

1973 No. 198

**CUSTOMS AND EXCISE**
**The Import Duties (Temporary Exemptions) (No. 3)  
Order 1973**

*Made* - - - - - 12th February 1973

*Laid before the House of Commons* 16th February 1973

*Coming into Operation* 1st March 1973

The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by virtue of the powers conferred on them by sections 3(6) and 13 of the Import Duties Act 1958(a), and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State(b), hereby make the following Order:—

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Import Duties (Temporary Exemptions) (No. 3) Order 1973.

(2) The Interpretation Act 1889(c) shall apply for the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

(3) This Order shall come into operation on 1st March 1973.

2.—(1) Until the beginning of 1st January 1974 or, in the case of goods in relation to which an earlier day is specified in Schedule 1 to this Order, until the beginning of that day, any import duty which is for the time being chargeable on goods of a heading of the Customs Tariff 1959 specified in that Schedule shall not be chargeable in respect of goods of any description there specified in relation to that heading.

(2) The period for which goods of headings of the Customs Tariff 1959 and descriptions specified in Schedule 2 to this Order are exempt from import duty shall be extended until the beginning of 1st January 1974 or, in the case of goods in relation to which an earlier day is specified in that Schedule, until the beginning of that day.

(3) Any entry in column 2 in Schedule 1 or Schedule 2 to this Order shall be taken to comprise all goods which would be classified under an entry in the same terms constituting a subheading (other than the final subheading) in the relevant heading in the Customs Tariff 1959.

3.—(1) Until the beginning of 1st January 1974, goods of the description specified in paragraph (2) below—

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(a) 1958 c. 6.  
(c) 1889 c. 63.

(b) See S.I. 1970/1537 (1970 III, p. 5293).

(a) shall continue to be exempt from import duty if they qualify for Commonwealth preference, and

(b) shall remain chargeable at the rate of 3% if, apart from this Order, they would be chargeable at the rate of 10% (the full rate).

(2) Paragraph (1) above applies to goods of the following description, namely, monolithic integrated circuit linear amplifiers having a voltage gain of 75 decibels to 100 decibels and a rated power output of 2.5 milliwatts to 5 milliwatts, of a kind for incorporation in deaf aids, with five connection terminals each side, of a length not exceeding 0.260 inch, of a width, exclusive of terminals, not exceeding 0.150 inch and a thickness not exceeding 0.050 inch.

4. For the purposes of classification under the Customs Tariff 1959, in so far as that depends on the rate of duty, any goods to which Article 2 or Article 3 above applies shall be treated as chargeable with the same duty as if this Order had not been made.

*V. H. Goodhew,  
Tim Fortescue,*

Two of the Lords Commissioners  
of Her Majesty's Treasury.

12th February 1973.

#### SCHEDULE 1

##### GOODS TEMPORARILY EXEMPT FROM IMPORT DUTY

<i>Tariff Heading</i>	<i>Description</i>
29.02	Octabromobiphenyl, mixed isomers (until 3rd May 1973)
29.07	4,5-Dihydroxynaphthalene-2,7-disulphonic acid 7-Hydroxynaphthalene-1,3-disulphonic acid
29.13	3'-Hydroxyacetophenone
29.14	Butane-1,4-diol diacrylate <i>n</i> -Hexanoic acid Pentanoic acid, mixed isomers Sodium 2- <i>n</i> -propyl- <i>n</i> -pentanoate (until 3rd May 1973)
29.19	Magnesium glycerophosphate
29.22	4-Aminonaphthalene-1,5-disulphonic acid 8-Aminonaphthalene-1,6-disulphonic acid 4-Chloroaniline-3-sulphonic acid 2-Chloro-4-nitroaniline 2,6-Xylidine (until 3rd May 1973) 2,4-Xylidine-6-sulphonic acid

