
STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2008 No. 562

INCOME TAX

The Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008

<i>Made</i>	- - - -	<i>5th March 2008</i>
<i>Laid before the House of Commons</i>	- - - -	<i>5th March 2008</i>
<i>Coming into force</i>	- -	<i>6th April 2008</i>

The Commissioners for Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs make the following Regulations, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 658(3) of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988^{M1} and section 724 of the Income Tax (Trading and Other Income) Act 2005^{M2}.

Marginal Citations

M1 1988 c. 1

M2 2005 c. 5 as amended by section 46 of the [Finance Act 2007 \(c. 11\)](#), which came into force on 6th April 2008 ([S.I. 2008/561\(C.19\)](#)).

PART 1

Introduction

Citation, commencement and application

1.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as The Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008 and come into force on 6th April 2008.

(2) These Regulations apply to an annuity under which the first payment to the annuitant is made on or after 6th April 2008, subject to the transitional provision in regulation 27.

Interpretation

2. In these Regulations—

“the 1956 Regulations” means the Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 1956^{M3},

“the 2005 Act” means the Income Tax (Trading and Other Income) Act 2005;

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008. (See end of Document for details)

“annuitant” means the person beneficially entitled for the time being to the payments on account of an annuity;

“annuity” means a purchased life annuity within the meaning of section 423 of the 2005 Act;

“the Commissioners” means the Commissioners for Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs;

“insurer” means a United Kingdom insurer or a non-United Kingdom insurer, as the case may be;

“non-United Kingdom insurer” means any person carrying on life annuity business and who—

- (a) is resident outside the United Kingdom; and
- (b) does not carry on such business through a permanent establishment in the United Kingdom;

“relevant EEA State” means an EEA State, other than the United Kingdom;

“relevant person” means—

- (a) a United Kingdom insurer; or
- (b) a tax representative appointed in accordance with Part 3; or
- (c) a person appointed in accordance with arrangements made under regulation 18;

“relevant records” means the records referred to in regulation 21(1);

“tax representative” means the person appointed in accordance with Part 3 to act as such for a non-United Kingdom insurer;

“the partial tax exemption” means the exemption provided by Chapter 7 of Part 6 of the 2005 Act; and

“United Kingdom insurer” means—

- (a) any person resident in the United Kingdom carrying on life annuity business; or
- (b) any person not so resident who carries on life annuity business through a permanent establishment in the United Kingdom.

Marginal Citations

M3 S.I. 1956/1230, as amended by S.I. 1960/2308; S.I. 1990/626; and S.I. 1991/2808.

PART 2

Procedure where annuity is purchased

Application of this Part

3. This Part applies where—

- (a) an annuitant purchases an annuity from a United Kingdom insurer;
- (b) a tax representative is appointed in accordance with Part 3; or
- (c) a person is appointed in accordance with arrangements made under regulation 18.

Initial steps

4.—(1) The relevant person must provide the annuitant with the form on which the annuitant is to make the declaration in accordance with regulation 5, within such time as is reasonable to enable the annuitant to comply with this Part before the first annuity payment becomes due and payable.

(2) The form mentioned in paragraph (1) must include such of the following information as is known (at the appropriate place in each case) before it is provided to the annuitant—

- (a) the name of the insurer;
 - (b) the insurer's life office reference number;
 - (c) a reference number for the quotation that relates to the annuity in question or the policy number for that annuity, if the latter is available;
 - (d) the name or names of the person or persons on whose life or lives the annuity depends;
 - (e) the gross amount of each payment to be made under the annuity;
 - (f) the frequency of the payment referred to in sub-paragraph (e); and
 - (g) the date on which the first payment under the annuity is to be made.
- (3) Where the relevant person is either—
- (a) a tax representative appointed in accordance with Part 3; or
 - (b) a person appointed in accordance with arrangements made under regulation 18;

that person must comply with the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2) within 30 days of the date of the first payment being made under the annuity.

