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SCHEDULE 1

Regulations 4 and 6

Requirements

PART A STRUCTURE

Requirement

Limits on application

Loading

- **A1**.—(1) The building shall be constructed so that the combined dead, imposed and wind loads are sustained and transmitted by it to the ground-
- (a) safely; and
- (b) without causing such deflection or deformation of any part of the building, or such movement of the ground, as will impair the stability of any part of another building.
- (2) In assessing whether a building complies with sub-paragraph (1) regard shall be had to the imposed and wind loads to which it is likely to be subjected in the ordinary course of its use for the purpose for which it is intended.

Ground Movement

- A2. The building shall be constructed so that ground movement caused by-
- (a) swelling, shrinkage or freezing of the subsoil;
- land-slip or subsidence (other than subsidence arising from shrinkage), in so far as the risk can be reasonably foreseen,
- will not impair the stability of any part of the building.

Disproportionate collapse

A3. The building shall be constructed so that in the event of an accident the building will not suffer collapse to an extent disproportionate to the cause.

PART B FIRE SAFETY

Means of warning and escape

constructed so that there are appropriate provided under section 33 of the Prison Act 1952 provisions for the early warning of fire, and (power to provide prisons etc). appropriate means of escape in case of fire from the building to a place of safety outside the building capable of being safely and effectively used at all material times.

Internal fire spread (linings)

B1. The building shall be designed and Requirement B1 does not apply to any prison

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- **B2**.—(1) To inhibit the spread of fire within the building, the internal linings shall—
- (a) adequately resist the spread of flame over their surfaces: and
- (b) have, if ignited, either a rate of heat release or a rate of fire growth, which is reasonable in the circumstances.
- (2) In this paragraph "internal linings" means the materials or products used in lining any partition, wall, ceiling or other internal structure.

Internal fire spread (structure)

- **B3**.—(1) The building shall be designed and Requirement B3(3) does not apply to material constructed so that, in the event of fire, its alterations to any prison provided under stability will be maintained for a reasonable section 33 of the Prison Act 1952. period.
- (2) A wall common to two or more buildings shall be designed and constructed so that it adequately resists the spread of fire between those buildings. For the purposes of this subparagraph a house in a terrace and a semidetached house are each to be treated as a separate building.
- (3) Where reasonably necessary to inhibit the spread of fire within the building, measures shall be taken, to an extent appropriate to the size and intended use of the building, comprising either or both of the following—
- (a) sub-division of the building with fireresisting construction;
- (b) installation of suitable automatic fire suppression systems.
- (4) The building shall be designed and constructed so that the unseen spread of fire and smoke within concealed spaces in its structure and fabric is inhibited.

External Fire Spread

- **B4**.—(1) The external walls of the building shall adequately resist the spread of fire over the walls and from one building to another, having regard to the height, use and position of the building.
- (2) The roof of the building shall adequately resist the spread of fire over the roof and from one building to another, having regard to the use and position of the building.

Access and facilities for the fire service

B5.—(1) The building shall be designed and constructed so as to provide reasonable facilities to assist fire fighters in the protection of life.

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(2) Reasonable provision shall be made within the site of the building to enable fire appliances to gain access to the building.

PART C SITE PREPARATION AND RESISTANCE TO CONTAMINANTS AND MOISTURE

Preparation of site and resistance to contaminants

- C1.—(1) The ground to be covered by the building shall be reasonably free from any material that might damage the building or affect its stability, including vegetable matter, topsoil and pre-existing foundations.
- (2) Reasonable precautions shall be taken to avoid danger to health and safety caused by contaminants on or in the ground covered, or to be covered by the building and any land associated with the building.
- (3) Adequate sub-soil drainage shall be provided, if it is needed to avoid—
- (a) the passage of ground moisture to the interior of the building;
- (b) damage to the building, including damage through the transport of water-borne contaminants to the foundations of the building.
- (4) For the purposes of this requirement, "contaminant" means any substance which is or may become harmful to persons or buildings including substances which are corrosive, explosive flammable, radioactive or toxic.

