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STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

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**2011 No. 1483**

**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

**The Storage of Carbon Dioxide  
(Termination of Licences) Regulations 2011**

<i>Made</i>	- - - -	<i>10th June 2011</i>
<i>Laid before Parliament</i>		<i>15th June 2011</i>
<i>Coming into force</i>	- -	<i>11th July 2011</i>

The Secretary of State is designated <sup>M1</sup> for the purposes of section 2(2) of the European Communities Act 1972 <sup>M2</sup> in relation to the environment.

These Regulations make provision for a purpose mentioned in section 2(2) of that Act, and it appears to the Secretary of State that it is necessary or expedient for certain references to EU instruments, or provisions of those instruments, in these Regulations to be construed as references to those instruments or provisions as amended from time to time.

Accordingly the Secretary of State makes these Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred by section 2(2) of, as read with paragraph 1A of Schedule 2 to, that Act, and by section 31 of the Energy Act 2008 <sup>M3</sup>.

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**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C1** Regulations: power to amend conferred (26.12.2023) by [Energy Act 2023 \(c. 52\)](#), **ss. 93(10)(c)**, 334(3)(b)

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**Marginal Citations**

**M1** [S.I. 2008/301](#).

**M2** 1972 c.68; section 2(2) was amended by section 27(1)(a) of the [Legislative and Regulatory Reform Act 2006 \(c.51\)](#) and by section 3(3) of, and Part 1 of the Schedule to, the [European Union \(Amendment\) Act 2008 \(c.7\)](#). Section 57(1) of the [Scotland Act 1998 \(c.46\)](#) provides that despite the transfer to the Scottish Ministers of functions in relation to observing and implementing obligations under Community law, any function of a Minister of the Crown shall continue to be exercisable by that Minister as regards Scotland for the purposes specified in section 2(2) of the European Communities Act 1972.

**M3** [2008 c.32](#).

## General

### Citation and commencement **U.K.**

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Termination of Licences) Regulations 2011, and come into force on 11th July 2011.

### Review **U.K.**

2.—(1) Before the end of each review period, the Secretary of State must—

- (a) carry out a review of regulations 3 to 19, except in so far as they apply to any licence granted or function exercised by the Scottish Ministers;
- (b) set out the conclusions of the review in a report; and
- (c) publish the report.

(2) In carrying out the review the Secretary of State must, so far as is reasonable, have regard to how Articles 18 and 20 of the Directive (which are implemented by means of regulations 3 to 19) are implemented in other member States.

(3) The report must in particular—

- (a) set out the objectives intended to be achieved by the regulatory system established by regulations 3 to 19;
- (b) assess the extent to which those objectives are achieved; and
- (c) assess whether those objectives remain appropriate and, if so, the extent to which they could be achieved with a system that imposes less regulation.

(4) In this regulation, “review period” means—

- (a) the period of five years beginning with the day on which these Regulations come into force; and
- (b) subject to paragraph (5), each successive period of five years.

(5) If a report under this regulation is published before the last day of the review period to which it relates, the following review period is to begin with the day on which that report is published.

### Interpretation **U.K.**

3.—(1) In these Regulations—

- (a) any reference to a numbered section is to that section of the Energy Act 2008; and
- (b) subject to paragraph (2), any reference to an EU instrument, or a provision of such an instrument, is to that instrument or provision as amended from time to time.

(2) Paragraph (1)(b) does not apply to the definitions referred to in paragraph (4), regulation 14(3) or regulation 15(3)(c).

(3) In these Regulations—

“abandonment programme”, in respect of a licence, means the abandonment programme (within the meaning of section 29(1) of the Petroleum Act 1998<sup>M4</sup>) applicable to an installation established or maintained in accordance with that licence for the purposes of an activity mentioned in section 17(2)(a), (b) or (c);

“applicant” means a licence holder who has made a termination application;

[<sup>F1</sup>“appropriate Minister” means either—

- (a) the Secretary of State, where the OGA is the licensing authority in accordance with section 18(2); or
- (b) the Scottish Ministers, where the Scottish Ministers are the licensing authority in accordance with section 18(2);]

“authority” means either—

- (a) the [F2OGA]; or
- (b) the Scottish Ministers,

as licensing authority in accordance with section 18(2);

“CO<sub>2</sub>” means carbon dioxide;