Annuitant to provide information and make declaration

- 5.—(1) The annuitant must, upon receipt of the form referred to in regulation 4—
- (a) provide, at the appropriate part of the form in each case, the information specified in paragraph (2); and
 - (b) make a declaration—
 - (i) as to whether the annuity is a purchased life annuity which is eligible for the partial tax exemption; and
 - (ii) confirming the accuracy of the other information provided on the form.

- (2) The information specified is—
- (a) the full name and home address (including the postal code) of each annuitant;
 - (b) the national insurance number for each annuitant; and
 - (c) the name, address and reference of the office of Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs to which each annuitant sends their tax return, or to which the last claim for an exemption under the 1956 Regulations was submitted.

(3) Where there is more than one annuitant, any of them may make the declaration referred to in paragraph (1)(b), provided that the declaration properly reflects all the material facts about the annuity.

Form to be returned on completion

- 6.—(1) The annuitant must—
- (a) complete the form and make the declaration in accordance with regulation 5; and
 - (b) return the form to the person who provided it, together with any other information and documents that are required to accompany it.

(2) Until the annuitant complies with paragraph (1), the annuity must be treated as one for which no part of the payments are eligible for the partial tax exemption.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008. (See end of Document for details)

What must be done on receipt of the completed form

7.—(1) This regulation applies where the annuitant has complied with regulations 5 and 6(1).

(2) The relevant person must calculate the exempt capital element of the annuity in accordance with the mortality tables which, at the time when the annuity payments become due and payable, are prescribed in paragraph (3).

(3) The mortality tables prescribed for the purposes of sections 720(4) and 721(4) of the 2005 Act are those which specify mortality rates according to “lives” and which are comprised in Table A11 and A12 set out in Appendix A on pages 181 to 186 of the booklet entitled “Continuous Mortality Investigation Reports Number 17”, published by the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries in 1999^{M4}.

(4) For the purposes of this regulation the relevant person must assume that the information provided by the annuitant on the form referred to in regulation 6 is correct unless there are reasonable grounds to believe otherwise.

(5) When calculating the exempt capital element, the relevant person must—

- (a) if the annuity is one to which section 720 of the 2005 Act applies, calculate the exempt proportion; or
- (b) if the annuity is one to which section 721 of the 2005 Act applies, calculate the amount of the exempt sum.

(6) If the annuitant has made a declaration under regulation 5(1)(b) that would lead the relevant person to reasonably conclude that the annuity is ineligible for the partial tax exemption, the insurer must make a statement, on the appropriate part of the form, that the annuity has no exempt capital element.

(7) The relevant person must state, on the appropriate parts of the form—

- (a) if paragraph (5)(a) applies, the exempt proportion, or
- (b) if paragraph (5)(b) applies, the exempt sum and

notify the annuitant of the amount so calculated.

(8) The relevant person must complete the appropriate parts of the form in accordance with this regulation, and must—

- (a) sign and date the form; and
- (b) state the business address and position in the organisation of the individual who completes the form.

(9) The relevant person must send the form fully completed with the information required by regulation 4(2) (including the reference number for the annuity) to the annuitant.

(10) The relevant person must comply with paragraphs (1) to (9) within 30 days beginning with—

- (a) the date of receipt of the form referred to in regulation 5 (or, if the declaration and the other information required by the form are received on different dates, the date of receipt of the latter); or
- (b) the date of the first payment under the annuity.

(11) The relevant person must send a true photostat copy of the form referred to in paragraph (9) to such office of Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs as the Commissioners may from time to time specify, within 3 months of the date of first payment under the annuity.

Marginal Citations

M4 with ISSN 9054-2388

What the relevant person must do if no completed form is received

8.—(1) If the annuitant does not send a completed form to the relevant person in accordance with regulation 6 the latter must send, to such office of Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs as the Commissioners may from time to time specify, such details of the annuity policy specified in regulation 4 as are known to the relevant person.

(2) The relevant person must comply with this regulation within 3 months of the end of the month in which the first payment under the annuity is due and payable.

