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*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

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## STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

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# 2005 No. 3361

## NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE, ENGLAND

### The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005

<i>Made</i>	- - - -	<i>6th December 2005</i>
<i>Laid before Parliament</i>		<i>9th December 2005</i>
<i>Coming into force</i>	- -	<i>1st January 2006</i>

The Secretary of State for Health makes the following Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred upon her by sections 28L, 28M, 28O, 28P and 126(4) of the National Health Service Act 1977 <sup>M1</sup> and section 4(5) of the National Health Service and Community Care Act 1990 <sup>M2</sup>.

#### Marginal Citations

- M1** 1977 c. 49; sections 28L, 28M, 28O and 28P were inserted into the Act by section 172(1) of the [Health and Social Care \(Community Health and Standards\) Act 2003 \(c. 43\)](#) (“the 2003 Act”); and section 126(4) was amended by section 65(2) of the [National Health Service and Community Care Act 1990 \(c. 19\)](#) (“the 1990 Act”), the [Health Act 1999 \(c. 8\)](#) (“the 1999 Act”), Schedule 4, paragraph 37(6) and the [Health and Social Care Act 2001 \(c. 15\)](#) (“the 2001 Act”), Schedule 5, paragraph 5(13)(b). See section 128(1) of the Act as amended by the 1990 Act, section 26(2)(g) and (i), for the definitions of “prescribed” and “regulations”.
- M2** 1990 c. 19.

## PART 1 **E+W**

### GENERAL

#### Citation, commencement and application **E+W**

1.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005 and shall come into force on 1st January 2006.

(2) These Regulations apply in relation to England only <sup>M3</sup>.

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### Marginal Citations

**M3** As regards Wales, the functions of the Secretary of State under sections 28L, 28M, 28O, 28P and 126(4) of the Act and section 4 of the 1990 Act were transferred to Wales under [S.I. 1999/672](#), [article 2](#) and Schedule 1, as amended by the 1999 Act, section 66(5) and as read with section 40(1) of the [National Health Service Reform and Health Care Professions Act 2002 \(c. 17\)](#) (“the 2002 Act”) and section 197(1) of the 2003 Act.

### Interpretation **E+W**

2.—(1) In these Regulations—

“the Act” means the National Health Service Act 1977;

“the 1990 Act” means the National Health Service and Community Care Act 1990;

“additional services” means one or more of—

- (a) advanced mandatory services;
- (b) dental public health services;
- (c) domiciliary services;
- (d) orthodontic services; and
- (e) sedation services;

“adjudicator” means the Secretary of State or a person or persons appointed by the Secretary of State under section 4(5) of the 1990 Act (NHS contracts) or paragraph 55(4) of Schedule 3 (NHS dispute resolution procedure);

“advanced mandatory services” means any primary dental service that would fall within the services described in regulation 14 (mandatory services), but by virtue of the high level of facilities, experience or expertise required in respect of a particular patient, is provided as a referral service;

“Band 1 course of treatment” means a course of treatment, including a course of treatment consisting of urgent treatment, provided to a patient in respect of which a Band 1 NHS Charge is payable pursuant to the NHS Charges Regulations, or would be payable if the patient was not an exempt person;

“Band 2 course of treatment” means a course of treatment provided to a patient in respect of which a Band 2 NHS Charge is payable pursuant to the NHS Charges Regulations, or would be payable if the patient was not an exempt person;

“Band 3 course of treatment” means a course of treatment provided to a patient in respect of which a Band 3 NHS Charge is payable pursuant to the NHS Charges Regulations, or would be payable if the patient was not an exempt person;

“banded course of treatment” means a Band 1, Band 2 or Band 3 course of treatment;

“bank holiday” means any day that is specified or proclaimed as a bank holiday in England pursuant to section 1 of the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971 <sup>M4</sup>;

“bridge” means a fixed or removable bridge which takes the place of any teeth;

[<sup>F1</sup>“Capitation and Quality Scheme Agreement” means an agreement containing such terms and conditions relating to the provision of primary dental services as are required by, and which is made in accordance with, directions given by the Secretary of State under section 8 of the National Health Service Act 2006;]

“case assessment”, in respect of an orthodontic course of treatment, means a clinical examination of the patient, including the taking of such radiographs, colour photographs and

models as are required in order to determine what orthodontic treatment (if any) is to be provided to the patient;

“charge exempt course of treatment” means a course of treatment that involves the examination and assessment of a patient leading to—

- (a) the issue of a prescription;
- (b) the repair of a dental appliance;
- (c) the arrest of bleeding; or
- (d) the removal of sutures,

which, by virtue of regulation 3(2)(d) or (e) of the NHS Charges Regulations, is provided free of charge to the patient;

“charity trustee” means one of the persons having the general control and management of the administration of a charity;

“child” means a person who has not attained the age of 16 years;

“complete”, in relation to—

- (a) a course of treatment, means that—
  - (i) where no treatment plan has to be provided in respect of a course of treatment pursuant to paragraph 7(5) of Schedule 3 (treatment plans), all the treatment recommended to, and agreed with, the patient by the contractor at the initial examination and assessment of that patient has been provided to the patient; or
  - (ii) where a treatment plan has to be provided to the patient pursuant to paragraph 7 of Schedule 3, all the treatment specified on that plan by the contractor (or that plan as revised in accordance with paragraph 7(3) of that Schedule) has been provided to the patient; and
- (b) an orthodontic course of treatment, means that—
  - (i) where the contractor determines in accordance with paragraph 4(3) of Schedule 1 (patients to whom orthodontic treatment may be provided) that no orthodontic treatment should be provided following the case assessment, the completion of the case assessment; or
  - (ii) where the contractor has determined that orthodontic treatment should be provided following the case assessment, all of the orthodontic treatment specified on the orthodontic treatment plan by the contractor pursuant to paragraph 6 of Schedule 1 (orthodontic treatment plans) (or that plan as revised in accordance with paragraph 6(3) of that Schedule) has been provided to the patient,

and “completed” shall be construed accordingly;

“contract” means, except where the context otherwise requires, a general dental services contract under section 28K of the Act<sup>M5</sup> (general dental services contracts: introductory);

“course of treatment” means—

- (a) an examination of a patient, an assessment of his oral health, and the planning of any treatment to be provided to that patient as a result of that examination and assessment; and
- (b) the provision of any planned treatment (including any treatment planned at a time other than the time of the initial examination) to that patient,

provided by, except where expressly provided otherwise, one or more providers of primary dental services, but it does not include the provision of any orthodontic services or dental public health services;

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“dental appliance” means a denture or bridge and for the purposes of this definition, a denture includes an obturator;

“dental care professional” means a person whose name is included in the register of dental care professionals or on the appropriate roll for dental auxiliaries established in accordance with Part II of the Dental Auxiliaries Regulations 1986 <sup>M6</sup>;

“dental corporation” means a body corporate carrying on the business of dentistry in accordance with the Dentists Act;

“dental performers list” means a list of dental practitioners prepared in accordance with regulations made under section 28X of the Act <sup>M7</sup> (persons performing primary medical and dental services);

“dental public health services” means services provided by the contractor by virtue of section 16CB(4)(c) of the Act <sup>M8</sup> (dental public health);

“Dentists Act” means the Dentists Act 1984 <sup>M9</sup>;

“Dentists Act Order” means the Dentists Act 1984 (Amendment) Order 2005 <sup>M10</sup>;

“Dentists Register” means the register maintained by the General Dental Council pursuant to section 14 of the Dentists Act <sup>M11</sup> (the dentists register and the registrar);

“domiciliary services” means a course of treatment, or part of a course of treatment, provided at a location other than—

- (a) the practice premises of any provider of primary dental services;
- (b) a mobile surgery of any provider of primary dental services; or
- (c) a prison;

“exempt person” means a person who is, by virtue of either Schedule 12ZA to the Act <sup>M12</sup> (dental charging: exemptions) or the NHS Charges Regulations, exempt from the need to pay an NHS Charge in respect of the services he has received under the contract;

“family member” means—

- (a) a spouse;
- (b) a civil partner;
- (c) a person whose relationship with the <sup>F2</sup>... patient has the characteristics of the relationship between husband and wife or civil partners;
- (d) a parent or step-parent;
- (e) a son;
- (f) a daughter;
- (g) a child of whom the person is—
  - (i) the guardian; or
  - (ii) the carer duly authorised by the local authority to whose care the child has been committed under the Children Act 1989 <sup>M13</sup>; or
- (h) a grandparent;

“FHSAA” means the Family Health Services Appeal Authority constituted under section 49S of the Act <sup>M14</sup> (the Family Health Services Appeal Authority);

“financial year” means a period of 12 months ending with 31st March in any year;

“health care professional” has the same meaning as in section 28M of the Act <sup>M15</sup> (persons eligible to enter into GDS contracts) and “health care profession” shall be construed accordingly;

“health service body” has, unless the context otherwise requires, the meaning given to it in section 4(2) of the 1990 Act <sup>M16</sup> (NHS contracts);

“licensing body” means any body that licenses or regulates any profession;

“listed”, in relation to drugs, medicines or appliances, means such drugs, medicines or appliances as are included in a list for the time being approved by the Secretary of State for the purposes of section 41(1)(c) of the Act <sup>M17</sup> (arrangements for pharmaceutical services);

“mandatory services” means the services described in regulation 14;

“mobile surgery”, except where expressly provided otherwise in these Regulations, means any vehicle in which services under the contract are to be provided;

“national disqualification” means—

- (a) a decision made by the [<sup>F3</sup>First-tier Tribunal] under section 49N or under regulations corresponding to that section made under section 28X(4) of the Act <sup>M18</sup> (national disqualifications);
- (b) a decision under provisions in force in Scotland or Northern Ireland corresponding to section 49N of the Act; or
- (c) a decision by the NHS Tribunal which is treated as a national disqualification by the FHSAA by virtue of regulation 6(4)(b) of the Abolition of the National Health Service Tribunal (Consequential Provisions) Regulations 2001 <sup>M19</sup> or regulation 6(4)(b) of the Abolition of the National Health Service Tribunal (Consequential Provisions) Regulations 2002 <sup>M20</sup>;

“NHS Charge” means a charge made to the patient for provision of services pursuant to the NHS Charges Regulations;

“NHS Charges Regulations” means the National Health Service (Dental Charges) Regulations 2005 <sup>M21</sup>;

“NHS contract” has the meaning assigned to it in section 4(1) of the 1990 Act;

“NHS dispute resolution procedure” means the procedure for disputes specified in paragraphs 55 and 56 of Schedule 3;

“NHS Tribunal” means the Tribunal constituted under section 46 of the Act <sup>M22</sup> for England and Wales, and which, except for prescribed cases, had effect in relation to England only until 14th December 2001 and in relation to Wales only until 26th August 2002 <sup>M23</sup>;

“normal surgery hours” means the times at which the contractor has agreed with the Primary Care Trust (and specified in the contract) that the surgery will be open to patients for the provision of services;

“NPSA” means the National Patient Safety Agency established as a Special Health Authority by the National Patient Safety Agency (Establishment and Constitution) Order 2001 <sup>M24</sup>;

“orthodontic appliance” means a device used in the mouth to move or immobilise the teeth in order to correct or prevent malocclusion;

“orthodontic course of treatment” means—

- (a) a case assessment of a patient; and
- (b) the provision of any orthodontic treatment that the contractor determines should be provided to the patient in accordance with Part 2 of Schedule 1 (orthodontic services);

“orthodontic services” means the provision of orthodontic courses of treatment or the services referred to in paragraph 5(2) of Schedule 1 (repairs);

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“orthodontic treatment” means treatment of, or treatment to prevent, malocclusion of the teeth and jaws, and irregularities of the teeth;

“parent”, in relation to any child, means a parent or other person who has parental responsibility for that child;

“patient” means, unless the context otherwise requires, a person to whom the contractor is providing services under the contract;

“patient record” means a form supplied by a Primary Care Trust for the purpose of maintaining a record of treatment;

“practice” means the business operated by the contractor for the purpose of delivering services under the contract;

“practice premises”, except where expressly provided otherwise in these Regulations, means an address specified in the contract as one at which services are to be provided under the contract but does not include a mobile surgery;

“prescriber” means a dental practitioner who is either engaged or employed by the contractor or is a party to the contract;

“primary care list” means—

- (a) a list of persons performing primary medical or dental services under section 28X of the Act;
- (b) a list of persons undertaking to provide general ophthalmic services or, as the case may be, pharmaceutical services prepared in accordance with regulations made under section 39, 42 or 43 of the Act <sup>M25</sup>;
- (c) a list of persons approved for the purposes of assisting in the provision of any services mentioned in paragraph (b) or (d) prepared in accordance with regulations made under section 43D of the Act <sup>M26</sup>;
- (d) a list of persons who undertook to provide general medical services or general dental services prepared in accordance with regulations made under section 29 or 35 of the Act <sup>M27</sup>;
- (e) a services list which fell within the meaning of section 8ZA of the National Health Service (Primary Care) Act 1997 <sup>M28</sup>;
- (f) a list corresponding to a services list prepared by virtue of regulations made under section 41 of the Health and Social Care Act 2001 <sup>M29</sup>; or
- (g) a list corresponding to any of the above lists in Scotland or Northern Ireland;

“Primary Care Trust” means, unless the context otherwise requires, the Primary Care Trust which is a party, or prospective party, to the contract;

“prison” includes a young offender institution but not a secure training centre or a naval, military or air force prison, and for the purposes of this definition—

- (a) “secure training centre” means a place in which offenders subject to detention and training orders under section 100 of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000 <sup>M30</sup> (offenders under 18: detention and training orders) may be detained and given training and education and prepared for their release; and
- (b) “young offender institution” means a place for the detention of offenders sentenced to detention in a young offender institution or to detention in a young offender institution as part of a longer custodial sentence, including custody for life;

“private”, in the context of services or treatment, means otherwise than under the contract or Part 1 of the Act, and “privately” shall be construed accordingly;

“professional registration number” means the number against a dental practitioner's name in the Dentists Register;

“referral notice” means the notice referred to in paragraph 9(2)(a) of Schedule 3 (referral to another contractor, a hospital or other relevant service provider for advanced mandatory, domiciliary or sedation services);

“referral service” means one or more of advanced mandatory services, domiciliary services or sedation services provided by the contractor to a patient who has, during a course of treatment, been referred to the contractor by—

- (a) another contractor; or
- (b) another provider of primary dental services under Part 1 of the Act,

for the provision of one or more of those services as part of that course of treatment;

“referral treatment plan” means a treatment plan provided pursuant to paragraph 2(1) of Schedule 1 or that plan as varied in accordance with paragraph 2(3) of that Schedule;

“register of dental care professionals” means the register maintained by the General Dental Council under section 36B of the Dentists Act <sup>M31</sup> (the dental care professionals register);

“relevant Strategic Health Authority” means the Strategic Health Authority established for an area which includes the area for which the Primary Care Trust is established;

“sedation services” means a course of treatment provided to a patient during which the contractor administers one or more drugs to a patient, which produce a state of depression of the central nervous system to enable treatment to be carried out, and during and in respect of that period of sedation—

- (a) the drugs and techniques used to provide the sedation are deployed by the contractor in a manner that ensures loss of consciousness is rendered unlikely; and
- (b) verbal contact with the patient is maintained in so far as is reasonably possible;

“trauma” means damage to teeth, gingival tissues or alveoli caused by a force arising outside the mouth, resulting in mobility, luxation, subluxation or fracture of the hard tissues or injury to the soft tissues;

“unit of dental activity” means the unit of activity which is in the contract used to—

- (a) express the amount of; and
- (b) measure in accordance with Part 1 of Schedule 2 the provision of, mandatory services and advanced mandatory services provided under the contract;

“unit of orthodontic activity” means the unit of activity which is in the contract used to—

- (a) express the amount of; and
- (b) measure in accordance with Part 2 of Schedule 2 the provision of, orthodontic services provided under the contract;

“urgent treatment” means a course of treatment that consists of one or more of the treatments listed in Schedule 4 to the NHS Charges Regulations (urgent treatment under Band 1 charge) that are provided to a person in circumstances where—

- (a) a prompt course of treatment is provided because, in the opinion of the contractor, that person's oral health is likely to deteriorate significantly, or the person is in severe pain by reason of his oral condition; and
- (b) treatment is provided only to the extent that is necessary to prevent that significant deterioration or address that severe pain; and

“working day” means any day apart from Saturday, Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday or a bank holiday.

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(2) In these Regulations—

- (a) the use of the term it in relation to the contractor shall be deemed to include a reference to a contractor that is an individual dental practitioner or two or more individuals practising in partnership and related expressions shall be construed accordingly; and
- (b) references to forms supplied by the Primary Care Trust to contractors includes electronic forms and forms which are generated electronically, but does not include prescription forms.

#### Textual Amendments

- F1** Words in [reg. 2](#) inserted (1.6.2011) by [The National Health Service \(Primary Dental Services\) \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1182\)](#), regs. 1, 3
- F2** Word in [reg. 2\(1\)](#) omitted (1.4.2006) by virtue of [The National Health Service \(General Dental Services Contracts and Personal Dental Services Agreements\) Amendment Regulations 2006 \(S.I. 2006/563\)](#), regs. 1(1), 3
- F3** Words in [reg. 2\(1\)](#) substituted (18.1.2010) by [The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 \(S.I. 2010/22\)](#), art. 1(1), **Sch. 3 para. 99**

#### Marginal Citations

- M4** [1971 c. 80](#).
- M5** Section 28K was inserted into the Act by section 172(1) of the 2003 Act.
- M6** [S.I. 1986/887](#); relevant amending instruments are [S.I. 1999/3460](#), 2003/3105 and 2002/1671.
- M7** Section 28X was inserted into the Act by section 179(1) of the 2003 Act.
- M8** Section 16CB was inserted into the Act by section 171(1) of the 2003 Act.
- M9** 1984 (c. 24) amended by section 41(1) of, and Schedule 2 paragraph 62 to, the [National Health Service \(Primary Care\) Act 1997 \(c. 46\)](#), [sections 31](#) and 37 of, and Schedule 9 to, the 2002 Act, section 187 of, and Schedule 12 to, the 2003 Act and [S.I. 1987/2047](#), 1991/1705, 1996/1496, 1998/811 and 2840, 2001/3926, 2002/3135, 2003/833, 2004/1947 and 2005/2011.
- M10** [S.I. 2005/ 2011](#).
- M11** Section 14 of the Dentists Act is prospectively substituted by article 6 of the Dentists Act Order.
- M12** Schedule 12ZA is inserted into the Act by section 183(2) of the 2003 Act.
- M13** [1989 c. 41](#).
- M14** Section 49S was inserted into the Act by section 27(1) of the 2001 Act.
- M15** Section 28M was inserted into the Act by section 172(1) of the 2003 Act.
- M16** Section 4(2) was amended by the [Health Authorities Act 1995 \(c. 17\)](#), [Schedule 1](#), paragraph 68, the 1999 Act Schedule 4, paragraph 76(a) and Schedule 5, the 2002 Act, Schedule 1, paragraph 40 and Schedule 5, paragraph 31.
- M17** Section 41 of the Act was substituted by the 2001 Act, section 42(1) and amended by the 2002 Act, section 2(5) and Schedule 3, paragraphs 1 and 13, by the 2003 Act, section 184 and Schedule 11, paragraphs 7 and 18(1), (2) and (3) and by [S.I. 2003/1590](#), [article 3](#) and the Schedule, paragraph 3.
- M18** Section 49N was inserted into the Act by section 25 of the 2001 Act. Section 28X was inserted by section 179 of the Act.
- M19** [S.I. 2001/3744](#) amended by [S.I. 2002/2469](#).
- M20** [S.I. 2002/1920](#).
- M21** [S.I. 2005/ \[ \]](#).
- M22** Section 46 was revoked by the 2001 Act, section 67, Schedule 5, paragraph 5 and Schedule 6, Part 1.
- M23** See [S.I. 2001/3738](#), [article 2\(5\)](#) and (6)(b), which sets out the prescribed cases for England and [S.I. 2002/1919](#), [article 2\(2\)](#) and (3)(b), which sets out the prescribed cases for Wales.
- M24** [S.I. 2001/1743](#).
- M25** Section 39 is amended by sections 1 and 2 of, paragraph 52 of Schedule 1 to, the [Health Services Act 1980 \(c. 53\)](#); sections 1 and 24 of, Schedule 9 to, the [Health and Social Security Act 1984 \(c. 48\)](#); section 9 of the 1999 Act; section 20 of the 2001 Act; and section 2 of, paragraphs 1 and 12



of Schedule 2 to, the 2002 Act. Section 42 is amended by section 3 of the [National Health Service \(Amendment\) Act 1986 \(c. 66\)](#); section 2 of, paragraph 30 of Schedule 1 to, the [Health Authorities Act 1995 \(c. 17\)](#); sections 20, 23, 43 and 67 of, Schedule 6 to, the 2001 Act; and section 2 of, paragraphs 1 and 16 of Schedule 2 to, the 2002 Act. Section 43 is amended by section 21 to the Health Services Act 1980; section 66 of, paragraph 18 of Schedule 9 to, the 1990 Act; section 2 of, paragraph 31 of Schedule 1 to, the Health Authorities Act 1995; sections 29 and 41 of, paragraph 14 of Schedule 2 to, the 1997 Act; section 1 of, paragraph 6 of Schedule 1 to, the [Pharmacists \(Fitness to Practice\) Act 1997 \(c. 19\)](#); section 20 of the 2001 Act; sections 2 and 42 of, paragraphs 1 and 17 of Schedule 2 to, the 2002 Act; and section 184 of, paragraphs 7 and 19 of Schedule 11 to, the 2003 Act.