Resistance to moisture

- **C2**. The walls, floors and roof of the building shall adequately protect the building and people who use the building from harmful effects caused by—
- (a) ground moisture;
- (b) precipitation including wind-driven spray;
- (c) interstitial and surface condensation; and
- (d) spillage of water from or associated with sanitary fittings or fixed appliances.

PART D TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Cavity insulation

D1. If insulating material is inserted into a cavity in a cavity wall, reasonable precautions shall be taken to prevent the subsequent permeation of any toxic fumes from that material into any part of the building occupied by people.

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PART E RESISTANCE TO THE PASSAGE OF SOUND

Protection against sound from other parts of the building and adjoining buildings

E1. Dwelling-houses, flats and rooms for residential purposes shall be designed and constructed in such a way that they provide reasonable resistance to sound from other parts of the same building and from adjoining buildings.

Protection against sound within a dwelling-house etc

- **E2.** Dwelling-houses, flats and rooms for Requirement E2 does not apply to residential purposes shall be designed and (a) an internal wall which contains a door; constructed in such a way that-
- (a) internal walls between a bedroom or a room toilet from the associated bedroom; containing a water closet, and other rooms; and (c) existing walls and floors in a building which (b) internal floors,

provide reasonable resistance to sound.

- (b) an internal wall which separates an ensuite
- is subject to a material change of use.

Reverberation in common internal parts of buildings containing flats or rooms for residential purposes

such a way as to prevent more reverberation purposes. around the common parts than is reasonable.

E3. The common internal parts of buildings Requirement E3 only applies to corridors, which contain flats or rooms for residential stairwells, hallways and entrance halls which purposes shall be designed and constructed in give access to the flat or room for residential

Acoustic conditions in schools

E4.—(1) Each room or other space in a school building shall be designed and constructed in such a way that it has the acoustic conditions and the insulation against disturbance by noise appropriate to its intended use.

(2) For the purposes of this Part—

"school" has the same meaning as in section 4 of the Education Act 1996; and

"school building" means any building forming a school or part of a school.

PART F VENTILATION

Means of ventilation

ventilation provided for people in the building. space within a building—

(2) Fixed systems for mechanical ventilation and (a) into which people do not normally go; any associated controls must be commissioned (b) which is used solely for storage; or by testing and adjusting as necessary to secure (c) which is a garage used solely in connection that the objective referred to in sub-paragraph (1) with a single dwelling. is met.

- F1.—(1) There shall be adequate means of Requirement F1 does not apply to a building or

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PART G SANITATION, HOT WATER SAFETY AND WATER EFFICIENCY

Cold water supply

- **G1**.—(1) There must be a suitable installation for the provision of—
- (a) wholesome water to any place where drinking water is drawn off;
- (b) wholesome water or softened wholesome water to any washbasin or bidet provided in or adjacent to a room containing a sanitary convenience;
- (c) wholesome water or softened wholesome water to any washbasin, bidet, fixed bath and shower in a bathroom;
- (d) wholesome water to any sink provided in any area where food is prepared.
- (2) There must be a suitable installation for the provision of water of suitable quality to any sanitary convenience fitted with a flushing device.

Water efficiency

installation of fittings and fixed appliances that is use water efficiently for the prevention of undue (a) erected; or consumption of water.

G2. Reasonable provision must be made by the Requirement G2 applies only when a dwelling

- (b) formed by a material change of use of a building within the meaning of regulation 5(a) or

Hot water supply and systems

- heated softened water to-
- (a) any washbasin or bidet provided in or Requirement G3(4) applies only when a adjacent to a room containing a sanitary dwelling isconvenience;
- (b) any washbasin, bidet, fixed bath and shower (b) formed by a material change of use of a in a bathroom; and
- (c) any sink provided in any area where food is (b). prepared.
- (2) A hot water system, including any cistern or other vessel that supplies water to or receives expansion water from a hot water system, must be designed, constructed and installed so as to resist the effects of temperature and pressure that may occur either in normal use or in the event of such malfunctions as may reasonably be anticipated, and must be adequately supported.
- (3) A hot water system that has a hot water storage vessel must incorporate precautions to— (a) prevent the temperature of the water stored in the vessel at any time exceeding 100°C;

G3.—(1) There must be a suitable installation Requirement G3(3) does not apply to a system for the provision of heated wholesome water or which heats or stores water for the purposes only of an industrial process.

