STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2003 No. 2682

The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003

PART 4

PAYMENTS, RETURNS AND INFORMATION

CHAPTER 1

PAYMENT OF TAX AND ASSOCIATED RETURNS

Payment and recovery of tax by employer

Periodic payments to and recoveries from the Revenue

- **68.**—(1) This regulation applies to determine how much an employer must pay or can recover for a tax period.
 - (2) If A exceeds B, the employer must pay the excess to the Inland Revenue.
 - (3) But if B exceeds A, the employer may recover the excess either—
 - (a) by deducting it from the amount which the employer is liable to pay under paragraph (2) for a later tax period in the tax year, or
 - (b) from the Board of Inland Revenue.
 - (4) In this Regulation—

A is—

- (a) the total amount of tax which the employer was liable to deduct from relevant payments made by the employer in the tax period, plus
- (b) the total amount of tax for which the employer was liable to account in respect of notional payments made [FI or treated by virtue of a retrospective tax provision as made,] by the employer in that period under regulation 62(5) (notional payments);

B is the total amount which the employer was liable to repay in the tax period.

- (5) Paragraphs (2) and (3) are subject to regulation 71 (modification in case of trade disputes).
- (6) Paragraph (2) is also subject to regulation 78(11) (entitlement to set off excess payments).
- [F2(7) In the application of paragraph (4) to notional payments arising by reason of the coming into force of the Finance Act 2006, the reference to section 710(7A)(a) of ITEPA 2003 shall be modified as mentioned in section 94(5)(c) of the Finance Act 2006.]

Textual Amendments

F1 Words in reg. 68(4)(b) inserted (6.4.2007) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1077), regs. 1, **12(2)**

F2 Reg. 68(7) added (6.4.2007) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1077), regs. 1, 12(3)

Commencement Information

II Reg. 68 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

Due date and receipts for payment of tax

- **69.**—(1) An employer must pay amounts due under regulation 68(2)—
 - (a) within 17 days after the end of the tax period, where payment is made by an approved method of electronic communications, or
 - (b) within 14 days after the end of the tax period, in any other case.
- (2) The Inland Revenue must give a receipt to the employer for the total amount paid under regulation 68(2) if asked.
- (3) But no separate receipt for tax only need be given if a receipt is given for the total amount of tax and any earnings-related contributions (as defined by regulation 1(2) of [F3 the SSC Regulations])(1) paid at the same time.
- [^{F4}(4) In paragraph (1) "the tax period", in relation to an amount of retrospective employment income, means the tax period immediately following the relevant time.]

Textual Amendments

- **F3** Words in reg. 69(3) substituted (6.4.2007) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1077), regs. 1, **13(2)**
- Reg. 69(4) added (6.4.2007) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1077), regs. 1, **13(3)**

Commencement Information

I2 Reg. 69 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

Quarterly tax periods

- 70.—(1) This regulation applies, so that the tax period is a tax quarter, if an employer—
 - (a) has reasonable grounds for believing that the average monthly amount will be less than £1,500, and
 - (b) chooses to pay tax quarterly.
- [F5(1A) But this regulation does not apply, so that the tax period remains a month, in respect of amounts of retrospective employment income.]
- (2) "The average monthly amount" is the average, for tax months falling within the current tax year, of the amounts found by the formula—

$$[^{F6}(P + N + L + S) - (SP + CD)]$$

(3) In paragraph (2)—

P is the amount which would be payable to the Inland Revenue under regulation 68 [F7but disregarding any amount payable in respect of retrospective employment income] F8...;

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

N is the amount which would be payable to the Inland Revenue under the SSCBA and the SSC Regulations disregarding—

- (a) any amount of secondary Class 1 contributions in respect of which liability has been transferred to the employed earner by an election made jointly by the employed earner and the secondary contributor for the purposes of paragraph 3B(1) of Schedule 1 to the SSCBA (transfer of liability to be borne by earner)(2); ^{F9}...
- (aa) [F10 any amount payable under retrospective contributions regulations (see paragraph 1(2) of Schedule 4 to the SSC Regulations) in respect of retrospective earnings (within the meaning of those Regulations);]
- (c) F9...

L is the amount which would be payable to the Inland Revenue under regulation 39(1) of the Student Loans Regulations (payment of repayments deducted to the Inland Revenue) disregarding—

- (a) the reduction referred to in paragraph (3) of that regulation, ^{F9}...
- (b) F9...

S is the amount which would be payable by the employer to the Inland Revenue under sections 559 and 559A of ICTA(3) (deduction on account of tax etc from payments to certain subcontractors) and regulation 8 of the Income Tax (Sub-contractors in the Construction Industry) Regulations 1993(4)^{FII}...;

F12 ...

SP is the amount which would be payable by the employer to employees by way of statutory sick pay, statutory maternity pay, statutory paternity pay and statutory adoption pay under the SSCBA; and

CD is—

- (a) if the employer is a company, the amount which others would deduct from payments to it, in its position as a sub-contractor, under section 559 of ICTA (deduction on account of tax etc from payments to certain sub-contractors);
- (b) in any other case, nil.
- (4) In this regulation—

"employed earner" has the same meaning as in the SSCBA;

"SSCBA" means the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992(5) or, in Northern Ireland, the Social Security Contribution and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992(6);

F13 ...
F14 ...
F14 ...

⁽²⁾ Paragraph 3B was inserted in Schedule 1 to the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4) by section 77(2) of the Child Support, Pensions and Social Security Act 2000 (c. 19), and in Schedule 1 to the Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992 (c. 7) by section 81(2) of the Child Support, Pensions and Social Security Act 2000.

⁽³⁾ Section 559 was amended by section 139 of, and paragraph 1 of Schedule 27 to, the Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), section 55(2) of the Finance Act 1998 (c. 36), Part 3(1) of Schedule 40 to the Finance Act 2002 (c. 23), paragraph 58 of Schedule 6 to ITEPA and by S.I. 1989/2405 (N.I. 19); section 559A was inserted by section 40(1) of the Finance Act 2002.

