is alleged that loss or abstraction of or damage to the contents or any of the contents of the packet occurred whilst it was in course of transmission by post, the following things shall be produced on demand for the Postmaster General's inspection, in the condition as nearly as possible in which they were when the packet was delivered:
(i) The receipt therefor obtained on posting the packet;
(ii) Where loss or abstraction is alleged, the cover of the packet;
(iii) Where damage is alleged, the cover of the packet, the damaged article, its packing material, and any container in which the damaged article was enclosed.
(b) Where it is alleged that a recorded delivery packet has not been delivered, the receipt therefor obtained on posting the packet shall be produced on demand for the Postmaster Generals' inspection.

## Receipts for recorded delivery packets

42. On the delivery of a recorded delivery packet the recipient shall give a written receipt therefor in the prescribed form. Where such a receipt is not obtained, the packet may nevertheless be delivered, or may be withheld and dealt with or disposed of in such manner as the Postmaster General may think fit.

## Compensation for recorded delivery packets

43. If any article of pecuniary value enclosed in, or forming part of, a recorded delivery packet be lost or damaged whilst in the custody of the Postmaster General, the Postmaster General may pay to any person from whom a claim for compensation shall be received, and who shall establish a reasonable claim to compensation (having regard to the nature of the article, the care with which it was packed, and other circumstances) such sum, not exceeding $£ 2$, in respect of such packet as he may think just:
Provided that no compensation shall be paid in respect of a packet which has been redirected from its original address, or any substituted address, to the same addressee at any other address in the Republic of Ireland.

## Part ViII-Cash on delivery

## Fees and conditions

44.-(1) There shall be charged and paid on each cash on delivery packet, in addition to the postage and other charges payable on such packet, a fee according to the scale of fees set out in Schedule 5.
(2) Cash on delivery packets (other than parcels) shall be registered.
(3) No trade charge exceeding $£ 50$ shall be collected under these regulations.
(4) The sender of a cash on delivery packet shall fill up, as far as required, the prescribed form (in these regulations referred to as "the trade charge form"), and shall mark the packet in such manner and with such particulars as the Postmaster General may require.
(5) The fee payable on a cash on delivery packet shall be paid by the sender and shall be indicated on the trade charge form.

## Delivery of cash on delivery packets

45.-(1) A cash on delivery packet shall not be given up to the addressee, or opened at his request, until the trade charge and any postage or other charges due thereon have been paid.
(2) Where the trade charge on a cash on delivery packet exceeds $£ 20$ or the trade charge and the postage or other charges due in respect of such packet exceed that sum, the Postmaster General may give notice to the addressee of the arrival thereof and before delivery is effected require the addressee to pay the amount due within such period and at such office as may be specified in the notice.

## Payment of trade charge to sender

46. -(1) The Postmaster General shall upon receiving the trade charge from the addressee remit the same to the sender of the packet, or a person named by him, by means of a trade charge money order forming part of the trade charge form or by such other means as the Postmaster General may think fit.
(2) Except where payment is made to a banker, the receipt for the amount of the trade charge which forms part of the trade charge form shall be signed by the sender of the packet, or by the person named by him to receive the amount or by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the sender or the person named by him.
(3) When a trade charge money order is made payable to a company, corporation or society, the receipt may be given by means of a stamp of the name of the company, corporation or society, to which is appended the signature of an officer of the company, corporation or society together with a description of his office.

## Trade charge money orders-crossing

47.-(1) A trade charge money order shall be crossed and marked "not negotiable", and, except where the Postmaster General shall otherwise direct, shall be paid to a banker.
(2) The order may be crossed either:
(a) generally by the addition on its face of two parallel transverse lines, or
(b) specially by the addition on its face of the name of a banker between the two parallel transverse lines, in which case the order shall be deemed to be crossed to and shall be paid to that banker.
(3) A banker to whom a trade charge money order is crossed may again cross it to another banker as his agent for collection.

## Trade charge money orders-payment to bankers

48. The following rules shall apply to the payment of a trade charge money order to a banker:
(1) A trade charge money order may be presented for payment by a banker at any office at which payment of such orders presented by a banker may from time to time be authorised by the Postmaster General.
(2) Where a trade charge money order is presented by a banker, the name of the banker by or on behalf of whom such order is presented, written or stamped by way of crossing or otherwise, upon the face of the order, shall be a good receipt to the Postmaster General for the amount of the trade charge.
(3) Where a trade charge money order has been presented for payment by a banker and has been paid or allowed to a banker and it is afterwards discovered that such order should not have been paid or allowed to such banker, the amount so paid or allowed may be deducted from any moneys which may thereafter become payable to such banker for or on account or in respect of Post Office money orders, and no objection shall be taken by any banker to such deduction.

## Discharge to Crown by payment

49. The payment of the amount of a trade charge money order in accordance with these regulations, to whomsoever made, shall discharge the Crown and every officer of the Post Office from all liability whatsoever in respect of that order and payment of the amount thereof notwithstanding any forgery, fraud, mistake, loss, neglect or omission which may have been committed or have occurred in the procuring of the order or obtaining the payment thereof or otherwise in relation thereto.

## Void trade charge money orders

50. After the expiration of 6 months from the last day of the month in which any trade charge money order is issued the order shall be absolutely void and of no effect, and the Postmaster General shall be under no liability to pay the order:

Provided that in such case the Postmaster General may, if he thinks fit, pay the amount of the order, although the order has become void, subject to a deduction of a sum equal to the sum payable under the Money Order Regulations 1967(a), for the renewal of a void money order.