“the Directive” means Directive [2009/31/EC](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council on the geological storage of carbon dioxide and amending Council Directive [85/337/EEC](#), European Parliament and Council Directives [2000/60/EC](#), [2001/80/EC](#), [2004/35/EC](#), [2006/12/EC](#), [2008/1/EC](#) and Regulation (EC) No [1013/2006](#)<sup>M5</sup>;

“licence” has the meaning given to it in the licensing regulations (and “licence holder” is to be construed accordingly);

“licensing regulations” means the Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Licensing etc.) Regulations 2010<sup>M6</sup> or, in respect of licences issued by the Scottish Ministers, the Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Licensing etc.) (Scotland) Regulations 2011<sup>M7</sup>;

“notice” means notice in writing (and “notification” and “notify” shall be construed accordingly);

“operator”, in relation to a storage permit, means the person who carries on or (where different) controls activities at the storage site or, where a storage permit has been terminated or revoked, the person who carried on or (where different) controlled activities at the storage site immediately before such termination or revocation;

“post-transfer costs” means the costs for which the authority will be liable as a result of the transfer of obligations and liabilities to the authority pursuant to regulations 14 and 15;

“storage permit” has the meaning given to it in the licensing regulations;

“termination application” means an application under regulation 4 for termination of a licence;

“termination notice” means a notice served by the authority as required by regulation 11(2) (a) or regulation 12(2);

“transfer report” means a report that complies with Article 18(2) of the Directive.

(4) In these Regulations, the following expressions have the meanings given by Article 3 of the Directive (and cognate terms shall be construed accordingly)—

“closure”;

“leakage”;

“storage site”.

#### Textual Amendments

- F1** Words in [reg. 3](#) inserted (1.10.2016) by [The Energy \(Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation\) Regulations 2016](#) (S.I. 2016/912), [regs. 1\(1\), 19\(2\)\(a\)](#)
- F2** Word in [reg. 3](#) substituted (1.10.2016) by [The Energy \(Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation\) Regulations 2016](#) (S.I. 2016/912), [regs. 1\(1\), 19\(2\)\(b\)](#)

**Marginal Citations**

- M4 1998 c.17.
- M5 OJ No L 140, 5.6.2009, p 114.
- M6 S.I. 2010/2221.
- M7 S.S.I. 2011/24.

*Applications and information*

**Applications for termination U.K.**

4.—(1) Where a storage site has been closed in accordance with the terms of a licence, the licence holder may apply to the authority for the licence to be terminated.

- (2) An application for termination of a licence must—
  - (a) be made in writing to the authority; and
  - (b) include a transfer report in respect of the storage site permitted under the licence.

**Request for a transfer report U.K.**

- 5.—(1) Where—
  - (a) a storage site has been closed in accordance with the terms of a licence, and
  - (b) no termination application has been made to the authority,

the authority may request the operator to provide a transfer report within the period specified in the request.

(2) Where the authority requests a transfer report under paragraph (1), the operator must, within the specified period, provide to the authority—

- (a) a transfer report; or
- (b) a statement of the reasons why the operator is unable to provide a transfer report.

**Information to be provided to the European Commission U.K.**

<sup>F3</sup>6. ....

**Textual Amendments**

**F3** Reg. 6 omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Storage of Carbon Dioxide \(Amendment and Power to Modify\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019](#) (S.I. 2019/544), regs. 1(3), **3(2)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

*Termination where a storage site has been closed in accordance with the terms of a licence*

**Minimum period U.K.**

7.—(1) When the authority approves a proposed post-closure plan in respect of a storage site in accordance with the licensing regulations, the authority must determine the minimum period (the “minimum period”) that must elapse between the date of closure of the storage site and the termination of the licence.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), the minimum period must be no less than twenty years from the date of the closure of the storage site.

(3) Where the minimum period has not elapsed and the authority considers that the condition set out in regulation 8(a) has been met, the authority may reduce the period determined under paragraph (1), which reduced period becomes the minimum period.

(4) The authority must notify the licence holder, as soon as reasonably practicable, of the minimum period determined under paragraph (1) or (3).

