

Annex A

Transposition table for UK implementation of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (2011/61/EU)

Abbreviations used:

- “AIFMR” means the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013;
- “AIFM(A)R” means the Alternative Investment Fund Managers (Amendment) Regulations 2013;
- “COBS” means the Conduct of Business sourcebook of the FCA’s Handbook of rules and guidance*;
- “COMP” means the Compensation sourcebook of the FCA’s Handbook of rules and guidance*;
- “DCIR” means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Disclosure of Confidential Information) Regulations 2001 (S.I. 2001/2188);
- “EPRR” means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (EEA Passport Rights) Regulations 2001 (S.I. 2001/2511);
- “FCA handbook glossary” means the Glossary of definitions of the FCA’s Handbook of rules and guidance *;
- “FSMA” means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (c. 8);
- “FUND” means the Investment Funds sourcebook of the FCA’s Handbook of rules and guidance*;
- “GENPRU” means the General Prudential sourcebook of the FCA’s Handbook of rules and guidance*;
- “IPRU-INV” means the Interim Prudential sourcebook for Investment Businesses of the FCA’s Handbook of rules and guidance*;
- “PRIN” means the Principles for Businesses of the FCA’s Handbook of rules and guidance*;
- “RAO” means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/544);
- “SUP” means the Supervisory manual of the FCA’s Handbook of rules and guidance*;
- “SYSC” means the Senior Management Arrangements, Systems and Controls sourcebook of the FCA’s Handbook of rules and guidance*.

* References to provisions in the FCA’s Handbook of rules and guidance refer to the amendments made by the draft Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive Instrument 2013 which was issued for consultation in FSA CP12/32 and FSA CP13/09. References may be different in the final version of the instrument.

“TBC” refers to a provision in an FCA rule or direction which has not yet been made or given, and which relates to Articles 35 & 37-41 of the Directive (which do not apply until a date to be specified by the European Commission in a delegated EU regulation).

