STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1995 No. 2200

The Food Safety (Temperature Control) Regulations 1995

PART II

Temperature Control Requirements in England and Wales

Chill holding tolerance periods

- 7.—(1) In any proceedings for an offence of contravening regulation 4(1), it shall be a defence for a person charged to prove that the food—
 - (a) was for service or on display for sale;
 - (b) had not previously been kept for service or on display for sale at a temperature above 8°C or, in appropriate circumstances, the recommended temperature; and
 - (c) had been kept for service or on display for sale for a period of less than four hours.
- (2) In any proceedings for an offence of contravening regulation 4(1), it shall be a defence for the person charged to prove that the food—
 - (a) was being transferred—
 - (i) to a vehicle used for the purposes of the activities of a food business from, or
 - (ii) from a vehicle used for the purposes of the activities of a food business to, premises (which includes vehicles) at which the food was going to be kept at or at below 8°C or, in appropriate circumstances, the recommended temperature; or
 - (b) was kept at a temperature above 8°C or, in appropriate circumstances, the recommended temperature for an unavoidable reason, such as—
 - (i) to accommodate the practicalities of handling during and after processing or preparation,
 - (ii) the defrosting of equipment, or
 - (iii) temporary breakdown of equipment,

and was kept at a temperature above 8°C or, in appropriate circumstances, the recommended temperature for a limited period only and that period was consistent with food safety.