PART 3

Additional requirements where annuity is purchased from a non-United Kingdom insurer

Application of this Part

9. This Part applies where an annuitant has purchased an annuity from a non-United Kingdom insurer.

Nomination of a tax representative

10.—(1) Subject to regulations 17 and 18, a non-United Kingdom insurer who sells or intends to sell annuities to annuitants in the United Kingdom, must nominate a United Kingdom resident tax representative.

(2) A person shall not be a tax representative unless—

- (a) if an individual, that person is resident in the United Kingdom and has a fixed place of residence there; or
- (b) if not an individual, that person has a business establishment in the United Kingdom; and
- (c) there has been a nomination approved by the Commissioners in accordance with regulation 11.

Procedure for nomination

11.—(1) A nomination to the Commissioners of a tax representative by a non-United Kingdom insurer must be made in writing and must contain the following information—

- (a) the full name or title under which the non-United Kingdom insurer is registered in the country in which his principal place of business is situated and the address in that country of the principal place of business;
- (b) the business address of any permanent establishment which the non-United Kingdom insurer has in the United Kingdom;
- (c) the name of the person nominated as a tax representative, and—
 - (i) if an individual, the address of that person's fixed place of residence in the United Kingdom; or
 - (ii) if not an individual, the address of that person's business establishment in the United Kingdom; and
- (d) the office of Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs to which, and the tax reference under which, the person nominated submits tax returns.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008. (See end of Document for details)

(2) A nomination under this regulation must be accompanied by a declaration that the person nominated is willing and able to secure that the relevant duties are discharged by or on behalf of the non-United Kingdom insurer, signed—

- (a) if the person nominated is an individual, by that individual; or
- (b) if the person nominated is not an individual—
 - (i) by a proper officer as defined by section 108(3) of the Taxes Management Act 1970^{M5} in the case of a company; and
 - (ii) by any partner who is an individual in the case of a partnership.

(3) The insurer must make a nomination under this regulation within 3 months of the first instance on which payments under an annuity commence.

Marginal Citations

M5 1970 c. 9

Decision as to nomination

12.—(1) Within the period of 30 days beginning with the date of receipt of a nomination under regulation 11, the Commissioners must give notice to the non-United Kingdom insurer and the person nominated that they—

- (a) approve the person nominated by the non-United Kingdom insurer as the insurer's tax representative;
- (b) refuse to approve the person nominated by the non-United Kingdom insurer as the insurer's tax representative on one or more of the grounds specified in paragraph (4); or
- (c) require the non-United Kingdom insurer or the person nominated, or both, to supply within the period of 30 days beginning with the date on which the notice in paragraph (1) was received, such further information as they may reasonably require in order to satisfy the Commissioners that the person nominated is a fit and proper person to be a tax representative.

(2) A notice under paragraph (1)(c) must specify the further information that the Commissioners require.

(3) Where the non-United Kingdom insurer or the person nominated, supplied, or both of them supply, information pursuant to a notice under paragraph (1)(c), the Commissioners must within the period of 30 days beginning with the date on which the information is received—

- (a) give notice to the non-United Kingdom insurer and the person nominated—
 - (i) that they approve the person nominated; or
 - (ii) that they refuse to approve the person nominated, stating on which of the grounds specified in paragraph (4) they rely, or
- (b) give further notice under paragraph (1)(c).

(4) The grounds on which the Commissioners may refuse to approve the person nominated by the non-United Kingdom insurer are that—

- (a) the requirements of regulation 11 have not been complied with; or
- (b) the Commissioners have reasonable grounds to believe that the nominated person is unwilling or unable to assume any of the obligations that are prescribed in these Regulations.

(5) Where the Commissioners refuse to approve the person nominated they must give the insurer notice in writing to that effect, stating the reason for the refusal.

(6) Where the Commissioners refuse to approve the person nominated on the ground set out in paragraph (4)(a), the insurer must—

- (a) submit a further nomination for that person; or
- (b) nominate another person as tax representative,

within 30 days beginning with the date of receipt of the notice under paragraph (5).