**M26** Section 43D was inserted into the Act by section 24 of the 2001 Act.

**M27** Sections 29 and 36 were repealed by sections 175(2) and 196 of, and Schedule 14 Part 4 to the 2003 Act.

**M28** [1997 c. 46](#). Section 8ZA was inserted into the Act by section 26(2) of the 2001 Act and repealed by section 196 of, and Schedule 14, Part 4 to the 2003 Act.

**M29** [2001 c. 15](#).

**M30** [2000 c. 6](#).

**M31** Section 36B is prospectively inserted into the Dentists Act by the Dentists Act Order, article 29.

## PART 2 **E+W**

### CONTRACTORS

#### Conditions: introductory **E+W**

3. Subject to the provisions of any order made by the Secretary of State under section 173 of the Health and Social Care (Community Health and Standards) Act 2003 <sup>M32</sup> (general dental services: transitional), a Primary Care Trust may only enter into a contract if the conditions set out in—

- (a) regulation 4; and
- (b) in the case of a contract to be entered into with a dental corporation on or after the coming into force for all purposes of article 39 of the Dentists Act Order (substitution of sections 43 and 44), regulation 5,

are met.

#### Marginal Citations

**M32** [2003 c. 43](#).

#### General prescribed conditions relating to all contracts **E+W**

4.—(1) For the purposes of section 28M of the Act (conditions upon which a general dental services contract may be entered into) the prescribed condition is that a person must not fall within paragraph (3).

(2) The reference to a person in paragraph (1) includes any director, chief executive or secretary of a dental corporation.

(3) A person falls within this paragraph if—

- (a) he or it is the subject of a national disqualification;

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- (b) subject to paragraph (4), he or it is disqualified or suspended (other than by an interim suspension order or direction pending an investigation) from practising by any licensing body anywhere in the world;
- (c) within the period of five years prior to the date the contract is to be commenced or, if earlier, the date on which the contract is to be signed—
  - (i) he has been dismissed (otherwise than by reason of redundancy) from any employment by a health service body, unless he has subsequently been employed by that health service body or another health service body and paragraph (5) applies to him or that dismissal was the subject of a finding of unfair dismissal by any competent tribunal or court; or
  - (ii) he or it has been removed from, or refused admission to, a primary care list by reason of inefficiency, fraud or unsuitability (within the meaning of section 49F(2), (3) and (4) of the Act respectively <sup>M33</sup>) unless his or its name has subsequently been included in such a list;
- (d) he has been convicted in the United Kingdom of—
  - (i) murder; or
  - (ii) a criminal offence other than murder, committed on or after 14th December 2001, and has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment of over six months;
- (e) subject to paragraph (6), he has been convicted outside the United Kingdom of an offence—
  - (i) which would, if committed in England and Wales, constitute murder; or
  - (ii) committed on or after 14th December 2001, which would if committed in England and Wales, constitute a criminal offence other than murder, and been sentenced to a term of imprisonment of over six months;
- (f) he has been convicted of an offence referred to in Schedule 1 to the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 <sup>M34</sup> (offences against children and young persons with respect to which special provisions of this Act apply) or Schedule 1 to the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 <sup>M35</sup> (offences against children under the age of 17 years to which special provisions apply) committed on or after 1st April 2006;
- (g) he or it has—
  - (i) been adjudged bankrupt or had sequestration of his estate awarded unless (in either case) he has been discharged or the bankruptcy order has been annulled;
  - (ii) been made the subject of a bankruptcy restrictions order or an interim bankruptcy restrictions order under Schedule 4A to the Insolvency Act 1986 <sup>M36</sup> unless that order has ceased to have effect or has been annulled; or
  - (iii) made a composition or arrangement with, or granted a trust deed for, his or its creditors unless he or it has been discharged in respect of it;
- (h) an administrator, administrative receiver or receiver is appointed in respect of it;
- (i) he has within the period of five years prior to the date the contract is to be commenced or, if earlier, the date on which the contract is to be signed—
  - (i) been removed from the office of charity trustee or trustee for a charity by an order made by the Charity Commissioners or the High Court on the grounds of any misconduct or mismanagement in the administration of the charity for which he was responsible or to which he was privy, or which he by his conduct contributed to or facilitated; or

- (ii) been removed under section 7 of the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1990 <sup>M37</sup> (powers of the Court of Session to deal with management of charities), from being concerned in the management or control of any body; or
  - (j) he is subject to a disqualification order under the Company Directors Disqualification Act 1986 <sup>M38</sup>, the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 <sup>M39</sup> or to an order made under section 429(2)(b) of the Insolvency Act 1986 <sup>M40</sup> (failure to pay under county court administration order).
- (4) A person shall not fall within paragraph (3)(b) where the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that the disqualification or suspension from practising is imposed by a licensing body outside the United Kingdom and it does not make the person unsuitable to be—
- (a) a contractor <sup>M41</sup>; or
  - (b) a director, chief executive or secretary of a corporation entering into a contract, in the case of a contract with a dental corporation,

as the case may be.

(5) Where a person has been employed as a member of a health care profession any subsequent employment must also be as a member of that profession.

(6) A person shall not fall within paragraph (3)(e) where the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that the conviction does not make the person unsuitable to be—

- (a) a contractor; or
- (b) a director, chief executive or secretary of a corporation entering into a contract, in the case of a contract with a dental corporation,

as the case may be.

#### Marginal Citations

**M33** Section 49F was inserted into the Act by section 25 of the 2001 Act and amended by the 2002 Act, Schedule 2, paragraph 21 and the 2003 Act, Schedule 14, Part 2.

**M34** 1933 c. 12 as amended by the Domestic Violence, Crime and Victims Act 2004 (c. 28), section 58(1), Schedule 10, paragraph 2; the Sexual Offences Act 2003 (c. 42), section 139 and Schedule 6, paragraph 7; the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (c. 33), section 170 and Schedule 15, paragraph 8 and Schedule 16, paragraph 16; and the Sexual Offences Act 1956 (c. 69), sections 48 and 51 and Schedules 3 and 4; and modified by the Criminal Justice Act 1988, section 170(1), Schedule 15, paragraph 9.

**M35** 1995 c. 46.

**M36** 1986 c. 45. Schedule 4A was inserted by section 257 of, and Schedule 20 to, the Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40).

**M37** 1990 c. 40.

**M38** 1986 c. 46 as amended by the Insolvency Act 2000 (c. 39).

**M39** S.I. 1986/1032 (N.I.6).

**M40** 1986 c. 45.

**M41** The term contractor is defined in section 28K of the 1977 Act.

#### Additional prescribed conditions relating to contracts with dental corporations **E+W**

5.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), it is a condition in the case of a contract to be entered into with a dental corporation on or after the date of the coming into force for all purposes of article 39 of the Dentists Act Order that no—

- (a) offence has been or is being committed under section 43 of the Dentists Act; or

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

(b) financial penalty has been imposed under section 43B or 44 of the Dentists Act.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply if the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that any offence under section 43 or penalty imposed under section 43B or 44 of the Dentists Act does not make the dental corporation unsuitable to be a contractor, whether by virtue of the time that has elapsed since any conviction or penalty was imposed, or otherwise.

#### Reasons **E+W**

6.—(1) Where a Primary Care Trust is of the view that the conditions in regulation 4 or 5 for entering into a contract are not met it shall notify in writing the person or persons intending to enter into the contract of its view and its reasons for that view and of his, its, or their right of appeal under regulation 7.

(2) The Primary Care Trust shall notify in writing of its view and its reasons for that view, a director, chief executive or secretary of a dental corporation that is notified under paragraph (1) where its reason for the decision relates to that person or those persons.

#### Appeal **E+W**

7. A person who has been served with a notice under regulation 6(1) may appeal to the [<sup>F4</sup>First-tier Tribunal] against the decision of the Primary Care Trust that the conditions in regulation 4 or 5 are not met <sup>F5</sup>....

#### Textual Amendments

**F4** Words in [reg. 7](#) substituted (18.1.2010) by [The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 \(S.I. 2010/22\)](#), [art. 1\(1\)](#), [Sch. 3 para. 100\(a\)](#)

**F5** Words in [reg. 7](#) omitted (18.1.2010) by virtue of [The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 \(S.I. 2010/22\)](#), [art. 1\(1\)](#), [Sch. 3 para. 100\(b\)](#)

## PART 3 **E+W**

### PRE-CONTRACT DISPUTE RESOLUTION

#### Pre-contract disputes **E+W**

8.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), if, in the course of negotiations intending to lead to a contract, the prospective contracting parties are unable to agree on a particular term of the contract, either party may refer the dispute to the Secretary of State to consider and determine the matter in accordance with the procedure provided for in paragraphs 55(2) and (3) of Schedule 3.

(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply in the case where both parties to the prospective contract are health service bodies (in which case section 4(4) of the 1990 Act (NHS contracts) applies).

(3) Before referring the dispute for consideration and determination under paragraph (1), both parties to the prospective contract must make every reasonable effort to communicate and co-operate with each other with a view to resolving it.

(4) Disputes referred to the Secretary of State in accordance with paragraph (1), or section 4(4) of the 1990 Act, shall be considered and determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs 55(4) to 55(13) and 56(1) of Schedule 3, and paragraph (5) (where it applies) of this regulation.

(5) In the case of a dispute referred to the Secretary of State under paragraph (1), the determination—

- (a) may specify terms to be included in the proposed contract;
- (b) may require the Primary Care Trust to proceed with the proposed contract, but may not require the proposed contractor to proceed with the proposed contract; and
- (c) shall be binding upon the prospective parties to the contract.

## PART 4 E+W

### HEALTH SERVICE BODY STATUS

#### Health service body status E+W

9.—(1) Where a proposed contractor elects in a written notice served on the Primary Care Trust at any time prior to the contract being entered into to be regarded as a health service body for the purposes of section 4 of the 1990 Act, it shall be so regarded from the date on which the contract is entered into.

(2) If, in accordance with paragraph (1) or (5), a contractor is to be regarded as a health service body, that fact shall not affect the nature of, or any rights or liabilities arising under, any other contract with a health service body entered into by that contractor before the date on which the contractor is to be so regarded.

(3) Where a contract is made with an individual dental practitioner or two or more persons practising in partnership, and that individual or that partnership is to be regarded as a health service body in accordance with paragraph (1) or (5), the contractor shall, subject to paragraph (4), continue to be regarded as a health service body for the purposes of section 4 of the 1990 Act for as long as that contract continues and irrespective of any change in—

- (a) the partners comprising the partnership;
- (b) the status of the contractor from that of an individual dental practitioner to that of a partnership; or
- (c) the status of the contractor from that of a partnership to that of an individual dental practitioner.

(4) A contractor may at any time request a variation of the contract to include or remove provision from the contract that the contract is an NHS contract, and if it does so—

- (a) the Primary Care Trust shall agree to the variation; and
- (b) the procedure in paragraph 60(1) of Schedule 3 shall apply (variation of a contract: general).

(5) Where, pursuant to paragraph (4), the Primary Care Trust agrees to a variation of the contract, the contractor shall—

- (a) be regarded; or
- (b) subject to paragraph (7), cease to be regarded,

as a health service body for the purposes of section 4 of the 1990 Act from the date that variation takes effect pursuant to paragraph 60(1) of Schedule 3.

(6) Subject to paragraph (7), a contractor shall cease to be regarded as a health service body for the purposes of section 4 of the 1990 Act if the contract is terminated.

(7) Where a contractor ceases to be a health service body pursuant to—

- (a) paragraph (5) or (6), it shall continue to be regarded as a health service body for the purposes of being a party to any other NHS contract entered into after it became a health

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- service body but before the date on which the contractor ceased to be a health service body (for which purposes it ceases to be such a body on the termination of that NHS contract);
- (b) paragraph (5), it shall, if it or the Primary Care Trust has referred any matter to the NHS dispute resolution procedure before it ceases to be a health service body, be bound by the determination of the adjudicator as if the dispute had been referred pursuant to paragraph 54 of Schedule 3 (dispute resolution: non-NHS contracts); or
- (c) paragraph (6), it shall continue to be regarded as a health service body for the purposes of the NHS dispute resolution procedure where that procedure has been commenced—
- (i) before the termination of the contract; or
- (ii) after the termination of the contract, whether in connection with or arising out of the termination of the contract or otherwise,
- for which purposes it ceases to be such a body on the conclusion of that procedure.

## PART 5 **E+W**

### CONTRACTS: REQUIRED TERMS

#### Parties to the contract **E+W**

10. A contract must specify—
- (a) the names of the parties;
- (b) in the case of a partnership—
- (i) whether or not it is a limited partnership; and
- (ii) the names of the partners and, in the case of a limited partnership, their status as a general or limited partner; and
- (c) in the case of each party, the postal address to which official correspondence and notices should be sent.

#### NHS contracts **E+W**

11. In the case of a contractor who is to be regarded as a health service body pursuant to regulation 9, the contract must state that it is an NHS contract.

#### Contracts with individuals practising in partnership **E+W**

12.—(1) Where the contract is with two or more individuals practising in partnership, the contract shall be treated as made with the partnership as it is from time to time constituted, and the contract shall make specific provision to this effect.

(2) Where the contract is with two or more individuals practising in partnership, the contractor must be required by the terms of the contract to ensure that any person who becomes a member of the partnership after the contract has come into force is bound automatically by the contract whether by virtue of a partnership deed or otherwise.

#### Duration **E+W**

13.—(1) Except in the circumstances specified in paragraph (2), a contract must provide for it to subsist until it is terminated in accordance with the terms of the contract or the general law.

(2) The circumstances referred to in paragraph (1) are that the Primary Care Trust has terminated the contract of another provider of primary dental services, and as a result of that termination, it wishes to enter into a temporary contract for a period specified in the contract for the provision of services.

- (3) Where a contract is entered into pursuant to paragraph (2)—
- (a) paragraph 66 (termination by the contractor) of Schedule 3 shall not apply to the contract; and
  - (b) the parties to the temporary contract may include such terms as to termination by notice as they may agree.

### **Mandatory services** **E+W**

**14.**—(1) For the purposes of section 28L of the Act <sup>M42</sup> (requirement to provide certain primary dental services), the services which must be provided under a general dental services contract (“mandatory services”) are described in paragraphs (2) to (4).

(2) A contractor must provide to its patients, during the period specified in paragraph (3), all proper and necessary dental care and treatment which includes—

- (a) the care which a dental practitioner usually undertakes for a patient and which the patient is willing to undergo;
- (b) treatment, including urgent treatment; and
- (c) where appropriate, the referral of the patient for advanced mandatory services, domiciliary services, sedation services or other relevant services provided under Part 1 of the Act.

(3) A contractor must provide—

- (a) urgent treatment; and
- (b) all other services described in paragraph (2),

that are necessary to meet the reasonable needs of its patients during normal surgery hours.

(4) The dental care and treatment referred to in paragraph (2) includes—

- (a) examination;
- (b) diagnosis;
- (c) advice and planning of treatment;
- (d) preventative care and treatment;
- (e) periodontal treatment;
- (f) conservative treatment;
- (g) surgical treatment;
- (h) supply and repair of dental appliances;
- (i) the taking of radiographs;
- (j) the supply of listed drugs and listed appliances; and
- (k) the issue of prescriptions,

but it does not include additional services.

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M42** Section 28L was inserted into the Act by section 172(1) of the 2003 Act.

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

### Additional services **E+W**

15. In the case where a contract includes the provision of additional services, that contract must contain, in relation to each such service as is included in the contract, terms that have the same effect as those specified in Schedule 1 in so far as they are relevant to that service.

### Services: general **E+W**

16.—(1) A contract must specify—

- (a) the services to be provided by the contractor;
- (b) the address of each of the premises to be used by the contractor or any sub-contractor for the provision of such services, or, if the contractor is to provide services from a mobile surgery, that fact; and
- (c) the hours during which services that are not mandatory services are to be provided.

(2) The reference to premises in paragraph (1)(b) does not include any place in which a patient is residing.

### Units of dental activity **E+W**

17.—(1) [<sup>F6</sup>Subject to regulation 24A,] the contract must specify the number of units of dental activity to be provided by the contractor—

- (a) where the contract begins on 1st April, in each financial year; or
- (b) where the contract begins on a date other than 1st April, in the remainder of the financial year in which the contract begins, and in each financial year thereafter.

(2) [<sup>F7</sup>Subject to regulation 24A,] a contract must contain terms which have the effect of those specified in Part 1 of Schedule 2 in relation to the calculation of the number of units of dental activity that the contractor will provide under the contract.

#### Textual Amendments

- F6** Words in [reg. 17\(1\)](#) inserted (1.6.2011) by [The National Health Service \(Primary Dental Services\) \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1182\)](#), regs. 1, 4
- F7** Words in [reg. 17\(2\)](#) inserted (1.6.2011) by [The National Health Service \(Primary Dental Services\) \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1182\)](#), regs. 1, 4

### Units of orthodontic activity **E+W**

18.—(1) Where a contract includes the provision of orthodontic services, the contract must specify the number of units of orthodontic activity to be provided by the contractor—

- (a) where the contract begins on 1st April, in each financial year; or
- (b) where the contract begins on a date other than 1st April, in the remainder of the financial year in which the contract begins, and in each financial year thereafter.

(2) Where paragraph (1) applies, the contract must also contain terms which have the effect of those provisions specified in Part 2 of Schedule 2 in relation to the calculation of the number of units of orthodontic activity that the contractor will provide under the contract.

### Under provision of units of dental activity or units of orthodontic activity **E+W**

19.—(1) The contract shall provide that the Primary Care Trust shall not pursuant to Part 9 of Schedule 3 (variation and termination of agreements) be entitled to take any action for breach of



a term of the contract giving effect to regulation 17 or 18 (including termination of the contract) where paragraph (2) applies.

(2) Subject to paragraph (4), this paragraph applies where the contractor has failed to provide—

- (a) the number of units of dental activity; or
- (b) the number of units of orthodontic activity,

it is contracted to provide pursuant to a term of the contract giving effect to regulation 17 or 18 (as the case may be) where—

- (i) that failure amounts to 4 per cent or less of the total number of units of dental activity or units of orthodontic activity (as the case may be) that ought to have been provided during a financial year; and
- (ii) the contractor agrees to provide and does so provide the units it has failed to provide within such period as the Primary Care Trust specifies in writing, such period to consist of not less than 60 days.