## Part IX-Miscellaneous and General.

## Stamping of paper

51. The fees to be paid to the Postmaster General for stamping any paper sent to him for the purpose of being stamped for use as cards to be transmitted as letters or as covers or envelopes of postal packets shall be at the rates specified in Schedule 6.

## Jury summonses

52. The fee to be paid (over and above the postage) for the registration of a jury summons under section 11 of the Juries Act 1862(b) (which section relates to the procedure for serving jury summonses by post) shall be 1 d .
(a) S.I. 1967/801 (1967 II, p. 2360).
(b) 1862 c. 107.

## Variation of route

53. Where any postal packet from its size, weight, character, or condition is in the opinion of the Postmaster General unfit for transmission by the route by which such packet would ordinarily travel in the post, such packet may be detained and forwarded by such other route as the Postmaster General may think fit.

## Remission of postage

54. The Postmaster General may remit in whole or in part any postage or other sums chargeable under these regulations in such cases or classes of case as he may determine.

## Application of the regulations to packets to and from the Republic of Ireland

55. The provisions of these regulations shall apply to postal packets transmitted between the British postal area and the Republic of Ireland so far as relates to the posting, registration, conveyance, delivery and treatment of such postal packets under the authority of the Postmaster General, subject nevertheless to the following modifications, exceptions and additions:
(1) In the application of the definitions of "first class letter", "preferred envelope" and "preferred letter" in regulation 1(1), and of regulations 3 and 9 to postal packets posted in any part of the British postal area for transmission to the Republic of Ireland, the description of such packets, the rates of postage, and the shape and limits of size and weight specified in Schedule 7 shall be substituted for the descriptions, rates, shape and limits specified in Schedule 1.
(2) For regulation 21 there shall be substituted the following regulation:
" 21 .-(1) Postal packets intended to be transmitted by post between the British postal area and the Republic of Ireland shall not be posted, forwarded, conveyed or delivered except subject to such regulations as are referred to in section 16 of the Act.
(2) Where the sender of a parcel addressed to the Republic of Ireland desires that the parcel may be delivered to the addressee free of all customs duty and other charges thereon, the following rules shall apply to the parcel:
(a) The sender shall mark on the cover of the parcel the words "To be delivered free of charges".
(b) The sender shall pay at the time of posting such sum as the Postmaster General may require as a deposit in respect of the customs duty and other charges which may be due on the parcel at the time of delivery.
(c) The sender shall sign an undertaking in the prescribed form to pay to the Postmaster General on demand the amount of the customs duty and the said other charges, less the amount of the deposit paid.
(d) The Postmaster General shall furnish to the sender a certificate of posting bearing an acknowledgment that the said deposit has been paid.
(e) If the deposit paid exceeds the amount of the customs duty and the said other charges, the Postmaster General shall repay the balance to the sender.
(3) Where a postal packet received in the British postal area from the Republic of Ireland contains any article liable to customs duty, and the Postmaster General so directs, there shall be charged and paid by the addressee if the packet shall be delivered to him a fee of 2 s . 9 d . in respect of a parcel and of 1 s . 9 d . in respect of any other postal packet."
(3) Regulation 22 shall apply in respect of parcels and other postal packets received in the United Kingdom by post from the Republic of Ireland as it applies in respect of parcels received from the Channel Islands, with the substitution of a reference to regulation $21(3)$ for the reference to regulation $21(2)$ and with the addition at the end of regulation $22(4)(b)$ of the words "or (in the case of a postal packet other than a parcel) the postage and fees which would have been payable thereon if it had been posted as a fresh packet for transmission under the British Commonwealth and Foreign Post Regulations 1965(a), as amended (b), to the new address."
(4) (i) No postal packet shall be transmitted between the British postal area and the Republic of Ireland as a business reply packet, a postage forward parcel, a cash on delivery packet, an unaddressed packet or a recorded delivery packet.
(ii) The service relating to an express packet, in so far as it provides for the conveyance of the packet by special messenger throughout the whole of its course in the post, and the railex service, shall not apply to postal packets transmitted between the British postal area and the Republic of Ireland.
(iii) Regulation 31 shall not apply to postal packets transmitted between the British postal area and the Republic of Ireland.
(5) For regulation 34 there shall be substituted the following regulation:
"34. The conditions set out in Part II of Schedule 4 shall be complied with in relation to a registered postal packet posted in the British postal area for transmission to an addressee in the Republic of Ireland."
(6) For regulation 37 there shall be substituted the following regulation:
"37.-(1) If any article of pecuniary value enclosed in or, forming part of, a registered postal packet be lost or damaged whilst in the custody of the Postmaster General, the Postmaster General may pay to any person or persons who may, in the opinion of the Postmaster General, establish a reasonable claim to compensation (having regard to the nature of the article, the care with which it was packed, and other circumstances) such sum as he may think just:
Provided that if the registration fee paid in respect of the registered postal packet so lost or damaged as aforesaid is the minimum registration fee or one of the higher registration fees specified in column 1 of Part I of Schedule 4 (any of which higher registration fees may be paid by the sender) the sum paid by way of compensation shall not exceed the sum specified in column 2 of the said Part of the said Schedule opposite the amount of the registration fee paid.
(2) The compensation payable in respect of a registered parcel shall be in substitution for, and not in addition to, any compensation which would have been payable under these regulations in case the parcel had not been registered."
(a) S.I. 1965/1735 (1965 III, p. 4878).
(b) S.1. $1965 / 2173,1966 / 912$ (1965 III, p. 6371; 1966 II, p. 2185).
(7) In the application of regulation 38 to unregistered parcels transmitted between the British postal area and the Republic of Ireland, for " $£ 5$ " there shall be substituted " $£ 4$ ".
(8) If any postal packet transmitted between the British postal area and the Republic of Ireland, being a packet which is subject to compulsory registration, shall be posted without registration no claim to compensation will be considered by the Postmaster General to arise in respect of the loss or damage (if any) of any article enclosed in or forming part of such packet.
(9) The decision of the Postmaster General on all questions arising between him and any person claiming payment in respect of the loss of or damage to any article enclosed in or forming part of a registered postal packet or a parcel transmitted between the British postal area and the Republic of Ireland shall be final and conclusive.
(10) Where the postage payable on any postal packet (other than a parcel) transmitted between the British postal area and the Republic of Ireland has not been, or has been insufficiently, prepaid by the sender, there shall be payable by the addressee on the delivery of the packet, or if the packet is refused or cannot for any other reason be delivered, by the sender, an amount equal to double the amount of the postage, or, as the case may be, of the deficiency.