**Transfer conditions** **U.K.**

8. For the purposes of regulations 9 to 11, the transfer conditions are that—
- (a) all available evidence indicates that the stored CO<sub>2</sub> will be completely and permanently contained;
  - (b) the minimum period (determined under regulation 7) has elapsed;
  - (c) the operator has provided the financial contribution notified to it under regulation 10(4);
  - (d) the storage site has been sealed and the injection facilities have been removed; and
  - (e) the abandonment programme has been carried out in accordance with Part 4 of the Petroleum Act 1998 <sup>M8</sup>.

**Marginal Citations**

**M8** Section 30 of the [Energy Act 2008 \(c.32\)](#) applies Part 4 of the Petroleum Act 1998 to carbon storage installations (as defined by section 30(5)).

**Issuing a draft termination notice** **U.K.**

9.—(1) Paragraph (2) applies where the authority receives a transfer report under regulation 4(2) (b) or 5(2)(a).

(2) Where this paragraph applies, the authority must prepare a draft termination notice if it is satisfied that—

- (a) the transfer report complies with Article 18(2) of the Directive; and
- (b) the conditions listed in regulation 8(a) and (b) have been met in respect of the storage site.

(3) Where a draft termination notice is prepared under paragraph (2), the authority must prepare a statement of—

- (a) the method by which the authority will determine whether or not the conditions listed in regulation 8(d) and (e) have been met; and
- (b) whether any part of the abandonment programme remains to be carried out.

<sup>F4</sup>(4) .....

(5) Where the authority is not satisfied under paragraph (2), the authority must as soon as reasonably practicable notify the licence holder of the reasons for its decision.

**Textual Amendments**

**F4** Reg. 9(4) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Storage of Carbon Dioxide \(Amendment and Power to Modify\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/544\)](#), regs. 1(3), **3(3)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

**Financial obligations** **U.K.**

10.—(1) Where the authority prepares a draft termination notice under regulation 9(2), it must determine the amount and form of financial contribution from the operator that the authority considers will be sufficient to cover the expected post-transfer costs.

- (2) In determining the amount and form of financial contribution, the authority must—
  - (a) take into account the factors set out in Article 20(1) of the Directive; and
  - (b) consider any representations received from the operator pursuant to paragraph (3).
- (3) The authority must—
  - (a) notify the operator of the determination it intends to make;
  - (b) in that notification give the operator at least 28 days in which to make written representations to the authority.
- (4) The authority must notify the operator of—
  - (a) the authority's determination of the amount and form of the financial contribution; and
  - (b) the date by which the financial contribution must be provided to the [F5 appropriate Minister].

[F6(4A) Where the OGA is the licensing authority in accordance with section 18(2), it must provide to the Secretary of State a copy of any notification given under paragraph (4).]

(5) The operator must provide the financial contribution to the [F7 appropriate Minister] in accordance with the notification made under paragraph (4).

**Textual Amendments**

- F5 Words in reg. 10(4)(b) substituted (1.10.2016) by [The Energy \(Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation\) Regulations 2016 \(S.I. 2016/912\)](#), regs. 1(1), **19(3)(a)**
- F6 Reg. 10(4A) inserted (1.10.2016) by [The Energy \(Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation\) Regulations 2016 \(S.I. 2016/912\)](#), regs. 1(1), **19(3)(b)**
- F7 Words in reg. 10(5) substituted (1.10.2016) by [The Energy \(Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation\) Regulations 2016 \(S.I. 2016/912\)](#), regs. 1(1), **19(3)(c)**

**Serving a termination notice** **U.K.**

11.—(1) Where the authority has prepared a draft termination notice under regulation 9(2), it must—

- F8(a) .....
- (b) determine whether or not each transfer condition set out in regulation 8 has been met.
- (2) Where the authority determines that each transfer condition set out in regulation 8—
  - (a) has been met, it must serve a termination notice in accordance with regulation 13(1); or
  - (b) has not been met, it must notify the licence-holder of that determination and the reasons for it.

[F9(2A) Where the OGA is the licensing authority in accordance with section 18(2), it must provide to the Secretary of State a copy of any notification given under paragraph (2)(b).]

- F10(3) .....
- (4) Where—
  - (a) paragraph (2)(b) applies;

- (b) the operator has provided the financial contribution notified to it under regulation 10(4); and
  - (c) the operator requests the return or release of that contribution [F11]from the appropriate Minister],
- the [F12]appropriate Minister] must comply with that request within 90 days of receipt of the request.