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
Chapter I (general provisions)			
Article 1 (subject matter)	This Directive lays down the rules for the authorisation, ongoing operation and transparency of the managers of alternative investment funds (AIFMs) which manage and/or market alternative investment funds (AIFs) in the Union.	No transposition required	
Article 2 (scope)	1. Subject to paragraph 3 of this Article and to Article 3, this Directive shall apply to:		
	(a) EU AIFMs which manage one or more AIFs irrespective of whether such AIFs are EU AIFs or non-EU AIFs;	s.19 FSMA. Arts 51ZC & 51ZF & Sch.8 RAO (inserted by para.1(12) & (17) Sch.2 AIFMR). Reg.10 AIFMR.	
	(b) non-EU AIFMs which manage one or more EU AIFs; and	s.19 FSMA. Arts 51ZC & 51ZF & Sch.8 RAO (inserted by para.1(12) & (17) Sch.2 AIFMR). Reg.10 AIFMR. (As those provisions apply following amendments by reg. 81 AIFMR and Sch.1&2 AIFM(A)R)	
	(c) non-EU AIFMs which market one or more AIFs in the Union irrespective of whether such AIFs are EU AIFs or non-EU AIFs.	Regs 50, 58 & 59	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
		AIFMR	
	2. For the purposes of paragraph 1, the following shall be of no significance:		
	(a) whether the AIF belongs to the open-ended or closed-ended type;	Reg.3(2) AIFMR	
	(b) whether the AIF is constituted under the law of contract, under trust law, under statute, or has any other legal form;	Reg.3(2) AIFMR	
	(c) the legal structure of the AIFM.	Reg.3(2) AIFMR	
	3. This Directive shall not apply to the following entities:		
	(a) holding companies;	Reg.4(4)(e) AIFMR	
	(b) institutions for occupational retirement provision which are covered by Directive 2003/41/EC, including, where applicable, the authorised entities responsible for managing such institutions and acting on their behalf referred to in Article 2(1) of that Directive or the investment managers appointed pursuant to Article 19(1) of that Directive, in so far as they do not manage AIFs;	Reg.4(4)(a) AIFMR	
	(c) supranational institutions, such as the European Central Bank, the European Investment Bank, the European Investment Fund, the European Development Finance Institutions and bilateral development banks, the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, and other supranational institutions and similar international organisations, in the event that such institutions or organisations manage AIFs and in so far as those AIFs act in the public interest;	Reg.4(4)(b) AIFMR	
	(d) national central banks;	Reg.4(4)(c) AIFMR	
	(e) national, regional and local governments and bodies or other institutions which manage funds supporting social security and pension systems;	Reg.4(4)(d) AIFMR	
	(f) employee participation schemes or employee savings schemes;	Reg.4(4)(f) AIFMR	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	(g) securitisation special purpose entities.	Reg.4(4)(g) AIFMR	
	4. Member States shall take the necessary steps to ensure that AIFMs referred to in paragraph 1 comply with this Directive at all times.	s.1L FSMA (as amended by para.3 Sch.1 AIFMR). s.19 FSMA & RAO (as amended by para.1 Sch.2 AIFMR).	
Article 3 (exemptions)	1. This Directive shall not apply to AIFMs in so far as they manage one or more AIFs whose only investors are the AIFM or the parent undertakings or the subsidiaries of the AIFM or other subsidiaries of those parent undertakings, provided that none of those investors is itself an AIF.	Para.3 Sch.8 RAO (inserted by para.1(17) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	2. Without prejudice to the application of Article 46, only paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article shall apply to the following AIFMs:		
	(a) AIFMs which either directly or indirectly, through a company with which the AIFM is linked by common management or control, or by a substantive direct or indirect holding, manage portfolios of AIFs whose assets under management, including any assets acquired through use of leverage, in total do not exceed a threshold of EUR 100 million; or	Reg.9(1)(b) & (2) AIFMR	
	(b) AIFMs which either directly or indirectly, through a company with which the AIFM is linked by common management or control, or by a substantive direct or indirect holding, manage portfolios of AIFs whose assets under management in total do not exceed a threshold of EUR 500 million when the portfolios of AIFs consist of AIFs that are unleveraged and have no redemption rights exercisable during a period of 5 years following the date of initial investment in each AIF.	Reg.9(1)(a) & (2) AIFMR	
	3. Member States shall ensure that AIFMs referred to in paragraph 2 at least:		
	(a) are subject to registration with the competent authorities of their home Member State;	s.19 FSMA. Arts 51ZC & 51ZF & Sch.8 RAO	

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		(inserted by para.1(12) & (17) Sch.2 AIFMR). Reg.10 AIFMR.	
	(b) identify themselves and the AIFs that they manage to the competent authorities of their home Member State at the time of registration;	Reg.11(1) AIFMR	Directions under reg.11(1) AIFMR
	(c) provide information on the investment strategies of the AIFs that they manage to the competent authorities of their home Member State at the time of registration;	Reg.11(1) AIFMR	Requirements under reg.11(1) AIFMR
	(d) regularly provide the competent authorities of their home Member State with information on the main instruments in which they are trading and on the principal exposures and most important concentrations of the AIFs that they manage in order to enable the competent authorities to monitor systemic risk effectively; and	Reg.21 AIFMR	Directions under reg.21(2) AIFMR SUP 16.18.3G, SUP 16.18.6R, SUP 16.18.7D and SUP 16.18.9D
	(e) notify the competent authorities of their home Member State in the event that they no longer meet the conditions referred to in paragraph 2.	Reg.15 AIFMR (and Art.4 Regulation (EU) 231/2013)	SUP 15.3.27R (for small authorised UK AIFM)
	This paragraph and paragraph 2 shall apply without prejudice to any stricter rules adopted by Member States with respect to AIFMs referred to in paragraph 2.	No transposition required	
	Member States shall take the necessary steps to ensure that where the conditions set out in paragraph 2 are no longer met, the AIFM concerned applies for authorisation within 30 calendar days in accordance with the relevant procedures laid down in this Directive.	Regs 15 and 16 AIFMR (and Art.4 Regulation (EU) 231/2013)	SUP 15.3.27R (for small authorised UK AIFM)
	4. AIFMs referred to in paragraph 2 shall not benefit from any of the rights granted under this Directive unless they choose to opt in under this Directive. Where AIFMs opt in, this Directive shall become applicable in its entirety.	No transposition required	