- (a) erected; or
- building within the meaning of regulation 5(a) or

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- (b) ensure that any discharge from safety devices is safely conveyed to where it is visible but will not cause a danger to persons in or about the
- (4) The hot water supply to any fixed bath must be so designed and installed as to incorporate measures to ensure that the temperature of the water than can be delivered to that bath does not exceed 48°C

Sanitary conveniences and washing facilities

- **G4**.—(1) Adequate and suitable sanitary conveniences must be provided in rooms provided to accommodate them or in bathrooms.
- (2) Adequate hand washing facilities must be provided in-
- (a) rooms containing sanitary conveniences; or
- (b) rooms or spaces adjacent to rooms containing sanitary conveniences.
- (3) Any room containing a sanitary convenience, a bidet, or any facility for washing hands provided in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) (b), must be separated from any kitchen or any area where food is prepared.

Bathrooms

G5. A bathroom must be provided containing a Requirement G5 applies only to dwellings and washbasin and either a fixed bath or a shower.

to buildings containing one or more rooms for residential purposes.

Kitchens and food preparation areas

G6. A suitable sink must be provided in any area where food is prepared.

PART H DRAINAGE AND WASTE DISPOSAL

Foul water drainage

- in order of priority-
- (a) a public sewer; or where that is not reasonably practicable,
- (b) a private sewer communicating with a public sewer; or where that is not reasonably practicable,
- (c) either a septic tank which has an appropriate form of secondary treatment or another wastewater treatment system; or, where that is not reasonably practicable,
- (d) a cesspool.
- (2) In this Part "foul water" means waste water which comprises or includes—

H1.—(1) An adequate system of drainage shall Requirement H1 does not apply to the diversion be provided to carry foul water from appliances of water which has been used for personal within the building to one of the following, listed washing or for the washing of clothes, linen or other articles to collection systems for reuse.

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- (a) waste from a sanitary convenience, bidet or appliance used for washing receptacles for foul waste; or
- (b) water which has been used for food preparation, cooking or washing.

Wastewater treatment systems and cesspools

- H2.—(1) Any septic tank and its form of secondary treatment, other wastewater treatment system or cesspool, shall be so sited and constructed that-
- (a) it is not prejudicial to the health of any person;
- (b) it will not contaminate any watercourse, underground water or water supply;
- (c) there are adequate means of access for emptying and maintenance; and
- (d) where relevant, it will function to a sufficient standard for the protection of health in the event of a power failure
- (2) Any septic tank or holding tank which is part of a wastewater treatment system or cesspool shall be-
- (a) of adequate capacity;
- (b) so constructed that it is impermeable to liquids; and
- (c) adequately ventilated.
- (3) Where a foul water drainage system from a building discharges to a septic tank, wastewater treatment system or cesspool, a durable notice shall be affixed in a suitable place in the building containing information on any continuing maintenance required to avoid risks to health.

Rainwater drainage

- H3.—(1) Adequate provision shall be made for Requirement H3(2) applies only to paved rainwater to be carried from the roof of the areas building.
- (2) Paved areas around the building shall be so constructed as to be adequately drained.
- (3) Rainwater from a system provided pursuant to sub-paragraphs (1) or (2) shall discharge to one of the following, listed in order of priority-
- (a) an adequate soakaway or some other adequate infiltration system; or, where that is not reasonably practicable,
- (b) a watercourse; or, where that is not reasonably practicable,
- (c) a sewer.

- (a) which provide access to the building pursuant to requirement [F1M1 (access and use), or [F¹M1 (access to and use of buildings other than dwellings), requirement M2 (access to extensions to buildings other than dwellings) [F2, or requirement M4(1), (2) or (3) (access to and use of dwellings)];
- (b) which provide access to or from a place of storage pursuant to requirement H6(2) (solid waste storage); or
- (c) in any passage giving access to the building, where this is intended to be used in common by the occupiers of one or more other buildings Requirement H3(3) does not apply to the gathering of rainwater for reuse

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Building over sewers

- **H4**.—(1) The erection or extension of a building Requirement H4 applies only to work carried or work involving the underpinning of a building out detrimental to the building or building extension shown on any map of sewers; or sewer or disposal main.
- of effluent to or from a sewage disposal works, sewers. which is not a public sewer.
- (3) In this paragraph and paragraph H5 "map of sewers" means any records kept by a sewerage undertaker under section 199 of the Water Industry Act 1991.