⁽⁴⁾ S.I. 1993/743.

^{(5) 1992} c. 4.

^{(6) 1992} c. 7.

Textual Amendments

- F5 Reg. 70(1A) inserted (6.4.2007) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1077), regs. 1, 14(2)
- F6 Formula in reg. 70(2) substituted (6.4.2006) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn, etc.), (Amendment) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/777), regs. 1(1), 3(a)
- F7 Words in reg. 70(3) inserted (6.4.2007) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1077), regs. 1, 14(3)(a)
- F8 Words in reg. 70(3) omitted (6.4.2006) by virtue of The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn, etc.), (Amendment) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/777), regs. 1(1), 3(b)(i)
- F9 Words in reg. 70(3) omitted (6.4.2006) by virtue of The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn, etc.), (Amendment) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/777), regs. 1(1), 3(b)(iii)
- **F10** Words in reg. 70(3) inserted (6.4.2007) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1077), regs. 1, **14(3)(b)**
- F11 Words in reg. 70(3) omitted (6.4.2006) by virtue of The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn, etc.), (Amendment) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/777), regs. 1(1), 3(b)(ii)
- F12 Words in reg. 70(3) omitted (6.4.2006) by virtue of The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn, etc.), (Amendment) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/777), regs. 1(1), 3(b)(iv)
- **F13** Words in reg. 70(4) omitted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 4(5)
- **F14** Words in reg. 70(4) omitted (6.4.2006) by virtue of The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn, etc.), (Amendment) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/777), regs. 1(1), **3(c)**

Commencement Information

I3 Reg. 70 in force at 6.4.2004, see **reg. 1**

Modification of regulation 68 in case of trade dispute

- 71.—(1) This regulation modifies the amount payable or recoverable by an employer under regulation 68 in cases where regulation 64 (trade disputes) applies—
 - (a) by providing for the amount which would otherwise be payable by the employer for a tax period to be reduced by an amount of repayments ("R") that cannot be made to employees in the tax period, and
 - (b) by providing—
 - (i) for amounts which would otherwise be payable in later tax periods to be increased, or
 - (ii) for amounts which would otherwise be recoverable in later tax periods to be reduced, by a total of R.
 - (2) This regulation applies for consecutive tax periods—
 - (a) starting with the first tax period at the end of which there is an amount calculated as due to be repaid but which is required to be withheld by regulation 64(5) (tax to be withheld during strike action), and
 - (b) ending with the next tax period at the end of which no amount is required to be withheld by that regulation.
- (3) Column 3 of Table 3 shows the amount payable under regulation 68(2) in the cases set out in column 2 for the first and subsequent tax periods.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

Table 3

Modified amount payable under regulation 68

1. Tax period	2. Case	3. Amount payable
First tax period	if B equals or exceeds A	nil
First tax period	any other case	A – B, reduced by P (or by so much of P as reduces the amount payable to nil)
Subsequent tax periods	if B equals or exceeds (A + Q)	nil
Subsequent tax periods	any other case	(A + Q) - B, reduced by P (or by so much of P as reduces the amount payable to nil).

- (4) The amount (if any) recoverable under regulation 68(3) must be reduced to the extent that it includes amounts—
 - (a) for which reduction was made under paragraph (3) in an earlier tax period, or
 - (b) which are otherwise being recovered.
 - (5) In this regulation—

A is—

- (a) the total amount of tax which the employer was liable to deduct from relevant payments made by the employer in the tax period, plus
- (b) the total amount of tax for which the employer was liable to account in respect of notional payments made by the employer in that period under regulation 62(5) (notional payments);

B is the total amount which the employer is liable to repay in the tax period, not including any amounts—

- (a) for which a reduction was made under paragraph (3) in an earlier tax period; or
- (b) which are being recovered under paragraph (4);

P is the total of amounts calculated as due to be repaid in the tax period but required to be withheld during that tax period by regulation 64(5);

Q is the total of amounts—

- (a) which, because of regulation 64(5)(b), are set off against tax due to be deducted in the tax period, and
- (b) which also, under paragraph (3), have reduced the amount payable in an earlier tax period.

Commencement Information

I4 Reg. 71 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

Recovery from employee of tax not deducted by employer

72.—(1) This regulation applies if—

- (a) it appears to the Inland Revenue that the deductible amount exceeds the amount actually deducted, and
- (b) condition A or B is met.
- (2) In this regulation [F15 and regulations 72A and 72B]—

"the deductible amount" is the amount which an employer was liable to deduct from relevant payments made to an employee in a tax period;

"the amount actually deducted" is the amount actually deducted by the employer from relevant payments made to that employee during that tax period;

"the excess" means the amount by which the deductible amount exceeds the amount actually deducted.

- (3) Condition A is that the employer satisfies the Inland Revenue—
 - (a) that the employer took reasonable care to comply with these Regulations, and
 - (b) that the failure to deduct the excess was due to an error made in good faith.
- (4) Condition B is that the Inland Revenue are of the opinion that the employee has received relevant payments knowing that the employer wilfully failed to deduct the amount of tax which should have been deducted from those payments.
- (5) The Inland Revenue may direct that the employer is not liable to pay the excess to the Inland Revenue.

[F16(5A) Any direction under paragraph (5) must be made by notice ("the direction notice"), stating the date the notice was issued, to—

- (a) the employer and the employee if condition A is met;
- (b) the employee if condition B is met.
- (5B) A notice need not be issued to the employee under paragraph (5A)(a) if neither the Inland Revenue nor the employer are aware of the employee's address or last known address.]
- (6) If a direction is made, the excess must not be added under regulation 185(5) or 188(3)(a) (adjustments to total net tax deducted for self-assessments and other assessments) in relation to the employee.
- (7) If condition B is met, tax payable by an employee as a result of a direction carries interest, as if it were unpaid tax due from an employer, in accordance with regulation 82 (interest on tax overdue).
 - (8) The tax payable carries interest from the reckonable date until whichever is the earlier of—
 - (a) the date on which payment is made, or
 - (b) the date (if any) immediately before the date on which it begins to carry interest under section 86 of TMA(7).