#### Textual Amendments

- F8** Reg. 11(1)(a) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Amendment and Power to Modify) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/544), regs. 1(3), **3(4)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F9** Reg. 11(2A) inserted (1.10.2016) by The Energy (Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation) Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016/912), regs. 1(1), **19(4)(a)**
- F10** Reg. 11(3) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Amendment and Power to Modify) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/544), regs. 1(3), **3(4)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F11** Words in reg. 11(4)(c) inserted (1.10.2016) by The Energy (Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation) Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016/912), regs. 1(1), **19(4)(b)**
- F12** Words in reg. 11(4) substituted (1.10.2016) by The Energy (Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation) Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016/912), regs. 1(1), **19(4)(c)**

#### *Termination where a storage site has been closed after the revocation of a storage permit*

#### **Serving a termination notice after revocation of a storage permit** U.K.

**12.**—(1) Paragraph (2) applies where a storage site is closed pursuant to regulation 12(2)(a) or (3)(a) of the Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Licensing etc.) Regulations 2010 or regulation 11(2)(a) or (3)(a) of the Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Licensing etc.) (Scotland) Regulations 2011.

(2) Where this paragraph applies, the authority must serve a termination notice in accordance with regulation 13(1) if it is satisfied that in respect of the storage site—

- (a) all available evidence indicates that the stored CO<sub>2</sub> will be completely and permanently contained; and
- (b) the storage site is sealed and the injection facilities have been removed.

#### *Content and effects of a termination notice*

#### **Termination notices and the provision of information** U.K.

**13.**—(1) A termination notice must be served on the licence holder and must specify the time and date when the licence terminates.

[F13(1A) Where the OGA is the licensing authority in accordance with section 18(2), it must provide to the Secretary of State a copy of any termination notification served under paragraph (1).]

(2) Where the authority serves a termination notice, the [F14]appropriate Minister] may by written notice to the licence holder require the licence holder to provide the [F14]appropriate Minister] with all records, returns, plans, maps, samples, data and other information that the licence holder holds in respect of the storage site.

(3) The [F15]appropriate Minister] may use any information provided F16... under paragraph (2) for the purposes of carrying out the obligations transferred F16... under regulation 14 or discharging the

liabilities transferred <sup>F16</sup>... under regulation 15, or such <sup>F17</sup>... other functions as the [<sup>F15</sup>appropriate Minister] considers appropriate.

#### Textual Amendments

- F13** Reg. 13(1A) inserted (1.10.2016) by The Energy (Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation) Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016/912), regs. 1(1), **19(5)(a)**
- F14** Words in reg. 13(2) substituted (1.10.2016) by The Energy (Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation) Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016/912), regs. 1(1), **19(5)(b)**
- F15** Words in reg. 13(3) substituted (1.10.2016) by The Energy (Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation) Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016/912), regs. 1(1), **19(5)(c)(i)**
- F16** Words in reg. 13(3) omitted (1.10.2016) by virtue of The Energy (Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation) Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016/912), regs. 1(1), **19(5)(c)(ii)**
- F17** Words in reg. 13(3) omitted (1.10.2016) by virtue of The Energy (Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation) Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016/912), regs. 1(1), **19(5)(c)(iii)**

#### Transfer of obligations **U.K.**

**14.**—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) and regulation 15, the termination of a licence does not affect any obligation imposed upon, or liability incurred by, the licence holder.

(2) Immediately on the termination of a licence, there are transferred from the licence holder to the [<sup>F18</sup>appropriate Minister] the licence holder's obligations in relation to—

- (a) monitoring, pursuant to Articles 13 and 18(6) and Annex II of the Directive;
- (b) corrective measures;
- <sup>F19</sup>(c) the offset of emissions which are leakage under climate change legislation (if any); and]
- (d) preventive and remedial action under legislation [<sup>F20</sup>which before [<sup>F21</sup>IP completion day] implemented] Articles 5(1) and 6(1) of Directive 2004/35/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on environmental liability with regard to the prevention and remedying of environmental damage <sup>M9</sup>.