(7) Where the Commissioners refuse to approve the person nominated on the ground set out in paragraph (4)(b), the insurer must nominate another person in accordance with regulation 11 within 3 months beginning with the date of receipt of the notice under paragraph (5).

(8) A nomination made under paragraph (6) or (7) must contain the information required by regulation 11 and the Commissioners must give their decision on that nomination in accordance with this regulation.

Notification of changes

13. The insurer must notify the Commissioners of any changes to the information that was provided in the nomination made under regulation 11 as soon as practicable.

Termination of appointment of a tax representative – other than death or bankruptcy, etc

14.—(1) The appointment of a tax representative may be terminated at any time, either by the insurer or the tax representative, or by the Commissioners' withdrawing their approval of the tax representative's nomination.

(2) Where the Commissioners withdraw their approval of the nomination, they must state on which of the grounds specified in paragraph (3) they rely and send notice in writing of the withdrawal to the insurer and the tax representative.

(3) The grounds on which the Commissioners may withdraw approval of the appointment are where they have reason to believe that the tax representative—

- (a) has failed to fulfil any obligations under these Regulations;
- (b) no longer satisfies the requirements of regulation 10(2); or
- (c) for some other reason is not fit to act as such.

(4) The tax representative or the non-United Kingdom insurer may terminate the appointment on any ground whatsoever.

(5) Where the appointment is terminated under paragraph (4) the person terminating the appointment must send notice in writing of the termination to the other party to the appointment and to the Commissioners.

(6) Where the appointment is terminated under this regulation the insurer must, within 3 months starting with the date on which notice of the termination under paragraph (5) was given—

- (a) nominate another person as tax representative;
- (b) make an application under regulation 17 to be released from the requirement to nominate a tax representative; or
- (c) make other arrangements with the Commissioners in accordance with regulation 18.

(7) Where a nomination is made under paragraph (6)(a), that nomination must contain the information required by regulation 11 and the Commissioners must give their decision on the nomination in accordance with regulation 12.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008. (See end of Document for details)

Termination of appointment of a tax representative – death or bankruptcy, etc

15.—(1) Where the person nominated as a tax representative—

- (a) is an individual who—
 - (i) becomes bankrupt or in Scotland, whose estate is sequestered;
 - (ii) makes any arrangement or composition with their creditors generally; or
 - (iii) dies, or
- (b) is a company or partnership which is dissolved or wound up,

the appointment ceases and the non-United Kingdom insurer must comply with paragraphs (2) and (3).

(2) The insurer must—

- (a) nominate another person as tax representative;
- (b) make an application under regulation 17 to be released from the requirement to nominate a tax representative; or
- (c) make other arrangements with the Commissioners in accordance with regulation 18,

within the period of 3 months beginning with the date of the event in question.

(3) Where a nomination is made under paragraph (2)(a), that nomination must contain the information required by regulation 11 and the Commissioners must give their decision on the nomination in accordance with regulation 12.

Tax representative to remain in post until successor appointed

16. Where a tax representative's appointment is terminated in accordance with regulation 14, the representative must continue to act as tax representative until a successor's nomination is approved by the Commissioners.

Release of non-United Kingdom insurer from requirement to nominate a tax representative

17.—(1) Where the non-United Kingdom insurer makes a declaration that the insurer will conduct life annuity business in accordance with the law applicable in the United Kingdom (including these Regulations), the Commissioners may agree to release the insurer from the requirement to have a tax representative.

(2) Paragraph (1) is subject to paragraph (3) and regulation 4(3).

(3) Where the insurer—

- (a) is resident in a relevant EEA State; and
- (b) the disclosure by that person to the Commissioners of information with respect to holders of annuities is a criminal offence under the law of that State,

the insurer is not bound by the requirements of regulation 7(11).

(4) The Commissioners may at any time give notice to the non-United Kingdom insurer of their decision to withdraw their agreement to release the insurer from the requirement that there be a tax representative, other than where the circumstances described in paragraph (3) exist.