(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not prevent the Primary Care Trust from taking action under Part 9 of Schedule 3 for breach of contract (including terminating the contract) on other grounds.

(4) In the case of a temporary contract the reference to a period of not less than 60 days in paragraph (2)(ii) may not apply if the Primary Care Trust considers it not appropriate or considers another period of less than 60 days should apply.

#### **Domiciliary services and sedation services** **E+W**

**20.** Where a contract includes the provision of domiciliary services or sedation services, the contract must specify the number of courses of treatment that the contractor is—

- (a) to provide; or
- (b) to contribute to where provided as a referral service,

that involve the provision of domiciliary services or sedation services—

- (i) where the contract begins on 1st April, in each financial year; or
- (ii) where the contract begins on a date other than 1st April, in the remainder of the financial year in which the contract begins, and in each financial year thereafter.

#### **Finance** **E+W**

**21.**—(1) [<sup>F8</sup>Subject to regulation 24A,] the contract must contain a term which has the effect of requiring—

- (a) the Primary Care Trust to make payments to the contractor under the contract promptly and in accordance with both the terms of the contract and any other conditions relating to the payment contained in directions given by the Secretary of State under section 28N of the Act <sup>M43</sup> (GDS contracts: payments); and
- (b) the contractor to make payments promptly to the Primary Care Trust and in accordance with both the terms of the contract and any other conditions relating to payment contained in directions given by the Secretary of State under section 28N of the Act.

(2) The obligation referred to in paragraph (1) is subject to any right the Primary Care Trust has to set off against an amount payable to the contractor an amount that—

- (a) is owed by the contractor to the Primary Care Trust under the contract;
- (b) has been paid to the contractor owing to an error or in circumstances when it was not due; or

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- (c) the Primary Care Trust may withhold from the contractor in accordance with the terms of the contract or any other applicable provisions contained in directions given by the Secretary of State under section 28N of the Act.

(3) [<sup>F9</sup>Subject to regulation 24A,] the contract must contain a term to the effect that where, pursuant to directions under section 17 <sup>M44</sup> (Secretary of State's directions: exercise of functions) or 28N of the Act, a Primary Care Trust is required to make a payment to a contractor under a contract but subject to conditions, those conditions are to be a term of the contract.

#### Textual Amendments

- F8** Words in [reg. 21\(1\)](#) inserted (1.6.2011) by [The National Health Service \(Primary Dental Services\) \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1182\)](#), regs. 1, 5
- F9** Words in [reg. 21\(3\)](#) inserted (1.6.2011) by [The National Health Service \(Primary Dental Services\) \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1182\)](#), regs. 1, 5

#### Marginal Citations

- M43** Section 28N was inserted into the Act by section 172(1) of the 2003 Act.
- M44** Section 17 of the Act was substituted by the 1999 Act, section 12(1) and amended by the 2001 Act, Schedule 5, paragraph 5(3) and the 2002 Act, Schedule 1, paragraph 7.

### Fees, charges and financial interests of the contractor E+W

**22.**—(1) The contract must contain terms relating to fee, charges and financial interests which have the same effect as those set out in paragraphs (2) to (4).

(2) The contractor shall not, either itself or through any other person, demand or accept a fee or other remuneration for its own or another's benefit from—

- (a) any patient of its for the provision of any treatment under the contract, except as otherwise provided in the NHS Charges Regulations; or
- (b) any person who has requested services under the contract for himself or a family member, as a prerequisite to providing services under the contract to that person or his family member.

(3) The contract must contain a term that—

- (a) only permits the contractor to collect from any patient of its any charge that that patient is required to pay by virtue of the NHS Charges Regulations, in accordance with the requirements of those Regulations; and
- (b) provides for obligations imposed on the contractor by virtue of the NHS Charges Regulations to be terms of the contract.

(4) The contract must contain a term that requires the contractor in making a decision—

- (a) as to what services to recommend or provide to a patient who has sought services under the contract; or
- (b) to refer a patient for other services by another contractor, hospital or other relevant service provider under Part 1 of the Act,

to do so without regard to its own financial interests.

(5) The term “patient” in paragraph (3) shall have the same meaning as in regulation 2(1) of the NHS Charges Regulations.

### Arrangements on termination **E+W**

23. A contract shall make suitable provision for arrangements on termination of a contract including the consequences (whether financial or otherwise) of the contract ending.

### Other contractual terms **E+W**

24.—(1) <sup>F10</sup>Subject to regulation 24A,] a contract must, unless it is of a type or nature to which a particular provision does not apply, contain other terms which have the same effect as those specified in Schedule 3 except paragraphs 55(4) to 55(13) and 56.

(2) The paragraphs specified in paragraph (1) shall have effect in relation to the matters set out in those paragraphs.

(3) Where a contract does not commence on 1st April in any financial year, there must be a contractual term—

- (a) specifying the date and periods for the purposes of a mid-year review of the services provided; and
- (b) which, other than as to the date and periods, have similar effect as those specified in paragraphs 58(3) to (8) and 59 of Schedule 3 in respect of the requirement and procedure for carrying out mid-year reviews.

#### Textual Amendments

**F10** Words in [reg. 24\(1\)](#) inserted (1.6.2011) by [The National Health Service \(Primary Dental Services\) \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1182\)](#), regs. 1, 6

### <sup>F11</sup>Variation of contractual terms in respect of election to enter into a Capitation and Quality Scheme Agreement **E+W**

24A.—(1) This regulation applies where the contractor and the Primary Care Trust elect to enter into a Capitation and Quality Scheme Agreement.

(2) Where paragraph (1) applies, the terms of the contract which have the same effect as the provisions specified in paragraph (3) must be varied in accordance with paragraphs (4) and (5) with effect from the start of the day on which the Capitation and Quality Scheme Agreement commences and for the period ending at the end of the day which is the date of the termination of the Capitation and Quality Scheme Agreement, which must be no later than 31st March 2013.

(3) The provisions specified in this paragraph are—

- (a) regulation 17(units of dental activity);
- (b) regulation 21(finance); and
- (c) in Schedule 3—
  - (i) paragraph 32(2)(patient records), which is a contractor's discretion to keep patient records in electronic form,
  - (ii) paragraph 58 (mid-year reviews), in so far as it relates to units of dental activity,
  - (iii) paragraph 59 (action the Primary Care Trust can take following a mid-year review), in so far as it relates to units of dental activity, and
  - (iv) paragraph 61(1)(a) and (3)(a) (variation of a contract: activity under the contract), which relate to units of dental activity.

(4) The contract must include terms that have the effect of temporarily releasing the contractor and the Primary Care Trust from all of the obligations, conditions, payments, rights and liabilities

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relating to those terms (and only those terms) which have the same effect as the provisions specified in paragraph (3), including any right to enforce those terms.

(5) The contract must also include terms to have the effect of providing that immediately after the date of the termination of the Capitation and Quality Scheme Agreement—

- (a) the terms of the contract that subsisted between the parties immediately before the Capitation and Quality Scheme Agreement commenced and from which the parties were temporarily released in accordance with paragraph (4) must apply from the day after the date of termination; and
- (b) all obligations, conditions, payments, rights and liabilities relating to those terms are to be enforceable from that day.]

#### Textual Amendments

**F11** Reg. 24A inserted (1.6.2011) by [The National Health Service \(Primary Dental Services\) \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1182\)](#), regs. 1, 7

## PART 6 **E+W**

### TRANSITIONAL PROVISION

#### Commencement of contract **E+W**

**25.** The contract shall provide for services to be provided under it from any date after 31<sup>st</sup> March 2006.

Signed by authority of the Secretary of State for Health

*Rosie Winterton*  
Minister of State,  
Department of Health

SCHEDULE 1 **E+W**

Regulation 15

ADDITIONAL SERVICES

**PART 1** **E+W**

ADVANCED MANDATORY SERVICES,  
DOMICILIARY SERVICES AND SEDATION SERVICES

**Provision of advanced mandatory services, domiciliary services and sedation services by the contractor** **E+W**

1.—(1) A contractor which provides domiciliary services or sedation services under the contract may only provide those services—

- (a) to a person to whom it is providing an entire course of treatment, during that course of treatment; or
- (b) as a referral service.

(2) A contractor may only provide advanced mandatory services under the contract as a referral service.

(3) In this paragraph, “entire course of treatment” means a course of treatment provided by only the contractor.

**Referral services** **E+W**

2.—(1) A contractor which provides one or more of the additional services specified in paragraph 1 as a referral service shall, at the time of the first examination of the patient, ensure that the patient is provided with a referral treatment plan on a form supplied for that purpose by the Primary Care Trust which shall specify—

- (a) the name of the patient;
- (b) the name of the contractor;
- (c) the particulars of the places where the patient will receive the referral service to be provided to him by the contractor;
- (d) the telephone number at which the contractor may be contacted during its normal surgery hours;
- (e) details of the services which are at the date of that examination considered to be necessary for the contractor to provide having regard to the reason for the referral; and
- (f) any proposals the contractor may have for private services as an alternative to the services proposed under the contract, including particulars of the cost to the patient if he were to accept the provision of private services.

(2) If the patient having considered the referral treatment plan provided in accordance with sub-paragraph (1), decides to accept the provision of private services in place of all or part of services under the contract, the contractor shall ensure that the patient signs that plan in the appropriate place to indicate that he has understood the nature of private services to be provided and his acceptance of those private services.

(3) Where the services included in the referral treatment plan need to be varied for clinical reasons, the contractor shall provide the patient with a revised referral treatment plan in accordance with sub-paragraph (1).

**Status:** Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)

(4) The contractor shall, subject to the termination of the contract, or being unable to complete a course of treatment in accordance with paragraph 6(5) or (6) of Schedule 3 (course of treatment), provide the services which are detailed in the referral treatment plan, or where a revised treatment plan is provided pursuant to sub-paragraph (3), pursuant to that revised treatment plan.

(5) This paragraph shall not apply where a patient has been referred to the contractor for advanced mandatory services limited only to examination and advice, and the contractor only provides examination and advice in respect of that patient.

### Sedation services **E+W**

3. The contractor shall provide sedation services to a patient in accordance with the recommendations contained in the report of the Standing Dental Advisory Committee entitled “Conscious Sedation in the Provision of Dental Care”<sup>M45</sup>, in so far as those recommendations and guidelines are relevant to—

- (a) the type of sedation being administered; and
- (b) the patient to whom the sedation is being administered.

#### Marginal Citations

**M45** The Standing Dental Advisory Committee is a statutory body established under section 6 of the Act. A copy of the Report can be obtained at [www.dh.gov.uk/PublicationsAndStatistics/Publications/PublicationsPolicyAndGuidance/PublicationsPolicyAndGuidanceArticle](http://www.dh.gov.uk/PublicationsAndStatistics/Publications/PublicationsPolicyAndGuidance/PublicationsPolicyAndGuidanceArticle).

## PART 2 **E+W**

### ORTHODONTIC SERVICES

#### Patients to whom orthodontic services may be provided **E+W**

4.—(1) A contract that includes the provision of orthodontic services shall specify that orthodontic services may be provided to—

- (a) only persons who are under the age of 18 years at the time of the case assessment;
- (b) only persons who have attained or are over the age of 18 years at the time of the case assessment; or
- (c) persons falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

(2) Where a contract specifies the matters referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(b) or (1)(c), it shall in addition specify the circumstances in which orthodontic services may be provided to a person over the age of 18 years at the time of a case assessment.

(3) The contractor shall only provide orthodontic treatment to a person who is assessed by the contractor following a case assessment as having a treatment need in—

- (a) grade 4 or 5 of the Dental Health Component of the Index of Orthodontic Treatment Need<sup>M46</sup>, or
- (b) grade 3 of the Dental Health Component of that Index with an Aesthetic Component of 6 or above,

unless the contractor is of the opinion, and has reasonable grounds for its opinion, that orthodontic treatment should be provided to a person who does not have such a treatment need by virtue of the exceptional circumstances of the dental and oral condition of the person concerned.

(4) In a case where a person does not have a treatment need but the contractor has reasonable grounds for its opinion that orthodontic treatment should be provided to that person because of the exceptional circumstances of the dental and oral condition of that person, such treatment as is referred to in sub-paragraph (3) may be provided.

#### Marginal Citations

**M46** The Development of an Index for Orthodontic Treatment Priority: European Journal of Orthodontics 11, p309-332, 1989 Brooke PH and Shaw WC. The article is available at [www.dh.gov.uk](http://www.dh.gov.uk).

### Orthodontic course of treatment **E+W**

5.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), the contractor shall provide orthodontic services to a patient by providing to that patient an orthodontic course of treatment.

(2) The contractor may provide orthodontic services that are not provided by virtue of an orthodontic course of treatment where—

- (a) it provides a repair to an orthodontic appliance of a person; and
- (b) the orthodontic course of treatment in which that orthodontic appliance was provided is being provided by another contractor, hospital or relevant service provider under Part 1 of the Act.

(3) The contractor shall use its best endeavours to ensure that an orthodontic course of treatment is completed within a reasonable time from the date on which the orthodontic treatment plan was written in accordance with paragraph 6(1).

(4) If an orthodontic course of treatment is—

- (a) terminated before it has been completed; or
- (b) otherwise not completed within a reasonable time,

any further orthodontic services to be provided to that patient under the contract must be provided as a new orthodontic course of treatment.

(5) An orthodontic course of treatment may only be terminated by—

- (a) the contractor where—
  - (i) the circumstances referred to in paragraph 3(1) of Schedule 3 (violent patients) occur and notice that it will no longer provide services has been given to the Primary Care Trust;
  - (ii) the patient has refused to pay a charge in the circumstances referred to in paragraph 4 of Schedule 3 (refusal to pay NHS Charges during treatment); or
  - (iii) in the reasonable opinion of the contractor, there has been an irrevocable breakdown in the relationship between the patient and the contractor and, notice of such a breakdown has been given to the patient and the Primary Care Trust;
- (b) the patient; or
- (c) a person specified in paragraph 1(2) of Schedule 3 acting on the patient's behalf.

### Orthodontic treatment plans **E+W**

6.—(1) Where the contractor has, following a case assessment, determined that orthodontic treatment should be provided to a patient, it shall, at the time of that case assessment, ensure that the patient is provided with an orthodontic treatment plan on a form supplied for that purpose by the Primary Care Trust which shall specify—

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

- (a) the name of the patient;
- (b) the name of the contractor;
- (c) particulars of the places where the patient will receive orthodontic treatment;
- (d) the telephone number at which the contractor may be contacted during normal surgery hours;
- (e) details of the orthodontic treatment which is, at the date of the examination, considered necessary to secure the oral health of the patient;
- (f) the NHS charge, if any, in respect of those services if provided pursuant to the contract; and
- (g) subject to paragraph 10 of Schedule 3 (mixing of services provided under the contract with private services), any proposals the contractor may have for private services as an alternative to the services proposed under the contract, including particulars of the cost to the patient if he were to accept the provision of private services.

(2) If the patient, having considered the treatment plan provided pursuant to sub-paragraph (1), decides to accept the provision of private services in place of orthodontic services under the contract, the contractor shall ensure that the patient signs the treatment plan in the appropriate place to indicate that he has understood the nature of private services to be provided and his acceptance of those private services.

(3) Where, for clinical reasons, the services included in the orthodontic treatment plan under sub-paragraph (1) need to be varied, the contractor shall provide the patient with a revised orthodontic treatment plan in accordance with that sub-paragraph.

(4) Subject to paragraphs 5(4) and (5), the contractor shall provide the orthodontic services which are detailed in the orthodontic treatment plan provided pursuant to sub-paragraph (1) or, where the orthodontic treatment plan is revised, pursuant to the revised orthodontic treatment plan.

### **Monitoring outcomes** E+W

7.—(1) The contract shall require the contractor to monitor, in accordance with this paragraph, the outcome of the orthodontic treatment it provides.

(2) The contractor shall, in respect of orthodontic courses of treatment it provides in which orthodontic treatment is provided following the case assessment, monitor the outcome of that orthodontic treatment in accordance with sub-paragraph (3).

(3) The contractor shall monitor the outcome of orthodontic treatment in accordance with “Methods to determine outcome of orthodontic treatment in terms of improvement and standards”<sup>M47</sup> in respect of—

- (a) where the total number of cases is 20 or fewer, all the cases of orthodontic courses of treatment it provides; or
- (b) where the total number of orthodontic courses of treatment provided is greater than 20—
  - (i) 20 of the cases; and
  - (ii) in addition, 10 per cent of the number of cases over 20, of orthodontic courses of treatment it provides.

(4) The contract shall specify the period of time which is relevant for calculating the number of orthodontic courses of treatment that need to be monitored in accordance with this paragraph.

(5) As part of its monitoring of the outcome of orthodontic treatment under sub-paragraph (2), the contractor shall, in respect of the patients whose courses of treatment are monitored calculate a peer assessment rating of the patient's study casts—

- (a) taken at or after the case assessment but prior to the commencement of orthodontic treatment; and



(b) taken at the completion of the orthodontic course of treatment, using either the Clinical Outcome Monitoring Program software<sup>M48</sup> or by applying the methodology set out in “An introduction to Occlusal Indices”<sup>M49</sup>.

(6) In sub-paragraph (5), “peer assessment rating” means an index of treatment standards in which individual scores for the components of alignment and occlusion are summed to calculate an overall score comparing pre- and post- treatment<sup>M50</sup>.

#### **Marginal Citations**

- M47** European Journal of Orthodontics 14, p125-139, 1992 Richmond S, Shaw WC, Anderson M and Roberts CT. The article is available at [www.dh.gov.uk](http://www.dh.gov.uk).
- M48** Clinical Outcome Monitoring Program – Version 3.1 for Windows 98, XP and 2000. See also Weerakone S and Dhopatkar “A Clinical Outcome Monitoring Program (COMP): a new application for use in orthodontic audits and research”, American Journal of Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopaedics 2003;123:503-511.
- M49** Richmond, O'Brien, Buchanan and Burden, 1992, Victoria, University of Manchester, ISBN 1-898922-00-4.
- M50** A description of this methodology can be found in the European Journal of Orthodontics 14, p180-187, 1992, Richmond S, Shaw WC, Roberts CT and Andrews M: “Methods to determine the outcome of orthodontic treatment in terms of improvement and standards”.

#### **Completion of orthodontic courses of treatment** **E+W**

**8.—(1)** The contractor shall indicate on the form supplied to the Primary Care Trust pursuant to paragraph 38 of Schedule 3 (notification of a course of treatment) whether or not the orthodontic course of treatment was completed.

(2) If the Primary Care Trust requests in writing that the contractor provides reasons for the failure to complete one or more orthodontic courses of treatment, the contractor shall, within such period as the Primary Care Trust may specify, provide the reasons for that failure.

(3) If the Primary Care Trust—

- (a) determines that the number of orthodontic courses of treatment provided by the contractor which have not been completed is excessive; and
- (b) does not consider that the reasons given by the contractor for the failure to complete the orthodontic courses of treatment are satisfactory,

it shall be entitled to exercise its powers under paragraph 73 of Schedule 3 on the grounds that the contractor is not, pursuant to paragraph 5(3) of this Schedule, using its best endeavours to ensure orthodontic courses of treatment are completed.

**Status:** Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULE 2 **E+W**

Regulations 17 and 18

PROVISION OF SERVICES: UNITS OF DENTAL ACTIVITY AND UNITS OF ORTHODONTIC ACTIVITY

**PART 1** **E+W**

UNITS OF DENTAL ACTIVITY

1.—(1) Where the contractor provides a banded course of treatment, the contractor provides the number of units of dental activity specified in the appropriate row of Table A.

(2) Where a banded course of treatment is commenced but not completed for whatever reason, the appropriate number of units of dental activity provided shall be calculated on the basis of the components of the course of the treatment which has been—

- (a) completed; and
- (b) commenced but not completed.

2. Where the contractor provides a charge exempt course of treatment, the contractor provides the number of units of dental activity specified in the appropriate row of Table B.