<sup>F22</sup>(3) In this regulation—

- (a) “climate change legislation” means—
  - (i) [<sup>F23</sup>the Greenhouse Gas Emissions Trading Scheme Regulations 2012;
  - (ii) the Greenhouse Gas Emissions Trading Scheme Order 2020; or]
  - (iii) legislation which levies a tax in relation to greenhouse gas emissions attributable to a person;
- (b) “corrective measures” has the meaning given to it by Article 3 of the Directive;
- (c) “emissions” (except in sub-paragraphs (d) and (g)) has the meaning given to it by section 97 of the Climate Change Act 2008;
- (d) “ETS Directive” means Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 October 2003 establishing a scheme for greenhouse gas emission allowance trading within the Community and amending Council Directive 96/61/EC;
- (e) “greenhouse gas” (except in sub-paragraphs (d) and (g)) has the meaning given to it by section 92 of the Climate Change Act 2008;
- (f) “legislation” <sup>F24</sup>... means legislation in force in the United Kingdom (whether passed, or made, before or after the commencement of these Regulations);



- (g) for the purposes of the references to Article 13 of the Directive and Annex II to the Directive in paragraph (2)(a), Article 13(2) shall be read as if for the words “guidelines established pursuant to Article 14 and Article 23(2) of Directive 2003/87/EC” there were substituted “Commission Regulation (EU) No 601/2012 of 21 June 2012 on the monitoring and reporting of greenhouse gas emissions pursuant to Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council”.]

#### Textual Amendments

- F18** Words in reg. 14(2) substituted (1.10.2016) by The Energy (Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation) Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016/912), regs. 1(1), **19(6)**
- F19** Reg. 14(2)(c) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Amendment and Power to Modify) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/544), regs. 1(3), **3(5)(a)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F20** Words in reg. 14(2)(d) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Amendment and Power to Modify) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/544), regs. 1(3), **3(5)(b)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F21** Words in reg. 14(2)(d) substituted (12.12.2022) by The Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/1190), regs. 1, **9**
- F22** Reg. 14(3) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Amendment and Power to Modify) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/544), regs. 1(3), **3(5)(c)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F23** Reg. 14(3)(a)(i)(ii) substituted (12.12.2022) by The Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/1190), regs. 1, **10**
- F24** Words in reg. 14(3)(f) omitted (12.12.2022) by virtue of The Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/1190), regs. 1, **11**

#### Marginal Citations

- M9** OJ No L 143, 30.4.2004, p 56; amended by European Parliament and Council Directives 2006/21/EC (OJ No L 102, 11.4.2006, p 15) and 2009/31/EC.

### Transfer of liabilities **U.K.**

**15.—(1)** Immediately on the termination of a licence, there are transferred from the licence holder to the [<sup>F25</sup>appropriate Minister] any leakage liabilities incurred by the licence holder prior to termination of the licence, subject to paragraph (2).

(2) There is no transfer to the [<sup>F25</sup>appropriate Minister] of any leakage liabilities that, on the termination of the licence, constitute a debt or a judgment debt for a liquidated sum where that debt—

- (a) was payable by the licence holder before the termination of the licence; or
- (b) is payable by the licence holder after the termination of the licence but at a time which is certain.
- (3) In this regulation—
- (a) “judgment debt” has the meaning given to it in section 104 of the Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007 <sup>M10</sup>;
- (b) “leakage liabilities” means any liabilities, whether future or present, actual or contingent, arising from leakage from the storage complex to which the relevant licence relates and includes liabilities for personal injury, damage to property and economic loss; and
- (c) “storage complex” has the meaning given to it by Article 3 of the Directive.

**Textual Amendments**

**F25** Words in [reg. 15](#) substituted (1.10.2016) by [The Energy \(Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation\) Regulations 2016 \(S.I. 2016/912\)](#), regs. 1(1), **19(7)**

**Marginal Citations**

**M10** [2007 c.15.](#)

**Recovery of costs** **U.K.**

**16.**—(1) The [<sup>F26</sup>appropriate Minister] may recover from the operator any costs which the [<sup>F26</sup>appropriate Minister] incurs in consequence of the transfer of obligations or liabilities under regulation 14 or 15, to the extent that such costs arise due to fault on the part of the operator.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), fault includes negligence, deceit, or a failure to exercise due diligence.

(3) Sums due by the operator pursuant to this regulation are recoverable by the [<sup>F26</sup>appropriate Minister] as a civil debt.