<i>Tariff Heading</i>	<i>Description</i>
29.23	5-Chloro-2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)aniline 5-Nitro- <i>o</i> -anisidine (-NH <sub>2</sub> at 1)
29.25	4'-Amino- <i>N</i> -methylacetanilide 2-Chloro- <i>N</i> -hydroxymethylacetamide
29.27	<i>N</i> -2-Cyanoethyl- <i>N</i> -ethylaniline 2-(3-Phenoxyphenyl)propionitrile
29.30	<i>Diisocyanatotoluene</i> , mixed isomers, containing not more than 70 per cent. by weight of 2,4- <i>diisocyanatotoluene</i>
29.31	<i>OS</i> -Dimethyl acetylphosphoramidothioate <i>S</i> -Ethyl di- <i>n</i> -propylthiocarbamate Ethyl 4-methylthio- <i>m</i> -tolyl <i>isopropylphosphoramidate</i> Pentachlorobenzenethiol
29.35	Bilirubin 3,6-Di- <i>o</i> -toluidinofluoran 5-Methyl-9- <i>p</i> -toluidino-3 <i>H</i> -dibenzof[ <i>f,ij</i> ]isoquinoline-2,7-dione
29.39	Cortisol 21-(hydrogen succinate)
29.44	7-( <i>D</i> - $\alpha$ -Amino- $\alpha$ -cyclohexa-1,4-dienylacetamido)-3-methyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid (until 3rd May 1973)
44.09	Cleft pales, stub-pointed, not less than 914 millimetres nor more than 1.83 metres in length, split from stems or branches of sweet chestnut of not less than 101 millimetres girth (until 3rd May 1973)
76.03	Aluminium discs of a minimum value of £1.50 per kilogramme, not less than 150 millimetres nor more than 460 millimetres in diameter and not less than 0.640 millimetre nor more than 0.920 millimetre in thickness and which, when either face is placed on a flat surface, do not deviate from the flat by more than 0.250 millimetre at any point
81.04	Titanium alloy containing not less than 5 per cent. nor more than 7 per cent. by weight of aluminium, not less than 3 per cent. nor more than 5 per cent. by weight of vanadium, as the major alloying elements, being in the form of blooms not less than 140 centimetres nor more than 320 centimetres in length, not less than 38 centimetres nor more than 48 centimetres in width and not less than 30 centimetres nor more than 48 centimetres in thickness (until 3rd May 1973)
85.15	Panel-mounted secondary surveillance radar transponder apparatus, operating within a 12 or 24 volt electrical power system, having an integral control panel and capable of interrogation at a frequency of 1,030 MHz on each of the modes A and C and replying on these modes at a frequency of 1,090 MHz being apparatus of a type approved by the Civil Aviation Authority, at the date of this Order, under Article 14(5) of the Air Navigation Order 1972, for use in aircraft of not more than 5,700 kilogrammes maximum total weight authorised, flying in controlled airspace in accordance with the Instrument Flight Rules as defined in the said Air Navigation Order, but not for use in other aircraft (until 3rd May 1973)

<i>Tariff Heading</i>	<i>Description</i>
85.21	Containers for electronic micro-circuits, consisting of square or rectangular plastic mouldings with a central metal circuit pad and with embedded metal alloy leads extending to a lead frame along one, two or all four sides. Separate epoxy adhesive frames and metal alloy lids for subsequent sealing to the top sealing frame Containers for electronic microcircuits consisting of metal (Kovar) eyelets with an overall diameter not greater than 5.46 millimetres, glass filled and fused to form an hermetic seal with 2 or more lead/wire attachments—leads isolated by glass from metal eyelet, all metal parts nickel or gold plated—one lead/wire may be attached to metal eyelet to form earth