(5) An application by a non-United Kingdom insurer to be released from the requirement to have a tax representative must be made in writing to the Commissioners within the period specified in regulation 11(3).

(6) The Commissioners must, within the period of 30 days beginning with the date on which an application under paragraph (5) was received, give notice to the insurer that they—

- (a) agree to release the insurer from the requirement to have a tax representative;
 - (b) refuse to agree to release the insurer from that requirement; or
 - (c) require the insurer to supply, within the period of 30 days beginning with the date of the notice, such information as they may reasonably require to enable them to determine whether there are sufficient grounds to release the insurer from that requirement.
- (7) A notice under paragraph (6)(c) must specify the information that the Commissioners require.
- (8) Where the insurer supplies information required by a notice under paragraph (6)(c) the Commissioners must, within the period of 30 days beginning with the date on which that information was received—
- (a) give notice to the insurer that they agree to release the insurer from the requirement that there be a tax representative;
 - (b) give notice to the insurer that they refuse to do so; or
 - (c) give a further notice under paragraph (6)(c).
- (9) Where—
- (a) the Commissioners give notice that they refuse to release the insurer from the requirement that there be a tax representative;
 - (b) it ceases to be a criminal offence under the law of the relevant EEA State in which the non-United Kingdom insurer is resident for that person to disclose to the Commissioners information with respect to the holders of annuities; or
 - (c) the Commissioners give notice to the non-United Kingdom insurer of their decision to withdraw their agreement to release the insurer from the requirement that there be a tax representative,

paragraph (10) applies.

(10) If this paragraph applies, the non-United Kingdom insurer must either nominate a person as a tax representative, or make other arrangements with the Commissioners in accordance with regulation 18, within the period of 3 months beginning with either—

- (i) the date of the notice; or
- (ii) the date on which disclosure to the Commissioners ceased to be a criminal offence,

as the case may be.

(11) Where the non-United Kingdom insurer nominates a person as a tax representative in accordance with paragraph (10), that nomination must contain the information required by regulation 11 and the Commissioners must give their decision on that nomination in accordance with regulation 12.

Other arrangements

18.—(1) A non-United Kingdom insurer may make other arrangements with the Commissioners for the purpose of securing the discharge by the insurer or on the insurer's behalf of the obligations under United Kingdom law.

(2) A non-United Kingdom insurer must, within the period specified in regulation 11(3), give notice in writing to the Commissioners applying to—

- (a) make arrangements for the purpose specified in paragraph (1); and
- (b) be released from the duty to either nominate a tax representative or the requirement to nominate a tax representative.

(3) The notice referred to in paragraph (2) must—

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- (a) set out the other arrangements that the non-United Kingdom insurer wishes to make with the Commissioners; and
 - (b) give reasons why the requirement either to nominate a tax representative or have to apply to be released from the requirement to nominate a tax representative, should not apply.
- (4) The Commissioners must, within the period of 30 days beginning with the date on which an application under paragraph (2) was received, give notice to the insurer that they—
- (a) agree to the proposed arrangements, with such modification as they may specify;
 - (b) refuse to agree to those arrangements; or
 - (c) require the insurer to supply, within the period of 30 days beginning with the date of the notice, such information as they may reasonably require to enable them to determine whether they should agree to those arrangements.
- (5) A notice under paragraph (4)(a) must specify the modifications to the arrangements that the Commissioners require.
- (6) A notice under paragraph (4)(c) must specify the further information that the Commissioners require.
- (7) Where the non-United Kingdom insurer indicates the ability to comply with the modifications required by the Commissioners, or supplies information pursuant to a notice under paragraph (4)(c) as the case may be, the Commissioners must, within the period of 30 days beginning with the date on which the indication or the information is received—
- (a) give notice to the insurer—
 - (i) that they approve the arrangement set out in the application;
 - (ii) that they refuse to approve the arrangement, stating the reason for the refusal; or
 - (b) give further notice under paragraph (4)(c).
- (8) If the Commissioners have reason to believe that any arrangements which have been made under this regulation do not secure the discharge by the non-United Kingdom insurer or on the insurer's behalf of the obligations under United Kingdom law, they must give notice to the insurer that those arrangements are no longer in force with effect from the date of the notice.
- (9) Where notice is given by the Commissioners in accordance with paragraph (8)—
- (a) subject to compliance with any modifications specified under paragraph (5), the non-United Kingdom insurer must nominate a person as a tax representative within the period of 3 months from the date of the notice;
 - (b) that nomination must contain the information specified in regulation 11; and
 - (c) the Commissioners must give their decision on that nomination in accordance with regulation 12.