Table A

Units of dental activity provided under the contract in respect of banded courses of treatment.

<i>Type of course of treatment</i>	<i>Units of dental activity provided</i>
Band 1 course of treatment (excluding urgent treatment)	1.0
Band 1 course of treatment (urgent treatment only)	1.2
Band 2 course of treatment	3.0
Band 3 course of treatment	12.0

Table B

Units of dental activity provided under the contract in respect of charge exempt courses of treatment

<i>Type of charge exempt course of treatment</i>	<i>Units of dental activity provided</i>
Issue of a prescription	0.75
Repair of a dental appliance (denture)	1.0
Repair of a dental appliance (bridge)	1.2
Removal of sutures	1.0
Arrest of bleeding	1.2
[ <sup>F12</sup> Conservation treatment of deciduous teeth in a patient who is aged under 18 years at the beginning of a course of treatment]	[ <sup>F13</sup> 3.0]

**Textual Amendments**

- F12** Words in Sch. 2 para. 2 Table B added (1.4.2007) by [The National Health Service \(Dental Charges, General Dental Services Contracts and Personal Dental Services Agreements\) Amendment Regulations 2007 \(S.I. 2007/544\)](#), regs. 1(1), **4(a)**
- F13** Words in Sch. 2 para. 2 Table B added (1.4.2007) by [The National Health Service \(Dental Charges, General Dental Services Contracts and Personal Dental Services Agreements\) Amendment Regulations 2007 \(S.I. 2007/544\)](#), regs. 1(1), **4(b)**

## PART 2 **E+W**

### UNITS OF ORTHODONTIC ACTIVITY

**3.—(1)** Where the contractor provides an orthodontic course of treatment to a patient that solely consists of a case assessment, the contractor provides 1.0 unit of orthodontic activity.

(2) Where the contractor provides an orthodontic course of treatment to a patient aged under 10 years that consists of—

- (a) a case assessment; and
- (b) the provision of orthodontic treatment following the case assessment,

the contractor provides 4.0 units of orthodontic activity.

(3) Where the contractor provides an orthodontic course of treatment to a patient aged between 10 and 17 years that consists of—

- (a) a case assessment; and
- (b) the provision of orthodontic treatment following the case assessment,

the contractor provides 21.0 units of orthodontic activity.

(4) Where the contractor provides an orthodontic course of treatment to a patient who is aged 18 years or over that consists of—

- (a) a case assessment; and
- (b) the provision of orthodontic treatment following the case assessment,

the contractor provides [<sup>F14</sup>23.0] units of orthodontic activity.

(5) Where the contractor—

- (a) provides a repair to an orthodontic appliance of a patient; and
- (b) the orthodontic course of treatment in which that orthodontic appliance was provided is being provided by another contractor, hospital or relevant service provider under Part 1 of the Act,

the contractor provides 0.8 units of orthodontic activity.

**Textual Amendments**

- F14** Figure in Sch. 2 para. 3(4) substituted (1.4.2006) by [The National Health Service \(General Dental Services Contracts and Personal Dental Services Agreements\) Amendment Regulations 2006 \(S.I. 2006/563\)](#), regs. 1(1), **4**

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.**Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*SCHEDULE 3 **E+W**

Regulation 24

## OTHER CONTRACTUAL TERMS

**PART 1** **E+W**

## PATIENTS

**Persons to whom mandatory services or additional services are to be provided** **E+W**

1.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraphs (3) and (5), the contractor may agree to provide mandatory or additional services under the contract to any person if a request is made for such services by—

- (a) the person who requires the services; or
- (b) a person specified in sub-paragraph (2), on behalf of the person who requires those services.

(2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1), a request for services may be made—

- (a) on behalf of any child by—
  - (i) either parent;
  - (ii) a person duly authorised by a local authority to whose care the child has been committed under the Children Act 1989 <sup>M51</sup>; or
  - (iii) a person duly authorised by a voluntary organisation by which the child is being accommodated under the provisions of that Act; or
- (b) on behalf of any adult who is incapable of making such an application, or authorising such an application to be made on their behalf, by a relative or the primary carer of that person.

(3) The contractor may refuse to provide mandatory or additional services in relation to a person falling outside a specified group of persons only where the contract provides for the contractor to provide such services to a specified group.

(4) The contractor shall only refuse to provide services under the contract to a person if it has reasonable grounds for doing so which do not relate to—

- [<sup>F15</sup>(a) a person's age, sex (reassigned or otherwise), religion or belief, sexual orientation, race, cultural and linguistic background, any disability they may have, or medical or dental condition; or]
- (b) a person's decision or intended decision to accept or refuse private services in respect of himself or a family member.

(5) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply—

- (a) where the contractor is providing mandatory or additional services in a prison; or
- (b) in any event to dental public health services.

**Textual Amendments**

**F15** Sch. 3 para. 1(4)(a) substituted (1.6.2011) by [The National Health Service \(Primary Dental Services\) \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1182\)](#), regs. 1, **8(2)**

**Marginal Citations**

**M51** 1989 c. 41.

## **Patient preference of practitioner** **E+W**

- 2.—(1) Where the contractor has agreed to provide services to a patient, it shall—
- (a) inform the patient (or, in the case of a child or incapable adult, the person who made the application on their behalf) of the patient's right to express a preference to receive services from a particular performer; and
  - (b) record in writing any such preference expressed by or on behalf of the patient.
- (2) The contractor shall endeavour to comply with any reasonable preference expressed under sub-paragraph (1) but need not do so if the preferred performer—
- (a) has reasonable grounds for refusing to provide services to the patient; or
  - (b) does not routinely perform the services required by the patient within the practice.
- (3) This paragraph does not apply—
- (a) where the contractor is providing mandatory or additional services in a prison; or
  - (b) in any event to dental public health services.

## **Violent patients** **E+W**

- 3.—(1) Where—
- (a) a patient of the contractor has committed an act of violence or behaved in such a way against any of the persons specified in sub-paragraph (2) as a consequence of which that person has feared for his safety; and
  - (b) the contractor has reported the incident to the police,
- the contractor may notify the Primary Care Trust that it will no longer provide services to that patient under the contract.
- (2) The reference to persons in sub-paragraph (1) means—
- (a) the contractor where it is an individual dental practitioner;
  - (b) in the case of a contract with two or more individuals practising in partnership, a partner in that partnership;
  - (c) in the case of a contract with a dental corporation, a director, chief executive, secretary or member of, or a legal and beneficial owner of shares in, that corporation;
  - (d) a member of the contractor's staff;
  - (e) a person engaged by the contractor to perform or assist in the performance of services under the contract; or
  - (f) any other person present—
    - (i) on the practice premises; or
    - (ii) in the place where services were provided to the patient under the contract.
- (3) Notification under sub-paragraph (1) may be given by any means including telephone, fax or email but if not given in writing shall subsequently be confirmed in writing within seven days (and for this purpose a faxed or email notification is not a written one).
- (4) The time at which the contractor notifies the Primary Care Trust shall be the time at which it makes the telephone call or sends or delivers the notification to the Primary Care Trust.
- (5) The Primary Care Trust shall—
- (a) acknowledge in writing receipt of the notice from the contractor under sub-paragraph (1); and

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

- (b) take all reasonable steps to inform the patient concerned as soon as is reasonably practicable.

**Patients who refuse to pay NHS charges prior to the commencement of, or during, treatment** **E+W**

4. The contractor may—

- (a) refuse to begin a course of treatment or an orthodontic course of treatment; or
- (b) terminate a course of treatment or orthodontic course of treatment prior to its completion,

if the contractor has, in accordance with the NHS Charges Regulations, requested that the patient pay a charge in respect of that course of treatment or orthodontic course of treatment, and that patient has failed to pay that charge.

**Irrevocable breakdown in relationship between contractor and patient** **E+W**

5. Where—

- (a) in the reasonable opinion of the contractor, there has been an irrevocable breakdown in the relationship between the patient and that contractor; and
- (b) notice of such a breakdown has been given to the patient by the contractor,

the contractor may notify the Primary Care Trust that it will no longer provide services to that patient under the contract.

**PART 2** **E+W**

**PROVISION OF SERVICES**

**Course of treatment** **E+W**

6.—(1) Except in the case of orthodontic services and dental public health services, the contractor shall provide mandatory and additional services to a patient by providing to that patient a course of treatment.

(2) The contractor shall use its best endeavours to ensure that a course of treatment is completed within a reasonable time from the date on which—

- (a) the treatment plan was written in accordance with paragraph 7(1); or
- (b) where a treatment plan is not required pursuant to that paragraph, the initial examination and assessment of the patient took place.

(3) Where a contractor provides urgent treatment to a patient, the urgent treatment provided shall constitute a course of treatment and no other services shall be provided during that course of treatment.

(4) If a course of treatment is—

- (a) terminated before it has been completed; or
- (b) otherwise not completed within a reasonable time,

any further services to be provided to that patient under the contract must be provided as a new course of treatment.

(5) A course of treatment may only be terminated by—

- (a) the contractor—

- (i) when the circumstances referred to in paragraph 3(1) of this Schedule (violent patients) occur and notice that it will no longer provide services has been given to the Primary Care Trust;
  - (ii) where the patient has refused to pay a charge in the circumstances referred to in paragraph 4 of this Schedule (refusal to pay NHS Charges during treatment); or
  - (iii) where, in the reasonable opinion of the contractor, there has been an irrevocable breakdown in the relationship between the patient and the contractor and notice of such a breakdown has been given to the patient and the Primary Care Trust;
- (b) the patient; or
  - (c) a person specified in paragraph 1(2) of this Schedule acting on the patient's behalf.
- (6) If the contractor is unable to complete the course of the treatment which has been commenced for reasons beyond its control, it shall give notice to the Primary Care Trust of the extent of the treatment so provided and the reason for its inability to complete the remainder.

### **Treatment plans** E+W

7.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (5), where the contractor agrees to provide a course of treatment to a patient, it shall, at the time of the initial examination and assessment of that patient, ensure that the patient is provided with a treatment plan on a form supplied for that purpose by the Primary Care Trust which shall specify—

- (a) the name of the patient;
- (b) the name of the contractor;
- (c) particulars of the places where the patient will receive services;
- (d) the telephone number at which the contractor may be contacted during normal surgery hours;
- (e) details of the services (if any) which are, at the date of the examination, considered necessary to secure the oral health of the patient;
- (f) the NHS charge, if any, in respect of those services if provided pursuant to the contract; and
- (g) any proposals the contractor may have for private services as an alternative to the services proposed under the contract, including particulars of the cost to the patient if he were to accept the provision of private services.

(2) If the patient, having considered the treatment plan provided pursuant to sub-paragraph (1), decides to accept the provision of private services in place of all or part of services under the contract, the contractor shall ensure that the patient signs the treatment plan in the appropriate place to indicate that he has understood the nature of private services to be provided and his acceptance of those services.

(3) Where the services included in the treatment plan under this paragraph need to be varied, the contractor shall provide the patient with a revised treatment plan in accordance with sub-paragraph (1).

(4) Subject to paragraph 6(5), the contractor shall provide the services which are detailed in the treatment plan, or where the treatment plan is revised, the revised treatment plan.

(5) The obligation to provide a treatment plan under this paragraph shall not apply to a Band 1 course of treatment or a charge exempt course of treatment unless—

- (a) the contractor is providing privately any part of that course of treatment pursuant to paragraph 10; or

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

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(b) the patient has requested that he be provided with written details of the course of treatment to be provided or that has been provided to him, whether or not he specifically requests a treatment plan.

(6) Where a patient requests the contractor to provide him with a summary of the care and treatment provided under the treatment plan because he intends to receive services from another contractor, the contractor shall provide him with such a summary as he considers appropriate (including details of the care and treatment which could not easily be observed on visual examination).

(7) The summary referred to in sub-paragraph (6) shall be supplied to the patient on a form supplied for that purpose by the Primary Care Trust within 28 days of that request.

### **Completion of courses of treatment** E+W

8.—(1) The contractor shall indicate on the form supplied by the Primary Care Trust pursuant to paragraph 38 whether the course of treatment was completed, and if the course of treatment was not completed, provide the reason for the failure to complete the course of treatment.

(2) If the Primary Care Trust—

- (a) determines that the number of courses of treatment provided by the contractor which have not being completed is excessive; and
- (b) does not consider that the reasons given by the contractor for the failure to complete the courses of treatment are satisfactory,

it shall be entitled to exercise its powers under paragraph 59(2) on the grounds that the contractor is not, pursuant to paragraph 6(2), using its best endeavours to ensure courses of treatment are completed.

### **Referral to another contractor, a hospital or other relevant service provider for advanced mandatory, domiciliary or sedation services** E+W

9.—(1) Where a patient requires advanced mandatory services, domiciliary services or sedation services that are not provided under the contract by the contractor, it shall, if the patient agrees, refer that patient in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) for the provision of a referral service by an alternative contractor, a hospital or other relevant service provider under Part 1 of the Act.

(2) In referring a patient pursuant to sub-paragraph (1), the contractor shall provide—

- (a) to the patient being referred, a referral notice on a form supplied for that purpose by the Primary Care Trust which shall specify the services detailed on the treatment plan which will be carried out by the alternative contractor, hospital or other relevant service provider; and
- (b) to the alternative contractor, hospital or other relevant service provider, either at the time of referral or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter—
  - (i) a copy of the treatment plan provided to the patient pursuant to paragraph 7;
  - (ii) a copy of the referral notice; and
  - (iii) a statement of the amount paid to it, or due to be paid to it, by the patient under the NHS Charges Regulations in respect of the course of treatment during which the referral is made.

(3) Where the patient notifies the contractor, whether verbally or in writing, that he does not wish to be referred to the alternative contractor, hospital or other relevant service provider selected by the contractor, the contractor shall, if requested to do so by the patient, use its best endeavours to refer the patient to another suitable contractor, hospital or other relevant service provider under Part 1 of the Act for the provision of the referral service.



## Mixing of services provided under the contract with private services **E+W**

**10.**—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) and the requirements in paragraphs 2 (referral services) and 6 (orthodontic treatment plans) of Schedule 1 and paragraph 7(1)(g) of this Schedule, a contractor may, with the consent of the patient, provide privately any part of a course of treatment or orthodontic course of treatment for that patient, including in circumstances where that patient has been referred to the contractor for a referral service.

(2) A contractor may—

- (a) not provide privately or under the contract treatment that involves the administration of general anaesthesia or the provision of sedation; and
- (b) in the case of an orthodontic course of treatment provide—
  - (i) the case assessment wholly privately or wholly under the contract; and
  - (ii) the orthodontic treatment wholly privately or wholly under the contract.

(3) A contractor shall not, with a view to obtaining the agreement of a patient to undergo services privately—

- (a) advise a patient that the services which are necessary in his case are not available from the contractor under the contract; or
- (b) seek to mislead the patient about the quality of the services available under the contract.

(4) In sub-paragraph (2)(a), “provision of sedation” means the provision of one or more drugs to a patient in order to produce a state of depression of the central nervous system to enable treatment to be carried out.

## Repair or replacement of restorations **E+W**

**11.**—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (5), where a restoration specified in sub-paragraph (2) needs to be repaired or replaced the contractor shall repair or replace the restoration at no charge to the patient.

(2) The restorations referred to in sub-paragraph (1) are any filling, root filling, inlay, porcelain veneer or crown provided by the contractor to a patient in the course of providing services under the contract, which within the relevant period has to be repaired or replaced to secure oral health.

(3) The repair or replacement of a restoration specified in sub-paragraph (2) is a banded course of treatment for the purposes of calculating the number of units of dental activity and paragraph 1 of Schedule 2 shall apply notwithstanding that no charge is made or recovered in accordance with the NHS Charges Regulations.

(4) The band in which a restoration specified in sub-paragraph (2) falls shall be determined in accordance with the NHS Charges Regulations.

(5) Sub-paragraph (1) shall not apply where—

- (a) within the relevant period, a person other than the contractor has provided treatment on the tooth in respect of which the restoration was provided;
- (b) the contractor advised the patient at the time of the restoration and it was recorded on the patient record that—
  - (i) the restoration was intended to be temporary in nature; or
  - (ii) in its opinion, a different form of restoration was more appropriate to secure oral health but, notwithstanding that advice, the patient nevertheless requested the restoration which was provided;
- (c) in the opinion of the contractor, the condition of the tooth in respect of which the restoration was provided is such that the restoration cannot satisfactorily be repaired or replaced and different treatment is now required; or

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**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)

(d) the repair or replacement is required as a result of trauma.

(6) In this paragraph, “the relevant period” means the 12 month period beginning on the date on which the restoration was provided, and ceasing twelve months after that date.

### **Premises, facilities and equipment** **E+W**

**12.**—(1) The contractor shall ensure that the practice premises used for the provision of services under the contract are—

- (a) suitable for the delivery of those services; and
- (b) sufficient to meet the reasonable needs of the contractor's patients.

(2) The obligation in sub-paragraph (1) includes providing proper and sufficient waiting-room accommodation for patients.

(3) The contractor shall provide, in relation to all of the services to be provided under the contract, such other facilities and equipment as are necessary to enable it to properly perform that service.

(4) In this paragraph, “practice premises” includes a mobile surgery.

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C1** Sch. 3 para. 12 modified (3.1.2006) by [The General Dental Services and Personal Dental Services Transitional Provisions Order 2005 \(S.I. 2005/3435\)](#), arts. 1(1), **12**

### **Telephone services** **E+W**

**13.**—(1) The contractor shall not be a party to any contract or other arrangement under which the number for telephone services to be used by—

- (a) patients to contact the practice for any purpose related to the contract; or
- (b) any other person to contact the practice in relation to services provided as part of the health service,

starts with the digits 087, 090 or 091 or consists of a personal number, unless the service is provided free to the caller.

(2) In this paragraph, “personal number” means a telephone number which starts with the number 070 followed by a further 8 digits.

### **National Institute for Clinical Excellence guidance** **E+W**

**14.** The contractor shall provide services under the contract in accordance with any relevant guidance that is issued by the National Institute for Clinical Excellence<sup>M52</sup>, in particular the guidance entitled “Dental recall - Recall interval between routine dental examinations”<sup>M53</sup>.

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M52** The National Institute for Clinical Excellence is established as a Special Health Authority under section 11 of the Act ([S.I. 1999/220](#), as amended by [S.I. 1999/2219](#), [2002/1760](#) and [2005/497](#)).

**M53** This guidance is available from NICE's website, [www.nice.org.uk](http://www.nice.org.uk).

**Infection control** E+W

15. The contractor shall ensure that it has appropriate arrangements for infection control and decontamination.

**Treatment under general anaesthesia: prohibition** E+W

16. The contractor shall not provide any services under the contract that involve the provision of general anaesthesia.

**PART 3** E+W

**SUPPLY OF DRUGS AND PRESCRIBING**

**General** E+W

17. The contractor shall ensure that any prescription form for listed drugs, medicines or appliances issued by a prescriber complies as appropriate with the requirements in this Part.

**Supply of drugs** E+W

18.—(1) A prescriber may supply to a patient listed drugs, medicines or appliances as are required for immediate use before the issue of a prescription for such drugs, medicines or appliances in accordance with paragraph 19.

(2) A prescriber may personally administer to a patient any drug or medicine required for the treatment of that patient.

**Issue of prescription forms** E+W

19.—(1) A prescriber shall order listed drugs, medicines or appliances (other than those supplied under paragraph 18) as are required for the treatment of any patient to whom it is providing services under the contract by issuing to the patient a prescription form.

(2) Every prescription form shall—

(a) be signed by the prescriber; and

(b) be issued separately to each patient to whom the contractor is providing services under the contract.

(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, “prescription form” means a form that is supplied for the purposes of this paragraph by the Primary Care Trust.

**Excessive prescribing** E+W

20. A prescriber shall not prescribe drugs, medicines or appliances whose cost or quantity, in relation to any patient, is, by reason of the character of that drug, medicine or appliance, in excess of that which was reasonably necessary for the proper treatment of that patient.

