
STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2009 No. 273

**The Tribunal Procedure (First-tier
Tribunal) (Tax Chamber) Rules 2009**

PART 2

General powers and provisions

Lead cases

18.—(1) This rule applies if—

- (a) two or more cases have been started before the Tribunal;
- (b) in each such case the Tribunal has not made a decision disposing of the proceedings; and
- (c) the cases give rise to common or related issues of fact or law.

(2) The Tribunal may give a direction—

- (a) specifying one or more cases falling under paragraph (1) as a lead case or lead cases; and
- (b) staying (or, in Scotland, sisting) the other cases falling under paragraph (1) (“the related cases”).

(3) When the Tribunal makes a decision in respect of the common or related issues—

- (a) the Tribunal must send a copy of that decision to each party in each of the related cases; and
- (b) subject to paragraph (4), that decision shall be binding on each of those parties.

(4) Within 28 days after the date that the Tribunal sent a copy of the decision to a party under paragraph (3)(a), that party may apply in writing for a direction that the decision does not apply to, and is not binding on the parties to, that case.

(5) The Tribunal must give directions in respect of cases which are stayed or sisted under paragraph (2)(b), providing for the disposal of or further steps in those cases.

(6) If the lead case or cases are withdrawn or disposed of before the Tribunal makes a decision in respect of the common or related issues, the Tribunal must give directions as to—

- (a) whether another case or other cases are to be heard as a lead case or lead cases; and
- (b) whether any direction affecting the related cases should be set aside or amended.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Tribunal Procedure (First-tier Tribunal) (Tax Chamber) Rules 2009, Section 18.