Appointment by the Commissioners of a non-United Kingdom insurer's tax representative

- 19.**—(1) Where the non-United Kingdom insurer has failed—
- (a) to nominate a person as tax representative in accordance with regulations 10 and 11;
 - (b) following the refusal of the Commissioners to approve a person so nominated, to nominate another person as tax representative in accordance with regulation 12(6)(b) or (7);
 - (c) following the withdrawal by the Commissioners of their approval of a person nominated, to nominate another person as tax representative in accordance with regulation 14(6);
- [^{F1}(d) following—
- (i) the termination of the appointment of the insurer's tax representative under regulation 14(4); or

(ii) the occurrence of one of the events described in regulation 15(1), to nominate another person as a tax representative in accordance with either regulation 14(6) or 15(2), as the case may be;]

(e) following the giving of a notice by the Board in accordance with regulation 18(8), to nominate a person as tax representative in accordance with regulation 18(9);

(f) following—

(i) the refusal of the Commissioners to agree to release the insurer from the requirement that there be a tax representative;

(ii) the disclosure to the Commissioners of information with respect to relevant annuities ceasing to be a criminal offence under the law of the relevant EEA State in which the insurer is resident; or

(iii) the giving of a notice by the Commissioners of their intention to withdraw from their agreement to release the insurer from the requirement that there be a tax representative,

to nominate a person as tax representative in accordance with regulation 17(10);

(g) following the termination of the appointment of a person under paragraph (5), to nominate another person in accordance with paragraph (2) of this regulation;

the Commissioners may appoint a person who satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (2) and (3) to be the non-United Kingdom insurer's tax representative.

(2) A person appointed by the Commissioners to be the tax representative of a non-United Kingdom insurer must be a person who has a significant business or economic connection with the non-United Kingdom insurer and may in particular be—

(a) a company which is connected within the meaning of section 839 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988^{M6}; or

(b) the permanent establishment in the United Kingdom of any such company.

(3) Before being appointed under this regulation, the person must make a declaration to the Commissioners in similar terms to the declaration specified in regulation 11(2).

(4) The Commissioners must give notice in writing of their decision to the person appointed under this regulation and to the non-United Kingdom insurer and, subject to regulation 20(6), the date of the appointment is the date of the notice.

(5) The Commissioners may at any time terminate the appointment of the person appointed by them as the tax representative under this regulation by giving notice in writing to the person appointed and to the non-United Kingdom insurer.

(6) If the Commissioners terminate an appointment under paragraph (5), the non-United Kingdom insurer must nominate another person as tax representative within the period of 3 months beginning with the date on which that notice is given.

(7) The non-United Kingdom insurer may at any time nominate a person as tax representative in place of the person appointed by the Commissioners and, if the Commissioners approve the nomination of that person, at the same time as the Commissioners give notice of their decision approving it they must give notice in writing to the person appointed by them that the latter's appointment ceased on the date of the appointment of the substitute.