Textual Amendments

- **F15** Words in reg. 72(2) inserted (12.4.2004) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/851), regs. 1, **3(2)**
- **F16** Reg. 72(5A)(5B) inserted (12.4.2004) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/851), regs. 1, **3(3)**

Commencement Information

I5 Reg. 72 in force at 6.4.2004, see **reg. 1**

⁽⁷⁾ Section 86 was substituted by section 110(1) of the Finance Act 1995 (c. 4) and amended by section 131 of, and paragraph 3 of Schedule 18 to, the Finance Act 1996 (c. 8).

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

[F17Employer's request for a direction and appeal against refusal

- **72A.**—(1) In relation to condition A in regulation 72(3), the employer may by notice to the Inland Revenue ("the notice of request") request that the Inland Revenue make a direction under regulation 72(5).
 - (2) The notice of request must—
 - (a) state—
 - (i) how the employer took reasonable care to comply with these Regulations; and
 - (ii) how the error resulting in the failure to deduct the excess occurred;
 - (b) specify the relevant payments to which the request relates;
 - (c) specify the employee or employees to whom those relevant payments were made; and
 - (d) state the excess in relation to each employee.
- (3) The Inland Revenue may refuse the employer's request under paragraph (1) by notice to the employer ("the refusal notice") stating—
 - (a) the grounds for the refusal, and
 - (b) the date on which the refusal notice was issued.
 - (4) The employer may appeal against the refusal notice—
 - (a) by notice to the Inland Revenue,
 - (b) within 30 days of the issue of the refusal notice,
 - (c) specifying the grounds of the appeal.
 - (5) For the purpose of paragraph (4) the grounds of appeal are that—
 - (a) the employer did take reasonable care to comply with these Regulations, and
 - (b) the failure to deduct the excess was due to an error made in good faith.
- (6) If on appeal under paragraph (4) [F18 that is notified to the tribunal] it appears to the [F19 tribunal] that the refusal notice should not have been issued [F20 the tribunal] may direct that the Inland Revenue make a direction under regulation 72(5) in an amount the [F21 tribunal determines] is the excess for one or more tax periods falling within the relevant tax year.

Textual Amendments

- **F17** Regs. 72A-72D inserted (12.4.2004) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/851), regs. 1, 4
- F18 Words in reg. 72A(6) inserted (1.4.2009) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 96(2)
- F19 Word in reg. 72A(6) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 96(3)
- **F20** Words in reg. 72A(6) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 96(4)**
- **F21** Words in reg. 72A(6) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 96(5)**

Employee's appeal against a direction notice where condition A is met

- 72B.—(1) An employee may appeal against a direction notice under regulation 72(5A)(a)—
 - (a) by notice to the Inland Revenue,

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

- (b) within 30 days of the issue of the direction notice,
- (c) specifying the grounds of the appeal
- (2) For the purpose of paragraph (1) the grounds of appeal are that—
 - (a) the employer did not act in good faith,
 - (b) the employer did not take reasonable care, or
 - (c) the excess is incorrect.
- (3) On an appeal under paragraph (1) [F22 that is notified to the tribunal, the tribunal] may—
 - (a) if it appears ^{F23}... that the direction notice should not have been made, set aside the direction notice; or
 - (b) if it appears F23... that the excess specified in the direction notice is incorrect, increase or reduce the excess specified in the notice accordingly.

Textual Amendments

- **F17** Regs. 72A-72D inserted (12.4.2004) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/851), regs. 1, 4
- **F22** Words in reg. 72B(3) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 97(2)**
- F23 Words in reg. 72B(3)(a)(b) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 97(3)

Employee's appeal against a direction notice where condition B is met

- 72C.—(1) An employee may appeal against a direction notice under regulation 72(5A)(b)—
 - (a) by notice to the Inland Revenue,
 - (b) within 30 days of the issue of the direction notice,
 - (c) specifying the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) For the purpose of paragraph (1) the grounds of appeal are that—
 - (a) the employee did not receive the payments knowing that the employer wilfully failed to deduct the amount of tax which should have been deducted from those payments, or
 - (b) the excess is incorrect.
- (3) On an appeal under paragraph (1) [F24that is notified to the tribunal, the tribunal] may—
 - (a) if it appears F25... that the direction notice should not have been made, set aside the direction notice; or
 - (b) if it appears F25... that the excess specified in the direction notice is incorrect, increase or reduce the excess specified in the notice accordingly.

Textual Amendments

- **F17** Regs. 72A-72D inserted (12.4.2004) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/851), regs. 1, 4
- **F24** Words in reg. 72C(3) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 98(2)**
- F25 Words in reg. 72C(3)(a)(b) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 98(3)

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

Annoale	ciinn	lamantarv	provisions
ADDUAIS.	SUDD.	icincinai v	D1 0 4 1210 H2
1 1			1

72D. 81A].	.—(1) This regulation applies to appeals under regulations 72A(4), 72B, [F2672C, 72G and
-)
)
	[F28This paragraph applies if] in respect of the same error by an employer in relation to on A in regulation 72(3)—
(a	n) more than one employee is appealing under regulation 72B; or
(b	there is an appeal by an employer under regulation 72A(4) and by an employee under regulation 72B
F29	
F30(5)
)
)
[F31(8 and the	8) Where paragraph (4) applies or the appeal is material to the liability to tax of the employer employee, all the persons concerned are entitled to be parties to the appeal.]
F32(9))]
	al Amendments
F17	Regs. 72A-72D inserted (12.4.2004) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/851), regs. 1, 4
F26	Words in 72D(1) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 6
F27	Reg. 72D(2)(3) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 99(2)
F28	Words in reg. 72D(4) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 99(3)(a)
F29	Words in reg. 72D(4) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue

[F33Conditions where regulation 72F applies

- **72E.**—(1) Regulation 72F applies where—
 - (a) an employee has received a relevant payment;
 - (b) it appears to HMRC that an amount intended to represent tax on the payment—

and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 99(3)(b)

Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 99(2)

Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 99(5)

Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 99(4)

F30 Reg. 72D(5)-(7) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and

Reg. 72D(8) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs

Reg. 72D(9) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and

- (i) has been self-assessed, or
- (ii) has not been self-assessed, but has been paid under section 59A TMA (payments on account of income tax), section 559A of ICTA (treatment of sums deducted under

s.559 (sub-contractors)) or section 62 of the Finance Act 2004 (treatment of sums deducted (sub-contractors));

- (c) any of conditions A, B and C is met;
- (d) a trigger event has occurred; and
- (e) a trigger event did not occur before 6th April 2008.
- (2) Condition A is that it appears to HMRC that the amount which the employer was liable to deduct—
 - (a) from the relevant payment; or
- (b) in the case of a notional payment, from other relevant payments, exceeds the amount actually deducted.
- (3) Condition B is that it appears to HMRC that the amount for which the employer was required to account under regulation 62(5) (notional payments) in respect of the relevant payment exceeds the amount actually accounted for.
 - (4) Condition C is that—
 - (a) tax on the relevant payment was included in a determination under regulation 80 (determination of unpaid tax and appeal against determination); and
 - (b) the full amount of the determination is not paid within 30 days from the date on which the determination became final and conclusive.
 - (5) The following are trigger events—
 - (a) HMRC serve notice of a determination under regulation 80 that includes tax on the relevant payment;
 - (b) HMRC receive a return under section 8 of TMA (personal return) which includes a self-assessment which includes tax on the relevant payment as tax treated as deducted;
 - (c) HMRC receive—
 - (i) an amended return under section 9ZA of TMA (amendment of personal or trustee return by taxpayer), or
 - (ii) a claim under section 33 of TMA (error or mistake),

which includes tax on the relevant payment as tax treated as deducted;

- (d) HMRC receive a letter of offer.
- (6) In paragraph (5)—

"letter of offer" means an offer in writing by the employer to agree an amount in settlement of the employer's liability to pay an amount that includes tax on the relevant payment;

"tax treated as deducted" has the meaning given by regulation 185(6).

- (7) For the purposes of this regulation tax is self-assessed if—
 - (a) it is included in a return under section 8 of TMA which includes a self-assessment; and
 - (b) ignoring any relevant credit, the tax is or would be assessed as payable by way of income tax.
- (8) In paragraph (7), "relevant credit" means—
 - (a) a payment made under section 59A of TMA (payments on account of income tax) or 59B (payment of income tax and capital gains tax); or
 - (b) tax deducted at source or tax treated as deducted (within the meaning given by regulation 185(6)).

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F33 Regs. 72E-72G inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 7

Recovery from employee of tax that has been self-assessed etc.

- **72F.**—(1) Where this regulation applies, HMRC may direct that the employer is not liable to pay an amount of tax to them.
- (2) The direction may be in respect of one or more amounts that appear to HMRC to fall within regulation 72E(1)(b)(i) and (ii).
 - (3) A direction must be made by notice to both the employer and the employee, stating—
 - (a) the date the notice was issued;
 - (b) the amount (or amounts) within regulation 72E(1)(b) to which it relates; and
 - (c) which of conditions A, B and C in regulation 72E have been met.
- (4) A direction may be combined with one or more other directions relating to the same employer and may be made by issuing one notice to the employer, but each employee must be issued with a separate notice.
- (5) A notice need not be issued to the employee if neither HMRC nor the employer are aware of the employee's address or last known address.
- (6) The amount specified in a notice to the employee must not be added under regulation 185(5) or 188(3)(a) (adjustments to total net tax deducted for self-assessments and other assessments) in relation to the employee.

Textual Amendments

F33 Regs. 72E-72G inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 7

Employee's appeal against a direction notice

- **72G.**—(1) An employee may appeal against a direction notice under regulation 72F—
 - (a) by notice to HMRC,
 - (b) within 30 days of the issue of the direction notice,
 - (c) specifying the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1) the grounds of appeal are that—
 - (a) the employee did not receive a relevant payment;
 - (b) the amount specified in the notice is incorrect, because all or part of it did not fall within regulation 72E(1)(b)(i) or (ii);
 - (c) no trigger event within regulation 72E(5) occurred; or
 - (d) a trigger event within regulation 72E(5) occurred before 6th April 2008.
- (3) On an appeal under paragraph (1) [F34that is notified to the tribunal, the tribunal] may—
 - (a) if it appears F35... that the direction should not have been made, set aside the direction; or

(b) if it appears F35... that the amount specified in the notice is incorrect, increase or reduce the amount accordingly.]

Textual Amendments

- F33 Regs. 72E-72G inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 7
- F34 Words in reg. 72G(3) substituted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 100(2)
- F35 Words in reg. 72G(3)(a)(b) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 100(3)

Annual returns of relevant payments and tax

Annual return of relevant payments liable to deduction of tax (Forms P35 and P14)

- **73.**—(1) Before 20th May following the end of a tax year, an employer must deliver to the Inland Revenue a return containing the following information.
 - (2) The information is—
 - (a) the tax year to which the return relates,
 - (b) the total amount of the relevant payments made by the employer during the tax year to all employees in respect of whom the employer was required at any time during that year to prepare or maintain deductions working sheets, and
 - (c) the total net tax deducted in relation to those payments.
- (3) The return must be supported by the following information in respect of each of the employees mentioned in paragraph (2)(b).
 - (4) The supporting information is—
 - (a) the employee's name,
 - (b) the employee's address, if known,
 - (c) either-
 - (i) the employee's national insurance number, or
 - (ii) if that number is not known, the employee's date of birth, if known, and sex,
 - (d) the employee's code,
 - (e) the tax year to which the return relates,
 - (f) the total amount of the relevant payments made by the employer to the employee during that tax year, and
 - (g) the total net tax deducted in relation to those payments.
 - (5) Paragraphs (2)(c) and (4)(g) are subject to regulation 64(7) (trade disputes).
- (6) If an employee was taken into employment after the beginning of the tax year, the employer must also provide the total amounts of—
 - (a) any amounts required by regulation 43(9), 52(11), 53(3) or 61(3) to be treated as relevant payments made by the employer to the employee during the tax year,
 - (b) any amounts treated as tax deducted by the employer by any of those regulations,
 - (c) the sum of the figures given under sub-paragraph (a) of this paragraph and paragraph (4)(f),

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

- (d) the sum of the figures given under sub-paragraph (b) of this paragraph and paragraph (4) (g).
- (7) The return must include—
 - (a) a statement and declaration containing a list of all deductions working sheets which the employer was required to prepare or maintain at any time during that tax year; and
 - (b) a certificate showing—
 - (i) the total net tax deducted or the total net tax repaid in the case of each employee, and
 - (ii) the total net tax deducted or repaid in respect of all the employees,

during that tax year.