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	5. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts with a view to specifying the procedures for AIFMs which choose to opt in under this Directive in accordance with paragraph 4. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 59(2).	No transposition required	
	6. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying:	No transposition required	
	(a) how the thresholds referred to in paragraph 2 are to be calculated and the treatment of AIFMs which manage AIFs whose assets under management, including any assets acquired through the use of leverage, occasionally exceed and/or fall below the relevant threshold in the same calendar year;	No transposition required	
	(b) the obligation to register and to provide information in order to allow effective monitoring of systemic risk as set out in paragraph 3; and	No transposition required	
	(c) the obligation to notify competent authorities as set out in paragraph 3.	No transposition required	
Article 4 (definitions)	1. For the purpose of this Directive, the following definitions shall apply:		
	(a) "AIFs" means collective investment undertakings, including investment compartments thereof, which: (i) raise capital from a number of investors, with a view to investing it in accordance with a defined investment policy for the benefit of those investors; and (ii) do not require authorisation pursuant to Article 5 of Directive 2009/65/EC;	Reg.3 AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "alternative investment fund"
	(b) "AIFMs" means legal persons whose regular business is managing one or more AIFs;	Reg.4(1) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "alternative investment fund manager"
	(c) "branch" when relating to an AIFM means a place of business which is a part of an AIFM, which has no legal personality and which provides the services for which the AIFM has been authorised; all the places of business established in the same Member State by an AIFM with its registered office in another Member State or in a third	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "branch"

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	country shall be regarded as a single branch;		
	(d) "carried interest" means a share in the profits of the AIF accrued to the AIFM as compensation for the management of the AIF and excluding any share in the profits of the AIF accrued to the AIFM as a return on any investment by the AIFM into the AIF;	Not used in AIFMR (Art.22 transposed by FCA rules)	FCA handbook glossary: "carried interest"
	(e) "close links" means a situation in which two or more natural or legal persons are linked by:	Not used in AIFMR (relevant parts of Arts 8 & 19 transposed by FCA rules)	FCA handbook glossary: "close links"
	(i) participation, namely ownership, directly or by way of control, of 20 % or more of the voting rights or capital of an undertaking;	-	FCA handbook glossary: "close links"
	(ii) control, namely the relationship between a parent undertaking and a subsidiary, as referred to in Article 1 of the Seventh Council Directive 83/349/EEC of 13 June 1983 on consolidated accounts, or a similar relationship between a natural or legal person and an undertaking; for the purposes of this point a subsidiary undertaking of a subsidiary undertaking shall also be considered to be a subsidiary of the parent undertaking of those subsidiaries.	-	FCA handbook glossary: "close links"
	A situation in which two or more natural or legal persons are permanently linked to the same person by a control relationship shall also be regarded as constituting a "close link" between such persons;	-	FCA handbook glossary: "close links"
	(f) "competent authorities" means the national authorities of Member States which are empowered by law or regulation to supervise AIFMs;	Reg.2(1) AIFMR: "competent authority"	FCA handbook glossary: "competent authority"
	(g) "competent authorities" in relation to a depositary means:	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(i) if the depositary is a credit institution authorised under Directive 2006/48/EC, the competent authorities as defined in point (4) of Article 4 thereof;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	