(8) If the non-United Kingdom insurer nominates another person in accordance with paragraph (7), that nomination must contain the information required by regulation 11 and the Commissioners must give their decision on that nomination in accordance with regulation 12.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F1 Reg. 19(1)(d) substituted (1.7.2008) by [The Income Tax \(Purchased Life Annuities\) \(Amendment\) Regulations 2008 \(S.I. 2008/1481\)](#), regs. 1, 2(2)

Marginal Citations

M6 1988 c. 1

Appeals against decisions of the Commissioners

20.—(1) A non-United Kingdom insurer to whom notice has been given of a decision of the Commissioners—

- (a) refusing to approve a person nominated as tax representative;
- (b) withdrawing their approval of a person nominated as tax representative;
- (c) appointing a person as tax representative;
- (d) that arrangements made under regulation 18 are no longer in force;
- (e) refusing to agree to release the insurer from the requirement that there be a tax representative; or
- (f) to withdraw from their agreement to release the insurer from the requirement to have a tax representative,

may appeal against the decision contained in that notice by giving notice in writing to the Commissioners within the period of 30 days after the date of the notice of the decision in question.

(2) A person who has been appointed to be the tax representative of a non-United Kingdom insurer under regulation 12(1) may appeal against the decision contained in that notice by giving notice to the Commissioners within the period of 30 days after the date of the notice of the decision sought to be appealed.

^{F2}(3)

(4) The provisions in Part 5 of the Taxes Management Act 1970 ^{M7} (appeals and other proceedings) ^{F3}... apply to an appeal under this regulation and [^{F4}on an appeal that is notified to the tribunal, the tribunal must] confirm the decision contained in the notice unless ^{F5}... satisfied that it ought to be quashed.

(5) Where a non-United Kingdom insurer appeals against a decision of the Commissioners referred to in paragraph (1)(a), (b), (d), (e) or (f), and the decision is confirmed on appeal, the period of 3 months within which another person must be nominated as tax representative does not begin to run until such time as there is no possibility of a further appeal against that decision.

(6) Where a non-United Kingdom insurer appeals against a decision of the Commissioners appointing a person as tax representative, or the person appointed by the Commissioners to be the tax representative of a non-United Kingdom insurer appeals against the decision to appoint, the date of the appointment of that person is the first date on which there is no possibility of a further appeal against that decision.

(7) Where a non-United Kingdom insurer appeals against a decision of the Commissioners referred to in paragraph (1)(a) and the decision of the Commissioners is quashed on appeal, the date of the appointment of the person nominated as the tax representative of the non-United Kingdom insurer is the first date on which there is no possibility of a further appeal against the decision quashing the decision of the Commissioners.

Textual Amendments

- F2** Reg. 20(3) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 183(2)**
- F3** Words in reg. 20(4) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 183(3)(a)**
- F4** Words in reg. 20(4) substituted (1.4.2009) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 183(3)(b)**
- F5** Words in reg. 20(4) omitted (1.4.2009) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions and Revenue and Customs Appeals Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/56), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 183(3)(c)**

Marginal Citations

- M7** 1970 c. 9

PART 4

Record-keeping and provision of information

Obligation to keep proper records

21. A relevant person shall, in respect of each annuity, keep relevant records to enable the Commissioners to ascertain the terms of the annuity and to whether there has been or is likely to be any contravention of the requirements of Chapter 7 of Part 6 of the 2005 Act or these Regulations.

Information to be provided to the Commissioners

22.—(1) The Commissioners may by notice require any person to whom premiums under an annuity are or have at any time been payable, within such period as may be specified in the notice, to furnish them with such information as they may reasonably require to enable them to ascertain or verify any of the matters mentioned in regulation 21.

(2) The period specified in a notice given under paragraph (1) shall be not less than 30 days beginning with the date on which the notice is given.

Inspection of records

23.—(1) The Commissioners may by notice require any person to whom premiums under an annuity are or have at any time been payable, to make available for inspection by an officer duly authorised for that purpose, at such a time as that officer may reasonably require, any documents (in any format) that—

- (a) are in that person's possession or control; and
- (b) are relevant records.

(2) The period specified in a notice given under paragraph (1) shall be not less than 30 days beginning with the date on which the notice was given.