- (8) The statement and declaration and the certificate must be—
 - (a) signed by the employer, or
 - (b) if the employer is a body corporate, signed either by the secretary or by a director.
- (9) Paragraph (8) is subject to regulation 211(5) (authentication in approved manner if return sent electronically).
 - (10) Section 98A of TMA(8) (special penalties in case of certain returns) applies to paragraph (1).

Commencement Information

I6 Reg. 73 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

I^{F36}Amended returns of relevant payments and tax (Forms P14 and P35(RL))

- **73A.**—(1) This regulation applies where, as a result of a retrospective tax provision, the total amount of the relevant payments made by an employer to employees increases for any closed tax year.
- (2) Where this regulation applies, before 20th May following the end of the tax year in which the enactment containing the retrospective tax provision is passed, the employer must deliver to HMRC a return containing the following information.
 - (3) The information is—
 - (a) the tax year to which the return relates,
 - (b) the revised total amounts of the relevant payments made, or treated as made, during the tax year to all employees in respect of whom the employer was required, or has subsequently become required, to prepare or maintain deductions working sheets for any time during that year,
 - (c) the total net tax deducted in respect of those payments.
- (4) The return must be supported by the same information in respect of each of the employees mentioned in paragraph (3)(b) as is required by regulation 73(3) to support a return under that regulation.
 - (5) The return must include—
 - (a) a statement and declaration containing a list of all deductions working sheets which the employer was required to prepare or maintain at any time during that year, and
 - (b) a certificate showing —

⁽⁸⁾ Section 98A was inserted by section 165(1) of the Finance Act 1989 (c. 26) and amended by paragraph 138 of Schedule 6 to ITEPA.

- (i) the total original net tax deducted or repaid in the case of each employee,
- (ii) the revised total net tax deducted or repaid in the case of each employee;
- (iii) the total original net tax deducted or repaid in respect of all the employees,
- (iv) the revised total net tax deducted or repaid in respect of all the employees, and
- (v) the difference between the figures given in paragraphs (iii) and (iv) above.
- (6) The statement and declaration and the certificate must be—
 - (a) signed by the employer, or
 - (b) if the employer is a body corporate, signed either by the secretary or by a director.
- (7) Section 98A of TMA (special penalties in case of certain returns) applies to a return under paragraph (2).]

Textual Amendments

F36 Reg. 73A inserted (6.4.2007) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1077), regs. 1, **15**

Annual return of relevant payments not liable to deduction of tax (Form P38A)

- **74.**—(1) Before 20th May following the end of a tax year, an employer must deliver a return to the Inland Revenue in respect of every relevant employee.
 - (2) The return must contain the following information—
 - (a) the employee's name,
 - (b) the employee's address, if known,
 - (c) the employee's national insurance number, if known,
 - (d) the employee's job title or description,
 - (e) the tax year to which the return relates,
 - (f) the dates during which the employee was employed in the tax year, and
 - (g) the total amount of the relevant payments made by the employer to the employee during the tax year.
 - (3) A "relevant employee" is one—
 - (a) to whom relevant payments exceeding the PAYE threshold were made at any time during the tax year,
 - (b) who was employed for more than a week, or
 - (c) who was paid more than £100 during the tax year.
 - (4) But the following are not relevant employees—
 - (a) an employee included on a return under regulation 73 (Forms P35 and P14),
 - (b) an employee who has indicated that statement A or statement B [F37 applies] on Form P46 (see regulation 46), and to whom the employer has not made relevant payments exceeding the PAYE threshold at any time during that tax year.

Textual Amendments

F37 Word in reg. 74(4)(b) substituted (6.4.2006) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2005 (S.I. 2005/2691), regs. 1, 9(2)

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

I7 Reg. 74 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

Additional return in case of trade dispute

- 75.—(1) An employer must immediately deliver an additional return to the Inland Revenue on each occasion that—
 - (a) the employer has not made any repayment of tax withheld under regulation 64(5) (trade disputes) within 42 days after the end of the employee's strike action, and
 - (b) a return has been made under regulation 73 which, in accordance with regulation 64(7) (b), treats that tax as if it were repaid.
 - (2) The return must contain the following information—
 - (a) the tax year to which it relates,
 - (b) such information as the Board of Inland Revenue may require for identifying each of the employees in question, and
 - (c) the amount of tax not repaid to each of those employees.
 - (3) The return must be accompanied by a statement containing the following information—
 - (a) a list of all employees in respect of whom the additional return is made,
 - (b) the amount of tax not repaid to each of those employees,
 - (c) the total tax not repaid by the employer to those employees for that tax year.

Commencement Information

I8 Reg. 75 in force at 6.4.2004, see **reg. 1**

Failure to account for deductible tax

Certificate if tax in regulation 73 return is unpaid

- **76.**—(1) Paragraph (2) applies if an employer—
 - (a) delivers a return under regulation 73 showing an amount of total net tax deducted by the employer for a tax year, and
 - (b) does not pay that amount to the Inland Revenue before 20th April following the end of the tax year.
- (2) The Inland Revenue may prepare a certificate showing how much of that amount remains unpaid.
 - (3) Regulation 218 deals with the use of certificates as evidence that sums are due and unpaid.

