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STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

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**1986 No. 218**

**EVIDENCE**

**The Evidence (Proceedings in Other Jurisdictions) (Anguilla)  
Order 1986**

*Made* - - - 12th February 1986

*Coming into Operation* 1st April 1986

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 12th day of February 1986

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred upon Her by section 10(3) of the Evidence (Proceedings in Other Jurisdictions) Act 1975(a), is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as the Evidence (Proceedings in Other Jurisdictions) (Anguilla) Order 1986 and shall come into operation on 1st April 1986.

2. Sections 1 to 3, 5, 6 and 8 to 10 of, and Schedule 2 to, the Evidence (Proceedings in Other Jurisdictions) Act 1975, with the exceptions, adaptations and modifications specified in the Schedule hereto, shall extend to Anguilla.

*G. I de Deney,*  
Clerk of the Privy Council.

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(a) 1975 c.34.

## Article 2

## SCHEDULE TO THE ORDER

PROVISIONS OF THE EVIDENCE (PROCEEDINGS IN OTHER JURISDICTIONS)  
ACT 1975 AS EXTENDED TO ANGUILLA

Application to Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court for assistance in obtaining evidence for civil proceedings in other court.

*Evidence for civil proceedings*

1. Where an application is made to the Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court for an order for evidence to be obtained in Anguilla, and the court is satisfied —

- (a) that the application is made in pursuance of a request issued by or on behalf of a court or tribunal (“the requesting court”) exercising jurisdiction in a country or territory outside Anguilla; and
- (b) that the evidence to which the application relates is to be obtained for the purposes of civil proceedings which either have been instituted before the requesting court or whose institution before that court is contemplated,

the Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court shall have the powers conferred on it by the following provisions of this Act.

Power of Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court to give effect to application for assistance.

2.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court shall have power, on any such application as is mentioned in section 1 above, by order to make such provision for obtaining evidence in Anguilla as may appear to the court to be appropriate for the purpose of giving effect to the request in pursuance of which the application is made; and any such order may require a person specified therein to take such steps as the court may consider appropriate for that purpose.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) above but subject to the provisions of this section, an order under this section may, in particular, make provision —

- (a) for the examination of witnesses, either orally or in writing;
- (b) for the production of documents;
- (c) for the inspection, photographing, preservation, custody or detention of any property;
- (d) for the taking of samples of any property and the carrying out of any experiments on or with any property;
- (e) for the medical examination of any person;
- (f) without prejudice to paragraph (e) above, for the taking and testing of samples of blood from any person.

(3) An order under this section shall not require any particular steps to be taken unless they are steps which can be required to be taken by way of obtaining evidence for the purposes of civil proceedings in the court making the order (whether or not proceedings of the same description as those to which the application for the order relates); but this subsection shall not preclude the making of an order requiring a person to give testimony (either orally or in writing) otherwise than on oath where this is asked for by the requesting court.

(4) An order under this section shall not require a person —

- (a) to state what documents relevant to the proceedings to which the application for the order relates are or have been in his possession, custody or power, or
- (b) to produce any documents other than particular documents specified in the order as being documents appearing to the court making the order to be, or to be likely to be, in his possession, custody or power.

(5) A person who, by virtue of an order under this section, is required to attend at any place shall be entitled to the like conduct money and payment for expenses and loss of time as on attendance as a witness in civil proceedings before the court making the order.

3.—(1) A person shall not be compelled by virtue of an order under section 2 above to give any evidence which he could not be compelled to give —

Privilege of witnesses.

- (a) in civil proceedings in Anguilla; or
- (b) subject to subsection (2) below, in civil proceedings in the country or territory in which the requesting court exercises jurisdiction.

(2) Subsection (1)(b) above shall not apply unless the claim of the person in question to be exempt from giving the evidence is either —

- (a) supported by a statement contained in the request (whether it is so supported unconditionally or subject to conditions that are fulfilled); or
- (b) conceded by the applicant for the order;

and where such a claim made by any person is not supported or conceded as aforesaid he may (subject to the other provisions of this section) be required to give the evidence to which the claim relates but that evidence shall not be transmitted to the requesting court if that court, on the matter being referred to it, upholds the claim.

(3) Without prejudice to subsection (1) above, a person shall not be compelled by virtue of an order under section 2 above to give any evidence if his doing so would be prejudicial to the security of the United Kingdom, Anguilla or any other territory for which the United Kingdom is responsible under international law; and a certificate signed by or on behalf of the Governor to the effect that it would be so prejudicial for that person to do so shall be conclusive evidence of that fact.