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	(ii) if the depositary is an investment firm authorised under Directive 2004/39/EC, the competent authorities as defined in point (22) of Article 4(1) thereof;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(iii) if the depositary falls within a category of institution referred to in point (c) of the first subparagraph of Article 21(3) of this Directive, the national authorities of its home Member State which are empowered by law or regulation to supervise such categories of institution;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(iv) if the depositary is an entity referred to in the third subparagraph of Article 21(3) of this Directive, the national authorities of the Member State in which that entity has its registered office and which are empowered by law or regulation to supervise such entity or the official body competent to register or supervise such entity pursuant to the rules of professional conduct applicable thereto;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(v) if the depositary is appointed as depositary for a non-EU AIF in accordance with point (b) of Article 21(5) of this Directive and does not fall within the scope of points (i) to (iv) of this point, the relevant national authorities of the third country where the depositary has its registered office;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(h) "competent authorities of the EU AIF" means the national authorities of a Member State which are empowered by law or regulation to supervise AIFs;	Reg.2(1) AIFMR: "competent authority"	FCA handbook glossary: "competent authorities"
	(i) "control" means control as defined in Article 1 of Directive 83/349/EEC;	Reg.36 AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "control"
	(j) "established" means:	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "established"
	(i) for AIFMs, "having its registered office in";	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "established"
	(ii) for AIFs, "being authorised or registered in", or, if the AIF is not authorised or registered, "having its registered office in";	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary:

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			“established”
	(iii) for depositaries, "having its registered office or branch in";	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: “established”
	(iv) for legal representatives that are legal persons, "having its registered office or branch in";	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(v) for legal representatives that are natural persons, "domiciled in";	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(k) "EU AIF" means:	Reg.2(1) AIFMR: “EEA AIF”	FCA handbook glossary: “EEA AIF”
	(i) an AIF which is authorised or registered in a Member State under the applicable national law; or	Reg.2(1) AIFMR: “EEA AIF”	FCA handbook glossary: “EEA AIF”
	(ii) an AIF which is not authorised or registered in a Member State, but has its registered office and/or head office in a Member State;	Reg.2(1) AIFMR: “EEA AIF”	FCA handbook glossary: “EEA AIF”
	(l) "EU AIFM" means an AIFM which has its registered office in a Member State;	Sub-divisions defined in reg.2(1) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: “EEA AIFM”
	(m) "feeder AIF" means an AIF which:	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: “feeder AIF”
	(i) invests at least 85 % of its assets in units or shares of another AIF (the "master AIF");	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: “feeder AIF”

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	(ii) invests at least 85 % of its assets in more than one master AIFs where those master AIFs have identical investment strategies; or	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: “feeder AIF”
	(iii) has otherwise an exposure of at least 85 % of its assets to such a master AIF;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: “feeder AIF”
	(n) "financial instrument" means an instrument as specified in Section C of Annex I to Directive 2004/39/EC;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: “financial instrument”
	(o) "holding company" means a company with shareholdings in one or more other companies, the commercial purpose of which is to carry out a business strategy or strategies through its subsidiaries, associated companies or participations in order to contribute to their long-term value, and which is either a company:	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(i) operating on its own account and whose shares are admitted to trading on a regulated market in the Union; or	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(ii) not established for the main purpose of generating returns for its investors by means of divestment of its subsidiaries or associated companies, as evidenced in its annual report or other official documents;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(p) "home Member State of the AIF" means:	Not used in AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: “Home State”
	(i) the Member State in which the AIF is authorised or registered under applicable national law, or in case of multiple authorisations or registrations, the Member State in which the AIF has been authorised or registered for the first time; or	-	FCA handbook glossary: “Home State”
	(ii) if the AIF is neither authorised nor registered in a Member State, the Member State in which the AIF has its registered office and/or head office;	-	FCA handbook glossary: “Home State”