**Textual Amendments**

**F26** Words in [reg. 16\(1\)\(3\)](#) substituted (1.10.2016) by [The Energy \(Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation\) Regulations 2016 \(S.I. 2016/912\)](#), regs. 1(1), **19(8)**

*Compliance*

**Information** **U.K.**

[<sup>F27</sup>**17.** The licence holder must—

- (a) to the extent it is not obliged to do so under the licence, provide the authority with such information as the authority may from time to time request for the purpose of determining whether—
  - (i) to request a transfer report from the operator pursuant to regulation 5; or
  - (ii) to exercise any other function conferred on the authority by these Regulations;
- (b) provide the appropriate Minister with such information as the appropriate Minister may from time to time request for the purpose of exercising any function conferred on the appropriate Minister by these Regulations.]

**Textual Amendments**

**F27** [Reg. 17](#) substituted (1.10.2016) by [The Energy \(Transfer of Functions, Consequential Amendments and Revocation\) Regulations 2016 \(S.I. 2016/912\)](#), regs. 1(1), **19(9)**

**Enforcement** **U.K.**

**18.**—(1) A failure by—

- (a) the operator to comply with regulation 5(2) or 10(5); or
- (b) a licence holder to comply with regulation 13(2) or 17,

is deemed, for the purposes of section 24 (licensing authority's power of direction), to be a breach of a provision of the licence, even where a licence has terminated.

- (2) It is an offence for—
- (a) a person to make a statement which the person knows to be false or recklessly to make a statement which is false—
    - (i) in order to obtain the termination of a licence; or
    - (ii) in a transfer report;
  - or
  - (b) a licence holder to fail to disclose information which the licence holder knows, or ought to know, to be relevant to the authority's decision to serve a notice under regulation 11(2) or 12(2).
- (3) A person guilty of an offence under paragraph (2) is liable—
- (a) on summary conviction—
    - (i) in England and Wales or Northern Ireland, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum; or
    - (ii) in Scotland, to a fine not exceeding £5,000; or
  - (b) on conviction on indictment, to a fine.
- (4) Where an offence under paragraph (2) is committed by a body corporate and is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of an officer of the body corporate, that officer (as well as the body corporate) is guilty of the offence and is liable to be proceeded against and dealt with accordingly.
- (5) Where an offence under paragraph (2) is committed by a Scottish partnership and is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of a partner, that partner (as well as the partnership) is guilty of the offence and is liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.
- (6) In this regulation—
- (a) “officer”, in relation to a body corporate, means
    - (i) any director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate; or
    - (ii) any person who was purporting to act in any such capacity;
  - (b) “partner”, in relation to a Scottish partnership, includes any person who was purporting to act as a partner in the partnership.
- (7) In paragraph (6) “director”, in relation to a body corporate whose affairs are managed by its members, means a member of the body corporate.

### **Criminal proceedings** **U.K.**

**19.**—(1) Proceedings for an offence under regulation 18(2) may not be instituted in England and Wales except—

- (a) by the Secretary of State or a person authorised by the Secretary of State; or
- (b) by or with the consent of the Director of Public Prosecutions.

(2) Proceedings for an offence under regulation 18(2) may not be instituted in Northern Ireland except—

- (a) by the Secretary of State or a person authorised by the Secretary of State; or
- (b) by or with the consent of the Director of Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland.

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**Changes to legislation:** *There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Termination of Licences) Regulations 2011. (See end of Document for details)*

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Department of Energy and Climate Change

*Charles Hendry*  
Minister of State

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## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This note is not part of the Regulations)*

These Regulations form part of the implementation by the United Kingdom of Directive 2009/31/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 April 2009 on the geological storage of carbon dioxide (OJ No L 140, 5.6.2009, p 114) (“the Directive”). In particular, they implement Articles 18 and 20 on the transfer of responsibility for a closed storage site and the associated financial mechanism.

The Directive is chiefly implemented by Part 1, Chapter 3 of the Energy Act 2008 and by the Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Licensing etc.) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/2221) and the Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Licensing etc.) (Scotland) Regulations 2011 (S.S.I. 2011/24) (together the “licensing regulations”).

*Regulation 2* requires the Secretary of State to review the operation and effect of these Regulations and publish a report within five years after they come into force and within every five years after that. Following a review it will fall to the Secretary of State to consider whether the Regulations should remain as they are, or be revoked or be amended. A further instrument would be needed to revoke the Regulations or to amend them.

*Regulation 3* provides definitions for terms used in the Regulations. For the most part, the terminology followed coincides with that used in the licensing regulations and in the Directive, and some Directive definitions are incorporated accordingly.