## SCHEDULE 2

## GOODS FOR WHICH EXEMPTION FROM IMPORT DUTY IS EXTENDED

<i>Tariff Heading</i>	<i>Description</i>
28.18	Magnesium oxide, dead-burned but not fused, of a purity not less than 96 per cent., which contains (a) not more than 0.05 per cent. by weight of boron compounds expressed as B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , (b) a total of not more than 0.5 per cent. by weight of aluminium compounds and iron compounds expressed as Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> and Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , and (c) a total of not less than 1.0 per cent. by weight and not more than 3.5 per cent. by weight of calcium compounds and silicon compounds expressed as CaO and SiO <sub>2</sub> , the weight of calcium compounds being not less than 1.5 times and not more than 2.5 times the weight of silicon compounds; and (d) of which not less than 35 per cent. by weight is retained by a sieve having a nominal width of aperture of $\frac{3}{8}$ inch (until 3rd May 1973)
29.02	1,2-Dichloroethane (until 3rd May 1973)
29.06	Di-(3,5-ditert butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)methane (until 3rd May 1973)
29.07	4-Chloro- <i>m</i> -cresol (-OH at 1) (until 3rd May 1973)
29.14	<i>iso</i> Butyl acrylate (until 3rd May 1973) Methyl <i>n</i> -dodecanoate (until 3rd July 1973)
29.16	Calcium lactate which, on ignition at 120° centigrade, loses not less than 25 per cent. of its weight and which contains (1) not more than 0.0002 per cent. by weight of arsenic expressed as As, (2) not more than 0.07 per cent. by weight of chlorides expressed as Cl, and (3) not more than 0.12 per cent. by weight of sulphates expressed as SO <sub>4</sub> , all being calculated on the pentahydrate, C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>10</sub> CaO <sub>6</sub> .5H <sub>2</sub> O (until 3rd May 1973) Cyclandelate (until 3rd July 1973)
29.23	<i>N</i> -Ethyl- <i>N</i> -2-hydroxyethylaniline containing not more than 0.6 per cent. by weight of secondary amines estimated as ethylaniline, C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N

<i>Tariff Heading</i>	<i>Description</i>
29.35	Cyanuric acid (until 3rd May 1973) 1,6-Hexanolactam (until 3rd May 1973)
32.07	Pigments, white, dry, containing not less than 90 per cent. but less than 94 per cent. by weight of titanium dioxide, and which, when dispersed in four times their weight of a solution containing 50 per cent. by weight of a melamine formaldehyde resin having a mole ratio of 0.5 to 1, cause no visible greying on a filter paper which has been dipped in the dispersion, dried, cured and exposed to ultra-violet radiation sufficient to initiate fading of the number 5 reference standard of British Standard 1006: 1953 (until 3rd July 1973)
38.19	Prepared catalysts, in the form of spheres, containing silver or silver oxide dispersed in, or deposited on, aluminium oxide or silica or other compounds of silicon, and which contain not less than 7 per cent. by weight and not more than 25 per cent. by weight of total silver calculated as Ag
39.01	Resins, being products of the condensation of adipic acid with a mixture of propane-1,2-diol and ethanediol of which the ethanediol content is not less than 50 per cent. by weight, and having:— (a) an acetyl value not less than 34 and not more than 38, (b) an acid value not more than 1, (c) a colour not deeper than 50 Hazen units, and (d) a viscosity at 40° centigrade of not less than 70 seconds and not more than 125 seconds, for a free fall of 20 centimetres of a steel sphere $\frac{1}{8}$ inch in diameter, in a tube of internal diameter 3.5 centimetres, when determined by the method of British Standard 188: 1957, part 3, as amended up to and including September 1964 (until 3rd May 1973)
48.07	Electrophotographic base paper, barrier coated, of a substance not less than 50 grammes per square metre, being resistant to toluene solvent on either or both sides which, when subjected for 24 hours to 50 per cent. relative humidity at 17° centigrade, has an apparent surface resistance of not less than 10 megaohms and not more than 5,000 megaohms, measured under the same conditions between two electrodes 1 inch wide and 1 inch apart and using a Keithley model 600B electrometer (until 3rd May 1973)
56.02	“Synthetic hair” being continuous filament tow of co-polymerised vinyl chloride and acrylonitrile, dyed and having a total weight of more than 60 grammes per metre (60,000tex/540,000 denier), the individual filaments having an irregular cross-section, a specific gravity of less than 1.32 at 20° centigrade and weighing more than 5.0 milligrammes per metre (50dtex/45 denier) (until 3rd May 1973)
58.02	“Synthetic grass”, being a woven pile fabric with a pile of green polyamide strip of not less than 220 decitex of heading number 51.02 and a ground of polypropylene strip of heading number 51.02 sealed on the back with a layer of synthetic rubber or artificial plastic material, and weighing not less than 1.6 kilogrammes per square metre (until 3rd May 1973)