Separate systems of drainage

H5. Any system for discharging water to a sewer Requirement H5 applies only to a system conveyance of foul water from the building.

- shall be carried out in a way that is not (a) over a drain, sewer or disposal main which is
- or to the continued maintenance of the drain, (b) on any site or in such a manner as may result in interference with the use of, or obstruction of (2) In this paragraph "disposal main" means any the access of any person to, any drain, sewer or pipe, tunnel or conduit used for the conveyance disposal main which is shown on any map of

which is provided pursuant to paragraph H3 provided in connection with the erection or shall be separate from that provided for the extension of a building where it is reasonably practicable for the system to discharge directly or indirectly to a sewer for the separate conveyance of surface water which is-

- (a) shown on a map of sewers; or
- (b) under construction either by the sewerage undertaker or by some other person (where the sewer is the subject of an agreement to make a declaration of vesting pursuant to section 104 of the Water Industry Act 1991).

Solid waste storages

H6.—(1) Adequate provision shall be made for storage of solid waste.

- (2) Adequate means of access shall be provided-
- (a) for people in the building to the place of storage; and
- (b) from the place of storage to a collection point (where one has been specified by the waste collection authority under section 46 (household waste) or section 47 (commercial waste) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990) or to a street (where no collection point has been specified).

Textual Amendments

Words in Sch. 1 Pt. H substituted (E., but only in relation to excepted energy buildings in W.) (1.10.2015) by The Building Regulations &c. (Amendment) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/767), regs. 1(4)(b), 2(11) (a)(i) (with regs. 1(3), 4)

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PART J COMBUSTION APPLIANCES AND FUEL STORAGE SYSTEMS

Air supply

J1. Combustion appliances shall be so installed Requirements J1 and J2 apply only to fixed combustion, to prevent over-heating and for the efficient working of any flue.

that there is an adequate supply of air to them for combustion appliances (including incinerators).

Discharge of products of combustion

J2. Combustion appliances shall have adequate provision for the discharge of products of combustion to the outside air.

Warning of release of carbon monoxide

J3. Where a combustion appliance is provided, Requirement J3 applies only to fixed combustion appropriate provision having regard to the design appliances located in dwellings. and location of the appliance shall be made to detect and give early warning of the release of carbon monoxide at levels harmful to persons.

Protection of building

J4. Combustion appliances and flue-pipes shall Requirement J4 applies only to fixed combustion be so installed, and fireplaces and chimneys appliances (including incinerators). shall be so constructed and installed, as to reduce to a reasonable level the risk of people suffering burns or the building catching fire in consequence of their use.

Provision of information

J5. Where a hearth, fireplace, flue or chimney is provided or extended, a durable notice containing information on the performance capabilities of the hearth, fireplace, flue or chimney shall be affixed in a suitable place in the building for the purpose of enabling combustion appliances to be safely installed.

Protection of liquid fuel storage systems

J6. Liquid fuel storage systems and the pipes Requirement J6 applies only to be so constructed and separated from buildings than 90 litres and connecting pipes; and and the boundary of the premises as to reduce to a (b) fixed liquefied petroleum gas storage event of fire in adjacent buildings or premises.

- connecting them to combustion appliances shall (a) fixed oil storage tanks with capacities greater
- reasonable level the risk of the fuel igniting in the installations with capacities greater than 150 litres and connecting pipes.

which are located outside the building and which serve fixed combustion appliances (including incinerators) in the building.

