# STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

# 1977 No. 2133

# **MEDICINES**

# The Medicines (Pharmacy and General Sale—Exemption) Order 1977

Made - - - 20th December 1977

Laid before Parliament 5th January 1978

Coming into Operation 1st February 1978

The Secretaries of State respectively concerned with health in England and in Wales, the Secretary of State concerned with health and with agriculture in Scotland, the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, the Department of Health and Social Services for Northern Ireland and the Department of Agriculture for Northern Ireland, acting jointly, in exercise of powers conferred by section 57(1) of the Medicines Act 1968(a) and now vested in them (b) and the Secretaries of State concerned with health in England, in Wales and in Scotland and the Department of Health and Social Services for Northern Ireland, acting jointly, in exercise of powers conferred by section 55(2)(b) of that Act and now vested in them (b) and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, after consulting such organisations as appear to them to be representative of interests likely to be substantially affected by the following order, and after taking into account the advice of the Medicines Commission, hereby make the following order:—

# Citation, commencement and interpretation

- 1.—(1) This order may be cited as the Medicines (Pharmacy and General Sale—Exemption) Order 1977 and shall come into operation on 1st February 1978.
  - (2) In this order, unless the context otherwise requires— "the Act" means the Medicines Act 1968;

(a) 1968 c. 67.

<sup>(</sup>a) 1968 c. 67.
(b) In the case of the Secretaries of State concerned with health in England and in Wales by virtue of Article 2(2) of, and Schedule 1 to, the Transfer of Functions (Wales) Order 1960 (S.I. 1969/388 (1969 I, p. 1070)), and in the case of the Northern Ireland Departments by virtue of section 40 of, and Schedule 5 to, the Northern Ireland Constitution Act 1973 (c. 36), and section 1(3) of, and paragraph 2(1)(b) of Schedule 1 to, the Northern Ireland Act 1974 (c. 28).

- "the appointed day" means 1st February 1978 being the day appointed for the purposes of section 52 of the Act(a);
- "controlled drug" has the meaning assigned to it by section 2 of the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971(b);
- "cosmetic" means any substance or preparation intended to be applied to the various surfaces of the human body including epidermis, pilary system and hair, nails, lips and external genital organs, or the teeth and buccal mucosa wholly or mainly for the purpose of perfuming them, cleansing them, protecting them, caring for them or keeping them in condition, modifying their appearance (whether for aesthetic purposes or otherwise) or combating body odours or normal body perspiration;

# "external use" means-

- (a) in relation to medicinal products for use by being administered to human beings, application to the skin, teeth, mucosa of the mouth, throat, nose, ear, eye, vagina or anal canal,
- (b) in relation to veterinary drugs, application to the skin, hair, fur, feathers, scales, hoof, horn, ear, eye, mouth or mucosa of the throat or prepuce,

in either case when a local action only is necessary and extensive systemic absorption is unlikely to occur and references to "medicinal products for external use" shall be read accordingly except that in relation to paragraph (a) above the references shall not include throat sprays, throat pastilles, throat lozenges, throat tablets, nasal drops, nasal sprays, nasal inhalations or teething preparations;

- "food" includes beverages, confectionery and articles and substances used as ingredients in the preparation of food and includes any manufactured substance to which there has been added any vitamin and which is advertised (within the meaning of section 92 of the Act) as available and for sale to the general public as a dietary supplement;
- "master" has the same meaning as in the Merchant Shipping Act 1894(c);
- "parenteral administration" means administration by breach of the skin or mucous membrane;
- "pharmacy medicine" means any medicinal product which is not a prescription only medicine or a medicinal product on a general sale
- "prescription only medicine" means a medicinal product of a description or falling within a class specified in Article 3 of the Medicines (Prescription Only) Order 1977(d);
- "registered ophthalmic optician" means a person who is registered in either of the registers of ophthalmic opticians established and maintained under section 2(a) of the Opticians Act 1958(e);

<sup>(</sup>a) The Medicines (Pharmacy and General Sale) (Appointed Day) Order 1977 (S.I. 1977/2126).(1977 III, P. 5818)).
(b) 1971 c. 38. (c) 1894 c. 60.

<sup>(</sup>c) 1894 c. 60. (e) 1958 c. 32.

<sup>(</sup>d) S.I. 1977/2127 (1977 III, p. 5820).