*Regulation 4* allows the holder of a licence for a storage site that has been closed to apply to the authority (either the Secretary of State or the Scottish Ministers) for the licence to be terminated. An application must include a transfer report. *Regulation 5* allows the authority to require a transfer report to be provided, if no application is made under regulation 4. *Regulation 6* provides that the authority must provide a copy of the transfer report and other information to the European Commission.

*Regulation 7* defines the minimum period, after the closure of a storage site, after which the licence may be terminated. The minimum period is determined by the authority. It must be no less than 20 years, but it can be reduced by the authority if certain conditions are fulfilled.

*Regulation 8* sets out the conditions which must be met before a licence is terminated, in respect of a storage site that has been closed by the operator.

*Regulation 9* prescribes the basis on which the authority must reach an initial decision whether to terminate a licence. It provides for a draft notice of the termination of a licence to be sent to the European Commission.

*Regulation 10* provides that, once a draft termination notice has been prepared, the authority must determine the financial contribution which the operator must make before the licence can be terminated. The operator must be given the opportunity to make representations to the authority about the amount and form of the contribution. Payment of the financial contribution is a condition that must be met before the licence is terminated.

Under *regulation 11*, the authority must consider the European Commission's opinion on the draft termination notice. If the authority then determines that all the transfer conditions set out in *regulation 8*, including the payment of the financial contribution, have been met, then the authority must terminate the licence by issuing a termination notice. If the authority determines that those conditions have not been met, it must notify the licence holder and give the reasons for that determination.

If a storage site is closed by the authority acting as operator after the relevant storage permit has been revoked under the licensing regulations, then the applicable licence will be terminated when the conditions set out in *regulation 12* are met. In this case, there is no obligation for a financial

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contribution to be made under *regulation 10* and it is not necessary for the minimum period determined under *regulation 7* to have elapsed.

*Regulation 13* allows the authority, when it serves a notice terminating a licence, to require the licence holders to provide it with information about the storage site, which the authority may use to carry out its functions and, in particular, to discharge the obligations and liabilities transferred to it from the licence holders under *regulations 14* and *15*.

*Regulations 14* and *15* deal with the effects of the termination of a licence. *Regulation 14* provides that certain obligations of the operator transfer to the authority. Those obligations are the obligations to carry out monitoring of the storage site and corrective measures where necessary, to remedy environmental damage under the Environmental Liability Directive and to surrender allowances under the greenhouse gas emission trading scheme established by Directive [2003/87/EC](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 October 2003. *Regulation 15(1)* and *(2)* transfers to the authority, with some exceptions, specified liabilities that have been incurred by the licence holders before the termination of the licence. *Regulation 15(3)* deals with specified liabilities that are incurred after the termination of the licence, which are transferred from those who held that licence to the authority.

*Regulation 16* provides that, if the authority incurs costs as a result of the transfer to it of obligations and liabilities under *regulations 14* and *15*, it may recover them from the former operator in the circumstances specified in the regulation.

*Regulation 17* enables the authority to obtain information from the licence holders in connection with carrying out its functions under these Regulations.

The authority has powers under section 24 of the Act to give directions following the breach of a licence. *Regulation 18(1)* allows the authority to use those powers where the operator fails to provide a transfer report when required, or to pay the financial contribution, or where the licence holder fails to provide information to the authority under *regulation 13* or *17*.

*Regulation 18(2)* creates offences in relation to the provision of false information to the authority or failure to disclose relevant information. The penalties for these offences are set out in *regulation 18(2)*. *Regulation 19* prevents a private prosecution for these offences from being brought without the consent of the Director of Public Prosecutions (in England and Wales) or the Director of Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland.

A full regulatory impact assessment of the effect that this instrument will have on the costs of business and the voluntary sector is available from Ricki Kiff, Energy Development Unit, Department of Energy and Climate Change, 3 Whitehall Place, London SW1A 2AW. Tel: 0300 068 6042; email: ricki.kiff@decc.gsi.gov.uk and is published with the Explanatory Memorandum which is available alongside the instrument on [www.legislation.gov.uk](http://www.legislation.gov.uk). A Transposition Note setting out how these Regulations implement the relevant provisions of the Directive is annexed to the Explanatory Memorandum.

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