## Revocation and transitional provision

56.-(1) The Inland Post Regulations 1967(a) and the Inland Post Amendment (No. 1) Reguations 1968(b) are hereby revoked.
(2) Any rate of postage which has been fixed by the Postmaster General under the regulations hereby revoked, and which is in force at the commencement of these regulations, shall continue in force until superseded by a rate of postage fixed by the Postmaster General under these regulations.

## Citation and commencement

57. These regulations may be cited as the Inland Post Regulations 1968, and shall come into operation on 16th September 1968.

Dated 5th August 1968.

John Stonehouse, Her Majesty's Postmaster General.

## SCHEDULE 1

Rates of Postage and Limits of Size and Weight


| Col. 1 <br> Description of Postal Packet | Col. 2 <br> Rates of Postag |  | Col. 3 <br> Limits of Size | Col. 4 <br> Limits of Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (b) (ii) If transmitted as a second class letter- <br> Weight not exceeding $40 z$. $\qquad$ | Such rate, not exceeding 6d., as the Postmaster General may fix. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (b) (ii) Not ex- } \\ & \text { ceeding 1lb. } \\ & 8 \text { oz. } \end{aligned}$ |
| - | Weight exceeding 4 oz . but not exceeding 602 . <br> For each additional 2oz. or part thereof up to a total weight of 1 lb .2 oz . <br> For each additional 202. or part thereof thereafter | 6d. <br> 2d. <br> 1d. |  |  |
| 2. Printed packet |  | 2s. Od. | As for item 1(b). | Exceeding 1lb. 80z. but not exceeding 2 lb . |
| 3. Current registered newspaper | Weight not exceeding 4oz.... <br> Weight exceeding 4oz. but not exceeding 6oz. ... ... For each additional 2oz. or part thereof up to a total weight of 1 lb .2 oz . | 4d. <br> 6d. <br> 2d. | As for item 1(b). | Not exceeding 2lb. |


| Col. 1 <br> Description of Postal Packet | Col. 2 <br> Rates of Postage |  | Col. 3 <br> Limits of Size | Col. 4 <br> Limits of Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. Articles for the use of the blind | For each additional 20z. or part thereof thereafter up to a total weight of $11 \mathrm{~b} .8 \mathrm{oz} . .$. Weight exceeding 1lb. 80z. ... <br> No rate specified. | 2s. Od. | As for item 1(b). | Not exceeding 151b. |
| (a) ordinary | Weight not exceeding 1lb. $80 z$. <br> Exceeding 116. 8oz. but not exceeding 21 b . <br> Exceeding 2lb but not exceeding 61 b . ... <br> Exceeding 61b. but not exceeding 10 lb . <br> Exceeding 10lb. but not exceeding 14 lb . <br> Exceeding 14lb. but not exceeding 18 lb . <br> Exceeding 181b. | 2s. 6d. <br> 3s. Od. <br> 4s. 6d. <br> 6s. 0d. <br> 7s. 6d. <br> 9s. Od. <br> 10s. 6d. | Greatest length $\mathbf{3}$ feet $\mathbf{6}$ inches. <br> Greatest length and girth combined 6 feet (the girth to be measured round the thickest part). | Not exceeding 221b. |
| (b) local 6. Business reply packet | The rate in paragraph (a) minus 1 s . <br> The appropriate rate in item 1 or item 2 plus 1d. |  | As for item $1(a)$ or (b) as appropriate. | As for item 1(a) or (b) or item 2 as appiopriate. |
| 7. Postage forward parcel | The appropriate rate in item 5 plus 4d. |  | As for item 5. | As for item 5. |

1. Certificate of posting of an unregistered postal packet, other than a parcel ..

1d. No fee.

3d.

9d.
1s. Od.
1s. Od.

9d.
1s. Od.
1s. Od.