- "sell" means sell by retail as defined in section 131 of the Act and "sale" has a corresponding meaning;
- "state registered chiropodist" means a person who is registered in the register established and maintained under section 2(1) of the Professions Supplementary to Medicine Act 1960(a) by the Chiropodists Board;
- "supply" means supply in circumstances corresponding to retail sale as defined in section 131 of the Act;
- "unit preparation" means a preparation, including a mother tincture, prepared by a process of solution, extraction or trituration with a view to being further diluted tenfold, or serially in multiple powers of ten, in an inert diluent, and then used either in this diluted form or, where applicable, by impregnating tablets, granules, powders or other inert substances for the purpose of being administered to human beings;

and other expressions shall have the same meanings as in the Act.

- (3) Except in so far as the context otherwise requires, any reference in this order to any enactment, order or regulations shall be construed as a reference to that enactment or order or to those regulations, as the case may be, as amended, extended or re-enacted by any other enactment, order or regulations.
- (4) The rules for the construction of Acts of Parliament contained in the Interpretation Act 1889(b) shall apply for the purposes of the interpretation of this order as they apply for the purposes of the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

# Transitional exemptions for products for human use

- 2.—(1) The restrictions imposed by section 52 of the Act (sale or supply of medicinal products not on a general sale list) shall not apply for a period of two years from the appointed day to any person who sells, offers or exposes for sale or supplies a medicinal product which is not a medicinal product on a general sale list if and so long as the conditions specified in paragraph (2) of this Article are satisfied.
  - (2) The conditions referred to in the preceding paragraph are that—
    - (a) the medicinal product in question—
    - (i) is for use by being administered to human beings, and
    - (ii) is one in respect of which a product licence has been granted under Part II of the Act;
    - (b) the person selling or supplying the medicinal product in question could lawfully have sold or supplied that product immediately before the appointed day; and
    - (c) the conditions specified in section 53 of the Act are fulfilled.

# Temporary exemption for certain products for human use

3.—(1) The restrictions imposed by section 52 of the Act shall not apply during the period set out in paragraph (2) below to the sale, offer or exposure for sale or supply of any medicinal product which is for use by being administered to human beings and either—

- (a) in respect of which a product licence has been granted after the appointed day containing a provision to the effect that the method of sale or supply of the medicinal product in question may be otherwise than by or under the supervision of a pharmacist, or
- (b) in respect of which a product licence has been varied after the appointed day so as to contain a provision to the effect that the method of sale or supply may be otherwise than by or under the supervision of a pharmacist

if and so long as the conditions specified in section 53 of the Act are fulfilled.

(2) The period referred to in the preceding paragraph is the period starting with the date on which the product licence is granted or varied and ending one year from the date on which a notice that such a licence has been granted or varied, as the case may be, is published in the Gazette.

Exemption in cases involving another's default

4. The restrictions imposed by section 52 of the Act shall not apply to the sale, offer or exposure for sale or supply of a medicinal product by a person who, having exercised all due diligence, believes on reasonable grounds that the product is a medicinal product on a general sale list but which due to the act or default of another person is not such a medicinal product if and so long as the conditions specified in section 53 of the Act are fulfilled.

Exemption for products used by midwives in the course of their professional practice

- 5. There are hereby specified for the purposes of section 55(2)(b) of the Act (exemptions for certified midwives) the following descriptions and classes of medicinal products—
  - (1) any medicinal product which may lawfully be sold or supplied other than in accordance with a prescription given by a practitioner,
  - (2) any medicinal product which may lawfully be sold or supplied only in accordance with a prescription given by a practitioner but which, by virtue of an exemption conferred by section 58(4)(a) of the Act, may be sold or supplied by a certified midwife other than in accordance with such a prescription, and
  - (3) any medicinal product on a general sale list.

# Exemption for certain persons

- **6.**—(1) The restrictions imposed by section 52 of the Act shall not apply—
  - (a) to the sale, offer or exposure for sale or supply by any person listed in column 1 of Part I of Schedule 1 to this order, or
  - (b) to the supply by any person listed in column 1 of Part II of the said Schedule,

of the prescription only medicines and the pharmacy medicines specified in column 2 of Part I or Part II of the said Schedule as the case may be in relation to that person if and so long as the conditions specified in the corresponding paragraphs in column 3 of Part I or Part II of the said Schedule as the case may be are satisfied.