Protection against pollution

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- J7. Oil storage tanks and the pipes connecting Requirement J7 applies only to fixed oil storage them to combustion appliances shall—
- (a) be so constructed and protected as to reduce connecting pipes, which are to a reasonable level the risk of the oil escaping (a) located outside the building; and and causing pollution; and
- notice containing information on how to respond as a private dwelling, to an oil escape so as to reduce to a reasonable but does not apply to buried systems. level the risk of pollution.

tanks with capacities of 3,500 litres or less, and

- (b) serve fixed combustion appliances (including (b) have affixed in a prominent position a durable incinerators) in a building used wholly or mainly

[F3PART K PROTECTION FROM FALLING, COLLISION AND IMPACT

Stairs, ladders and ramps

designed, constructed and installed as to be safe and ramps which form part of the building. for people moving between different levels in or about the building.

K1. Stairs, ladders and ramps shall be so Requirement K1 applies only to stairs, ladders

Protection from falling

and any roof to which people have access, and ramps which form part of the building.

(b) any light well, basement area or similar sunken area connected to a building.

shall be provided with barriers where it is necessary to protect people in or about the building from falling.

Vehicle barriers and loading bays

K3.—(1) Vehicle ramps and any levels in a building to which vehicles have access, shall be provided with barriers where it is necessary to protect people in or about the building.

(2) Vehicle loading bays shall be constructed in such a way, or be provided with such features as may be necessary to protect people in them from collision with vehicles.

K2. (a) Any stairs, ramps, floors and balconies Requirement K2(a) applies only to stairs and

Protection from collision with open windows etc

K4. Provision shall be made to prevent people Requirement K4 does not apply to dwellings. moving in or about the building from colliding with open windows, skylights or ventilators.

Protection against impact from and trapping by doors

K5.—(1) Provision shall be made to prevent any Requirement K5 does not apply to door or gate-

- (a) dwellings, or
- (a) which slides or opens upwards, from falling (b) any door or gate which is part of a lift.]
- (b) which is powered, from trapping any person.

onto any person; and

(2) Provision shall be made to ensure a clear view of the space on either side of a swing door or gate.

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Textual Amendments

F3 Sch. 1 Pt. K substituted (E., but only in relation to excepted energy buildings in W.) (6.4.2013) by The Building Regulations &c. (Amendment) Regulations 2012 (S.I. 2012/3119), Sch. 1, Sch. 2 (with regs. 1(3), 45-47) (as amended by S.I. 2013/181, reg. 5, Sch.)

[F3PART K PROTECTION FROM FALLING, COLLISION AND IMPACT

Stairs, ladders and ramps

K1. Stairs, ladders and ramps shall be so Requirement K1 applies only to stairs, ladders designed, constructed and installed as to be safe and ramps which form part of the building. for people moving between different levels in or about the building.

Protection from falling

- **K2**. The following shall be provided with Requirement K2(a) applies only to stairs and barriers where it is necessary to protect people in ramps which form part of the building. or about the building from falling—
- (a) any stairs, ramps, floors and balconies and any roof to which people have access, and
- (b) any light well, basement area or similar sunken area connected to a building.

Vehicle barriers and loading bays

- **K3**.—(1) Vehicle ramps and any levels in a building to which vehicles have access, shall be provided with barriers where it is necessary to protect people in or about the building.
- (2) Vehicle loading bays shall be constructed in such a way, or to be provided with such features, as may be necessary to protect people in them from collision with vehicles.

Protection against impact with glazing

- **K4**. Glazing, with which people are likely to come into contact while moving in or about the building, shall—
- (a) if broken on impact, break in a way which is unlikely to cause injury; or
- (b) resist impact without breaking; or
- (c) be shielded or protected from impact.

Protection from collision with open windows etc.

K5.1. Provision shall be made to prevent Requirement K5.1 does not apply to dwellings. people from moving in or about the building from colliding with open windows, skylights or ventilators.

Manifestation of glazing

K5.2. Transparent glazing with which people Requirement K5.2 does not apply to dwellings. are likely to come into contact while moving in

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and about the building, shall incorporate features which make it apparent.

Safe opening and closing of windows etc.

K5.3. Windows, skylights and ventilators which Requirement K5.3 does not apply to dwellings. can be opened by people in or about the building shall be so constructed or equipped that they may be opened, closed or adjusted safely.

Safe access for cleaning windows etc.

K5.4. Provision shall be made for any windows, Requirement K5(4) does not apply to skylights or translucent walls, ceilings or roofs (a) dwellings, or to be safely accessible for cleaning.