(4) In this section references to giving evidence include references to answering any question and to producing any document and the reference in subsection (2) above to the transmission of evidence given by a person shall be construed accordingly.

#### *Evidence for criminal proceedings*

5.—(1) The provisions of sections 1 to 3 above shall have effect in relation to the obtaining of evidence for the purposes of criminal proceedings as they have effect in relation to the obtaining of evidence for the purposes of civil proceedings except that —

Power of Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court to assist in obtaining evidence for criminal proceedings overseas courts

- (a) paragraph (a) of section 1 above shall apply only to a court or tribunal exercising jurisdiction in a country or territory outside Anguilla;
- (b) paragraph (b) of that section shall apply only to proceedings which have been instituted; and
- (c) no order under section 2 above shall make provision otherwise than for the examination of witnesses, either orally or in writing, or for the production of documents.

(2) In its application by virtue of subsection (1) above, section 3(1)(a) and (b) above shall have effect as if for the words “civil proceedings” there were substituted the words “criminal proceedings”.

(3) Nothing in this section applies in the case of criminal proceedings of a political character.

#### *Evidence for international proceedings*

6.—(1) The Governor may by order direct that, subject to such exceptions, adaptations or modifications as may be specified in the order, the provisions of sections 1 to 3 above shall have effect in relation to international proceedings of any description specified in the order.

Power of Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court to assist in obtaining evidence for international proceedings

(2) An order under this section may direct that the provisions of the Perjury Act 1873(a) shall have effect in relation to international proceedings to which the order applies as it has effect in relation to a judicial proceeding in a tribunal of a foreign state.

(3) In this section “international proceedings” means proceedings before the International Court of Justice or any other court, tribunal, commission, body or authority (whether consisting of one or more persons) which, in pursuance of any international agreement or any resolution of the General Assembly of the United Nations, exercises any jurisdiction or performs any functions of a judicial nature or by way of arbitration, conciliation or inquiry or is appointed (whether permanently or temporarily) for the purpose of exercising any jurisdiction or performing any such functions.

Consequential  
amendments  
and repeals.

*Supplementary*

8.—(2) The enactments mentioned in Schedule 2 to this Act are hereby repealed as respects Anguilla to the extent specified in the third column of that Schedule.

(3) Nothing in this section shall affect —

- (a) any application to any court or judge which is pending at the commencement of this Act;
- (b) any certificate given for the purposes of any such application;
- (c) any power to make an order on such an application; or
- (d) the operation or enforcement of any order made on such an application.

(4) Subsection (3) above is without prejudice to section 18(2) of the Interpretation and General Clauses Act (b) (effect of repeals).

Interpretation.

9.—(1) In this act —

“civil proceedings”, in relation to the requesting court, means proceedings in any civil or commercial matter;

“Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court” means the Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court established by the Anguilla, Montserrat and Virgin Islands (Supreme Court) Order 1983(c);

“Governor” means the Governor of Anguilla;

“property” includes any land, chattel or other corporeal property of any description;

“request” includes any commission, order or other process issued by or on behalf of the requesting court;

“requesting court” has the meaning given in section 1 above.

(3) Any power conferred by this Act to make an order includes power to revoke or vary any such order by a subsequent order.

(4) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as enabling any court to make an order that is binding on the Crown or on any person in his capacity as an officer or servant of the Crown.

(5) Except so far as the context otherwise requires, any reference in this Act to any enactment is a reference to that enactment as amended or extended by or under any other enactment.

Commencement.

10. The provisions of this Act shall come into force on such date as the Governor may by order appoint.

(a) Laws of Anguilla, Revised Ed., 1961, Cap. 57.  
(c) S.I. 1983/1108.

(b) Laws of Anguilla, Revised Ed., 1961, Cap. 166.

## SCHEDULE 2 TO THE ACT

*Section 8(2)*

## REPEALS

Chapter	Short title	Extent
19 & 20 Vict. c.113.	The Foreign Tribunals Evidence Act 1856.	The whole Act.
22 Vict. c.20.	The Evidence by Commission Act 1859.	The whole Act.
33 & 34 Vict. c.52.	The Extradition Act 1870.	Section 24.
48 & 49 Vict. c.74.	The Evidence by Commission Act 1885.	The whole Act..
1966 c.41.	The Arbitration (International Investment Disputes) Act 1966.	In section 3(1), paragraph (b).

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This Note is not part of the Order.)*

This Order extends the provisions of the Evidence (Proceedings in Other Jurisdictions) Act 1975, which sets out a comprehensive code for the taking of evidence by courts on behalf of other courts, to Anguilla, with exceptions, adaptations and modifications.

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