Commencement Information

19 Reg. 76 in force at 6.4.2004, see **reg. 1**

Return and certificate if tax may be unpaid

- 77.—(1) This regulation applies if, 17 days or more after the end of a tax period, condition A or B is met.
 - (2) Condition A is that—
 - (a) an employer has not paid any tax under regulation 68 for that tax period, and
 - (b) the Inland Revenue are unaware of the amount (if any) which the employer is liable to pay.
 - (3) Condition B is that—
 - (a) an employer has paid an amount of tax under regulation 68 for that period, but
 - (b) the Inland Revenue are not satisfied that it is the full amount which the employer is liable to pay for that period.
- (4) The Inland Revenue may give notice to the employer requiring the employer within 14 days of the issue of the notice to deliver a return showing the amount of tax which the employer is liable to pay under regulation 68 in respect of the tax period.
- (5) If the notice extends to two or more consecutive tax periods in a tax year, this regulation has effect as if they were one tax period.
- (6) On receiving a return made by the employer under paragraph (4), the Inland Revenue may prepare a certificate showing the amount of tax which the employer is liable to pay for the tax period and how much (if any) of that amount remains unpaid.
 - (7) Regulation 218 deals with the use of certificates as evidence that sums are due and unpaid.

Commencement Information

I10 Reg. 77 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

Notice and certificate if tax may be unpaid

- **78.**—(1) This regulation applies if, 17 days or more after the end of a tax period, condition A or B is met.
 - (2) Condition A is that—
 - (a) an employer has not paid any tax under regulation 68 for that tax period, and
 - (b) [F38HMRC] have reason to believe that the employer is liable to pay an amount of tax.
 - (3) Condition B is that—
 - (a) an employer has paid an amount of tax under regulation 68 for that tax period, but
 - (b) [F39HMRC] are not satisfied, after seeking the employer's explanation, that it is the full amount which the employer is liable to pay for that period.
- (4) [F40HMRC], on consideration of the employer's record of past payments [F41whether of tax or of combined amounts], may—
 - (a) specify, to the best of their judgment, the amount of tax [F42 or a combined amount] which they consider the employer is liable to pay, and
 - (b) serve notice on the employer requiring payment of that amount within 7 days of the issue of the notice ("the notice period").
- (5) If the notice extends to two or more consecutive tax periods in a tax year, this regulation has effect as if they were the latest tax period specified in the notice.
 - (6) If, during the notice period, the employer—

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) claims that any payment made in respect of the tax period specified in the notice is [F43 or includes] the full amount [F44 of tax] the employer is liable to pay, but
- (b) does not satisfy [F45HMRC] that this is the case,

the employer may require [F45HMRC] to inspect the employer's PAYE records as if the employer had been required to produce those records [F46under Schedule 36 to the Finance Act 2008 (information and inspection powers)].

- (7) If there is an inspection by virtue of paragraph (6) ^{F47}... the notice given by [F48HMRC] under paragraph (4) must be disregarded.
- (8) If the amount ^{F49}... specified in the notice, or any part of it, is not paid during the notice period—
 - (a) the amount unpaid is treated as an amount of tax [F50 or as including an amount of tax] which the employer was liable to pay for that tax period under regulation 68, and
 - (b) [F51HMRC] may prepare a certificate showing how much of that [F52amount] remains unpaid.
 - (9) But paragraph (8) does not apply if during the notice period—
 - (a) the employer pays the full amount of tax which the employer is liable to pay under regulation 68 for that tax period, or
 - (b) the employer satisfies [F53HMRC] that no amount, or no further amount, is due for that tax period.
- (10) Paragraph (11) applies if the employer pays an amount [F54 of tax, whether separately or as part of a combined amount, which is] certified under this regulation [F55 and] which exceeds the amount the employer would have been liable to pay in respect of that tax period apart from this regulation.
- (11) The employer is entitled to set off the excess [F56tax] against any amount which the employer is liable to pay under regulation 68 for any subsequent tax period in the tax year.
 - (12) Paragraph (13) applies if the employer—
 - (a) delivers the return required by regulation 73(1) after the end of the tax year, and
 - (b) pays the total net tax which the employer is liable to pay.
- (13) Any excess of tax paid, and not otherwise recovered by set-off in accordance with this regulation, must be repaid.
 - (14) Regulation 218 deals with the use of certificates as evidence that sums are due and unpaid.

Textual Amendments

- **F38** Word in reg. 78(2)(b) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(2)
- **F39** Word in reg. 78(3)(b) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(3)
- **F40** Word in reg. 78(4) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(4)(a)
- **F41** Words in reg. 78(4) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, **8(4)(b)**
- **F42** Words in reg. 78(4)(a) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(4)(c)

- **F43** Words in reg. 78(6)(a) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(5)(a)(i)
- **F44** Words in reg. 78(6)(a) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(5)(a)(ii)
- **F45** Word in reg. 78(6) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, **8(5)(b)**
- F46 Words in reg. 78(6) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/588), regs. 1(1), 4(a)
- F47 Words in reg. 78(7) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/588), regs. 1(1), 4(b)
- **F48** Word in reg. 78(7) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(6)
- **F49** Words in reg. 78(8) omitted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(7)(a)
- **F50** Words in reg. 78(8)(a) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(7)(b)
- **F51** Word in reg. 78(8)(b) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(7)(c)(i)
- **F52** Word in reg. 78(8)(b) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(7)(c)(ii)
- F53 Word in reg. 78(9) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(8)
- F54 Words in reg. 78(10) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(9)(a)
- **F55** Word in reg. 78(10) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 8(9)(b)
- **F56** Word in reg. 78(11) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, **8(10)**

Commencement Information

III Reg. 78 in force at 6.4.2004, see **reg. 1**

Certificate after inspection of PAYE records

- **79.**—(1) This regulation applies if there is an inspection of an employer's PAYE records under [F57Schedule 36 to the Finance Act 2008 (information and inspection powers)].
- (2) The Inland Revenue may, by reference to the information obtained from the inspection, prepare a certificate showing—
 - (a) the amount of tax which it appears that the employer is liable to pay for the tax years or tax periods covered by the inspection; and
 - (b) any amount of that tax which remains unpaid.
 - (3) Regulation 218 deals with the use of certificates as evidence that sums are due and unpaid.