- (b) any door or gate which is part of a lift.

Protection against impact from trapping by doors

K6.—(1) Provision shall be made to prevent any Requirement K5(4) does not apply to door or gate-

- (a) which slides or opens upwards, from falling (b) any door or gate which is part of a lift.] onto any person; and
- (b) which is powered, from trapping any person.
- (2) Provision shall be made for powered doors and gates to be opened in the event of a power failure.
- (3) Provision shall be made to ensure a clear view of the space on either side of a swing door or gate.

(a) dwellings, or

PART L CONSERVATION OF FUEL AND POWER

Conservation of fuel and power

- L1. Reasonable provision shall be made for the conservation of fuel and power in buildings by—
- (a) limiting heat gains and loses—
- (i) through thermal elements and other parts of the building fabric; and
- (ii) from pipes, ducts and vessels used for space heating, space cooling and hot water services;
- (b) providing fixed building services which—
- (i) are energy efficient;
- (ii) have effective controls; and
- (iii) are commissioned by testing and adjusting as necessary to ensure they use no more fuel and power than is reasonable in the circumstances.

[F4PART M ACCESS TO AND USE OF BUILDINGS

Access and use

M1. Reasonable provision shall be made for The requirements of this Part do not apply to people to-

(a) an extension of or material alteration of a dwelling; or

- (a) gain access to, and

(b) use the building and its facilities.

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> (b) any part of a building which is used solely to enable the building or any service or fitting in the building to be inspected, repaired or maintained.

Access to extensions to buildings other than dwellings

M2. Suitable independent access shall be Requirement M2 does not apply where suitable practicable.

provided to the extension where reasonably access to the extension is provided through the building that is extended.

Sanitary conveniences in extensions to buildings other than dwellings

M3. If sanitary conveniences are provided in Requirement M3 does not apply where there is any building that is to be extended, reasonable reasonable provision for sanitary conveniences provision shall be made within the extension for elsewhere in the building, such that people sanitary conveniences

occupied in, or otherwise having occasion to enter the extension, can gain access to and use those sanitary conveniences.

Sanitary conveniences in dwellings

M4.—(1) Reasonable provision shall be made in the entrance storey for sanitary conveniences, or where the entrance storey contains no habitable rooms, reasonable provision for sanitary conveniences shall be made in either the entrance storey or principal storey.

(2) In this paragraph "entrance storey" means the storey which contains the principal entrance and "principal storey" means the storey nearest to the entrance storey which contains a habitable room, or if there are two such storeys equally near, either such storey.]

Textual Amendments

Sch. 1 Pt. M substituted (E., but only in relation to excepted energy buildings in W.) (1.10.2015) by The Building Regulations &c. (Amendment) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/767), regs. 1(4)(b), 2(11)(b) (with regs. 1(3), 4)

|F4PART M ACCESS TO AND USE OF BUILDINGS

Access to and use of buildings other than dwellings

M1. Reasonable provision must be made for people toRequirement M1 does not apply to

(a) gain access to; and

any part of a building that is used solely to enable the building or any service or fitting in the building to be inspected, repaired or maintained.

(b) use, the building and its facilities.

Access to extensions to buildings other than dwellings

M2. Suitable independent access must be provided to the extension where reasonably practicable.

Requirement M2 does not apply where suitable access to the extension is provided through the building that is extended.

Sanitary conveniences in extensions to buildings other than dwellings

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M3. If sanitary conveniences are provided in any building that is to be extended, reasonable provision shall be made within the extension for sanitary conveniences.

Requirement M3 does not apply where there is reasonable provision for sanitary conveniences elsewhere in the building, such that people occupied in, or otherwise having occasion to enter the extension, can gain access to and use those sanitary conveniences.

Access to and use of dwellings

Category 1- visitable dwelling

M4(1). Reasonable provision must be made for people to—

- (a) gain access to; and
- (b) use, the dwelling and its facilities

Category 2- accessible and adaptable dwellings

M4(2) optional requirement

- (1) Reasonable provision must be made for people to—
- (a) gain access to; and
- (b) use, the dwelling and its facilities.
- (2) The provision made must be sufficient to—
- (a) meet the needs of occupants with differing needs, including some older or disabled people; and
- (b) to allow adaptation of the dwelling to meet the changing needs of occupants over time.