2s. Od.
4d.
9. Private Posting Boxes. Collection by the Postmaster General of postal packets (other than parcels) posted in a private posting box (provided by the person requesting the facility) of a design and in a position approved by the Postmaster General (not being a private roadside letter box in a rural postal delivery area): .
(1) For initial period of one year or less:
(a) For one collection, on six or fewer weekdays in every week ... ... ... ... ... ...
f4 Os. Od.
£4 Os. Od.
f6
Os. Od.
£2 Os. Od.
£2 Os. Od.
( $f$ ) Where the posting box is above or below ground floor-for each floor which the collector has to ascend or descend to make the collection ... ... ...
(g) Distance fee, payable where the private posting box is in a rural postal delivery area, and the collection in the opinion of the Postmaster General involves travelling in excess of the normal route of the collecting officer.
(2)

For each subsequent full year ... ... ... ...
(3) For a subsequent part only of a year
10. Private Boxes. Provision by the Postmaster General of a private box (other than a lockable private box provided under item 11) at a delivery office within a town postal delivery area, or at any other Post Office at which the facility is available, in which postal packets are placed to await collection by the addressee or his agent instead of being delivered by postmen at the place of address:

## A.-For initial period of one year or less:

(1) For Day Box, that is to say, where the postal packets are to be made available for collection by the addressee or his agent at or after the time of commencement of the first delivery, or the time of opening the public office (whichever is the earlier), and before 9.0 p.m. or the time of closing the public office (whichever is the earlier):
(a) Box for reception of postal packets other than parcels, or for reception of parcels only:

## London Postal Area

Elsewhere:
Head Office, Branch or District Office being a delivery office, or Salaried Sub-Office ... Other Sub-Office... ... ... ... ...
(b) Box for reception of all classes of postal packets:

London Postal Area ... ... ... ...

## Elsewhere:

Head Office, Branch or District Office being a delivery office, or Salaried Sub-Office ...

## Other Sub-Office...

(2) Additional fee for Day Box where the postal packets are additionally to be made available for collection by the addressee at or after $6.0 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and before the time of commencement of the first delivery or the time of opening of the public office (whichever is the earlier).

Such fee not exceeding $£ 3$ as the Postmaster General may fix, having regard to the facilities available for ascent and descent.

Such fee as the Postmaster General may fix, having regard to the cost of the excess travelling.
The fees chargeable under (1).
A rateable proportion of the fees chargeable under (1).
£7 Os. Od.
£7 Os. Od.
£4 Os. Od.
£14 Os. Od.
$£ 14$ Os. Od.
£8 Os. Od.
An amount equal to the fee chargeable under (1).
(3) For Night Box, that is to say, where the postal packets are to be available for collection after 9.0 p.m. or the time of closing the public office (whichever is the earlier) and before 6.0 a.m.
(Note: If the box is used both as a Day Box and as a Night Box, the fee referred to in (3) is chargeable in addition to the fee referred to in (1) and (where applicable) the fee referred to in (2).)
(4) Diversion fee, payable in addition to the fees referred to in (1), (2) and (3) where the holder of the private box carries on business at different addresses and postal packets addressed to him at more than one address are to be placed in the private box for collection:
For each address (after the first) to which packets are addressed, and for each style (after the first) in which packets are addressed to each address (after the first) ... ... ... ... ...
B.-For each subsequent full year ...
C.-For a subsequent part only of a year ..
11. Lockable Private Boxes. Provision by the Postmaster General of a lockable private box and key therefor at any post office at which the facility is available, being a box in which certain postal packets (other than parcels) addressed to the box number or to premises designated by the renter are placed to await collection by the renter or his agent.

For every year or part thereof ... ... ... ...
Each duplicate or replacement key ... ... ... ...
Note: Registered packets, recorded delivery packets, packets on which a charge or fee is due, and packets which for any reason cannot be placed in the box, if addressed to the box number or the designated address, will be held by the postmaster to await collection by the renter or his agent instead of being placed in the box for collection.
12. Private Bags. Use of a private bag, that is to say, a bag or other receptacle (provided by the owner with the approval of the Postmaster General) in which postal packets for or from a particular address (i) in a town postal delivery area may be collected or posted by the owner or his agent, or (ii) in a rural postal delivery area, may either be collected and posted by the owner or his agent or be delivered at the place of address and collected therefrom by the Postmaster General:
A.-For initial period of one year or less:
(1) Where the address concerned is in a town postal delivery area:

Use of bag:
(a) For posting postal packets other than parcels or for posting parcels only
(b) For posting all classes of postal packets

Double the amount chargeable under (1).
£6 Os. Od.
The fees chargeable under paragraph A.

