

SCHEDULE

PART I

FORMULA FOR DETERMINING CAPACITY OF PRIMARY SCHOOLS

1. The capacity of a primary school is to be determined in accordance with the following formula—

$$X + Y - Z$$

where—

X is the sum of the numbers (rounded down to the nearest whole number in the case of each number) obtained by dividing the total floor area of each classroom in the school whose floor area is less than 54 square metres by 1.8;

Y is the number of complete floor areas of 54 square metres in those classrooms in the school whose floor area is 54 square metres or more, multiplied by 30;

Z is the number of pupils in the school in respect of whom notices have been served by a local education authority that they propose to make an assessment of their special educational needs in accordance with section 5 of the Education Act 1981 (“pupils subject to assessment”) or for whom statements of special educational needs are maintained by such authority in accordance with section 7 of that Act (“pupils with statements”), multiplied by 2.

2. For the purposes of this Part of this Schedule “classroom” excludes—

- (a) any hall or library;
- (b) any room or other area used wholly or mainly for the education of pupils subject to assessment and pupils with statements;
- (c) any room or other area so constructed, adapted or equipped as to be unsuitable for general teaching purposes;
- (d) where the school makes provision for nursery education, any room or other area used wholly or mainly for that purpose;
- (e) any room or other area constructed, adapted or equipped for the storage of apparatus, equipment or materials used in teaching;

and any part of an area which is required for the movement of pupils through that area, and which is used wholly or mainly for that purpose, is not to be taken into account in calculating the floor area of a classroom.