Period for which records to be kept

24. An insurer must, in respect of each annuity, keep the relevant records for a period of three years beginning with the date on which the contract for the annuity was terminated.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008. (See end of Document for details)

Transfer of records

25.—(1) This regulation applies in any case where the obligations under any annuity of the person that issued, entered into or effected it (“the original relevant person”) are at any time the obligations of another person (“the transferee”) to whom there has been a transfer of the whole or part of a business previously carried on by the original relevant person.

(2) The original relevant person must, in respect of that annuity, deliver to the transferee the records that it was required to keep under regulation 21, within the period of three months beginning with the date of the transfer.

PART 5

Miscellaneous

Penalties

26.—(1) The Table in section 98 of the Taxes Management Act 1970 is modified in accordance with this regulation.

(2) In column 1, there shall be treated as having been added at the end—
“Regulations 21 and 22 of the Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008.”

(3) In column 2, there shall be treated as having been added—
“Regulations 7, 23 and 25 of the Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008.”

Transitional provision

27. In the case of an annuity—

- (a) the contract for which was made during the period beginning with 6th April 2007 and ending with (and including) 5th April 2008;
- (b) under which the payments by the insurer to the annuitant are made in arrears; and
- (c) under which the first payment to the annuitant is made on or after 6th April 2008,

the mortality tables applicable shall be the ones which were in force when the annuity was made and not those prescribed by regulation 7(3).

Revocations

28. The following instruments are revoked—

- (a) the Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 1956 ^{M8};
- (b) the Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) (Amendment) Regulations 1960 ^{M9};
- (c) the Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) (Amendment) Regulations 1990 ^{M10}; and
- (d) the Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) (Amendment) Regulations 1991 ^{M11}.

Marginal Citations

M8 S.I. 1956/1230, as amended by S.I. 1960/2308; S.I. 1990/626; and S.I. 1991/2808

M9 S.I. 1960/2308

M10 S.I. 1990/626

M11 [S.I. 1991/2808](#)

Dave Hartnett
Mike Hanson
Two of the Commissioners for Her Majesty's
Revenue and Customs

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008. (See end of Document for details)

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

These Regulations provide a new procedure for obtaining the exemption for purchased life annuities under sections 717 to 719 of the Income Tax (Trading and Other Income) Act 2005 (“the 2005 Act”). This new procedure reflects the amendments and repeals effected by section 46 of the Finance Act 2007 of sections 717, 723 and 873 of the 2005 Act, and of sections 656 and 658 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988. As a consequence, the Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuity) Regulations 1956 (S.I. 1956/1230, as amended by S.I. 1960/2308, S.I. 1990/626 and S.I. 1991/2808) are revoked, save for the transitional provision in relation to the mortality tables to be used for annuities purchased in the 2007-2008 tax year (regulation 27).

Those amendments and revocations come into force on 6th April 2008.

Part 1 of these Regulations contains introductory provisions, including provisions as to the interpretation and application of the Regulations.

Part 2 sets out the procedure to be followed where an annuitant has bought a purchased life annuity. Regulation 7 prescribes the mortality tables to be used by the insurer when calculating the exempt capital element. The Tables can be obtained from either the Institute of Actuaries (whose address is Staple Inn Hall, High Holborn, London WC1V 7QJ) or the Faculty of Actuaries (whose address is Maclaurin House, 18 Dublin Street, Edinburgh EH1 3PP). They can also be downloaded from the following website, on payment of a fee: www.actuaries.org.uk/Display_Page.cgi?url=/library/cm17/welcome.xml.

Part 3 sets out additional requirements where an annuitant has bought a purchased life annuity from a non-United Kingdom insurer.

Part 4 deals with record-keeping and provision of information. A relevant person is required to keep relevant records in respect of each annuity for 3 years (regulations 21 and 24).

Part 5 makes miscellaneous and transitional provision.

A full regulatory impact assessment has not been produced for this instrument as no significant impact on the private or voluntary sectors is foreseen.

Status:

Point in time view as at 01/04/2009.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Income Tax (Purchased Life Annuities) Regulations 2008.