- (2) The restrictions imposed by section 53 of the Act shall not apply to the sale, offer or exposure for sale or supply by any person listed in column 1 of Part I or Part II of Schedule 1 to this order of any medicinal product on a general sale list (if any) which is specified in column 2 of Part I or Part II of the said Schedule as the case may be in relation to that person if and so long as the conditions specified in the corresponding paragraphs in column 3 of Part I or Part II of the said Schedule as the case may be are satisfied.
- (3) For the purposes of the sale, offer or exposure for sale or supply of any veterinary drug on a general sale list, section 53 of the Act shall have effect without the conditions in sub-section (3) of the said section being required to be fulfilled if and so long as the sale or supply is by the holder of a product licence granted under Part II of the Act in respect of such veterinary drugs and is to a person who has in his charge or maintains animals for the purposes of and in the course of carrying on a business, whether as his sole business activity or as a substantial part of his business activities.

# Exemption for medicinal products at high dilutions

- 7.—(1) The restrictions imposed by section 52 of the Act shall not apply to the sale, offer or exposure for sale or supply of any medicinal product (not being a medicinal product for parenteral administration or a controlled drug) which consists solely of one or more unit preparations of any substance specified in the following sub-paragraphs diluted to the extent specified therein and for the use (if any) specified therein, namely—
  - (a) any substance where the unit preparation has been diluted to at least one part in a million (6x),
  - (b) any substance listed in Part I of Schedule 2 to this order where the unit preparation has been diluted to at least one part in a thousand (3x),
  - (c) any substance listed in column 1 of Table A of Schedule 3 to the Medicines (General Sale List) Order 1977(a) or in Part III of Schedule 2 to this order or, if the medicinal product in question is for external use only, any substance listed in column 1 of Table B of Schedule 3 to the Medicines (General Sale List) Order 1977 or in Part IV of Schedule 2 to this order, in each case where the unit preparation has been diluted to at least one part in ten (1x),

if and so long as the person selling or supplying the medicinal product as aforesaid has been requested by or on behalf of a particular person and in that person's presence to use his own judgment as to the treatment required.

- (2) The said restrictions also do not apply to the sale, offer or exposure for sale or supply of any medicinal product (not being a medicinal product for parenteral administration or a controlled drug) which consists of one or more unit preparations of any substance specified in the following subparagraphs diluted to the extent specified therein and for the use (if any) specified therein, namely—
  - (a) any substance listed in Part II of Schedule 2 to this order where the unit preparation has been diluted to at least one part in a million (6x),

(b) any substance listed in column 1 of Table A of Schedule 3 to the Medicines (General Sale List) Order 1977 or in Part III of Schedule 2 to this order or, if the medicinal product in question is for external use only, any substance listed in column 1 of Table B of Schedule 3 to the Medicines (General Sale List) Order 1977 or in Part IV of Schedule 2 to this order, in each case where the unit preparation has been diluted to at least one part in ten (1x),

if and so long as the conditions specified in section 53 of the Act are fulfilled.

Exemption for foods and cosmetics

8. For the purposes of the sale, offer or exposure for sale or supply of any medicinal product on a general sale list which is for sale either for oral administration as a food or for external use as a cosmetic, section 53 of the Act shall have effect without the condition in sub-section (2) of the said section being required to be fulfilled.

David Ennals, Secretary of State for Social Services.

15th December 1977.

John Morris, Secretary of State for Wales.

15th December 1977.

Bruce Millan, Secretary of State for Scotland.

15th December 1977.

In witness whereof the official seal of the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food is hereunto affixed on 15th December 1977.

(L.S.)

John Silkin,
Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries
and Food.

Sealed with the official seal of the Department of Health and Social Services for Northern Ireland this 19th day of December 1977.

(L.S.)

N. Dugdale, Permanent Secretary.

Sealed with the official seal of the Department of Agriculture for Northern Ireland this 20th day of December 1977.

(L.S.)

J. A. Young, Permanent Secretary.

# SCHEDULE 1

# Exemptions for Certain Persons from Sections 52 and 53 of the Act

Article 6(1)(a) and (2)

Part I

| Column 1                          | Column 2  | Column 3  |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Persons exempted                  | Medicinal products<br>to which<br>the exemption applies   | Conditions  |
| 1. State registered chiropodists. | 1. Medicinal products on a general sale list for external use either listed in Schedule 1 to the Medicines (General Sale List) Order 1977(a) or composed solely of substances listed in Schedule 3 to the said order and any of the following pharmacy medicines—  Paint containing not more than 9.0 per cent Borotannic complex  Ointment, tincture or dusting powder containing not more than 5.0 per cent Diamthazole hydrochloride  Ointment or lotion containing not more than 10.0 per cent Buclosamide or not more than 10.0 per cent Crotamiton  Cream, jelly or powder containing not more than 1.0 per cent Fenticlor  Pastes containing not more than 1.0 per cent Fenticlor  Pastes containing not more than 70.0 per cent Salicylic acid or not more than 70.0 per cent Salicylic acid or not more than 70.0 per cent Salicylic acid or not more than 2.0 per cent 1-Phenoxypropan-2-ol  Dusting powder or jelly or tincture containing not more than 0.4 per cent Hydrargaphen  Potassium permanganate | 1.(1) The sale or supply shall only be in the course of their professional practice.  (2) The medicinal product must have been made up for sale or supply in a container elsewhere than at the place at which it is sold or supplied. |
|                                   | crystals or solution.   |   |