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

## PART 4 E+W

### PERSONS WHO PERFORM SERVICES

#### Dental practitioners E+W

21. A dental practitioner<sup>M54</sup> may perform dental services under the contract provided—
- (a) he is included in a dental performers list for a Primary Care Trust in England; and
  - (b) his inclusion in that list is not subject to a suspension.

#### Marginal Citations

**M54** The term dental practitioner is defined in section 128 of the Act as a person registered in the dentists register under the Dentists Act.

#### Dental care professionals E+W

22.—(1) Prior to the coming into force of the first regulations under section 36A(2) of the Dentists Act<sup>M55</sup> (professions complementary to dentistry)—

- (a) a dental hygienist; or
- (b) a dental therapist

may perform dental services under the contract provided he is enrolled in the appropriate register established in accordance with the Dental Auxiliaries Regulations 1986<sup>M56</sup>.

(2) Upon the coming into force of the first regulations under section 36A(2) of the Dentists Act—

- (a) a dental hygienist;
- (b) a dental therapist; or
- (c) a professional or member of a class as specified in regulations made under section 36A(2) of the Dentists Act,

may perform dental services under the contract provided—

- (i) he is a dental care professional; and
- (ii) his registration in the dental care professional register established under section 36B<sup>M57</sup> of the Dentists Act is not subject to a suspension.

#### Marginal Citations

**M55** Section 36A was prospectively inserted into the Dentists Act by article 29 of the Dentists Act Order.

**M56** S.I. 1986/887; relevant amending instruments are S.I. 199/3460 and 2002/1671.

**M57** Section 36B was prospectively inserted into the Dentists Act by article 29 of the Dentists Act Order.

#### Performers: further requirements E+W

23.—(1) No health care professional or other person other than one to whom paragraph 22 applies shall perform clinical services under the contract unless he is appropriately registered with his relevant professional body and his registration is not subject to a suspension.

- (2) Where—

(a) the registration of a dental practitioner, dental care professional or other health care professional; or

(b) a dental practitioner's inclusion in a dental performers list,

is subject to conditions, the contractor shall ensure compliance with those conditions in so far as they are relevant to the contract.

(3) No health care professional or other person shall perform any clinical services under the contract unless he has such clinical experience and training as are necessary to enable him properly to perform such services.

#### **Conditions for employment and engagement: dental practitioners performing dental services** **E+W**

**24.**—(1) A contractor shall not employ or engage a dental practitioner to perform dental services under the contract unless—

(a) that practitioner has provided it with the name and address of the Primary Care Trust on whose dental performers list his name appears; and

(b) the contractor has checked that the practitioner meets the requirements in paragraph 21.

(2) Where the employment or engagement of a dental practitioner is urgently needed and it is not possible to check the matters referred to in paragraph 21 in accordance with sub-paragraph (1) (b) before employing or engaging him he may be employed or engaged on a temporary basis for a single period of up to 7 days whilst such checks are undertaken.

#### **Conditions for employment and engagement: persons performing dental services other than dental practitioners** **E+W**

**25.**—(1) The contractor shall not employ or engage a dental care professional to perform dental services unless it has taken reasonable steps to satisfy itself that he has the clinical experience and training necessary to enable him to properly perform dental services and—

(a) prior to the coming into force of the first regulations under section 36A(2) of the Dentists Act, the contractor has checked that his name is on the roll of the appropriate register established in accordance with the Dental Auxiliaries Regulations 1986; and

(b) from the coming into force of the first regulations under section 36A(2) of the Dentists Act, the contractor has checked that—

(i) his name is included in the register of dental care professionals; and

(ii) his registration in the dental care professional register is not subject to a suspension.

(2) Where the employment or engagement of a person specified in sub-paragraph (1) is urgently needed and it is not possible to check his registration in accordance with sub-paragraph (1) (where it applies) before employing or engaging him, he may be employed or engaged on a temporary basis for a single period of up to 7 days whilst such checks are undertaken.

(3) When considering a person's experience and training for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1), the contractor shall have regard in particular to—

(a) any post-graduate or post-registration qualification held by that person; and

(b) any relevant training undertaken by him and any relevant clinical experience gained by him.

#### **Conditions for employment and engagement: all persons performing dental services** **E+W**

**26.**—(1) The contractor shall not employ or engage a person to perform dental services under the contract unless—

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

- (a) that person has provided two clinical references that relate to two recent posts (which may include any current post) exercising the profession in which he seeks employment or engagement with the contractor which lasted for three months or more without a significant break, or where this is not possible, that person has provided a full explanation and alternative referees; and
- (b) the contractor has checked and is satisfied with the references.

(2) Where the employment or engagement of a person falling within sub-paragraph (1) is urgently needed and it is not possible for the contractor to obtain and check the references in accordance with sub-paragraph (1)(b) before employing or engaging him, he may be employed or engaged on a temporary basis for a single period of up to 14 days whilst his references are checked and considered, and for an additional period of a further 7 days if the contractor believes the person supplying those references is ill, on holiday or otherwise temporarily unavailable.

(3) Where the contractor employs or engages the same person on more than one occasion within a period of three months, it may rely on the references provided on the first occasion, provided that those references are not more than twelve months old.

#### **Conditions for employment or engagement: persons assisting in the provision of services under the contract** **E+W**

27.—(1) Before employing or engaging any person to assist it in the provision of services under the contract, the contractor shall take reasonable care to satisfy itself that the person in question is both suitably qualified and competent to discharge the duties for which he is to be employed or engaged.

(2) The duty imposed by sub-paragraph (1) is in addition to the duties imposed by paragraphs 24 to 26.

(3) When considering the competence and suitability of any person for the purpose of sub-paragraph (1), the contractor shall have regard in particular to—

- (a) that person's academic and vocational qualifications;
- (b) his education and training; and
- (c) his previous employment or work experience.

#### **Training** **E+W**

28. The contractor shall ensure that for any dental practitioner or dental care professional who is—

- (a) performing dental services under the contract; or
- (b) employed or engaged to assist in the performance of such services,

arrangements are in place for the purpose of maintaining and updating his skills and knowledge in relation to the services which he is performing or assisting in performing.

(2) The contractor shall afford to each employee reasonable opportunities to undertake appropriate training with a view to maintaining that employee's competence.

#### **Level of skill** **E+W**

29. The contractor shall carry out its obligations under the contract with reasonable care and skill.

### **Appraisal and assessment** **E+W**

**30.** The contractor shall ensure that any dental practitioner performing services under the contract—

- (a) participates in the appraisal system (if any) provided by the Primary Care Trust unless he participates in the appraisal system provided by another health service body; and
- (b) co-operates with an assessment by the NPSA when requested to do so by the Primary Care Trust.

### **Sub-contracting of clinical matters** **E+W**

**31.**—(1) The contractor shall not sub-contract any of its rights or duties under the contract to any person in relation to clinical matters unless—

- (a) it has taken reasonable steps to satisfy itself that—
  - (i) it is reasonable in all the circumstances; and
  - (ii) that the person is qualified and competent to provide the service; and
- (b) it is satisfied in accordance with paragraphs 81 and 82 that the sub-contractor holds adequate insurance.

(2) Where the contractor sub-contracts any of its rights or duties under the contract in relation to clinical matters, it shall—

- (a) inform the Primary Care Trust of the sub-contract as soon as is reasonably practicable; and
- (b) provide the Primary Care Trust with such information in relation to the sub-contract as it reasonably requests.

(3) Where the contractor sub-contracts clinical services in accordance with sub-paragraph (1), the parties to the contract shall be deemed to have agreed a variation to the agreement which has the effect of adding to the list of the contractor's premises any premises which are to be used by the sub-contractor for the purpose of the sub-contract and paragraph 60 shall not apply.

(4) A contract with a sub-contractor must prohibit the sub-contractor from sub-contracting the clinical services it has agreed with the contractor to provide.

## **PART 5** **E+W**

### **RECORDS, INFORMATION, NOTIFICATIONS AND RIGHTS OF ENTRY**

#### **Patient records** **E+W**

**32.**—(1) The contractor shall ensure that a full, accurate and contemporaneous record is kept in the patient record in respect of the care and treatment given to each patient under the contract, including treatment given to a patient who is referred to the contractor.

(2) The patient record may be kept in electronic form.

(3) The patient record shall include details of any private services (to the extent that they are provided with services under the contract) and shall be kept with—

- (a) a copy of any treatment plan or referral treatment plan given to the patient pursuant to paragraph 2 of Schedule 1 (referral services) or paragraph 7 of this Schedule;
- (b) all radiographs, photographs and study casts taken or obtained by it as part of the services provided to that patient;

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

- (c) where an orthodontic course of treatment has been provided to a patient, a copy of the orthodontic treatment plan;
  - (d) where information is to be submitted to the Primary Care Trust in accordance with paragraph 38 and that information is submitted electronically—
    - (i) the written declaration form in respect of exemption under paragraph 1(1) of Schedule 12ZA to the Act duly made and completed in accordance with regulations made under section 79 of, and paragraph 7(a) to, Schedule 12ZA to that Act; and
    - (ii) a note of the evidence in support of that declaration; and
  - (e) the statement concerning any custom-made devices provided by any person as a consequence of regulation 15 of the Medical Devices Regulations 2002<sup>M58</sup> (procedures for custom-made devices) in respect of services being provided to that patient.
- (4) The patient record and the items referred to in sub-paragraph (3) shall be retained for a period of 2 years beginning with—
- (a) the date on which—
    - (i) a course of treatment or orthodontic course of treatment is terminated; or
    - (ii) a course of treatment or an orthodontic course of treatment is completed; or
  - (b) in respect of courses of treatment or orthodontic courses of treatment not falling within paragraph (a)(i) or (ii) the date by which no more services can be provided as part of that course of treatment or orthodontic course of treatment by virtue of paragraph 5(4)(b) of Schedule 1 (orthodontic course of treatment) or paragraph 6(4)(b) of this Schedule.
- (5) Nothing in this paragraph shall affect any property right which the contractor may have in relation to the records, radiographs, photographs and study models referred to in this paragraph.

#### Marginal Citations

M58 [S.I. 2002/618](#).

### Confidentiality of personal data **E+W**

**33.** The contractor shall nominate a person with responsibility for practices and procedures relating to the confidentiality of personal data held by it.

### Patient information **E+W**

**34.—**(1) The contractor shall ensure that there is displayed in a prominent position in its practice premises, in a part to which patients have access—

- (a) in respect of its practice based quality assurance system referred to in paragraph 80, a written statement relating to its commitment to the matters referred to in paragraph 80(4);
  - (b) such information relating to NHS Charges as is supplied by the Primary Care Trust for the purposes of providing information to patients; and
  - (c) information about the complaints procedure which it operates in accordance with Part 6, giving the name and title of the person nominated by the contractor in accordance with paragraph 50(2)(a).
- (2) The contractor shall—
- (a) compile a document (in this paragraph called a “patient information leaflet”) which shall include the information specified in Schedule 4;



**Status:** Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)

- (b) review its patient information leaflet at least once in every period of 12 months and make any amendments necessary to maintain its accuracy; and
  - (c) make available a copy of the leaflet, and any subsequent updates, to its patients and prospective patients.
- (3) The requirements in sub-paragraph (2) do not apply to any contractor to the extent that it provides services to persons detained in prison.

**Provision of and access to information: Primary Care Trust E+W**

- 35.**—(1) The contractor shall, at the request of the Primary Care Trust—
- (a) produce to the Primary Care Trust or to a person authorised in writing by the Primary Care Trust in such format, and at such intervals or within such period, as the Primary Care Trust specifies; or
  - (b) allow the Primary Care Trust, or a person authorised in writing by it to access,
- the information specified in paragraph (2).
- (2) The information specified for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) is—
- (a) any information which is reasonably required by the Primary Care Trust for the purposes of or, in connection with, the contract; and
  - (b) any other information which is reasonably required in connection with the Primary Care Trust's functions,
- and includes the contractor's patient records.

**Requests for information from Patients' Forums E+W**

<sup>F16</sup>**36.** . . . . .

**Textual Amendments**

**F16** Sch. 3 para. 36 omitted (1.4.2008) by virtue of [The Local Involvement Networks Regulations 2008 \(S.I. 2008/528\)](#), reg. 1(2), [Sch. para. 9\(a\)](#)

**Inquiries about prescriptions and referrals E+W**

- 37.**—(1) The contractor shall, subject to sub-paragraphs (2) and (3), sufficiently answer any inquiries whether oral or in writing from the Primary Care Trust concerning—
- (a) any prescription form issued by a prescriber;
  - (b) the considerations by reference to which prescribers issue such forms;
  - (c) the referral by or on behalf of the contractor of any patient for any other services provided under the Act; or
  - (d) the considerations by which the contractor makes such referrals or provides for them to be made on its behalf.
- (2) An inquiry referred to in sub-paragraph (1) may only be made for the purpose either of obtaining information to assist the Primary Care Trust to discharge its functions or of assisting the contractor in the discharge of its obligations under the contract.
- (3) The contractor shall not be obliged to answer any inquiry referred to in sub-paragraph (1) unless it is made—

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

- (a) in the case of sub-paragraph (1)(a) or (1)(b), by an appropriately qualified health care professional; or
- (b) in the case of sub-paragraph (1)(c) or (1)(d), by an appropriately qualified dental practitioner,

appointed in either case by the Primary Care Trust to assist it in the exercise of its functions under this paragraph and that person produces, on request, written evidence that he is authorised by the Primary Care Trust to make such inquiry on its behalf.

#### **Notification of a course of treatment, orthodontic course of treatment etc. E+W**

**38.**—(1) The contractor shall, within two months of the date upon which—

- (a) it completes a course of treatment in respect of mandatory or additional services;
- (b) it completes a case assessment in respect of an orthodontic course of treatment that does not lead to a course of treatment;
- (c) it provides an orthodontic appliance following a case assessment in respect of orthodontic treatment;
- (d) it completes a course of treatment in respect of orthodontic treatment;
- (e) a course of treatment in respect of mandatory services or additional services or orthodontic course of treatment is terminated; or
- (f) in respect of courses not falling within sub-paragraph (d) or (e), no more services can be provided by virtue of paragraph 5(4)(b) of Schedule 1 (orthodontic course of treatment) or paragraph 6(4)(b) of this Schedule,

send to the Primary Care Trust, on a form supplied by that Trust, the information specified in sub-paragraph (2).

(2) The information referred to in sub-paragraph (1) comprise of—

- (a) details of the patient to whom it provides services;
- (b) details of the services provided (including any appliances provided) to that patient;
- (c) details of any NHS Charge payable (and paid) by that patient; and
- (d) in the case of a patient exempt from NHS Charges and where such information is not submitted electronically, the written declaration form and note of evidence in support of that declaration.

#### **Annual report and review E+W**

**39.**—(1) The Primary Care Trust shall provide to the contractor an annual report relating to the contract which shall contain the same categories of information for all persons who hold contracts with that Trust.

(2) Once the Primary Care Trust has provided the report referred to in sub-paragraph (1), the Primary Care Trust shall arrange with the contractor an annual review of its performance in relation to the contract.

(3) The Primary Care Trust shall prepare a draft record of the review referred to in sub-paragraph (2) for comment by the contractor and, having regard to such comments, shall produce a final written record of the review.

(4) A copy of the final record referred to in sub-paragraph (3) shall be sent to the contractor.

### Notification to the Primary Care Trust **E+W**

40.—(1) In addition to any requirements of notification elsewhere in the Regulations, the contractor shall notify the Primary Care Trust in writing, as soon as reasonably practicable, of—

- (a) any serious incident that in the reasonable opinion of the contractor affects or is likely to affect the contractor's performance of its obligations under the contract; or
- (b) any circumstances which give rise to the Primary Care Trust's right to terminate the contract under paragraph 70 or 71(1).

(2) The contractor shall, unless it is impracticable for it to do so, notify the Primary Care Trust in writing within 28 days of any occurrence requiring a change in the information about it published by the Primary Care Trust in accordance with regulations made under section 16CA(3) of the Act<sup>M59</sup> (primary dental services).

(3) The contractor shall give notice in writing to the Primary Care Trust when a dental practitioner who is performing or will perform services under the contract (as the case may be)—

- (a) leaves the contractor, and the date upon which he left; or
- (b) is employed or engaged by the contractor,

which shall include the name of the dental practitioner who has left, or who has been employed or engaged, together with his professional registration number.

#### Marginal Citations

M59 Section 16CA was inserted into the Act by section 170 of the 2003 Act.

### Notice provisions specific to a contract with a dental corporation **E+W**

41. A contractor which is a dental corporation shall give notice in writing to the Primary Care Trust forthwith when—

- (a) it passes a resolution or a court of competent jurisdiction makes an order that the contractor be wound up;
- (b) circumstances arise which might entitle a creditor or a court to appoint a receiver, administrator or administrative receiver for the contractor;
- (c) circumstances arise which would enable the court to make a winding up order in respect of the contractor; or
- (d) the contractor is unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 123 of the Insolvency Act 1986<sup>M60</sup> (definition of inability to pay debts).

#### Marginal Citations

M60 1986 c. 45.

### Notice provisions specific to a contract with two or more individuals practising in partnership **E+W**

42.—(1) A contractor which is a partnership shall give notice in writing to the Primary Care Trust forthwith when—

- (a) a partner leaves or informs his partners that he intends to leave the partnership, and the date upon which he left or will leave the partnership; or

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

- (b) a new partner joins the partnership.
- (2) A notice under sub-paragraph (1)(b) shall—
  - (a) state the date that the new partner joined the partnership;
  - (b) confirm that the new partner is a dental practitioner, or that he satisfies the conditions specified in section 28M(2)(b) of the Act;
  - (c) confirm that the new partner meets the conditions imposed by regulation 4 (general conditions relating to all contracts); and
  - (d) state whether the new partner is a general or a limited partner.

#### **Notification to patients following a variation of the contract** E+W

**43.** Where the contract is varied in accordance with Part 9 of this Schedule and, as a result of that variation there is to be a change in the range of services provided by the contractor, the contractor shall ensure that there is displayed in a prominent position in its practice premises, in a part to which patients have access, written details of that change.

#### **Entry and inspection by the Primary Care Trust** E+W

- 44.**—(1) Subject to—
- (a) the conditions in sub-paragraph (2); and
  - (b) sub-paragraph (3),

the contractor shall allow persons authorised in writing by the Primary Care Trust to enter and inspect the practice premises at any reasonable time.

- (2) The conditions referred to in sub-paragraph (1) are that—
- (a) reasonable notice of the intended entry has been given;
  - (b) written evidence of the authority of the person seeking entry is produced to the contractor on request; and
  - (c) entry is not made to any premises or part of the premises used as residential accommodation without the consent of the resident.

(3) Where the contractor is providing services under the contract in a prison, the contractor shall not be obliged to comply with sub-paragraph (1), or paragraph<sup>F17</sup>... 46, if—

- (a) the contractor has used its best endeavours to allow the Primary Care Trust<sup>F18</sup>...or the [<sup>F19</sup>Care Quality Commission] (as the case may be) to enter and inspect the practice premises; but
- (b) entry and inspection has been prevented by the prison authorities despite the contractor's best endeavours.

(4) In this paragraph “practice premises” includes a mobile surgery.

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F17** Words in Sch. 3 para. 44(3) omitted (1.4.2008) by virtue of [The Local Involvement Networks Regulations 2008 \(S.I. 2008/528\)](#), reg. 1(2), [Sch. para. 9\(b\)\(i\)](#)

**F18** Words in Sch. 3 para. 44(3)(a) omitted (1.4.2008) by virtue of [The Local Involvement Networks Regulations 2008 \(S.I. 2008/528\)](#), reg. 1(2), [Sch. para. 9\(b\)\(ii\)](#)

**F19** Words in Sch. 3 para. 44(3)(a) substituted (1.4.2009) by [The Health and Social Care Act 2008 \(Commencement No.9, Consequential Amendments and Transitory, Transitional and Saving Provisions\) Order 2009 \(S.I. 2009/462\)](#), art. 1(4), [Sch. 5 para. 17\(a\)](#)

## Entry and inspection by members of Patients' Forums **E+W**

<sup>F20</sup>45. ....