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	(q) "home Member State of the AIFM" means the Member State in which the AIFM has its registered office; for non-EU AIFMs, all references to "home Member State of the AIFM" in this Directive shall be read as the "Member State of reference", as provided for in Chapter VII;	s.195A(12) FSMA (as amended by para.13(f) Sch.1 AIFMR)	FCA handbook glossary: "Home State"
	(r) "host Member State of the AIFM" means any of the following:	Para.11 Sch.3 FSMA	FCA handbook glossary: "host state"
	(i) a Member State, other than the home Member State, in which an EU AIFM manages EU AIFs;	Para.11 Sch.3 FSMA	FCA handbook glossary: "host state"
	(ii) a Member State, other than the home Member State, in which an EU AIFM markets units or shares of an EU AIF;	Para.11 Sch.3 FSMA	FCA handbook glossary: "host state"
	(iii) a Member State, other than the home Member State, in which an EU AIFM markets units or shares of a non-EU AIF;	Para.11 Sch.3 FSMA	
	(iv) a Member State, other than the Member State of reference, in which a non-EU AIFM manages EU AIFs;	Para.11 Sch.3 FSMA	
	(v) a Member State, other than the Member State of reference, in which a non-EU AIFM markets units or shares of an EU AIF; or	Para.11 Sch.3 FSMA	
	(vi) a Member State, other than the Member State of reference, in which a non-EU AIFM markets units or shares of a non-EU AIF;	Para.11 Sch.3 FSMA	
	(s) "initial capital" means funds as referred to in points (a) and (b) of the first paragraph of Article 57 of Directive 2006/48/EC;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "initial capital "
	(t) "issuer" means an issuer within the meaning of point (d) of Article 2(1) of Directive 2004/109/EC where that	Reg.2(2)(a)	FCA handbook

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	issuer has its registered office in the Union, and where its shares are admitted to trading on a regulated market within the meaning of point (14) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2004/39/EC;	AIFMR	glossary: "issuer "
	(u) "legal representative" means a natural person domiciled in the Union or a legal person with its registered office in the Union, and which, expressly designated by a non-EU AIFM, acts on behalf of such non-EU AIFM vis-à-vis the authorities, clients, bodies and counterparties to the non-EU AIFM in the Union with regard to the non-EU AIFM's obligations under this Directive;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(v) "leverage" means any method by which the AIFM increases the exposure of an AIF it manages whether through borrowing of cash or securities, or leverage embedded in derivative positions or by any other means;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "leverage"
	(w) "managing AIFs" means performing at least investment management functions referred to in point 1(a) or (b) of Annex I for one or more AIFs;	Reg.4(2) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "AIFM investment management functions"
	(x) "marketing" means a direct or indirect offering or placement at the initiative of the AIFM or on behalf of the AIFM of units or shares of an AIF it manages to or with investors domiciled or with a registered office in the Union;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR (and used at reg.45 AIFMR)	FCA handbook glossary: "marketing"
	(y) "master AIF" means an AIF in which another AIF invests or has an exposure in accordance with point (m);	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "master AIF"
	(z) "Member State of reference" means the Member State determined in accordance with Article 37(4);	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(aa) "non-EU AIF" means an AIF which is not an EU AIF;	Reg.2(1) AIFMR: "third country AIF"	FCA handbook glossary: "non-EEA AIF"
	(ab) "non-EU AIFM" means an AIFM which is not an EU AIFM;	Reg.2(1) AIFMR: "third country AIFM"	FCA handbook glossary: "non-EEA AIFM"

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	(ac) "non-listed company" means a company which has its registered office in the Union and the shares of which are not admitted to trading on a regulated market within the meaning of point (14) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2004/39/EC;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "non-listed company"
	(ad) "own funds" means own funds as referred to in Articles 56 to 67 of Directive 2006/48/EC;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "own funds"
	(ae) "parent undertaking" means a parent undertaking within the meaning of Articles 1 and 2 of Directive 83/349/EEC;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "parent undertaking"
	(af) "prime broker" means a credit institution, a regulated investment firm or another entity subject to prudential regulation and ongoing supervision, offering services to professional investors primarily to finance or execute transactions in financial instruments as counterparty and which may also provide other services such as clearing and settlement of trades, custodial services, securities lending, customised technology and operational support facilities;	Not used in AIFMR (relevant provisions of Arts 14, 21 & 23 transposed by FCA rules)	FCA handbook glossary: "prime brokerage firm (2)"
	(ag) "professional investor" means an investor which is considered to be a professional client or may, on request, be treated as a professional client within the meaning of Annex II to Directive 2004/39/EC;	Reg.2(1) AIFMR: "professional investor"	FCA handbook glossary: "professional client"
	(ah) "qualifying holding" means a direct or indirect holding in an AIFM which represents 10 % or more of the capital or of the voting rights, in accordance with Articles 9 and 10 of Directive 2004/109/EC, taking into account the conditions regarding aggregation of the holding laid down in Article 12(4) and (5) thereof, or which makes it possible to exercise a significant influence over the management of the AIFM in which that holding subsists;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "controller"
	(ai) "employees' representatives" means employees' representatives as defined in point (e) of Article 2 of Directive 2002/14/EC;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(aj) "retail investor" means an investor who is not a professional investor;	Reg.2(1) AIFMR: "retail investor"	FCA handbook glossary: "retail client"