Category 3- wheelchair user dwellings

M4(3) optional requirement

- (1) Reasonable provision must be made for people to—
- (a) gain access to; and
- (b) use, the dwelling and its facilities.
- (2) The provision made must be sufficient to—

Requirement M4(1) does not apply to:

- (a) an extension to a dwelling; or
- (b) any part of a building that is used solely to enable the building or any service or fitting in the building to be inspected, repaired or maintained.

Optional requirement M4(2)—

- (a) may apply only in relation to a dwelling that is erected;
- (b) will apply in substitution for requirement M4(1);
- (c) does not apply where optional requirement M4(3) applies;
- (d) does not apply to any part of a building that is used solely to enable the building or any service or fitting in the building to be inspected, repaired or maintained.

Optional requirement M4(3)—

- (a) may apply only in relation to a dwelling that is erected;
- (b) will apply in substitution for requirement M4(1);
- (c) does not apply where optional requirement M4(2) applies;
- (d) does not apply to any part of a building that is used solely to enable the building or any service or fitting in the building to be inspected, repaired or maintained.

Optional requirement M4(3)(2)(b) applies only where the planning permission under which the building work is carried out specifies that it shall be complied with.]

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- (a) allow simple adaptation of the dwelling to meet the needs of occupants who use wheelchairs; or
- (b) meet the needs of occupants who use wheelchairs.

[F5PART N GLAZING—SAFETY IN RELATION TO IMPACT, OPENING AND CLEANING

Protection against impact

- N1. Glazing, with which people are likely to come into contact whilst moving in or about the building shall-
- (a) if broken on impact, break in a way which is unlikely to cause injury; or
- (b) resist impact without breaking; or
- (c) be shielded or protected from impact.

Manifestation of glazing

N2. Transparent glazing, with which people are Requirement N2 does not apply to dwellings. likely to come into contact while moving in or about the building, shall incorporate features which make it apparent.

Safe opening and closing of windows etc

N3. Windows, skylights and ventilators which Requirement N3 does not apply to dwellings. can be opened by people in or about the building shall be so constructed or quipped that they may be opened, closed or adjusted safely.

Safe access for cleaning windows etc

N4. Provision shall be made for any windows, Requirement N4 does not apply to skylights, or ay transparent or translucent walls, (a) dwellings; or ceilings or roofs to be safely accessible for (b) any transparent or translucent elements cleaning.

- whose surfaces are not intended to be cleaned.]

Textual Amendments

Sch. 1 Pt. N omitted (E., but only in relation to excepted energy buildings in W.) (6.4.2013) by virtue of The Building Regulations &c. (Amendment) Regulations 2012 (S.I. 2012/3119), reg. 27(b), Sch. 1 (with regs. 1(3), 45-47) (as amended by S.I. 2013/181, reg. 5, Sch.)

PART P ELECTRICAL SAFETY

Design and installation

P1. Reasonable provision shall be made in the The requirements of this Part apply only design and installation of electrical installations to electrical installations that are intended to in order to protect persons operating, operate at low or extra-low voltage and are maintaining or altering the installations from fire (a) in or attached to a dwelling; or injury.

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- (b) in the common parts of a building serving one or more dwellings, but excluding power supplies to lifts:
- (c) in a building that receives its electricity from a source located within or shared with a dwelling; or
- (d) in a garden or in or on land associated with a building where the electricity is from a source located within or shared with a dwelling.

|F6PART Q SECURITY

Unauthorised access

Q1

Requirement Q1 applies only in relation to new dwellings.]

Reasonable provision must be made to resist unauthorised access to—

- (a) any dwelling; and
- (b) any part of a building from which access can be gained to a flat within the building.

Textual Amendments

F6 Sch. 1 Pt. Q added (E., but only in relation to excepted energy buildings in W.) (1.10.2015) by The Building Regulations &c. (Amendment) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/767), regs. 1(4)(b), 2(11)(c) (with regs. 1(3), 5)

Status:

Point in time view as at 01/10/2015.

Changes to legislation:

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