A rateable proportion of the fees chargeable under paragraph A.
£2 Os. Od.
10s. Od.
(c) For posting and collecting postal packets:
(i) if facilities under item 11 are not provided.
(ii) if facilities under item 11 are provided
... The fee appropriate under (a) or (b) plus a fee of $\mathbf{£ 2}$.
(2) Where the address concerned is in a rural postal delivery area:
(a) Bag collected and posted by the owner or his representative:
(i) Bag made up for one collection, on seven or fewer days of the week
£3 Os. Od.
(ii) Bag made up for more than one collection, on seven or fewer days of the week.
(iii) Additional fee where the bag is made available for collection at or after 6.0 a.m., and before the time of commencement of the first delivery or the time of opening of the public office (whichever is the earlier) ...
(b) Bag delivered and collected by the Postmaster General:
(i) Once a day on seven or fewer days of the week ... ... ... ... ... ...
(ii) Twice a day on seven or fewer days of the week
£6 Os. Od.
(Note: The fees referred to in (b) are payable even though the bag is used only for the delivery of postal packets or only for their posting.)
(c) Distance fee, payable where the bag is collected by the Postmaster General from an address in a rural postal delivery area, and the collection in the opinion of the Postmaster General involves travelling in excess of the normal route of the collecting officer.
(3) Diversion fee, payable in addition to the fees chargeable under (1) or (2) in the circumstances referred to in item 10 A (4).
B.-For each subsequent full year ... ... ... ... The fees chargeable under paragraph A.
C.-For a subsequent part only of a year ... ... ... A rateable proportion of the fees chargeable under paragraph A.
13. Redirection by the Post Office. Redirection of postal packets from their original address to the same addressee at another address:
A.-Where the original address is a business address and the addressee has permanently ceased to occupy the premises to which the packets are addressed, or where the original address is not a business address:
(1) For a period not exceeding 3 months ... ... No fee.
(2) For a period exceeding 3 months:
(a) For the first 12 months or part thereof after the first 3 months, for each addressee

5s. Od.
(b) For each subsequent period of 12 months or part thereof, for each addressee

10s. Od.
(Note: (i) Where the original address is a private residence and postal packets addressed to several members of one family bearing the same surname are all to be redirected to one other address, the addressees are to be regarded together as constituting one addressee for the purpose of the fee payable under (2).
(ii) See also regulation 5 as to additional postage on parcels.)
B. -Where the original address is a business address and the addressee has temporarily ceased to occupy the premises to which the packets are addressed:

For each continuous period not exceeding 14 days ...
10s. Od.
14. Diversion of Postal Packets. Delivery of postal packets addressed to the addressee's private address at his business address, or of postal packets addressed to one or more business addresses at another business address of the same addressee or at his private address, where the fee mentioned in item 13 is not applicable:

For each address from which packets are diverted, and for each style after the first in which packets are addressed to each such address:
(1) For initial period of one year or less ... ... £6 Os. Od.
(2) For each subsequent full year ... ... ...
(3) For a subsequent part only of a year ... ... £6 Os. Od.
A rateable proportion of the fee chargeable under (2).
15. Delivery at Post Office. Retention at a delivery office of postal packets (other than those addressed to a post office to be called for in accordance with regulation 30) and delivery to the addressee or his agent on his calling therefor:
(1) For postal packets of all classes where the appropriate delivery office is in a rural postal area:

$$
\text { annual fee } \quad . . \quad £ 3 \mathbf{0 s} \text {. Od. }
$$

(2) For registered postal packets and recorded delivery packets only, whether the appropriate delivery office is in a rural postal area or a town postal area:
annual fee ... £1 10s. Od.

## Note:

(a) These annual fees are not charged if the addressee is the holder of a Private Box or Lockable Private Box at the post office concerned, or the holder of a Private Bag used for the collection of postal packets from that post office.
(b) The addressee may at his option, instead of paying the annual fee, pay the search fee under item 16 for each separate search.
16. Search Fee. Search made at a delivery office at the request of the addressee or his agent to ascertain whether any postal packets for a particular address are available for delivery:

6d.
Note: This fee is not charged:
(a) if the search is for postal packets addressed to a post office to be called for in accordance with regulation 30 ;
(b) if the addressee is the holder of a Private Box or Lockable Private Box at the post office concerned, or the holder of a Private Bag used for the collection of postal packets from that post office; or
(c) if the addressee has paid the annual fee under item 15 in respect of the period within which the search is made.
17. Temporary Retention. Withholding of postal packets from delivery at the request of the addressee:
(1) For a period not exceeding five consecutive weekdays at Easter or Christmas or on the occasion of a local holiday, or not exceeding three consecutive weekdays at Whitsun or August Bank Holiday (Sunday being disregarded).
(2) For any other period, unbroken except by a Sunday, up to two months.
18. Floor Fee. For delivery of postal packets for a business address at a floor other than the ground floor, or (where the addressee is not in occupation of the ground floor) at a floor other than the floor occupied by the addressee which is nearest to the ground floor:

For each extra floor to which the delivery officer has to ascend or descend to make the delivery, per annum ...
19. Separation Fee. For separating postal packets addressed to a particular Department of the addressee from other postal packets addressed to the addressee at the same address, and delivering them separately to that Department:
For each Department to which postal packets are separately delivered (in addition to the fioor fee where item 18 applies), per annum
20. Special Collections. Special collections from an address in a rural postal delivery area:
(1) For initial period of one year or less:
(a) for one collection, on seven or fewer days of the week
(b) For each additional collection, on seven or fewer days of the week...
(c) Distance fee, payable where the collection in the opinion of the Postmaster General involves travelling in excess of the normal route of the collecting officer.
£7 Os. Od:
£1 Os. Od.
No fee.

Such sum not exceeding $£ 1$ as the Postmaster General may fix.