| Column 1   | Column 2  | Column 3  |
|--|---|---|
| Persons exempted   | Medicinal products<br>to which<br>the exemption applies   | Conditions  |
| 2. Registered ophthalmic opticians.  | 2. Prescription only medicines that are eye drops or eye ointments containing Mafenide propionate or not more than 30.0 per cent of Sulphacetamide sodium or Sulphafurazole diethanolamine equivalent to not more than 4.0 per cent Sulphafurazole and prescription only medicines containing any of the following substances but no other substance listed in column 1 of Part I or Part II of Schedule 1 to the Medicines (Presscription Only) Order 1977(a)—  Atropine  Atropine | <ul> <li>2. The sale or supply shall be only—</li> <li>(a) in the course of their professional practice, and</li> <li>(b) in an emergency.</li> </ul> |
|  | Atropine methonitrate Atropine sulphate Bethanecol chloride Carbachol Cyclopentolate hydro- chloride Ecothiopate iodide Homatropine hydrobro- mide Hyoscine hydrobromide Naphazoline nitrate Neostigmine methylsul- phate Physostigmine salicylate Physostigmine sulphate Phisoarpine hydro- chloride Pilocarpine hydro- chloride Pilocarpine nitrate Tropicamide.  |   |
| 3. Holders of manufac-<br>turer's licences where the<br>licence in question con- | 3. Medicinal products on<br>a general sale list for ex-<br>ternal use either listed in  | 3. The licence holder shall only sell or supply the medicinal product in  |

| Column 1   | Column 2  | Column 3   |
|--|---|--|
| Persons exempted   | Medicinal products<br>to which<br>the exemption applies   | Conditions   |
| tains a provision that the licence holder shall only manufacture the medicinal product to which the licence relates for a particular person after being requested by or on behalf of that person and in that person's presence to use his own judgment as to the treatment required. | Schedule 1 to the Medicines (General Sale List) Order 1977 or composed solely of substances listed in Schedule 3 to the said order and pharmacy medicines which are for external use in the treatment of hair and scalp conditions and which contain any of the following substances—  not more than 5.0 per cent of Boric acid | question to a particular person after being requested by or on behalf of that person's presence to use his own judgment as to the treatment required.  |
|  | Isopropyl myristate or<br>Lauryl sulphate   |  |
|  | not more than 0.004 per cent Oestrogens   |  |
|  | not more than 1.0 per cent of Resorcinol  |  |
|  | not more than 3.0 per cent of Salicylic acid  |  |
|  | not more than 0.2 per cent of Sodium pyrithione or Zinc pyrithione.   |  |
| 4. Persons selling or supplying medicinal products to universities, other institutions concerned with higher education or institutions concerned with research.  | 4. All prescription only medicines, pharmacy medicines and medicinal products on a general sale list.   | <ul> <li>4.(1) The sale or supply shall be for the purpose of that education or research.</li> <li>(2) The sale or supply shall be subject to the presentation of an order signed by the principal of the institution concerned with that education or research or the appropriate head of department in charge of the specified course of research stating— <ul> <li>(a) the name of the institution for which the medicinal product is required,</li> <li>(b) the purpose for which</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