### Textual Amendments

**F20** Sch. 3 para. 45 omitted (1.4.2008) by virtue of [The Local Involvement Networks Regulations 2008 \(S.I. 2008/528\)](#), reg. 1(2), **Sch. para. 9(c)**

## [<sup>F21</sup>Entry and inspection by the Care Quality Commission **E+W**

**46.** [<sup>F22</sup>Subject to paragraph 44(3), the contractor shall allow persons authorised by the Care Quality Commission to enter and inspect the premises in accordance with section 62 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (entry and inspection).]

### Textual Amendments

**F21** Sch. 3 para. 46 and heading substituted (1.4.2009) by [The Health and Social Care Act 2008 \(Commencement No.9, Consequential Amendments and Transitory, Transitional and Saving Provisions\) Order 2009 \(S.I. 2009/462\)](#), art. 1(4), **Sch. 5 para. 17(b)**

**F22** Sch. 3 para. 46 substituted (1.10.2010) by [The Health and Social Care Act 2008 \(Miscellaneous Consequential Amendments\) Order 2010 \(S.I. 2010/1881\)](#), arts. 1(1), **18**

## [<sup>F23</sup>Entry and viewing by local involvement network representatives **E+W**

**46A.** The contractor must comply with regulation 3 of the Local Involvement Networks (Duty of Services-Providers to Allow Entry) Regulations 2008 in so far as it applies to the contractor.]

### Textual Amendments

**F23** Sch. 3 Pt. 5 para. 46A inserted (14.7.2008) by [The Local Involvement Networks \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2008 \(S.I. 2008/1514\)](#), regs. 1(3), **6**

## [<sup>F24</sup>PART 5A **E+W**

### Complaints received on or after 1st April 2009

### Textual Amendments

**F24** Sch. 3 Pt. 5A inserted (1.4.2009) by [The Local Authority Social Services and National Health Service Complaints \(England\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/309\)](#), reg. 1(2), **Sch. para. 5(2)** (with Sch. para. 8)

**46B.** As regards complaints relating to any matter reasonably connected with the provision of services under the contract which are received on or after 1st April 2009, the contractor must have in place a complaints procedure which meets the requirements of the Local Authority Social Services and National Health Service Complaints (England) Regulations 2009.]

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

## PART 6 **E+W**

### COMPLAINTS

#### Complaints procedure **E+W**

**47.**—(1) [<sup>F25</sup>As regards complaints relating to any matter reasonably connected with the provision of services under the contract which are received before 1st April 2009, the contractor shall operate a complaints procedure] which shall comply with the requirements of paragraphs 48 to 50 and 52.

(2) The contractor shall take reasonable steps to ensure that patients are aware of—

- (a) the complaints procedure;
- (b) the role of the Primary Care Trust and other bodies in relation to complaints about services under the contract; and
- (c) their right to assistance with any complaint from independent advocacy services provided under section 19A of the Act <sup>M61</sup> (independent advocacy services).

(3) The contractor shall take reasonable steps to ensure that the complaints procedure is accessible to all patients.

#### Textual Amendments

**F25** Words in Sch. 3 para. 47(1) substituted (1.4.2009) by [The Local Authority Social Services and National Health Service Complaints \(England\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/309\)](#), reg. 1(2), **Sch. para. 5(3)(a)** (with Sch. para. 8)

#### Marginal Citations

**M61** Section 19A was inserted by the 2001 Act, section 12.

#### Making of complaints **E+W**

**48.**—(1) A complaint may be made by or, with his consent, on behalf of a patient or former patient, who is receiving or has received services under the contract, or—

- (a) where the patient is a child, by—
  - (i) a parent;
  - (ii) a person duly authorised by a local authority to whose care the child has been committed under the provisions of the Children Act 1989 <sup>M62</sup>; or
  - (iii) a person duly authorised by a voluntary organisation by which the child is being accommodated under the provisions of that Act; or
- (b) where the patient is incapable of making a complaint, by a relative or other adult person who has an interest in his welfare.

(2) Where a patient has died, a complaint may be made by a relative or other adult person who had an interest in his welfare or, where the patient falls within sub-paragraph (1)(a)(ii) or (iii) by the authority or a voluntary organisation.

#### Marginal Citations

**M62** 1989 c. 41.

### **Period for making complaints** **E+W**

**49.**—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), the period for making a complaint is—

- (a) six months beginning with the date on which the matter which is the subject of the complaint occurred; or
- (b) six months beginning with the date on which the matter which is the subject of the complaint comes to the complainant's notice provided that the complaint is made no later than 12 months after the date on which the matter which is the subject of the complaint occurred.

(2) Where a complaint is not made during the period specified in sub-paragraph (1), it shall be referred to the person nominated under paragraph 50(2)(a) and if he is of the opinion that—

- (a) having regard to all the circumstances of the case, it would have been unreasonable for the complainant to make the complaint within that period; and
- (b) notwithstanding the time that has elapsed since the date on which the matter which is the subject matter of the complaint occurred, it is still possible to investigate the complaint properly,

the complaint shall be treated as if it had been received during the period specified in sub-paragraph (1).

### **Further requirements for complaints procedures** **E+W**

**50.**—(1) A complaints procedure shall also comply with the requirements set out in sub-paragraphs (2) to (6).

(2) The contractor must nominate—

- (a) a person (who need not be connected with the contractor and who, in the case of an individual, may be specified by his job title) to be responsible for the operation of the complaints procedure and the investigation of complaints; and
- (b) a partner, or other senior person associated with the contractor, to be responsible for the effective management of the complaints procedure and for ensuring that action is taken in the light of the outcome of any investigation.

(3) All complaints must be—

- (a) either made or recorded in writing;
- (b) acknowledged in writing within the period of three working days beginning with the day on which the complaint was made or, where that is not possible, as soon as reasonably practicable; and
- (c) properly investigated.

(4) Within the period of ten working days beginning with the day on which the complaint was received by the person specified under sub-paragraph (2)(a) or, where that is not possible, as soon as reasonably practicable, the complainant must be given a written summary of the investigation and its conclusions.

(5) Where the investigation of the complaint requires consideration of the patient's dental records, the person specified in sub-paragraph (2)(a) must inform the patient or person acting on his behalf if the investigation will involve disclosure of information contained in those records to a person other than the contractor or an employee of the contractor.

(6) The contractor must keep a record of all complaints and copies of all correspondence relating to complaints for a period of at least two years from the date on which such complaints were made, but such records shall be kept separate from patients' dental records.

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

## Co-operation with investigations **E+W**

51.—(1) The contractor shall co-operate with—

- (a) any investigation of a complaint in relation to any matter reasonably connected with the provision of services under the contract undertaken by—
  - (i) the Primary Care Trust; and
  - (ii) [<sup>F26</sup>the Health Service Commissioner]; and
- (b) any investigation of a complaint by an NHS body or local authority which relates to a patient or former patient of the contractor.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1)—

“NHS body” means a Primary Care Trust, an NHS trust, an NHS foundation trust, a Strategic Health Authority, a Local Health Board, a Health Board, a Health and Social Services Board, a Health and Social Services Trust or, a Health Board or Special Health Board constituted under section 2 of the National Health Service (Scotland) Act 1978 <sup>M63</sup>;

“local authority” means—

- (a) any of the bodies listed in section 1 of the Local Authority Social Services Act 1970 <sup>M64</sup> (local authorities);
- (b) the Council of the Isles of Scilly; or
- (c) a council constituted under section 2 of the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 <sup>M65</sup> (constitution of councils).

[<sup>F27</sup>“Health Service Commissioner” means the person appointed Health Service Commissioner for England in accordance with section 1 of, and Schedule 1 to, the Health Service Commissioners Act 1993]

(3) The co-operation required by sub-paragraph (1) includes—

- (a) answering questions reasonably put to the contractor by the Primary Care Trust;
- (b) providing any information relating to the complaint reasonably required by the Primary Care Trust; and
- (c) attending any meeting to consider the complaint (if held at a reasonably accessible place and at a reasonable hour, and due notice has been given) if the contractor's presence at the meeting is reasonably required by the Primary Care Trust.

### Textual Amendments

**F26** Words in Sch. 3 para. 51(1)(a)(ii) substituted (1.4.2009) by [The Local Authority Social Services and National Health Service Complaints \(England\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/309\)](#), reg. 1(2), **Sch. para. 5(3)(b)(i)** (with Sch. para. 8)

**F27** Words in Sch. 3 para. 51(2) inserted (1.4.2009) by [The Local Authority Social Services and National Health Service Complaints \(England\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/309\)](#), reg. 1(2), **Sch. para. 5(3)(b)(ii)** (with Sch. para. 8)

### Marginal Citations

**M63** 1978 c. 29.

**M64** 1970 c. 42; section 1 was amended by the [Local Government Act 1972 \(c. 70\)](#), **section 195** and by the [Local Government \(Wales\) Act 1994 \(c. 19\)](#), **Schedule 10**, paragraph 7.

**M65** 1994 c. 39.



### **Provision of information** E+W

52. The contractor shall inform the Primary Care Trust, at such intervals as the Primary Care Trust requires, of the number of complaints it has received under the procedure established in accordance with this Part.

## **PART 7** E+W

### **DISPUTE RESOLUTION**

#### **Local resolution of contract disputes** E+W

53. In the case of any dispute arising out of or in connection with the contract, the contractor and the Primary Care Trust must make every reasonable effort to communicate and co-operate with each other with a view to resolving the dispute, before referring the dispute for determination in accordance with the NHS dispute resolution procedure (or, where applicable, before commencing court proceedings).

#### **Dispute resolution: non-NHS contracts** E+W

54.—(1) In the case of a contract which is not an NHS contract, any dispute arising out of or in connection with the contract, except disputes about matters dealt with under the complaints procedure pursuant to Part 6 of this Schedule, may be referred for consideration and determination to the Secretary of State, if—

- (a) the Primary Care Trust so wishes and the contractor has agreed in writing; or
- (b) the contractor so wishes (even if the Primary Care Trust does not agree).

(2) In the case of a dispute referred to the Secretary of State under sub-paragraph (1)—

- (a) the procedure to be followed is the NHS dispute resolution procedure; and
- (b) the parties agree to be bound by any determination made by the adjudicator.

#### **NHS dispute resolution procedure** E+W

55.—(1) The procedure specified in the following sub-paragraphs and paragraph 56 applies in the case of any dispute arising out of or in connection with the contract which is referred to the Secretary of State—

- (a) in accordance with section 4(3) of the 1990 Act (where the contract is an NHS contract); or
- (b) in accordance with paragraph 54 (where the contract is not an NHS contract).

(2) Any party wishing to refer a dispute as mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) shall send to the Secretary of State a written request for dispute resolution which shall include or be accompanied by—

- (a) the names and addresses of the parties to the dispute;
- (b) a copy of the contract; and
- (c) a brief statement describing the nature and circumstances of the dispute.

(3) Any party wishing to refer a dispute as mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) must send the request under sub-paragraph (2) within a period of three years beginning with the date on which the matter giving rise to the dispute happened or should reasonably have come to the attention of the party wishing to refer the dispute.

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

(4) Where the dispute relates to a contract which is not an NHS contract, the Secretary of State may determine the matter herself or, if she considers it appropriate, appoint a person or persons to consider and determine it <sup>M66</sup>.

(5) Before reaching a decision as to who should determine the dispute, either under sub-paragraph (4) or under section 4(5) of the 1990 Act, the Secretary of State shall, within the period of seven days beginning with the date on which the matter was referred to her, send a written request to the parties to make in writing, within a specified period, any representations which they may wish to make about the matter.

(6) The Secretary of State shall give, with the notice given under sub-paragraph (5), to the party other than the one which referred the matter to dispute resolution a copy of any document by which the matter was referred for dispute resolution.

(7) The Secretary of State shall give a copy of any representations received from a party to the other party and shall in each case request (in writing) a party to whom a copy of the representations is given to make within a specified period any written observations which it wishes to make on those representations.

(8) Following receipt of any representations from the parties or, if earlier, at the end of the period for making such representations specified in the request sent under sub-paragraph (5) or (7), the Secretary of State shall, if she decides to appoint a person or persons to hear the dispute—

- (a) inform the parties in writing of the name of the person or persons whom she has appointed; and
- (b) pass to the person or persons so appointed any documents received from the parties under sub-paragraphs (2), (5) or (7).

(9) For the purpose of assisting him in his consideration of the matter, the adjudicator may—

- (a) invite representatives of the parties to appear before him to make oral representations either together or, with the agreement of the parties, separately, and may in advance provide the parties with a list of matters or questions to which he wishes them to give special consideration; or
- (b) consult other persons whose expertise he considers will assist him in his consideration of the matter.

(10) Where the adjudicator consults another person under sub-paragraph (9)(b), he shall notify the parties accordingly in writing and, where he considers that the interests of any party might be substantially affected by the result of the consultation, he shall give to the parties such opportunity as he considers reasonable in the circumstances to make observations on those results.

(11) In considering the matter, the adjudicator shall consider—

- (a) any written representations made in response to a request under sub-paragraph (5), but only if they are made within the specified period;
- (b) any written observations made in response to a request under sub-paragraph (7), but only if they are made within the specified period;
- (c) any oral representations made in response to an invitation under sub-paragraph (9)(a);
- (d) the results of any consultation under sub-paragraph (9)(b); and
- (e) any observations made in accordance with an opportunity given under sub-paragraph (10).

(12) In this paragraph, “specified period” means such period as the Secretary of State shall specify in the request, being not less than two, nor more than four, weeks beginning with the date on which the notice referred to is given, but the Secretary of State may, if she considers that there is good reason for doing so, extend any such period (even after it has expired) and, where she does so, a reference in this paragraph to the specified period is to the period as so extended.

(13) Subject to the other provisions of this paragraph and paragraph 56, the adjudicator shall have wide discretion in determining the procedure of the dispute resolution to ensure the just, expeditious, economical and final determination of the dispute.

**Marginal Citations**

**M66** Where the dispute relates to a contract which is an NHS contract, section 4(5) of the 1990 Act applies.

**Determination of dispute** **E+W**

**56.**—(1) The adjudicator shall record his determination and the reasons for it, in writing and shall give notice of the determination (including a record of the reasons) to the parties.

(2) In the case of a contract referred for determination in accordance with paragraph 54(1), subsection (8) of section 4 of the 1990 Act shall apply as that subsection applies in the case of a contract referred for determination in accordance with subsection (3) of section 4 of that Act.

(3) In the case of a contract referred for determination in accordance with paragraph 54(1), subsection (5) of section 28P of the Act <sup>M67</sup> (GDS contracts: disputes and enforcement) shall apply as that subsection applies in the case of a contract referred for determination in accordance with subsection (3) of section 4 of the 1990 Act.

**Marginal Citations**

**M67** Section 28P was inserted into the Act by section 175(1) of the 2003 Act.

**Interpretation of Part 7** **E+W**

**57.**—(1) In this Part, reference to any dispute arising out of or in connection with the contract include any dispute arising out of or in connection with the termination of the contract.

(2) Any term of the contract that makes provision in respect of the requirements in this Part shall survive even where the contract has terminated.

**PART 8** **E+W**

**MID-YEAR REVIEW OF ACTIVITY UNDER CONTRACTS**

**Mid-year reviews** **E+W**

**58.**—(1) This paragraph and paragraph 59 apply where services are to be provided under the contract from 1st April in any financial year.

(2) In this paragraph and paragraph 59, references to requirements to provide units of dental activity or orthodontic activity are to such requirements under the terms of the contract giving effect to regulation 17 (units of dental activity) or 18 (units of orthodontic activity).

(3) The Primary Care Trust shall, by 31st October in each financial year, determine the number of—

- (a) units of dental activity; or
- (b) units of orthodontic activity,

that the contractor has provided between 1st April and 30th September of that financial year based on the data provided to it by virtue of paragraph 38.

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

(4) Where the Primary Care Trust determines under sub-paragraph (3) that the contractor has, between 1st April and 30th September, provided less than 30 per cent of the total number of—

- (a) units of dental activity; or
- (b) units of orthodontic activity,

that it is required to provide in that financial year, subparagraph (5) shall apply.

(5) Where this sub-paragraph applies, the Primary Care Trust may—

- (a) notify the contractor that it is concerned about the level of activity provided under the contract in the first half of the financial year, setting out—
  - (i) the number of units of dental activity or units of orthodontic activity (as the case may be) that it has determined that the contractor has provided; and
  - (ii) the percentage of the total number of units of dental activity or units of orthodontic activity (as the case may be) required to be provided during the financial year that the number in sub-paragraph (i) represents; and
- (b) require in that notification that the contractor participate in a mid-year review of its performance in relation to the contract with the Primary Care Trust.

(6) Where a mid-year review is required by the Primary Care Trust pursuant to sub-paragraph (5), the Primary Care Trust and the contractor shall discuss at that review—

- (a) any written evidence the contractor puts forward to demonstrate that it has performed a greater number of units of dental activity or units of orthodontic activity during the first half of the financial year than those notified to it under sub-paragraph (5)(a)(i); and
- (b) any reasons that the contractor puts forward for the level of activity in the first half of the financial year.

(7) The Primary Care Trust shall prepare a draft record of the mid-year review for comment by the contractor and, having regard to such comments, shall produce a final written record of the review.

(8) A copy of the final record of the mid-year review shall be sent to the contractor.

#### **Action the Primary Care Trust can take following a mid-year review** E+W

**59.**—(1) Where, following the mid-year review and the sending of the final record of that review to the contractor, the Primary Care Trust, having taken account of any evidence or reasons put forward by the contractor at that review, nevertheless has serious concerns that the contractor is unlikely to provide the number of—

- (a) units of dental activity; or
- (b) units of orthodontic activity,

that it is required to provide by the end of the financial year, the Primary Care Trust shall be entitled to take either or both of the steps specified in sub-paragraph (2).

(2) The Primary Care Trust may—

- (a) require the contractor to comply with a written plan drawn up by the Primary Care Trust to ensure that the level of activity during the remainder of the financial year is such that the contractor will provide the number of units of dental activity or units of orthodontic activity it is required to provide; or
- (b) withhold monies payable under the contract.

(3) The maximum amount that may be withheld pursuant to sub-paragraph (2)(b) is—

- (a) the amount that is payable under the contract in respect of the number of units of dental activity or units of orthodontic activity required to be provided in a financial year, less

- (b) the amount that would be payable under the contract as a relevant proportion of that amount if the contractor provided in the whole of the financial year only twice the number of units of dental activity or orthodontic activity that he provided between 1st April and 30th September.
- (4) Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the Primary Care Trust and the contractor agreeing to vary the contract in accordance with paragraph 61 to adjust—
- (a) the level of activity to be provided under the contract; or
  - (b) the monies to be paid by the Primary Care Trust to the contractor under the contract.
- (5) Where the Primary Care Trust withholds monies under to paragraph (2), it shall ensure that it pays the withheld monies to the contractor as soon as possible following the end of the financial year where the contractor has—
- (a) provided the number of units of dental activity or units of orthodontic activity required to be provided; or
  - (b) failed to provide that number of units of dental activity or units of orthodontic activity, but that failure amounts to 4 per cent or less of the total number of units of dental activity or units of orthodontic activity that ought to have been provided during that financial year (and therefore regulation 19 applies).

## **PART 9** **E+W**

### VARIATION AND TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

#### **Variation of a contract: general** **E+W**

**60.**—(1) Subject to paragraph 31(3), no amendment or variation shall have effect unless it is in writing and signed by or on behalf of the Primary Care Trust and the contractor.

(2) In addition to the specific provision made in paragraphs 62(6), 63(6) and 75, the Primary Care Trust may vary the contract without the contractor's consent where it—

- (a) is reasonably satisfied that it is necessary to vary the contract so as to comply with the Act, any regulations made pursuant to the Act, or any direction given by the Secretary of State pursuant to the Act; and
- (b) notifies the contractor in writing of the wording of the proposed variation and the date upon which that variation is to take effect,

and, where it is reasonably practicable to do so, the date that the proposed variation is to take effect shall be not less than 14 days after the date on which the notice under paragraph (b) is served on the contractor.