Such fee not exceeding $£ 3$ as the Postmaster General may fix, having regard to the facilities available for ascent and descent.
£1 Os. Od.
Such fee as the Postmaster General may fix, having regard to the cost of the excess travelling.
(2) For each subsequent full year ... ... ... ... The fees chargeable under (1).
(3) For a subsequent part only of a year

A rateable proportion of the fees chargeable under (1).
21. Private Roadside Letter Boxes. Delivery into or collection from a locked private roadside letter box in a rural postal delivery area, or both delivery and collection:
(1) For initial period of one year or less:
(a) Delivery only, where the box need not be unlocked for this purpose ...
...
(b) Delivery only, where the box has to be unlocked for this purpose; collection only; or delivery and collection:
(i) For one visit, on seven or fewer days of the week
(ii) For each additional visit, on seven or fewer days of the week
(2) For each subsequent full year $\quad . .$.

7s. $6 d$.
7s. $6 d$.
The fees chargeable under (1).
(3) For a subsequent part only of a year ... ... ...

A rateable proportion of the fees chargeable under (1).

Express Delivery Services

| Col. 1 <br> Service | Col. 2 <br> Fees | Col. 3 <br> Limit of Size and Weight | Col. 4 <br> Provisions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Conveyance by special messenger throughout the whole course of the packet in the post. | 3s. a mile or part of a mile in addition to any fees or other sums ordinarily payable. | - | (1) The distance on which the mileage fee is charged includes the distance between the express delivery office which provides the service and the point where the conveyance of the packet begins. (2) When the special messenger has to deliver for the same sender two or more postal packets for the same or different addressees at the same or different addresses, the sum of 4 d . is charged for each packet after the first, in addition to a single mileage fee for the whole journey. <br> (3) The service is not available on Sunday or (except in Scotland) on Good Friday and Christmas Day; in Scotland the service is not available on New Year's Day. |
| 2. Conveyance by special messenger from the office of delivery at the request of the adressee. | 3s. a mile or part of a mile in addition to any postage, fees or other sums ordinarily payable. | As specified in Schedule 1. | (1) When an addressee requests the delivery by special messenger of more than one postal packet from the normal postal delivery office an additional charge of 6 d . is made for every 10 packets (or less than 10 packets) after the first. The Postmaster General may in his discretion include in the delivery all postal packets which may be held for the addressee and in such case the same additional charge shall be paid by the addressee as would have been payable if such postal packets had been included in the delivery at the request of the addressee. <br> (2) Where more than one search has to be made at the office of delivery for the packet or packets to which the request relates, a charge of 6 d . is payable for each search after the first. <br> (3) If no postal packet to which the request relates is found, and a messenger is sent to inform the applicant to that effect, the fee set out in Col. 2 is payable for this service, and is charged on the single distance between the office of delivery and the applicant's address. <br> (4) Provision (3) of item 1 applies. |


| Col. 1 | Col. 2 | Col. 3 <br> Service | Limit of Size <br> and Weight |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Col. 1 <br> Service | Col. 2 <br> Fees | Col. 3 <br> Limit of Size and Weight | Col. 4 <br> Provisions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7. Waiting fee. | 1s. for each 10 minutes, or part of 10 minutes, beyond the first 10 minutes. | - | This fee is payable when the messenger is detained at the request of the sender or the addressee or in the course of the service the messenger is performing. |
| 8. Railex. | £1. | If posted in Northern Ireland or the Channel Islands not exceeding 2 oz., in all other cases not exceeding 1 lb . | (1) The charge covers conveyance by railway and service by Post Office messenger. <br> (2) Provision (3) of item 1 applies. |

## Regulations 33, 34, 37, $55 \quad$ SCHEDULE 4

Registered Postal Packets

Part I

| Col. 1 <br> Registration Fee <br> In addition to any <br> ordinary postage) | Col. 2 <br> Maximum <br> Compensation |
| :---: | :---: |
| s. d. <br> 3 <br> d <br> (minimum registration fee) <br> 3 | f <br> 3 |
| 3 | 100 |
| 3 | 9 |