| Column 1  | Column 2  | Column 3  |
|---|---|---|
| Persons exempted  | Medicinal products<br>to which<br>the exemption applies   | Conditions  |
|   |   | the medicinal product is required, and (c) the total quantity required.   |
| 5. Persons selling or supplying medicinal products to any of the following—  (1) a public analyst appointed under section 89 of the Food and Drugs Act 1955(a), section 27 of the Food and Drugs (Scotland) Act 1956(b) or section 31 of the Food and Drugs Act (Northern Ireland) 1958(c),  (2) an agricultural analyst appointed under section 67 of the Agriculture Act 1970(d), | 5. All prescription only medicines, all pharmacy medicines and all medicinal products on a general sale list. | 5. The sale or supply shall be subject to the presentation of an order signed by or on behalf of any person listed in subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), (4) or (5) of column 1 of this paragraph stating the status of the person signing it and the amount of the medicinal product required and shall be only in connection with the exercise by those persons of their statutory functions. |
| (3) a person duly authorised by an enforcement authority under sections 111 and 112 of the Act,   |   |   |
| (4) a sampling officer within the meaning of the Food and Drugs Act 1955, the Food and Drugs (Scotland) Act 1956 or the Food and Drugs Act (Northern Ireland) 1958, or  |   |   |
| (5) a sampling officer within the meaning of Schedule 3 to the Act.   |   |   |
| 6. Persons selling or<br>supplying medicinal pro-<br>ducts to any person em-<br>ployed or engaged in<br>connection with a scheme<br>for testing the quality and<br>amount of the drugs,<br>preparations and appli-<br>ances supplied under the<br>National Health Service   | 6. All prescription only medicines, all pharmacy medicines and all medicinal products on a general sale list. | 6.(1) The sale or supply shall be subject to the presentation of an order signed by or on behalf of the person so employed or engaged stating the status of the person signing it and the amount of the medicinal product required.   |

| Column 1  | Column 2   | Column 3   |
|---|--|--|
| Persons exempted  | Medicinal products<br>to which<br>the exemption applies  | Conditions   |
| Act 1977(a), the National Health Service (Scotland) Act 1947(b) and the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1972(c), or under any regulations made under the said Acts or Order. |  | (2) The sale or supply shall be for the purposes of the said scheme.   |
| 7. Persons providing a poultry vaccination service.   | 7. The poultry vaccines listed in paragraph 11 of Schedule 1 to the Medicines (Exemptions from Restrictions on the Retail Sale or Supply of Veterinary Drugs) Order 1977(d). | 7. The sale or supply shall be only to a person who has charge of animals for the purpose of and in the course of carrying on a business, whether as his sole business activity or as a substantial part of his business activities.   |
| 8. Persons selling or supplying medicinal products to the persons referred to in paragraph 7 above.   | 8. The prescription only medicines referred to in paragraph 7 above.   | 8. The sale or supply shall be subject to the presentation of an order signed by the purchaser stating the amount of the prescription only medicine required.  |
| 9. Persons selling or supplying medicinal proproducts to veterinary surgeons and veterinary practitioners.  | 9. All prescription only medicines, all pharmacy medicines and all medicinal products on a general sale list.  | 9. No conditions.  |
| 10. Persons selling or supplying medicinal products to the British Standards Institution.   | 10. All prescription only medicines, all pharmacy medicines and all medicinal products on a general sale list.   | 10.(1) The sale or supply shall be subject to the presentation of an order signed on behalf of the British Standards Institution stating the status of the person signing it and the amount of the medicinal product required.  (2) The sale or supply shall be only for the purpose of testing or determining the standards for containers of medicinal products. |

PART II

Article 6(1) (b) and (2)

| Column 1   | Column 2  | Column 3   |
|--|---|--|
| Persons exempted   | Medicinal products<br>to which<br>the exemption applies   | Conditions   |
| Royal National Life-<br>poat Institution and<br>certificated first aiders of<br>the Institution.   | 1. All prescription only medicines, all pharmacy medicines and all medicinal products on a general sale list.   | 1. The supply shall be only so far as is necessary for the treatment of sick and injured persons.  |
| . British Red Cross lociety and certificated irst aid and certificated lursing members of the lociety.   | 2. All pharmacy medicines and all medicinal products on a general sale list.  | 2. The supply shall be only so far as is necessary for the treatment of sick and injured persons.  |
| Association and Brigade and certificated first aid and certificated nursing members of the Association and Brigade.  | 3. All pharmacy medicines and all medicinal products on a general sale list.  | 3. The supply shall be only so far as is necessary for the treatment of sich and injured persons.  |
| 4. St Andrew's Ambulance Association and certificated first aid and certificated nursing members of the Association.   | 4. All pharmacy medicines and all medicinal products on a general sale list.  | 4. The supply shall be only so far as is necessary for the treatment of sich and injured persons.  |
| 5. Order of Malta Ambulance Corps and certificated first aid and certificated nursing members of the Corps.  | <ol><li>All pharmacy medi-<br/>cines and all medicinal<br/>products on a general<br/>sale list.</li></ol>   | 5. The supply shall be only so far as is necessar for the treatment of sic and injured persons.  |
| 6. Persons authorised by licences granted under regulation 5 of the Misuse of Drugs Regulations 1973 (a) or regulation 5 of the Misuse of Drugs (Northern Ireland) Regulations 1974(b) to supply a controlled drug.  | <ol> <li>Such prescription<br/>only medicines and such<br/>pharmacy medicines as<br/>are specified in the<br/>licence.</li> </ol>                         | <ol> <li>The supply shall be subject to such condition and in such circumstance and to such an extent a may be specified in the licence.</li> </ol>  |
| 7. Persons requiring medicinal products for the purpose of enabling them, in the course of any business carried on by them, to comply with any requirements made by or in pursuance of any enactment with respect to the medical treatment of their employees. | 7. Such prescription only medicines and such pharmacy medicines as may be specified in the said enactments and medicinal products on a general sale list. | 7. The supply shall be— (1) for the purpose of enabling them to compl with any requirement made by or in pursuanc of any such enactmen and (2) subject to such cond tions and in such circumstances as may be specified in the relevance enactments. |