#### **Variation of a contract: activity under the contract** **E+W**

**61.**—(1) Where the contractor or the Primary Care Trust is of the opinion that there needs to be a variation to the number of—

- (a) units of dental activity; or
- (b) units of orthodontic activity,

to be provided under the contract, sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) shall apply.

(2) The contractor or the Primary Care Trust (as the case may be) shall notify the other party to the contract in writing of its opinion of the need for a variation, specifying in that notice the variation that it considers necessary, together with its reasons.

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

(3) Following service of the notice referred to in sub-paragraph (2), both parties shall use their best endeavours to communicate and co-operate with each other with a view to determining what (if any) variation should be made to the number of—

- (a) units of dental activity; or
- (b) units of orthodontic activity,

and any related variations to the contract, including to the monies to be paid to the contractor under the contract, and shall where appropriate effect the variation in accordance with paragraph 60.

### **Variation provisions specific to a contract with an individual dental practitioner** E+W

**62.**—(1) If a contractor which is an individual dental practitioner proposes to practise in partnership with one or more persons during the existence of the contract, the contractor shall notify the Primary Care Trust in writing of—

- (a) the name of the person or persons with whom it proposes to practise in partnership; and
- (b) the date on which the contractor wishes to change its status as a contractor from that of an individual dental practitioner to that of a partnership, which shall be not less than 28 days after the date upon which it has served the notice on the Primary Care Trust pursuant to this sub-paragraph.

(2) A notice under sub-paragraph (1) shall in respect of the person or each of the persons with whom the contractor is proposing to practise in partnership, and also in respect of itself as regards the matters specified in sub-paragraph (c)—

- (a) confirm that he is either—
  - (i) a dental practitioner; or
  - (ii) a person who satisfies the conditions specified in section 28M(2)(b) of the Act <sup>M68</sup>;
- (b) confirm that he is a person who satisfies the conditions imposed by regulation 4; and
- (c) state whether or not it is to be a limited partnership, and if so, who is to be a limited and who is to be a general partner,

and the notice shall be signed by the individual dental practitioner and by the person, or each of the persons (as the case may be), with whom he is proposing to practise in partnership.

(3) The contractor shall ensure that any person who will practise in partnership with it is bound by the contract, whether by virtue of a partnership deed or otherwise.

(4) If the Primary Care Trust is satisfied as to the accuracy of the matters specified in sub-paragraph (2) that are included in the notice, the Primary Care Trust shall give notice in writing to the contractor confirming that the contract shall continue with the partnership entered into by the contractor and its partners, from a date that the Primary Care Trust specifies in that notice.

(5) Where it is reasonably practicable, the date specified by the Primary Care Trust pursuant to sub-paragraph (4) shall be the date requested in the notice served by the contractor pursuant to sub-paragraph (1), or, where that date is not reasonably practicable, the date specified shall be a date after the requested date that is as close to the requested date as is reasonably practicable.

(6) Where a contractor has given notice to the Primary Care Trust pursuant to sub-paragraph (1), the Primary Care Trust—

- (a) may vary the contract but only to the extent that it is satisfied is necessary to reflect the change in status of the contractor from an individual dental practitioner to a partnership; and
- (b) if it does propose to so vary the contract, it shall include in the notice served on the contractor pursuant to sub-paragraph (4) the wording of the proposed variation and the date upon which that variation is to take effect.

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M68** Section 28M was inserted into the Act by section 175(1) of the 2003 Act.

### **Variation provisions specific to a contract with two or more individuals practising in partnership** **E+W**

**63.**—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), where a contractor consists of two or more individuals practising in partnership in the event that the partnership is terminated or dissolved, the contract shall only continue with one of the former partners if that partner is—

- (a) nominated in accordance with sub-paragraph (3); and
- (b) a dental practitioner,

and provided that the requirements in sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) are met.

(2) A contractor shall notify the Primary Care Trust in writing at least 28 days in advance of the date on which the contractor proposes to change its status from that of a partnership to that of an individual dental practitioner pursuant to sub-paragraph (1).

(3) A notice under sub-paragraph (2) shall—

- (a) specify the date on which the contractor proposes to change its status from that of a partnership to that of an individual dental practitioner;
- (b) specify the name of the dental practitioner with whom the contract will continue, which must be one of the partners; and
- (c) be signed by all of the persons who are practising in partnership.

(4) If a partnership is terminated or dissolved because, in a partnership consisting of two individuals practising in partnership, one of the partners has died, sub-paragraphs (1) to (3) shall not apply and—

- (a) the contract shall continue with the individual who has not died only if that individual is a dental practitioner; and
- (b) that individual shall in any event notify the Primary Care Trust in writing as soon as is reasonably practicable of the death of his partner.

(5) When the Primary Care Trust receives a notice pursuant to sub-paragraph (2) or (4)(b), it shall acknowledge in writing receipt of the notice, and in relation to a notice served pursuant to sub-paragraph (2), the Trust shall do so before the date specified pursuant to sub-paragraph (3)(a).

(6) Where a contractor gives notice to the Primary Care Trust pursuant to sub-paragraph (2) or (4)(b), the Primary Care Trust may vary the contract but only to the extent that it is satisfied is necessary to reflect the change in status of the contractor from a partnership to an individual dental practitioner.

(7) If the Primary Care Trust varies the contract pursuant to sub-paragraph (6), it shall notify the contractor in writing of the wording of the proposed variation and the date upon which that variation is to take effect.

### **Termination by agreement** **E+W**

**64.** The Primary Care Trust and the contractor may agree in writing to terminate the contract, and if the parties so agree, they shall agree the date upon which that termination should take effect and any further terms upon which the contract should be terminated.

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

### Termination on the death of an individual dental practitioner **E+W**

**65.**—(1) Where the contract is with an individual dental practitioner and that practitioner dies, the contract shall terminate at the end of the period of [<sup>F28</sup>28 days] after the date of his death unless, before the end of that period—

- (a) subject to sub-paragraph (2), the Primary Care Trust has agreed in writing with the contractor's personal representatives that the contract should continue for a further period, [<sup>F29</sup>not exceeding 6 months] after the end of the period of [<sup>F28</sup>28 days]; and
- (b) the contractor's personal representatives have confirmed in writing to the Primary Care Trust that they are employing or engaging one or more dental practitioners to assist in the provision of dental services under the contract throughout the period for which it continues.

(2) Where the Primary Care Trust is of the opinion that another contractor may wish to enter into a contract in respect of the mandatory services which were provided by the deceased dental practitioner, the three month period referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(a) may be extended by a period not exceeding six months as may be agreed.

(3) Sub-paragraph (1) does not affect any other rights to terminate the agreement which the Primary Care Trust may have under paragraphs 69 to 74.

#### Textual Amendments

- F28** Words in Sch. 3 para. 65(1) substituted (1.6.2011) by [The National Health Service \(Primary Dental Services\) \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1182\)](#), regs. 1, **8(3)(a)**
- F29** Words in Sch. 3 para. 65(1)(a) substituted (1.6.2011) by [The National Health Service \(Primary Dental Services\) \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1182\)](#), regs. 1, **8(3)(b)**

### Termination by the contractor **E+W**

**66.**—(1) A contractor may terminate the contract by serving notice in writing on the Primary Care Trust at any time.

(2) Where a contractor serves notice pursuant to sub-paragraph (1), the contract shall terminate on a date three months after the date on which the notice is served (“the termination date”), save that if the termination date is not the last calendar day of a month, the contract shall instead terminate on the last calendar day of the month in which the termination date falls.

(3) This paragraph and paragraph 67 are without prejudice to any other rights to terminate the contract that the contractor may have.

### Late payment notices **E+W**

**67.**—(1) The contractor may give notice in writing (a “late payment notice”) to the Primary Care Trust if the Trust has failed to make any payments due to the contractor in accordance with a term of the contract that has the effect specified in regulation 21 (finance), and the contractor shall specify in the late payment notice the payments that the Trust has failed to make in accordance with that regulation.

(2) Subject to sub-paragraph (3), the contractor may, at least 28 days after having served a late payment notice, terminate the contract by a further written notice if the Primary Care Trust has still failed to make the payments that were due to the contractor and that were specified in the late payment notice served on the Primary Care Trust pursuant to sub-paragraph (1).

(3) If, following receipt of a late payment notice, the Primary Care Trust refers the matter to the NHS dispute resolution procedure within 28 days of the date upon which it is served with the late



payment notice, and it notifies the contractor in writing that it has done so within that period of time, the contractor may not terminate the contract pursuant to sub-paragraph (2) until—

- (a) there has been a determination of the dispute pursuant to paragraph 56 and that determination permits the contractor to terminate the contract; or
- (b) the Primary Care Trust ceases to pursue the NHS dispute resolution procedure,

whichever is the sooner.

#### **Termination by the Primary Care Trust: general E+W**

**68.** The Primary Care Trust may only terminate the contract in accordance with the provisions in this Part.

#### **Termination by the Primary Care Trust: no longer eligible to enter into and breach of conditions of the contract E+W**

**69.**—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), the Primary Care Trust shall serve notice in writing on the contractor terminating the contract forthwith if—

- (a) the contract was entered into pursuant to section 28M(1)(a) of the Act (persons eligible to enter into GDS contracts); and
- (b) the contractor is no longer a dental practitioner.

(2) Where a contractor ceases to be a dental practitioner by virtue of a suspension specified in sub-paragraph (6), sub-paragraph (1) shall not apply unless—

- (a) the contractor is unable to satisfy the Primary Care Trust that it has in place adequate arrangements for the provision of dental services under the contract for so long as the suspension continues; or
- (b) the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that the circumstances of the suspension are such that if the contract is not terminated forthwith—
  - (i) the safety of the contractor's patients is at serious risk; or
  - (ii) the Primary Care Trust is at risk of material financial loss.

(3) Except in a case to which paragraph 63(4) applies, where the contractor is two or more persons practising in partnership and the condition prescribed in section 28M(2)(a) of the Act is no longer satisfied, the Primary Care Trust shall—

- (a) serve notice in writing on the contractor terminating the contract forthwith; or
- (b) serve notice in writing on the contractor confirming that the Primary Care Trust will allow the contract to continue for a period specified by the Primary Care Trust in accordance with sub-paragraph (4) (the “interim period”) if the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that the contractor has in place adequate arrangements for the provision of dental services for the interim period.

(4) The period specified by the Primary Care Trust under sub-paragraph (3)(b) shall not exceed—

- (a) six months; or
- (b) in a case where the failure of the contractor to continue to satisfy the condition in section 28M(2)(a) of the Act is the result of a suspension referred to in sub-paragraph (6), the period for which that suspension continues.

(5) Where the contract was entered into pursuant to section 28M(1)(b) of the Act, but the contractor ceases to be a dental corporation, the Primary Care Trust shall serve notice in writing on the contractor terminating the contract forthwith.

(6) The suspensions referred to in sub-paragraphs (2) and (4)(b) are—

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

- (a) until the coming into force of article 18 of the Dentists Act Order (substitution of sections 27 and 28)—
    - (i) suspension by the Health Committee under section 28 of the Dentists Act (powers of the Health Committee);
    - (ii) suspension by the Professional Conduct Committee or the Health Committee under section 30(3) of that Act (orders for immediate suspension); or
    - (iii) suspension by the Preliminary Proceedings Committee under section 32 of that Act (orders for interim suspension); or
  - (b) from the coming into force of article 18 of the Dentists Act Order for all purposes—
    - (i) suspension by the Health Committee, the Professional Performance Committee or the Professional Conduct Committee under section 27B or 27C of the Dentists Act, except under section 27C(1)(d) (indefinite suspension), following a relevant determination;
    - (ii) suspension by the Health Committee, the Professional Performance Committee or the Professional Conduct Committee under section 30(1) of that Act (orders for immediate suspension); or
    - (iii) suspension by the Health Committee, the Professional Performance Committee, the Professional Conduct Committee or the Interim Orders Committee under section 32 of that Act (interim orders).
- (7) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (6)(b)(i), a “relevant determination” is a determination that a person's fitness to practise is impaired based solely on the ground mentioned in—
- (a) section 27(2)(b) of the Dentists Act (deficient professional performance); or
  - (b) section 27(2)(c) of that Act (adverse physical or mental health).

#### **Termination by the Primary Care Trust for the provision of untrue etc. information** E+W

**70.** The Primary Care Trust may serve notice in writing on the contractor terminating the contract forthwith, or from such date as may be specified in the notice if, after the contract has been entered into, it comes to the attention of the Primary Care Trust that written information provided to the Primary Care Trust by the contractor—

- (a) before the contract was entered into; or
- (b) pursuant to paragraph 42(2),

in relation to the conditions set out in regulation 4 or 5 (and compliance with those conditions) was, when given, untrue or inaccurate in a material respect.

#### **Termination by the Primary Care Trust on grounds of suitability etc.** E+W

**71.—(1)** The Primary Care Trust may serve notice in writing on the contractor terminating the contract forthwith, or from such date as may be specified in the notice if—

- (a) in the case of a contract with a dental practitioner, that dental practitioner;
- (b) in the case of a contract with two or more individuals practising in partnership, any individual or the partnership; and
- (c) in the case of a contract with a dental corporation—
  - (i) the corporation; or
  - (ii) any director, chief executive or secretary of the corporation,

falls within sub-paragraph (2) during the existence of the contract or, if later, on or after the date on which a notice in respect of his compliance with the conditions in regulation 4 or 5 was given under paragraph 42(2).

- (2) A person falls within this sub-paragraph if—
- (a) he or it is the subject of a national disqualification;
  - (b) subject to sub-paragraph (3), he or it is disqualified or suspended (other than by an interim suspension order or direction pending an investigation or a suspension on the grounds of ill-health) from practising by any licensing body anywhere in the world;
  - (c) subject to sub-paragraph (4), he has been dismissed (otherwise than by reason of redundancy) from any employment by a health service body unless before the Primary Care Trust has served a notice terminating the contract pursuant to this paragraph, he is employed by the health service body that dismissed him or by another health service body;
  - (d) he or it is removed from, or refused admission to, a primary care list by reason of inefficiency, fraud or unsuitability (within the meaning of section 49F(2), (3) and (4) of the Act <sup>M69</sup> respectively) unless his name has subsequently been included in such a list;
  - (e) he has been convicted in the United Kingdom of—
    - (i) murder; or
    - (ii) a criminal offence other than murder, committed on or after 14th December 2001, and has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment of over six months;
  - (f) subject to sub-paragraph (5), he has been convicted outside the United Kingdom of an offence—
    - (i) which would, if committed in England and Wales, constitute murder; or
    - (ii) committed on or after 14th December 2001, which would if committed in England and Wales, constitute a criminal offence other than murder, and been sentenced to a term of imprisonment of over six months;
  - (g) he has been convicted of an offence referred to in Schedule 1 to the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 <sup>M70</sup> (offences against children and young persons with respect to which special provisions apply) or Schedule 1 to the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 <sup>M71</sup> (offences against children under the age of 17 years to which special provisions apply);
  - (h) he or it has—
    - (i) been adjudged bankrupt or had sequestration of his estate awarded unless (in either case) he has been discharged or the bankruptcy order has been annulled;
    - (ii) been made the subject of a bankruptcy restrictions order or an interim bankruptcy restrictions order under Schedule 4A to the Insolvency Act 1986 <sup>M72</sup>, unless that order has ceased to have effect or has been annulled;
    - (iii) made a composition or arrangement with, or granted a trust deed for, his or its creditors unless he or it has been discharged in respect of it; or
    - (iv) been wound up under Part IV of the Insolvency Act 1986;
  - (i) there is—
    - (i) an administrator, administrative receiver or receiver appointed in respect of it; or
    - (ii) an administration order made in respect of it under Schedule B1 to the Insolvency Act 1986 <sup>M73</sup>;
  - (j) that person is a partnership and—

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

**Changes to legislation:** *There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

- (i) a dissolution of the partnership is ordered by any competent court, tribunal or arbitrator; or
  - (ii) an event happens that makes it unlawful for the business of the partnership to continue, or for members of the partnership to carry on in partnership;
- (k) he has been—
- (i) removed from the office of charity trustee or trustee for a charity by an order made by the Charity Commissioners or the High Court on the grounds of any misconduct or mismanagement in the administration of the charity for which he was responsible or to which he was privy, or which he by his conduct contributed to or facilitated; or
  - (ii) removed under section 7 of the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1990 <sup>M74</sup> (powers of the Court of Session to deal with management of charities), from being concerned in the management or control of any body;
- (l) he is subject to a disqualification order under the Company Directors Disqualification Act 1986 <sup>M75</sup>, the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 <sup>M76</sup> or to an order made under section 429(2)(b) of the Insolvency Act 1986 (failure to pay under county court administration order); or
- (m) he has refused to comply with a request by the Primary Care Trust for him to be medically examined on the grounds that it is concerned that he is incapable of adequately providing services under the contract and, in a case where the contract is with two or more individuals practising in partnership or with a dental corporation, the Primary Care Trust is not satisfied that the contractor is taking adequate steps to deal with the matter.
- (3) A Primary Care Trust shall not terminate the contract pursuant to sub-paragraph (2)(b) where the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that the disqualification or suspension imposed by a licensing body outside the United Kingdom does not make the person unsuitable to be—
- (a) a contractor;
  - (b) a partner, in the case of a contract with two or more individuals practising in partnership; or
  - (c) in the case of a contract with a dental corporation, a director, chief executive or secretary of the corporation.
- (4) A Primary Care Trust shall not terminate the contract pursuant to sub-paragraph (2)—
- (a) until a period of at least three months has elapsed since the date of the dismissal of the person concerned; or
  - (b) if, during the period of time specified in paragraph (a), the person concerned brings proceedings in any competent tribunal or court in respect of his dismissal, until proceedings before that tribunal or court are concluded,
- and the Primary Care Trust may only terminate the contract at the end of the period specified in paragraph (b) if there is no finding of unfair dismissal at the end of those proceedings.
- (5) A Primary Care Trust shall not terminate the contract pursuant to sub-paragraph (2)(f) where the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that the conviction does not make the person unsuitable to be—
- (a) a contractor;
  - (b) a partner, in the case of a contract with two or more individuals practising in partnership; or
  - (c) in the case of a contract with a dental corporation, a director, chief executive or secretary of the corporation.

### Marginal Citations

- M69** Section 49F was inserted into the Act by section 25 of the 2001 Act and amended by the 2002 Act, Schedule 3, paragraph 21 and the 2003 Act, Schedule 14, Part 2.
- M70** 1933 c. 12 as amended by the [Domestic Violence, Crime and Victims Act 2004 \(c. 28\)](#), [section 58\(1\), Schedule 10, paragraph 2](#), the [Sexual Offences Act 2003 \(c. 42\)](#) section 139 and Schedule 6, paragraph 7, the [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33\)](#), [section 170](#) and Schedule 15, paragraph 8 and Schedule 16, paragraph 16 and the [Sexual Offences Act 1956 \(c. 69\)](#), [sections 48](#) and 51 and Schedules 3 and 4; and as modified by the Criminal Justice Act 1988, section 170(1), Schedule 15, paragraph 9.
- M71** 1995 c. 46.
- M72** 1986 c. 45. Schedule 4A was inserted by section 257 of, and Schedule 3 to, the [Enterprise Act 2002 \(c. 40\)](#).
- M73** Schedule B1 was inserted by section 248 of and Schedule 16 to the Enterprise Act 2002.
- M74** 1990 c. 40.
- M75** 1986 c. 46 as amended by the [Insolvency Act 2000 \(c. 39\)](#).
- M76** S.I. 1986/1032 (N.I.6).

