STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2013 No. 1389

The Electricity and Gas (Market Integrity and Transparency) (Enforcement etc.) Regulations 2013

PART 3

Information and Investigations

Offences

Offences

- **20.**—(1) If a person fails to comply with a requirement to which paragraph (2) applies the Authority may certify that fact in writing to the court.
- (2) This paragraph applies in relation to a requirement imposed under regulation 9, 11, 12, 13 or 14, except a requirement imposed by regulation 13(8).
- (3) If the court is satisfied that the defaulter ("DP") failed without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement, it may deal with DP (and in the case of a body corporate, any director or officer) as if DP (or the director or officer) were in contempt; and "officer", in relation to a limited liability partnership, means a member of the limited liability partnership.
- (4) The jurisdiction conferred by paragraphs (1) to (3) is exercisable by the High Court and the Court of Session.
- (5) A person ("OP") who knows or suspects that an investigation is being or is likely to be conducted under this Part is guilty of an offence if—
 - (a) OP falsifies, conceals, destroys or otherwise disposes of a document which OP knows or suspects is or would be relevant to such an investigation; or
 - (b) OP causes or permits the falsification, concealment, destruction or disposal of such a document,

unless OP shows that OP had no intention of concealing facts disclosed by the documents from the Authority.

- (6) A person ("OP") who, in purported compliance with a requirement imposed on OP under this Part—
 - (a) provides information that OP knows to be false or misleading in a material particular; or
- (b) recklessly provides information which is false or misleading in a material particular, is guilty of an offence.
 - (7) A person guilty of an offence under paragraph (5) or (6) is liable—
 - (a) on summary conviction—
 - (i) in England and Wales, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or both; and

- (ii) in Scotland, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or a fine not exceeding £5,000, or both; or
- (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or a fine, or both.
- (8) Any person who intentionally obstructs the exercise of any rights conferred by a warrant under this Part is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale, or both.

Changes to legislation:
There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Electricity and Gas (Market Integrity and Transparency) (Enforcement etc.) Regulations 2013, Offences.