| Column 1   | Column 2  | Column 3   |
|--|---|--|
| Persons exempted   | Medicinal products<br>to which<br>the exemption applies   | Conditions   |
| 8. The owner or the master of a ship which does not carry a doctor on board as part of her complement. | 8. All prescription only medicines, all pharmacy medicines and all medicinal products on a general sale list. | 8. The supply shall be only so far as is necessary for the treatment of persons on the ship. |

# Article 7

# SCHEDULE 2

#### PART I

Dilutions of unit preparations diluted to at least one part in a thousand (3x)

Agaricus muscarius Ailanthus glandulosa Apocynum cannabinum Aurum iodatum Belladonna

Bismuth Subgallate Bryonia alba dioica Calcium Fluoride Cantharis

Cerium oxalicum Chelidonium majus Chenopodium oil

Cina Colocynthis

Convallaria majalis Gelsemium sempervirens

Hyoscyamus niger Lycopodium

Manganese acetate Ranunculus bulbosus Terebinthinae oleum

#### PART II

Dilutions of unit preparations diluted to at least one part in a million (6x)

Adonis vernalis Agaricus bulbosus Agaricus muscarius Agnus castus Ailanthus glandulosa

Alum Amethyst

Ammonium Iodide Amygdalae amarae Apatite

Apocynum androsaemifolium Apocynum cannabinum

Argentite

Argentum Chloride Argentum Iodide

Artemisia cina Aspidium filix-mas

Aspidium anthelmintica Aurum Sulphide Balsamum copaivae Balsamum peruvianum Barium Citrate Barium Sulphate

Bismuth Metal Bismuth Subgallate Bismuth Subnitrate

**Boletus laricis Bovista** Cade Oil

Calcium Fluoride Carduus marianus Cedar Wood Oil

Cerium Oxalicum Chalcopyrite Chalcocite

Chelidonium majus Chenopodium Oil Colocynthis Convallaria majalis Copper Silicate, Nat. Crotalus horridus Cucurbita Cucumis melo Datura stramonium

Derris Diamond

Ephedra vulgaris Ferric Acetate Ferrous Iodide Ferrous Oxalate Ferrous Sulphide Formic Acid

Gall

Gelsemium sempervirens

Gneiss

Granatum (Pomegranate Bark)

Hamamelis virginiana Hepar Sulfuris Hyoscyamus niger Iris florentine Jaborandi Juniperus sabina Kaolinite

Lachmanthus tinctoria

Lapis Albus Lycopodium Magnesium

Magnesium Acetate Magnesium Chloride Magnetite Manganese Acetate

Nicotiana tabacum Nicotiana tabacum oil Oleander

Opuntia vulgaris Oxalic Acid Petroleum

Phellandrum aquaticum

Pix Liquida Platinum Platinum Chloride Potassium Hydroxide Potassium Silicate Pyrethrum Pyrolusite

Ranunculus bulbosus Ranunculus acris Ranunculus flammula Ranunculus repens Ranunculus sceleratus Rauwolfia serpentina

Rhodium Oxynitrate Rhododendron chrysanthemum

Rhus toxicodendron

Salicylic Acid Scrophularia aquatica Sodium Aluminium Chloride Sodium Auro-chloride