### Termination by the Primary Care Trust: patient safety and material financial loss **E+W**

**72.** The Primary Care Trust may serve notice in writing on the contractor terminating the contract forthwith or with effect from such date as may be specified in the notice if—

- (a) the contractor has breached the contract and as a result of that breach, the safety of the contractor's patients is at serious risk if the contract is not terminated; or
- (b) the contractor's financial situation is such that the Primary Care Trust considers that the Primary Care Trust is at risk of material financial loss.

### Termination by the Primary Care Trust: remedial notices and breach notices **E+W**

**73.—**(1) Where a contractor has breached the contract other than as specified in paragraphs 70 to 72 and the breach is capable of remedy, the Primary Care Trust shall, before taking any action it is otherwise entitled to take by virtue of the contract, serve a notice on the contractor requiring it to remedy the breach (“remedial notice”).

(2) A remedial notice shall specify—

- (a) details of the breach;
- (b) the steps the contractor must take to the satisfaction of the Primary Care Trust in order to remedy the breach; and
- (c) the period during which the steps must be taken (“the notice period”).

(3) The notice period shall, unless the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that a shorter period is necessary to—

- (a) protect the safety of the contractor's patients; or
- (b) protect itself from material financial loss,

be no less than 28 days from the date that notice is given.

(4) Where a Primary Care Trust is satisfied that the contractor has not taken the required steps to remedy the breach by the end of the notice period, the Primary Care Trust may terminate the contract with effect from such date as the Primary Care Trust may specify in a further notice to the contractor.

(5) Where a contractor has breached the contract other than as specified in paragraphs 70 to 72 and the breach is not capable of remedy, the Primary Care Trust may serve notice on the contractor requiring the contractor not to repeat the breach (“breach notice”).

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

(6) If, following a breach notice or a remedial notice, the contractor—

- (a) repeats the breach that was the subject of the breach notice or the remedial notice; or
- (b) otherwise breaches the contract resulting in either a remedial notice or a breach notice,

the Primary Care Trust may serve notice on the contractor terminating the contract with effect from such date as may be specified in that notice.

(7) The Primary Care Trust shall not exercise its right to terminate the contract under sub-paragraph (6) unless it is satisfied that the cumulative effect of the breaches is such that the Primary Care Trust considers that to allow the contract to continue would be prejudicial to the efficiency of the services to be provided under the contract.

(8) If the contractor is in breach of any obligation and a breach notice or a remedial notice in respect of that breach has been given to the contractor, the Primary Care Trust may withhold or deduct monies which would otherwise be payable under the contract in respect of that obligation which is the subject of the breach.

**Termination by the Primary Care Trust: additional provisions specific to contracts with two or more individuals practising in partnership and dental corporations** E+W

74.—(1) Where the contractor is a dental corporation, if the Primary Care Trust becomes aware that the contractor is carrying on any business which the Primary Care Trust considers to be detrimental to the contractor's performance of its obligations under the contract—

- (a) the Primary Care Trust shall be entitled to give notice to the contractor requiring that it ceases carrying on that business before the end of a period of not less than 28 days beginning on the day on which the notice is given (“the notice period”); and
- (b) if the contractor has not satisfied the Primary Care Trust that it has ceased carrying on that business by the end of the notice period, the Primary Care Trust may, by a further written notice, terminate the contract forthwith or from such date as may be specified in the notice.

(2) Where the contractor is a dental corporation and on or after the coming into force for all purposes of article 39 of the Dentists Act Order during the existence of the contract—

- (a) the majority of the directors of the dental corporation cease to be either dental practitioners or dental care professionals;
- (b) the dental corporation has been convicted of an offence under section 43(1) of the Dentists Act <sup>M77</sup> (directors of bodies corporate); or
- (c) the dental corporation, or a director or former director of that corporation, has had a financial penalty imposed on it or him by the General Dental Council pursuant to section 43B (financial penalties in relation to bodies corporate) or 44 (further financial penalties on bodies corporate) of the Dentists Act <sup>M78</sup>,

the Primary Care Trust may, by written notice, terminate the contract if it considers that as a consequence the dental corporation is no longer suitable to be a contractor.

(3) Where the contractor is two or more persons practising in partnership, the Primary Care Trust shall be entitled to terminate the contract by notice in writing on such date as may be specified in that notice where one or more partners have left the practice during the existence of the contract if, in its reasonable opinion, the Primary Care Trust considers that the change in membership of the partnership is likely to have a serious adverse impact on the ability of the contractor or the Primary Care Trust to perform its obligations under the contract.

- (4) A notice given to the contractor pursuant to sub-paragraph (3) shall specify—
  - (a) the date upon which the contract is to be terminated; and

- (b) the Primary Care Trust's reasons for considering that the change in the membership of the partnership is likely to have a serious adverse impact on the ability of the contractor or the Primary Care Trust to perform its obligations under the contract.

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M77** Section 43 of the Dentists Act is substituted by the Dentists Act Amendment Order 2005, article 39.

**M78** Section 43B was inserted into, and section 44 is substituted by, the Dentists Act Amendment Order, article 39.

#### **Contract sanctions** **E+W**

**75.**—(1) In this paragraph and paragraph 76, “contract sanction” means—

- (a) termination of specified reciprocal obligations under the contract;
- (b) suspension of specified reciprocal obligations under the contract for a period of up to six months; or
- (c) withholding or deducting monies otherwise payable under the contract.

(2) Where the Primary Care Trust is entitled to terminate the contract pursuant to paragraph 70, 71, 72, 73(4), 73(6) or 74, it may instead impose any of the contract sanctions if the Primary Care Trust is reasonably satisfied that the contract sanction to be imposed is appropriate and proportionate to the circumstances giving rise to the Primary Care Trust's entitlement to terminate the contract.

(3) The Primary Care Trust shall not, under sub-paragraph (2), be entitled to impose any contract sanction that has the effect of terminating or suspending any obligation to provide, or any obligation that relates to, mandatory services.

(4) If the Primary Care Trust decides to impose a contract sanction, it must notify the contractor of the contract sanction that it proposes to impose, the date upon which that sanction will be imposed and provide in that notice an explanation of the effect of the imposition of that sanction.

(5) Subject to paragraph 76, the Primary Care Trust shall not impose the contract sanction until at least 28 days after it has served notice on the contractor pursuant to sub-paragraph (4) unless the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that it is necessary to do so in order to—

- (a) protect the safety of the contractor's patients; or
- (b) protect itself from material financial loss.

(6) Where the Primary Care Trust imposes a contract sanction, the Primary Care Trust shall be entitled to charge the contractor the reasonable costs of additional administration that the Primary Care Trust has incurred in order to impose, or as a result of imposing, the contract sanction.

#### **Contract sanctions and the NHS dispute resolution procedure** **E+W**

**76.**—(1) If there is a dispute between the Primary Care Trust and the contractor in relation to a contract sanction that the Primary Care Trust is proposing to impose, the Primary Care Trust shall not, subject to sub-paragraph (4), impose the proposed contract sanction except in the circumstances specified in sub-paragraph (2)(a).

(2) If the contractor refers the dispute relating to the contract sanction to the NHS dispute resolution procedure within 28 days beginning on the date on which the Primary Care Trust served notice on the contractor in accordance with paragraph 75(4) (or such longer period as may be agreed in writing with the Primary Care Trust), and notifies the Primary Care Trust in writing that it has done so, the Primary Care Trust shall not impose the contract sanction unless—

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

(a) there has been a determination of the dispute pursuant to paragraph 56 and that determination permits the Primary Care Trust to impose the contract sanction; or  
(b) the contractor ceases to pursue the NHS dispute resolution procedure,  
whichever is the sooner.

(3) If the contractor does not invoke the NHS dispute resolution procedure within the time specified in sub-paragraph (2), the Primary Care Trust shall be entitled to impose the contract sanction forthwith.

(4) If the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that it is necessary to impose the contract sanction before the NHS dispute resolution procedure is concluded in order to—

- (a) protect the safety of the contractor's patients; or
- (b) protect itself from material financial loss,

the Primary Care Trust shall be entitled to impose the contract sanction forthwith, pending the outcome of that procedure.

#### **Termination and the NHS dispute resolution procedure** E+W

**77.**—(1) Where the Primary Care Trust is entitled to serve written notice on the contractor terminating the contract pursuant to paragraph 70, 71, 72, 73(4), 73(6) or 74, the Primary Care Trust shall, in the notice served on the contractor pursuant to those provisions, specify a date on which the contract terminates that is not less than 28 days after the date on which the Primary Care Trust has served that notice on the contractor unless sub-paragraph (2) applies.

(2) This sub-paragraph applies if the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that a period less than 28 days is necessary in order to—

- (a) protect the safety of the contractor's patients; or
- (b) protect itself from material financial loss.

(3) In a case falling with sub-paragraph (1), where the exceptions in sub-paragraph (2) do not apply, where the contractor invokes the NHS dispute resolution procedure before the end of the period of notice referred to in sub-paragraph (1), and it notifies the Primary Care Trust in writing that it has done so, the contract shall not terminate at the end of the notice period but instead shall only terminate in the circumstances specified in sub-paragraph (4).

(4) The contract shall only terminate if and when—

- (a) there has been a determination of the dispute pursuant to paragraph 56 and that determination permits the Primary Care Trust to terminate the contract; or
- (b) the contractor ceases to pursue the NHS dispute resolution procedure,

whichever is the sooner.

(5) If the Primary Care Trust is satisfied that it is necessary to terminate the contract before the NHS dispute resolution procedure is concluded in order to—

- (a) protect the safety of the contractor's patients; or
- (b) protect itself from material financial loss,

sub-paragraphs (3) and (4) shall not apply and the Primary Care Trust shall be entitled to confirm, by written notice to be served on the contractor, that the contract will nevertheless terminate at the end of the period of the notice it served pursuant to paragraph 70, 71, 72, 73(4), 73(6) or 74.



## **PART 10** **E+W**

### MISCELLANEOUS

#### **Evidence of exemption under the Act** **E+W**

**78.**—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), the contractor shall ensure that it requests, in respect of a person who makes a declaration relating to exemption under paragraph 1(1) of Schedule 12ZA <sup>M79</sup> to the Act, evidence in support of that declaration.

(2) The contractor shall ensure that—

- (a) a note of the type of evidence submitted is made; or
- (b) in the case where no evidence is submitted, a note of that fact is made.

(3) Sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) do not apply where the contractor is satisfied that the person in respect of whom the declaration is made is under the age of 18 years.

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M79** Section 12ZA is inserted into the Act by section 183(2) of the 2003 Act.

#### **Clinical governance arrangements** **E+W**

**79.**—(1) The contractor shall comply with such clinical governance arrangements as the Primary Care Trust may establish in respect of contractors providing services under a contract.

(2) The contractor shall nominate a person who manages services under the contract to have responsibility for ensuring compliance with clinical governance arrangements.

(3) In this paragraph, “clinical governance arrangements” means arrangements through which the contractor endeavours to continuously improve the quality of its services and safeguard high standards of care by creating an environment in which clinical excellence can flourish.

#### **Quality assurance system** **E+W**

**80.**—(1) The contractor shall establish and operate a practice based quality assurance system which is applicable to all the persons specified in sub-paragraph (2).

(2) The specified persons are—

- (a) any dental practitioner who performs services under the contract; and
- (b) any other person employed or engaged by the contractor to perform or assist in the performance of services under the contract.

(3) A contractor shall ensure that in respect of its practice based quality assurance system, it has nominated a person (who need not be connected with the contractor's practice) to be responsible for operating that system.

(4) In this paragraph, “a practice based quality assurance system” means one which comprises a system to ensure that—

- (a) effective measures of infection control are used;
- (b) all legal requirements relating to health and safety in the workplace are satisfied;
- (c) all legal requirements relating to radiological protection are satisfied; and
- (d) any requirements of the General Dental Council in respect of the continuing professional development of dental practitioners are satisfied.

*Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)*

### **Insurance: negligent performance** **E+W**

**81.**—(1) The contractor shall at all times hold adequate insurance against liability arising from negligent performance of clinical services under the contract.

(2) The contractor shall not sub-contract its obligations to provide clinical services under the contract unless it has satisfied itself that the sub-contractor holds adequate insurance against liability arising from negligent performance of such services.

(3) In this paragraph—

- (a) “insurance” means a contract of insurance or other arrangement made for the purpose of indemnifying the contractor; and
- (b) a contractor or sub-contractor shall be regarded as holding insurance if it is held by an employee of its in connection with clinical services which that employee provides under the contract or, as the case may be, sub-contract.

### **Public liability insurance** **E+W**

**82.**—(1) The contractor shall at all times hold adequate public liability insurance in relation to liabilities to third parties arising under or in connection with the contract which are not covered by the insurance referred to in paragraph 81(1).

(2) In this paragraph, “insurance” has the same meaning as in paragraph 81.

### **Gifts** **E+W**

**83.**—(1) The contractor shall keep a register of gifts which are given to any of the persons specified in sub-paragraph (2) by or on behalf of—

- (a) a patient;
- (b) a relative of a patient; or
- (c) any person who provides or wishes to provide services to the contractor or its patients in connection with the contract,

and have, in its reasonable opinion, an individual value of more than £100.00.

(2) The persons referred to in sub-paragraph (1) are—

- (a) the contractor;
- (b) where the contract is with two or more individuals practising in partnership, any partner;
- (c) where the contract is with a dental corporation a director, chief executive or secretary of the corporation;
- (d) any person employed by the contractor for the purposes of the contract;
- (e) any dental practitioner engaged by the contractor for the purposes of the contract;
- (f) any spouse or civil partner of a contractor (where the contractor is an individual dental practitioner) or of a person specified in paragraphs (b) to (e); or
- (g) any person whose relationship with the contractor (where the contractor is an individual dental practitioner) or with a person specified in paragraphs (b) to (e) has the characteristics of the relationship between husband and wife or civil partners.

(3) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply where—

- (a) there are reasonable grounds for believing that the gift is unconnected with services provided or to be provided by the contractor;
- (b) the contractor is not aware of the gift; or

- (c) in a case falling within sub-paragraph (1)(c), the contractor is not aware that the donor wishes to provide services to the contractor.
- (4) The contractor shall take reasonable steps to ensure that it is informed of gifts which fall within sub-paragraph (1) and which are given to any of the persons specified in sub-paragraph (2) (b) to (2)(g).
- (5) The register referred to in sub-paragraph (1) shall include the following information—
  - (a) the name of the donor;
  - (b) in a case where the donor is a patient, the patient's National Health Service number or, if the number is not known, his address;
  - (c) in any other case, the address of the donor;
  - (d) the nature of the gift;
  - (e) the estimated value of the gift; and
  - (f) the name of the person or persons who received the gift.
- (6) The contractor shall make the register available to the Primary Care Trust on request.

#### **Compliance with legislation and guidance** **E+W**

- 84.** The contractor shall—
- (a) comply with all relevant legislation; and
  - (b) have regard to all relevant guidance issued by the Primary Care Trust, the relevant Strategic Health Authority or the Secretary of State.

#### **Third party rights** **E+W**

- 85.** The contract shall not create any right enforceable by any person not a party to it.

#### **Signing of documents** **E+W**

- 86.**—(1) In addition to any other requirement that may relate to the documents specified in sub-paragraph (2), whether in these Regulations or otherwise, the contractor shall ensure such documents include—
- (a) the name and clinical profession of the professional who signed the document; and
  - (b) the name of the contractor on whose behalf it is signed.
- (2) The reference to documents in sub-paragraph (1) include—
- (a) forms that are required to be completed as a consequence of these Regulations, where such forms require a signature;
  - (b) prescription forms; and
  - (c) any other clinical document.

**Status:** Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULE 4 **E+W**

Regulation 24 and paragraph 34 of  
Schedule 3

PATIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

**E+W**

A patient leaflet shall include—

1. The name of the contractor.
2. In the case of a contract with a partnership—
  - (a) whether or not it is a limited partnership; and
  - (b) the names of all the partners and, in the case of a limited partnership, their status as a general or limited partner.
3. In the case of a contract with a dental corporation—
  - (a) the names of the directors, chief executive and secretary of the corporation, in so far as those positions exist in relation to the dental corporation; and
  - (b) the address of the corporation's registered office.
4. The full name of each person performing services under the contract.
5. In the case of each person performing dental services under the contract, his professional qualifications.
6. Whether the contractor undertakes the teaching or training of persons who provide dental services or who intend to do so.
7. The address of each of the practice premises.
8. The contractor's telephone and fax numbers and the address of its website (if any).
9. Whether the practice premises have suitable access for disabled patients and, if not, the alternative arrangements for providing services to such patients.
10. How to request services as a patient.
11. The rights of a patient to express a preference of practitioner in accordance with paragraph 2 of Schedule 3 and the means of expressing such a preference.
12. The services available under the contract.
13. The normal surgery days and hours of the practice.
14. The arrangements for dental services for the hours and days that fall outside normal surgery hours (whether or not provided by the contractor) and how the patient may contact such services.
15. If the services in paragraph 14 are not provided by the contractor, the fact that the Primary Care Trust referred to in paragraph 21 is responsible for commissioning the services.
16. The telephone number of NHS Direct and details of NHS Direct online.
17. How patients may make a complaint or comment on the provision of service.
18. The rights and responsibilities of the patient, including keeping appointments.
19. The action that may be taken where a patient is violent or abusive to the contractor, its staff, persons present on the practice premises or in the place where treatment is provided under the contract or other persons specified in paragraph 3 of Schedule 3.

**20.** Details of who has access to patient information (including information from which the identity of the individual can be ascertained) and the patient's rights in relation to disclosure of such information.

**21.** The name, postal and website address and telephone number of the Primary Care Trust which is a party to the contract and from whom details of primary dental services in the area may be obtained.

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## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This note is not part of the Regulations)*

These Regulations set out, for England, the framework for general dental services contracts under section 28K of the National Health Service Act 1977 (“the Act”).

Part 2 of the Regulations prescribes the conditions which, in accordance with section 28M of the Act, must be met by a contractor before the Primary Care Trust may enter into a general dental services contract with it.

Part 3 of the Regulations prescribes the procedure for pre-contract dispute resolution, in accordance with section 28P(1) of the Act. Part 3 applies to cases where the contractor is not a health service body. In cases where the contractor is such a body, the procedure for dealing with pre-contract disputes is set out in section 4 of the National Health Service and Community Care Act 1990.

Part 4 of the Regulations sets out the procedures, in accordance with section 28P(3) of the Act, by which the contractor may obtain health service body status.

Part 5 of (and Schedules 1 to 3 to) the Regulations prescribe the terms which, in accordance with sections 28O and 28P of the Act, must be included in a general dental services contract (in addition to those contained in the Act). It includes, in regulation 14, a description of the services which must be provided to patients under a general dental services contract pursuant to section 28L of the Act.

The prescribed terms include terms relating to—

- (a) the type and duration of the contract (regulations 10 to 13);
- (b) the services to be provided and the manner in which they are to be provided (regulations 14 to 19 and Schedules 1 and 2 and Parts 1 and 2 of Schedule 3);
- (c) finance, fees and charges (regulations 21 and 22);
- (d) prescribing of drugs and appliances (Schedule 3, Part 3);
- (e) the conditions to be met by those who perform services or are employed or engaged by the contractor (Schedule 3, Part 4);
- (f) patient records, the provision of information and rights of entry and inspection (Schedule 3, Part 5 and Schedule 4);
- (g) complaints (Schedule 3, Part 6);
- (h) procedures for dispute resolution (Schedule 3, Part 7);
- (i) procedure for a mid-year review of activity under the contract (Schedule 3, Part 8); and
- (j) procedures for variation and termination of contracts (Schedule 3, Part 9).

Part 6 of the Regulations makes transitional provision.

**Status:** Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005. (See end of Document for details)

An Regulatory Impact Assessment has been prepared for these Regulations and a copy has been placed in the library of each House of Parliament. Copies of the Regulatory Impact Assessment can be obtained from [www.dh.gov.uk/ria](http://www.dh.gov.uk/ria).

**Status:**

Point in time view as at 01/06/2011.

**Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The National Health Service (General Dental Services Contracts) Regulations 2005.