### STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

# 2009 No. 273

# The Tribunal Procedure (First-tier Tribunal) (Tax Chamber) Rules 2009

## PART 1

#### Introduction

#### Citation, commencement, application and interpretation

**1.**—(1) These Rules may be cited as the Tribunal Procedure (First-tier Tribunal) (Tax Chamber) Rules 2009 and come into force on 1st April 2009.

- [<sup>F1</sup>(2) These Rules apply to proceedings before the Tax Chamber of the First-tier Tribunal.]
- (3) In these Rules—

"the 2007 Act" means the Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007;

"appellant" means-

- (a) the person who starts proceedings (whether by bringing or notifying an appeal, by making an originating application, by a reference, or otherwise);
- (b) in proceedings started jointly by more than one person, such persons acting jointly or each such person, as the context requires;
- (c) a person substituted as an appellant under rule 9 (substitution and addition of parties);

"Basic case" means a case allocated to the Basic category under rule 23 (allocation of cases to categories);

[<sup>F2</sup>"CAA case" means an application under section 563 of the Capital Allowances Act 2001;] "Complex case" means a case allocated to the Complex category under rule 23 (allocation of cases to categories);

[<sup>F3</sup>"Compliance Officer" means the Compliance Officer for IPSA;]

"Default Paper case" means a case allocated to the Default Paper category under rule 23 (allocation of cases to categories);

[<sup>F4</sup>"devolved Welsh case" means an appeal, referral or application under—

- (a) a Measure or Act of the National Assembly for Wales; or
- (b) an instrument made under a Measure or Act of the National Assembly for Wales;]

"document" means anything in which information is recorded in any form, and an obligation under these Rules to provide or allow access to a document or a copy of a document for any purpose means, unless the Tribunal directs otherwise, an obligation to provide or allow access to such document or copy in a legible form or in a form which can be readily made into a legible form;

[<sup>F5</sup>"financial restrictions civil penalty case" means an appeal under paragraph 26(3) or 28(1) of Schedule 7 to the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008;]

"hearing" means an oral hearing and includes a hearing conducted in whole or in part by video link, telephone or other means of instantaneous two-way electronic communication;

[<sup>F6</sup>"HMRC" means Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs but also includes—

- (a) the Serious Organised Crime Agency when carrying out functions under section 317 of the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002; and
- (b) the Director of Border Revenue when carrying out functions under section 7 of the Borders, Citizenship and Immigration Act 2009;]

[<sup>F7</sup>"IPSA" means the Independent Parliamentary Standards Authority;]

[<sup>F7</sup>"MP expenses case" means an appeal under the Parliamentary Standards Act 2009;]

"party" means a person who is (or was at the time that the Tribunal disposed of the proceedings) an appellant or respondent in proceedings before the Tribunal;

"practice direction" means a direction given under section 23 of the 2007 Act;

[<sup>F8</sup>"respondent" means—

- (a) in a case other than an MP expenses case [<sup>F9</sup>or a devolved Welsh case]—
  - (i) HMRC, where HMRC is not an appellant;
  - (ii) in proceedings brought by HMRC alone, a person against whom the proceedings are brought or to whom the proceedings relate;
- (b) in a MP expenses case, the Compliance Officer; <sup>F10</sup>...
- (ba) [<sup>F11</sup>in a devolved Welsh case—
  - ((i)) WRA, where WRA is not an appellant;
  - ((ii)) in proceedings brought by WRA alone, a person against whom the proceedings are brought or to whom the proceedings relate; and]
- (d) in any case, a person substituted or added as a respondent under rule 9 (substitution and addition of parties);]

"Standard case" means a case allocated to the Standard category under rule 23 (allocation of cases to categories);

F12

"Tribunal" means the First-tier Tribunal <sup>F13</sup>...

[<sup>F4</sup>"WRA" means the Welsh Revenue Authority.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F1 Rule 1(2) substituted (29.11.2010) by The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment No. 3) Rules 2010 (S.I. 2010/2653), rules 1, 6(2)
- F2 Words in rule 1(3) inserted (1.4.2013) by The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment) Rules 2013 (S.I. 2013/477), rules 1(2)(c), **34(a)**
- F3 Words in rule 1(3) inserted (29.11.2010) by The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment No. 3) Rules 2010 (S.I. 2010/2653), rules 1, 6(3)(a)
- F4 Words in rule 1(3) inserted (21.12.2017) by The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment No. 2) Rules 2017 (S.I. 2017/1168), rules 1, 8(a)
- **F5** Words in rule 1(3) inserted (1.4.2013) by The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment) Rules 2013 (S.I. 2013/477), rules 1(2)(c), **34(b**)
- **F6** Words in rule 1(3) substituted (29.11.2010) by The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment No. 3) Rules 2010 (S.I. 2010/2653), rules 1, **6(3)(b)**

- F7 Words in rule 1(3) inserted (29.11.2010) by The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment No. 3) Rules 2010 (S.I. 2010/2653), rules 1, 6(3)(c)
- **F8** Words in rule 1(3) substituted (29.11.2010) by The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment No. 3) Rules 2010 (S.I. 2010/2653), rules 1, **6(3)(d)**
- F9 Words in rule 1(3) inserted (21.12.2017) by The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment No. 2) Rules 2017 (S.I. 2017/1168), rules 1, 8(b)(i)
- **F10** Word in rule 1(3) omitted (21.12.2017) by virtue of The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment No. 2) Rules 2017 (S.I. 2017/1168), rules 1, **8(b)(ii)**
- F11 Words in rule 1(3) inserted (21.12.2017) by The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment No. 2) Rules 2017 (S.I. 2017/1168), rules 1, 8(b)(iii)
- F12 Words in rule 1(3) omitted (1.4.2011) by virtue of The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment) Rules 2011 (S.I. 2011/651), rules 1(2)(a), 5(2)
- **F13** Full stop in rule 1(3) omitted (21.12.2017) by virtue of The Tribunal Procedure (Amendment No. 2) Rules 2017 (S.I. 2017/1168), rules 1, **8(c)**

#### Overriding objective and parties' obligation to co-operate with the Tribunal

**2.**—(1) The overriding objective of these Rules is to enable the Tribunal to deal with cases fairly and justly.

- (2) Dealing with a case fairly and justly includes—
  - (a) dealing with the case in ways which are proportionate to the importance of the case, the complexity of the issues, the anticipated costs and the resources of the parties;
  - (b) avoiding unnecessary formality and seeking flexibility in the proceedings;
  - (c) ensuring, so far as practicable, that the parties are able to participate fully in the proceedings;
  - (d) using any special expertise of the Tribunal effectively; and
  - (e) avoiding delay, so far as compatible with proper consideration of the issues.
- (3) The Tribunal must seek to give effect to the overriding objective when it—
  - (a) exercises any power under these Rules; or
  - (b) interprets any rule or practice direction.
- (4) Parties must-
  - (a) help the Tribunal to further the overriding objective; and
  - (b) co-operate with the Tribunal generally.

#### Alternative dispute resolution and arbitration

3.—(1) The Tribunal should seek, where appropriate—

- (a) to bring to the attention of the parties the availability of any appropriate alternative procedure for the resolution of the dispute; and
- (b) if the parties wish and provided that it is compatible with the overriding objective, to facilitate the use of the procedure.
- (2) Part 1 of the Arbitration Act 1996<sup>M1</sup> does not apply to proceedings before the Tribunal.

## Marginal Citations

**M1** 1996 c.23.

## Status:

Point in time view as at 10/04/2020.

### Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Tribunal Procedure (First-tier Tribunal) (Tax Chamber) Rules 2009, PART 1.