Sodium Hypochlorite Sodium Nitrate

Squill

Stannum Metal Sulphur Iodide Tannic Acid Terebinthinae Oleum

Topaz

Uric Acid Zinc Hypophosphite Zinc Isovalerate

#### PART III

# Dilutions of unit preparations diluted to at least one part in ten (1x)

Abies excelsa Chestnut, Red and Sweet

Abies nigra Abies nobilis Acalypha indica Agate

Alisma plantago Aq. Alstonia scholaris Aluminium Amber (Succinum) Ambra grisea Ammonium Phosphate

Angostura vera

Anthoxanthum

Apis mellifera Aqua Marina Aqua Mellis

Aralia racemosa Aranea diadema

Arum maculatum

Arum triphyllum

Asarum

Asperula odorata Astacus fluviatilis Auric Chloride

Badiaga

Beech (fagus sylvestris) Bellis perennis

Berberis aquifolium

Borago officinalis

**Butyric Acid** 

Calcium Metal

Calcium Chloride Calcium Oxide Calcium Sulphate Castoreum

Ceanothus americanus Cedron

Cerato (Ceratostigma Willmottiana) Cherry Plum (Prunus cerasifera)

Cholesterinum Chrysolite Cistus canadensis Clematis erecta Conchae vera Conchiolinum Corallium Rubrum Crab Apple Crocus sativus **Erbium** 

Erigeron Canadense

Fuligo

Genista tinctoria Geum urbanum

Glycogen

Gnaphalium leontopodium

Gold

Gorse (Ulex europocus)

Graphites

Gratiola officinalis

Gymnocladus (American Coffee Tree) Haematoxylon campechianum

Hecla Lava (Ash from Mount Hecla)

Hedeoma pulegioides Hedera helix

Heliotrope Heracleum spondylium

Herniaria

Hornbeam (Carpinus betulus)

Iberis amara **Impatiens** Iris germanica Iris pseudacorus Jacaranda procera Jatropha curcas Juncus communis Justicia adhatoda Lamium album

Laurus nobilis oil Laurocerasus Ledum palustre Lilium tigrinum Lonicera caprifolium Lysimachia vulgaris Magnesium Phosphate

Magnesite Magnolia Marum verum Melilotus officinalis Menispermum canadense Mephitis putorius Mercurialis perennis Mimulus (Mimullis guttatus)

Moschus Myrica gale Myrtus communis Ocimum basilicum

Olive

Oxalis acetosella Pangamic Acid Paullinia cupana Penthorum sedoides Pollen (mixed)

Polygonatum multiflorum

Polygonum aviculare Polypodium vulgare Primula vulgaris Prunella vulgaris Ptelea trifoliata Ratanhia

Robinia pseudoacacia Rubia tinctorum Rumex acetosella Sal Marina Sarcolactic Acid Sarracenia purpurea

Scleranthus (Scleranthus annuus) Silica

Silphium laciniatum Sodium Benzoate Spongia marina

Star of Bethlehem (Ornithogalum

umbellatum) Ulmus campestris

Vine Walnut (juglerus regia)

Water Violet (Hottonia palustris) Wild Oat

Wild Rose

# PART IV

Dilutions of unit preparations diluted to at least one part in ten (1x) for external use

Abies excelsa Abies nigra Abies nobilis Acalypha indica Adonis vernalis Agaricus bulbosus Agaricus muscarius

Agate Agnus castus Ailanthus glandulosa Alisma plantago Aq. Alstonia scholaris

Alum Aluminium Amber (Succinum) Ambra grisea Amethyst Ammonium Iodide

Ammonium Phosphate Amygdalae amarae Angostura vera Anthoxanthum Apatite Apis mellifera

Apocynum androsaemifolium Apocynum cannabinum

Aqua Marina Aqua Mellis Arallia racemosa Aranea diadema Argentite

Argentum Chloride Argentum Iodide Artemisia cina Arum maculatum Arum triphyllum

Asarum

Asperula odorata Aspidium filix-mas Aspidium anthelmintica Astacus fluviatilis Auric Chloride Aurum Sulphide Balsamum copaivae Balsamum peruvianum

**Badiaga** Barium Citrate Barium Sulphate Beech (fagus sylvestris) Bellis perennis Berberis aquifolium Bismuth Metal Bismuth Subgallate Bismuth Subnitrate **Boletus laricis** Borago officinalis

Bovista **Butyric Acid** 

Cade Oil Calcium Fluoride Calcium Metal Calcium Chloride Calcium Oxide Calcium Sulphate Carduus marianus Castoreum

Ceanothus americanus Cedar Wood Oil

Cedron

Cerato (Ceratostigma Willmottiana)

Cerium Oxalicum Chalcopyrite Chalcocite Chelidonium majus Chenopodium Oil

Cherry Plum (Prunus cerasifera)

