STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2005 No. 633

SOCIAL SECURITY

The Social Security (Industrial Injuries) (Dependency) (Permitted Earnings Limits) Order 2005

Made	10th March 2005
Laid before Parliament	18th March 2005
Coming into force	13th April 2005

The Secretary of State for Work and Pensions, in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by paragraph 4(5) of Schedule 7 to the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992(1) and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, hereby makes the following Order:

Citation and commencement

1. This Order may be cited as the Social Security (Industrial Injuries) (Dependency) (Permitted Earnings Limits) Order 2005 and shall come into force on 13th April 2005.

Increase of earnings limits in respect of dependent children

2. In paragraph 4(4) of Schedule 7(**2**) to the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992—

- (a) in paragraph (a), for the amount of $\pounds 165$ there shall be substituted the amount of $\pounds 170$, and
- (b) in paragraph (b), for the amount of £21 there shall be substituted the amount of £22 and for the amount of £165 there shall be substituted the amount of £170.

^{(1) 1992} c. 4.

⁽²⁾ The figures in paragraph 4(4) were substituted by article 2 of S.I.2004/578.

Signed by authority of the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions.

10 March 2005

Malcolm Wicks Minister of State, Department for Work and Pensions

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

Where a disablement pension with unemployability supplement is increased in respect of a child or children and the beneficiary is one of two persons who are spouses residing together or an unmarried couple, paragraph 4(4) of Schedule 7 to the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 provides that the increase shall not be payable in respect of the first child if the other person's earnings are £165 a week or more and in respect of a further child for each complete £21 by which the earnings exceed £165. This Order increases the amounts of £165 to £170 and the amount of £21 to £22.

A full regulatory impact assessment has not been produced for this instrument as it has no impact on the costs of business.