## Part II

## CONDITIONS WHICH MUST BE COMPLIED WITH

1. A packet for tranmission by registered post shall:
(a) be handed for registration to an officer on duty at a post office; or
(b) be handed for registration to some officer of the Post office authorised to receive packets for registration though not on duty at a post office,
and any registered postal packet which has been transmitted to its original address, and which is redirected in pursuance of regulation 28, shall also be handed to such an officer as aforesaid.
2.-(1) Subject to the provisions of these regulations the fee chargeable for the registration of the packet, and any other sum chargeable thereon, shall be prepaid.
(2) On the posting of the packet the person handing over the packet shall obtain a certificate bearing thereon an acknowledgement that the registration fee has been paid.
(3) Where a registered postal packet which has been transmitted to its original address is redirected, paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply, and, if the person tendering the packet for registration does not prepay any sum chargeable on the packet, a certificate of posting stating that the said sum has not been paid shall be obtained.
3.-(1) A packet for transmission by registered post shall be made up in a reasonably strong cover appropriate to its contents.
(2) Except in the case of a packet consisting of articles for the use of the blind, or a current registered newspaper:
(a) the packet shall be fastened with wax, gum or other adhesive substance, or where suitable, securely tied with string which is sealed with wax or which is secured at each end by means of a lead, steel or strong metal seal crushed with a press;
(b) where the packet is fastened by means of strips of adhesive paper or tape each strip shall have printed, stamped or written on it the trade mark, name or initials of the sender or the name or initials of the person who tenders the packet for transmission;
(c) where the packet is fastened by means of strips of adhesive tape the tape shall (except as the Postmaster General may otherwise permit) be transparent and uncoloured;
(d) the packet shall be so made up that no part of the contents can be removed without either breaking or tearing the case, wrapper or cover or forcing two adhesive surfaces apart or breaking a seal.
(3) Any article contained in the packet shall be adequately packed as a protection against damage in course of transmission. In particular:
(a) an article which is of a fragile nature shall be packed in a container of sufficient strength and shall be surrounded in that container with sufficient and suitable material to protect the article against the effects of concussion, pressure and knocks to which postal packets are ordinarily exposed in transmission, and the packet shall bear the words "FRAGILE WITH CARE" written conspicuously in capital letters on the face of the cover above the address;
(b) an article which is liable to be damaged by bending shall be packed in a container of sufficient strength to prevent the article from being bent in transmission, and the packet shall bear the words "DO NOT BEND" written conspicuously in capital letters on the face of the cover above the address.
(4) If the packet contains coin the coin shall be packed in such a way that it cannot move about and coin of a total value in excess of $£ 5$ shall not be enclosed in any one postal packet.
(5) The following articles, if tendered for tranmission by registered post, shall (except as the Postmaster General may otherwise permit) be enclosed in one of the registered letter envelopes sold by the Post Office and be tendered for transmission by registered letter post:
(a) any uncrossed postal order in which the name of the payee has not been inserted;
(b) any cheque or dividend warrant which is uncrossed and payable to bearer;
(c) any bearer security (including a share warrant, scrip or subscription certificate, bond or relative coupon);
(d) any bank note or currency note, being current in the British postal area or elsewhere;
(e) any unobliterated postage or revenue stamp available for current use in the British postal area or elsewhere (except a revenue stamp embossed or impressed on an instrument which has been executed);
( $f$ ) any National Savings stamp;
(g) any coupon, voucher, token, card, stamp or similar document, exchangeable (singly or with any other such document) for money, goods or services;
(h) coin.
(6) The address of the person to whom the packet is to be transmitted shall be written fully and correctly on the cover or on a label securely affixed to such cover by gum or other adhesive substance.
2. A postal packet containing any paper money which is not an article of a kind referred to in condition 3(5), if tendered for transmission by registered post, shall be tendered for transmission by registered letter post.
3. No packet for transmission by registered post shall contain any article or thing which by or under any enactment or these regulations it is unlawful to send by post.
4. Where a registered postal packet has been delivered and it is alleged that loss or abstraction of or damage to the contents or any of the contents of the packet
occurred whilst it was in course of transmission by post, the following things shall be produced on demand for the Postmaster General's inspection, in the condition as nearly as possible in which they were when the packet was delivered:
(a) Where loss or abstraction is alleged, the cover of the packet;
(b) Where damage is alleged, the cover of the packet, the damaged article, its packing material, and any container in which the damaged article was enclosed.

## SCHEDULE 5

## Cash on Delivery Packets

## Scale of Fers



Fees for stamping paper for use as cards, covers or envelopes
(1) Paper for use as cards to be transmitted as letters:
Non-Glossy

paper $\quad$| Glossy |
| :---: |
| paper |

A. For the first one thousand or part of one thousand stamps impressed on any one consignment of paper sent to the Postmaster General:
(i) If three stamps or less are impressed on each single piece of paper ... ... ... ...
(ii) If four or five stamps are impressed on each
$\begin{array}{lllll} & \text { single piece of paper } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { (iii) } \begin{array}{llll}\text { If six } \\ \\ \text { single piece of paper } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll} & \text { single piece of paper } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { (iii) } \begin{array}{llll}\text { If six } \\ \\ \text { single piece of paper } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots\end{array}\end{array}$

fl Os. Od
£1 5s. Od.
15s. Od. £1 Os. Od.
B. For each additional one hundred or part of one hundred stamps impressed on the same consignment of paper ...

One tenth of the fees referred to in $\mathbf{A}$.
$\underset{\text { paper }}{\text { Non-gummed }} \underset{\text { paper }}{\text { Gummed }}$
(2) Paper for use as covers:
A. For the first one thousand or part of one thousand stamps impressed on any one consignment of paper sent to the Postmaster General:
(i) If three stamps or less are impressed on each single piece of paper $\ldots \ldots$
If four or five stamps are impressed on each
(ii) If four or five stamps are impressed on each single piece pf paper
£1 Os. Od. $£ 1$ 5s. Od.
15s. Od. fl Os. Od.
(iii) If six or more stamps are impressed on each single piece of paper

10s. Od. 12s. 6d.
B. For each additional one hundred or part of one hundred stamps impressed on the same consignment of paper

One tenth of the fees referred to in A.
(3) Paper for use as envelopes:
A. For the first one thousand or part of one thousand stamps impressed on any one consignment of paper sent to the Postmaster General

15s. 0d.
B. For each additional one hundred or part of one hundred stamps impressed on the same consignment of paper
(NoTE: For the purpose of this Schedule, if two or more stamps are impressed in order that they may together denote postage of the amount which the Postmaster General has been requested to denote on each card, cover or envelope (as the case may be), they shall together be regarded as one stamp.)