<i>Tariff Heading</i>	<i>Description</i>
70.20	Glass fibre continuous filament singles yarn of low alkali borosilicate glass (E glass) not exceeding 150 tex and folded or cabled yarns made therefrom having an ignition loss of not more than 10 per cent. by weight when ignited at a temperature of 575° centigrade plus or minus 25° centigrade
73.19	Hot rolled seamless circular steel tubes of an outside diameter of not less than 49.5 centimetres and not more than 62.25 centimetres, and of a wall thickness of not less than 8.3 millimetres and not more than 17.9 millimetres (until 3rd May 1973)
75.04	Nickel alloy tube shells for re-drawing, containing not less than 14.0 per cent. and not more than 17.0 per cent. by weight of chromium and not less than 6.0 per cent. and not more than 10.0 per cent. by weight of iron, as the major alloying elements, and being not less than 62 millimetres and not more than 64 millimetres in outside diameter and not less than 5 millimetres and not more than 8 millimetres in wall thickness, in lengths of not less than 3048 millimetres and not more than 10668 millimetres <p>Nickel alloy tube shells for re-drawing, containing not less than 28.0 per cent. and not more than 34.0 per cent. by weight of copper, as the major alloying element, and being not less than 62 millimetres and not more than 64 millimetres in outside diameter and not less than 5 millimetres and not more than 8 millimetres in wall thickness, in lengths of not less than 3048 millimetres and not more than 10668 millimetres</p> <p>Nickel alloy tube shells for re-drawing, containing not less than 38.0 per cent. and not more than 46.0 per cent. by weight of nickel, not less than 19.5 per cent. and not more than 23.5 per cent. by weight of chromium, not less than 2.50 per cent. and not more than 3.50 per cent. by weight of molybdenum, not less than 1.50 per cent. and not more than 3.00 per cent. by weight of copper and not less than 0.60 per cent. and not more than 1.20 per cent. by weight of titanium, the remainder being iron, and being not less than 62 millimetres and not more than 64 millimetres in outside diameter and not less than 5 millimetres and not more than 8 millimetres in wall thickness, in lengths of not less than 3048 millimetres and not more than 10668 millimetres</p>
76.16	Circular aluminium can ends scored for opening with incorporated ring-pull device and having an overall diameter of not less than 106 millimetres and not more than 110 millimetres (until 3rd May 1973)
81.04	Titanium sponge (until 3rd July 1973)
85.15	The following apparatus for use in aircraft:— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) automatic radio direction finding apparatus covering a frequency range of at least 200KHz to 850 KHz;</li> <li>(b) distance measuring apparatus for determining the slant range from aircraft to ground transponder and operating within the frequency range of 960MHz to 1,215 MHz;</li> <li>(c) very high frequency omni-directional radio range apparatus (VOR), instrument landing system localiser apparatus (ILS/LOC), instrument landing system glide path apparatus (ILS/G.PATH);</li> </ul>

*Tariff Heading**Description*

- (d) very high frequency communication apparatus (VHF/COM) (transmitters, receivers, or combined transmitter/receivers) covering a frequency band of at least 118 to 135.95MHz, with not less than 180 channels and capable of operating in areas where 50 kHz channel spacing is in force;
- (e) apparatus combining the functions and capabilities of any of the apparatus specified in (c) and (d) above but excluding apparatus combining any of those functions and capabilities with any other function or capability;

being in each case apparatus of a type approved by the Civil Aviation Authority, at the date of this Order, under Article 14(5) of the Air Navigation Order 1972, for use in aircraft of not more than 5,700 kilogrammes maximum total weight authorised, flying in controlled airspace in accordance with the Instrument Flight Rules as defined in the said Air Navigation Order, but not for use in other aircraft (until 3rd May 1973)

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## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order.)*

This Order provides that the goods listed in Schedule 1 shall be temporarily exempt from import duty, and those listed in Schedule 2 shall continue to be exempt from import duty, both until 1st January 1974 or, in the case of certain items, until such earlier day as is specified.

As regards the exemption of equipment for use in aircraft under heading 85.15, apparatus of a type approved by the Civil Aviation Authority is listed in Civil Aviation Publication CAP 208, Airborne Radio Apparatus Vol 2, published by Her Majesty's Stationery Office. This publication is subject to amendment, and confirmation that apparatus is of a type approved at the date of this Order should be obtained from the Civil Aviation Authority, Controllerate of National Air Traffic Services, Tels. N2(c), 19-29 Woburn Place, London, WC1H 0LX.

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