Chestnut, Red and Sweet

Cholesterinum Chrysolite Cistus canadensis Clematis erecta Colocynthis Conchae vera Conchiolinum Convallaria majalis Copper Silicate, Nat Corallium Rubrum Crab Apple Crocus sativus Crotalus horridus Cucurbita Cucumis melo

Datura stramonium Derris Diamond Ephedra vulgaris Erbium Erigeron canadense Ferric Acetate Ferrous Iodide Ferrous Oxalate Ferrous Sulphide

Formic Acid **Fuligo** Gall

Gelsemium sempervirens Genista tinctoria Geum urbanum

Glycogen

Gnaphalium leontopodium Gneiss

Gold

Gorse (Ulex europocus) Graphites

Gratiola officinalis

Gymnocladus (American Coffee Tree)

Haematoxylon campechianum

Hamamelis virginiana

Hecla Lava (Ash from Mount Hecla)

Hedeoma pulegioides Hedera helix

Heliotrope Hepar Sulfuris Heracleum spondylium

Herniaria

Hornbeam (Carpinus betulus)

Hyoscyamus niger Iberis amara **Impatiens** Iris florentine Iris germanica Iris pseudacorus Jaborandi Jacaranda procera Jatropha curcas Juncus communis Juniperus sabina Justicia adhatoda

Kaolinite

Lachmanthus tinctoria Lamium album Lapis Albus Laurus nobilis oil Laurocerasus Ledum palustre Lilium tigrinum Lonicera caprifolium Lycopodium

Lysimachia vulgaris Magnesium Magnesium Acetate Magnesium Chloride Magnesium Phosphate

Magnesite Magnetite Magnolia

Manganese Acetate Marum verum Melilotus officinalis Menispermum canadense Mephitis putorius Mercurialis perennis Mimulus (Mimullis Guttatus)

Moschus Myrica gale Myrtus communis Nicotiana tabacum Nicotiana tabacum oil Ocimum basilicum

Oleander Olive

Opuntia vulgaris Oxalic Acid Oxalis acetosella Pangamic Acid Paullinia cupana Penthorum sedoides Petroleum

Phellandrium aquaticum Pix Liquida

Platinum

Platinum Chloride Pollen (mixed)

Polygonatum multiflorum Polygonum aviculare Polypodium vulgare Potassium Hydroxide Potassium Silicate Primula vulgaris Prunella vulgaris Ptelea trifoliata Pyrethrum **Pyrolusite** 

Ranunculus bulbosus Ranunculus acris Ranunculus flammula Ranunculus repens Ranunculus sceleratus

Ratanhia

Rauwolfia serpentina

Rhodium Oxynitrate Rhododendron chrysanthemum

Rhus toxicodendron Robinia pseudoacacia Rubia tinctorum Rumex acetosella Sal Marina Salicylic Acid Sarcolactic Acid

Sarracenia purpurea

Scleranthus (Scleranthus annuus)

Scrophularia aquatica

Silica

Silphium laciniatum

Sodium Aluminium Chloride Sodium Auro-chloride Sodium Benzoate Sodium Hypochlorite Sodium Nitrate Spongia marina Squill

Stannum Metal Star of Bethlehem (Ornithogalum

umbellatum) Sulphur Iodide Tannic Acid Terebinthinae Oleum

Topaz

Ulmus campestris

Uric Acid Vine

Walnut (juglerus regia)
Water Violet (Hottonia Palustris)
Wild Oat

Wild Rose
Zinc Hypophosphite
Zinc Isovalerate

# **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

(This Note is not part of the Order.)

This Order provides exemptions from the restrictions imposed by sections 52 and 53 of the Medicines Act 1968. Section 52 provides that medicinal products not on a general sale list shall only be sold or supplied on premises which are a registered pharmacy and by or under the supervision of a pharmacist. Section 53 provides that medicinal products on a general sale list may only be sold elsewhere than at a registered pharmacy if the conditions specified in that section are fulfilled. The exemptions from section 52 include exemptions for certain categories of persons (listed in column 1 of Schedule 1 to this order), exemptions for certain homoeopathic products and transitional and temporary exemptions. The exemptions from section 53 include exemptions for foods and cosmetics and exemptions for holders of product licences granted in respect of veterinary drugs on a general sale list. The order also specifies the medicinal products which by virtue of section 55(2)(b) of the Medicines Act 1968 certified midwives may sell or supply other than in a registered pharmacy.

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