
STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2010 No. 959

The Care Planning, Placement and Case Review (England) Regulations 2010

PART 7

Arrangements made by the responsible authority for ceasing to look after a child

Arrangements for ceasing to look after a child who is not an eligible child

39. In any case where—

- (a) C is not in the care of the responsible authority and is not an eligible child^{M1}, and
- (b) C's circumstances have changed such that the responsible authority are likely to cease to provide C with accommodation

the care plan must include details of the advice, assistance and support that the responsible authority intend to provide for C when C ceases to be looked after by them.

Marginal Citations

M1 “Eligible child” is defined in paragraph 19B of Schedule 2 to the 1989 Act.

Eligible children

Meaning of eligible child

40.—(1) For the purposes of paragraph 19B(2)(b) of Schedule 2 to the 1989 Act (*meaning of eligible child*), the prescribed period is 13 weeks and the prescribed age is 14.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph 19B(3)(b) of that Schedule, if C is a child to whom regulation 48 applies, C is not an eligible child despite falling within paragraph 19B(2) of that Schedule.

General duties

41. If C is an eligible child, the responsible authority must —

- (a) assess C's needs in accordance with regulation 42, and
- (b) prepare C's pathway plan, in accordance with regulation 43.

Assessment of needs

42.—(1) The responsible authority must complete the assessment of C's needs in accordance with paragraph 19B(4) of Schedule 2 to the 1989 Act not more than three months after the date on which C reaches the age of 16 or becomes an eligible child after that age.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2011.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Care Planning, Placement and Case Review (England) Regulations 2010, PART 7. (See end of Document for details)

(2) In carrying out their assessment of C's likely needs when C ceases to be looked after, the responsible authority must take account of the following considerations—

- (a) C's state of health (including physical, emotional and mental health) and development,
- (b) C's continuing need for education, training or employment,
- (c) the support that will be available to C from C's parents and other connected persons,
- (d) C's actual and anticipated financial resources and capacity to manage personal finances independently,
- (e) the extent to which C possesses the practical and other skills necessary for independent living,
- (f) C's need for continuing care, support and accommodation,
- (g) the wishes and feelings of—
 - (i) C,
 - (ii) any parent of C's and any person who is not C's parent but who has parental responsibility for C,
 - (iii) the appropriate person,
- (h) the views of—
 - (i) any person or educational institution that provides C with education or training and, if C has a statement of special educational needs, the local authority who maintain the statement (if different) ^{M2},
 - (ii) the IRO,
 - (iii) any person providing health (whether physical, emotional or mental health) or dental care or treatment to C,
 - (iv) the personal adviser appointed for C, and
 - (v) any other person whose views the responsible authority, or C, consider may be relevant.

Marginal Citations

M2 “Statement of special educational needs” is defined in section 324 of the Education Act 1996.

The pathway plan

43.—(1) The pathway plan must be prepared as soon as possible after the assessment of C's needs and must include, in particular—

- (a) C's care plan, and
- (b) the information referred to in Schedule 8.

(2) The pathway plan must, in relation to each of the matters referred to in paragraphs 2 to 10 of Schedule 8, set out—

- (a) the manner in which the responsible authority propose to meet C's needs, and
- (b) the date by which, and by whom, any action required to implement any aspect of the plan will be carried out.

Functions of the personal adviser

44. The personal adviser's functions in relation to C are to—

- (a) provide advice (including practical advice) and support,
- (b) participate in reviews of C's case carried out under Part 6,
- (c) liaise with the responsible authority in the implementation of the pathway plan,
- (d) co-ordinate the provision of services and take reasonable steps to ensure C makes use of such services,
- (e) remain informed about C's progress and wellbeing, and
- (f) maintain a written record of their contacts with C.

Status:

Point in time view as at 01/04/2011.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Care Planning, Placement and Case Review (England) Regulations 2010, PART 7.