Textual Amendments

F57 Words in reg. 79(1) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/588), regs. 1(1), 5

Commencement Information

I12 Reg. 79 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

Determination of unpaid tax and appeal against determination

- **80.**—(1) This regulation applies if it appears to [F58HMRC] that there may be tax payable for a tax year under regulation 68 by an employer which has neither been—
 - (a) paid to [F58HMRC], nor
 - (b) certified by [F58HMRC] under regulation 76, 77, 78 or 79.
- (2) [F59HMRC] may determine the amount of that tax to the best of their judgment, and serve notice of their determination on the employer.
- (3) A determination under this regulation must not include tax in respect of which a direction under regulation 72(5) has been made; and directions under that regulation do not apply to tax determined under this regulation.
- [^{F60}(3A) A determination under this regulation must not include tax in respect of which a direction under regulation 72F has been made.]
 - (4) A determination under this regulation may—
 - (a) cover the tax payable by the employer under regulation 68 for any one or more tax periods in a tax year, and
 - (b) extend to the whole of that tax, or to such part of it as is payable in respect of—
 - (i) a class or classes of employees specified in the notice of determination (without naming the individual employees), or
 - (ii) one or more named employees specified in the notice.
- (5) A determination under this regulation is subject to Parts 4, 5 ^{F61}... and 6 of TMA (assessment, appeals, collection and recovery) as if—
 - (a) the determination were an assessment, and
- (b) the amount of tax determined were income tax charged on the employer, and those Parts of that Act apply accordingly with any necessary modifications.

F62	6)																

Textual Amendments

- **F58** Word in reg. 80(1) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 9(a)
- **F59** Word in reg. 80(2) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, **9(b)**
- **F60** Reg. 80(3A) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, **9(c)**
- **F61** Words in reg. 80(5) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 101(2)**
- F62 Reg. 80(6) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 101(3)

Commencement Information

I13 Reg. 80 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

Employee liability if tax unpaid after regulation 80 determination

81.—(1) This regulation applies if—

- (a) any part of the tax determined under regulation 80 is not paid within 30 days from the date on which the determination became final and conclusive, and
- (b) condition A or B is met in relation to an employee.
- (2) Condition A is that the Inland Revenue are of the opinion that the employee in respect of whose relevant payments the determination was made has received those payments knowing that the employer has wilfully failed to deduct the amount of tax which should have been deducted from those payments.
- (3) Condition B is that the unpaid tax represents an amount for which the employer was required to account under regulation 62(5) (notional payments) in relation to a notional payment to the employee.
- (4) The Inland Revenue may direct that the employer is not liable to pay the amount of tax which appears to them should have been but was not—
 - (a) deducted on making those relevant payments, or
 - (b) accounted for under regulation 62(5).
- [^{F63}(4A) If condition A or B is met, any direction under paragraph (4) must be made by notice ("the direction notice") to the employee stating the date the notice was issued.]
- (5) If a direction is made, the amount of tax must not be added under regulation 185(5) or 188(3) (a) (adjustments for self-assessments and other assessments) in relation to the employee.
- (6) Tax payable by an employee as a result of a direction carries interest, as if it were unpaid tax due from an employer, in accordance with regulation 82 (interest on tax overdue).
 - (7) The tax payable carries interest from the reckonable date until whichever is the earlier of—
 - (a) the date on which payment is made, or
 - (b) the date (if any) immediately before the date on which it begins to carry interest under section 86 of TMA(9).

Textual Amendments

F63 Reg. 81(4A) inserted (12.4.2004) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/851), regs. 1, 5

Commencement Information

I14 Reg. 81 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

[F64Employee's appeal against direction notice

- **81A.**—(1) An employee may appeal against a direction notice under regulation 81(4A)—
 - (a) by notice to the Inland Revenue,
 - (b) within 30 days of the issue of the direction notice,
 - (c) specifying the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) For the purpose of paragraph (1) the grounds of appeal are that—
 - (a) in relation to condition A in regulation 81, the employee did not receive the payments knowing that the employer wilfully failed to deduct the amount of tax which should have been deducted from those payments,

⁽⁹⁾ Section 86 was substituted by section 110(1) of the Finance Act 1995 (c. 4) and amended by section 131 of, and paragraph 3 of Schedule 18 to, the Finance Act 1996 (c. 8).

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

- (b) in relation to condition B in regulation 81, the relevant payment was not a notional payment, or
- (c) the excess is incorrect.
- (3) On an appeal under paragraph (1) [F65that is notified to the tribunal, the tribunal] may—
 - (a) if it appears ^{F66}... that the direction notice should not have been made, set aside the notice; or
 - (b) if it appears F66... that the amount of tax specified in the direction notice is incorrect, increase or reduce the amount specified in the notice accordingly.
- (4) Regulation 72D applies to appeals under this regulation.]

Textual Amendments

- **F64** Reg. 81A inserted (12.4.2004) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/851), regs. 1, 6
- **F65** Words in reg. 81A(3) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 102(2)**
- **F66** Words in reg. 81A(3)(a)(b) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 102(3)**

Interest

Interest on tax overdue

- **82.**—(1) This regulation applies if an employer has not paid to [F67HMRC] the total net tax payable in respect of a tax year by the reckonable date.
- (2) Any unpaid tax carries interest at the prescribed rate from the reckonable date until payment ("the interest period").
- (3) Paragraph (2) applies even if the reckonable date is a non-business day as defined by section 92 of the Bills of Exchange Act 1882(10).
- (4) But paragraph (2) does not apply to any tax which the employer does not have to pay as a result of a direction made under [^{F68}regulation 72(5), 72F] or 81(4).
- (5) Any change made to the prescribed rate during the interest period applies to the unpaid tax from the date of the change.
 - (6) The "total net tax payable" in respect of a tax year is—
 - (a) the total of any amounts payable by the employer under regulation 68 for tax periods in the tax year, less
 - (b) the total of any amounts recoverable from the Board of Inland Revenue under regulation 68(3)(b) for those tax periods.
- (7) The "prescribed rate" means the rate applicable under section 178 of the Finance Act 1989(11) for the purposes of section 86 of TMA.
- (8) [F69Except where tax is due in respect of a closed tax year by virtue of a retrospective tax provision,] the "reckonable date" means—

^{(10) 1882} c. 61; section 92 was amended by sections 3(1) and 4(4) of the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971 (c. 80).