Rates of Postage and Limits of Size and Weight for Postal Packets
To Be Transmitted to the Republic of Ireland

| Col. 1 <br> Description of Postal Packet | Col. 2 <br> Rates of Postage | Col. 3 <br> Limits of Size | Col. 4 <br> Limits of Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Letter <br> (a) preferred letter | (a) (i) If transmitted as a first class letter <br> (ii) If transmitted as a second class letter... | (a) Rectangular and oblong, the longer side being at least 1.414 times the shorter. <br> Length Max. 94 inches. <br> Min. $5 \frac{1}{2}$ inches. <br> Width Max. $4 \frac{3}{4}$ inches. <br> Min. $3 \frac{1}{2}$ inches. | (a) Not exceeding 40z. |
| (b) any other letter | (b) (i) If transmitted as a first class letter- <br> Weight not exceeding 4 oz . ... ... Such rate, not exceeding 7d., as the Postmaster General may fix. <br> Weight exceeding 4 oz . but not exceeding 60 z . <br> For each additional 20z. or part thereof up to a total weight of 1 lb .8 oz . <br> For the next 8oz. or part thereof | (b) Length 2 feet. Width or depth 18 inches. <br> In roll form: <br> Length plus twice diameter 3 feet 3 inches. Greatest dimension 2 feet 8 inches. | (b) (i) No limits. |



SCHEDULE 7-continued

| Col. 1 <br> Description of Postal Packet | Col. 2 <br> Rates of Postag |  | Col. 3 <br> Limits of Size | Col. 4 <br> Limits of Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. Current registered newspaper | Weight not exceeding 4oz. ... <br> Weight exceeding 4oz. but not exceeding $60 z$. <br> For each additional 2 oz . or part thereof up to a total weight of $11 \mathrm{~b} .2 \mathrm{oz} . .$. <br> For each additional 2oz. or part thereof thereafter up to a total weight of 1 lb .8 oz . ... Weight exceeding 1lb. 80z. ... | 4d. <br> 6d. <br> 2d. <br> 2s. $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1d. } \\ & \text { Od. }\end{aligned}$ | As for item 1(b). | Not exceeding 21b. |
| 4. Articles for the use of the blind | No rate specified. |  | As for item 1(b). | Not exceeding 151 l . |
| 5. Parcel | Weight not exceeding llb. <br> 8 oz. <br> Exceeding 1lb. 8oz. but not exceeding 2 lb . <br> Exceeding 2lb. but not exceeding 6lb. .. <br> Exceeding 6lb., but not exceeding 10 lb . <br> Exceeding 101b. but not exceeding 14 lb . <br> Exceeding 14lb. but not exceeding 18 lb . <br> Exceeding 181b. | 2s. $6 d$. <br> 3s. Od. <br> 4s. 6d. <br> 6s. Od. <br> 7s. 6d. <br> 9s. Od. <br> 10s. 6d. | Greatest length 3 feet 6 inches. <br> Greatest length and girth combined 6 feet (the girth to be measured round the thickest part). | Not exceeding 221 b . |

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

## (This Note is not part of the Regulations.)

These Regulations, which come into effect on 16th September 1968, consolidate and amend the Inland Post Regulations 1967 and the Inland Post Amendment (No. 1) Regulations 1968.
The principal changes are as follows:-

1. A choice is provided between a first and second class service for letters weighing up to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ lbs., with provision for lower postage rates for second class letters (the despatch or delivery of which may be deferred). A letter is defined as meaning any postal packet except a printed packet, a packet consisting of articles for the use of the blind, a current registered newspaper, a parcel, an unaddressed packet or a petition or address to Her Majesty or to either House of Parliament.
2. Letters over $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lbs}$. in weight may only be sent by the first class letter service.
3. New letter postage rates are introduced, and the first weight step is raised to 4 oz . in both the first and second class services.
4. The Postmaster General is empowered to fix a higher postage rate (not exceeding 7d. for a first class letter or 6 d for a second class letter) for minimum weight letters which do not conform to the conditions of size, shape and material for a preferred letter.
5. There is a service for printed packets weighing not less than $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. nor more than 2 lb . each.
6. Special rates of postage are no longer provided for postcards or sample packets (both of which now come within the definition of a letter).
7. The supplementary services of registration and express delivery at the request of the sender will not be available for second class letters or printed packets. Rebates for bulk postings will be given in the second class letter and printed packet services only. Articles for the use of the blind may still be sent free of postage and will not be subject to deferment. Current registered newspapers in course of distribution will be charged (a) if not exceeding 40z. at the same rate as second class preferred letters, (b) if between 4 oz . and $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$., at the same rate as other second class letters, and (c) if over $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$., at the same rate as printed packets; but they will not be subject to deferment.
8. The regulations providing for the acceptance and transmission of parcels in bulk are extended to cover any unregistered postal packets (other than cash on delivery packets).
9. Customs clearance fees for mail from the Channel Islands and the Irish Republic are increased, and a storage fee is introduced for incoming parcels from those places which are not cleared within 28 days.

[^0]:    "unaddressed packet" means a postal packet, whether enclosed in a cover or not, which is not addressed to or intended for delivery to any specified addressee or address, and forms part of a consignment for general delivery within a particular area ;

[^1]:    (g) Anything necessary or convenient for the safe transmission of any of the before-mentioned articles by post when transmitted in the same packet with the article in respect of which it is so used:

    ## Provided that:

    (i) Any two or more documents coming within the definition of a printed packet may appear on the same sheet of paper, provided they are kept wholly distinct from one another;