^{(11) 1989} c. 26, to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations.

- (a) 17 days after the end of the tax year, if payment is made using an approved method of electronic communications, or
- (b) 14 days after the end of the tax year, in any other case.
- [^{F70}(9) Where tax is due in respect of a closed tax year by virtue of a retrospective tax provision, the "reckonable date" means 14 days after the end of the tax month following that in which the retrospective tax provision is passed.]

Textual Amendments

- **F67** Word in reg. 82(1) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, **10(a)**
- F68 Words in reg. 82(4) substituted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 10(b)
- **F69** Words in reg. 82(8) inserted (6.4.2007) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1077), regs. 1, **16(2)**
- **F70** Reg. 82(9) added (6.4.2007) by The Income Tax (Pay as You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/1077), regs. 1, **16(3)**

Commencement Information

I15 Reg. 82 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

Interest on tax overpaid

- **83.**—(1) This regulation applies if tax is repaid to an employer after the end of the tax year in respect of which the tax was paid.
 - (2) The tax repaid carries interest at the prescribed rate from the later of—
 - (a) 14 days after the end of the tax year, and
- (b) the date on which the payment of tax for that tax year was made, until the order for the repayment is issued ("the interest period").
- (3) Any change made to the prescribed rate during the interest period applies to the tax repaid from the date of the change.
- (4) "The prescribed rate" means the rate applicable under section 178 of the Finance Act 1989 for the purposes of section 824 of ICTA(12).

Commencement Information

I16 Reg. 83 in force at 6.4.2004, see reg. 1

Recovery

Recovery of tax and interest

84.—(1) In this regulation, "the unpaid amount" means any amount of tax or interest which—

⁽¹²⁾ Section 824 was amended by paragraph 7 of Schedule 13 to the Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), sections 110(5), 111(4), 158(2) and 179(1) of, and Parts 4, 8 and 10 of Schedule 17 to, the Finance Act 1989 (c. 26), paragraph 14(52) of Schedule 10 to the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (c. 12), paragraph 41 of Schedule 19 to the Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), section 92 of the Finance Act 1997 (c. 16), section 41 of the Finance Act 1999 (c. 16), section 90 of the Finance Act 2001 (c. 9) and paragraph 104 of Schedule 6 to ITEPA.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) an employer is liable to pay under regulation 76(2), 77(6), 78(8), 79(2)(b) or 82(2);
- (b) an employee is liable to pay under regulation 72(7) or regulation 81(6).
- (2) Part 6 of TMA (collection and recovery) applies to the recovery of the unpaid amount [F71 or combined amount and any interest on it] as if it were income tax charged on the employer or employee (as the case may be) but with the modification indicated in paragraph (3).
- (3) Summary proceedings for the recovery of the unpaid amount may be brought in England and Wales or Northern Ireland at any time before the end of the period which applies for the purposes of the regulation in question, as shown in Table 4.

Table 4

Period for summary proceedings for the recovery of unpaid amount

1. Regulation	2. Period
Regulation 76(2)	(a) (a) 12 months after the date by which the statement specified in regulation 73(7) must be delivered, or
	(b) if that statement is delivered after that date,12 months after its delivery.
Regulations 77(6), 78(8) and 82(2)	(a) (a) 12 months after the date on which the unpaid amount [^{F72} or combined amount and any interest on it] became payable, or
	(b) if a return has been required under regulation 77, 12 months after the date of the delivery of that return to the Inland Revenue.
Regulation 79(2)(b)	12 months after the date of the certificate.
Regulations 72(7) and 81(6)	12 months after the date on which the unpaid amount became payable.

- (4) Proceedings against an employer may be brought for the recovery of the unpaid amount [F73 or combined amount and any interest on it] without distinguishing the amounts which the employer is liable to pay in respect of each employee and without specifying the employees in question.
- (5) The unpaid amount [F⁷⁴ or combined amount and any interest on it] is one cause of action or one matter of complaint for the purposes of proceedings under sections 65, 66 and 67 of TMA(13) (magistrates' courts, county courts and inferior courts in Scotland).
- (6) But paragraphs (4) and (5) do not prevent the bringing of separate proceedings for the recovery of each of the amounts which the employer is liable to pay for any tax period in respect of each of the employees.

⁽¹³⁾ Section 65 was amended by section 57(1) of the Finance Act 1984 (c. 43) and paragraph 30 of Schedule 19 to the Finance Act 1998 (c. 36); section 66 was amended by section 57(2) of the Finance Act 1984, section 89(1) of the Finance Act 2001 (c. 9), S.I. 1980/397 (N.I. 3) and S.I. 1991/724; section 67 was amended by section 58 of the Finance Act 1976 (c. 40), section 156 of the Finance Act 1995 (c. 4) and section 89(1) of the Finance Act 2001.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

- **F71** Words in reg. 84(2) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, **11(2)**
- F72 Words in reg. 84(3) Table 4 inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 11(3)
- **F73** Words in reg. 84(4) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, **11(4)**
- **F74** Words in reg. 84(5) inserted (6.4.2008) by The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/782), regs. 1, 11(5)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 Reg. 84 applied (with modifications) (6.4.2009) by The Education (Student Loans) (Repayment) Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/470), regs. 1(1), 57(2) (with reg. 1(6))

Commencement Information

I17 Reg. 84 in force at 6.4.2004, see **reg. 1**

Status:

Point in time view as at 06/04/2009.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Pay As You Earn) Regulations 2003, CHAPTER 1.