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	(ak) "subsidiary" means a subsidiary undertaking as defined in Articles 1 and 2 of Directive 83/349/EEC;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(al) "supervisory authorities" in relation to non-EU AIFs means the national authorities of a third country which are empowered by law or regulation to supervise AIFs;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "supervisory authority"
	(am) "supervisory authorities" in relation to non-EU AIFMs means the national authorities of a third country which are empowered by law or regulation to supervise AIFMs;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "supervisory authority"
	(an) "securitisation special purpose entities" means entities whose sole purpose is to carry on a securitisation or securitisations within the meaning of Article 1(2) of Regulation (EC) No 24/2009 of the European Central Bank of 19 December 2008 concerning statistics on the assets and liabilities of financial vehicle corporations engaged in securitisation transactions and other activities which are appropriate to accomplish that purpose;	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(ao) "UCITS" means an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities authorised in accordance with Article 5 of Directive 2009/65/EC.	Not used as a defined term in this sense in AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "UCITS"
	2. For the purposes of point (ad) of paragraph 1 of this Article, Articles 13 to 16 of Directive 2006/49/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2006 on the capital adequacy of investment firms and credit institutions shall apply mutatis mutandis.	Reg.2(2)(a) AIFMR	FCA handbook glossary: "own funds"
	3. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying:	No transposition required	
	(a) the methods of leverage, as defined in point (v) of paragraph 1, including any financial and/or legal structures involving third parties controlled by the relevant AIF; and	No transposition required	
	(b) how leverage is to be calculated.	No transposition required	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	4. The European Supervisory Authority (European Securities and Markets Authority) (ESMA) shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to determine types of AIFMs, where relevant in the application of this Directive, and to ensure uniform conditions of application of this Directive.	No transposition required	
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
Article 5 (determination of the AIFM)	1. Member States shall ensure that each AIF managed within the scope of this Directive shall have a single AIFM, which shall be responsible for ensuring compliance with this Directive. The AIFM shall be either:	Reg.5(3)(a) AIFMR	FUND 1.4.1R
	(a) an external manager, which is the legal person appointed by the AIF or on behalf of the AIF and which through this appointment is responsible for managing the AIF (external AIFM); or	Reg.4(3)(a) AIFMR	
	(b) where the legal form of the AIF permits an internal management and where the AIF's governing body chooses not to appoint an external AIFM, the AIF itself, which shall then be authorised as AIFM.	Reg.4(3)(b) AIFMR	
	2. In cases where an external AIFM is unable to ensure compliance with requirements of this Directive for which an AIF or another entity on its behalf is responsible, it shall immediately inform the competent authorities of its home Member State and, if applicable, the competent authorities of the EU AIF concerned. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall require the AIFM to take the necessary steps to remedy the situation.	Reg.6(1) & (2) AIFMR	
	3. If, notwithstanding the steps referred to in paragraph 2 being taken, the non-compliance persists, and in so far as it concerns an EU AIFM or an EU AIF, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall require that it resign as AIFM of that AIF. In that case the AIF shall no longer be marketed in the Union. If it concerns a non-EU AIFM managing a non-EU AIF, the AIF shall no longer be marketed in the Union. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall immediately inform the competent authorities of the host Member States of the AIFM.	Reg.6(3) AIFMR	
Chapter II (authorisation of AIFMs)			
Article 6 (conditions for taking up activities as	1. Member States shall ensure that no AIFMs manage AIFs unless they are authorised in accordance with this Directive.	s.19 FSMA. Art. 51ZC RAO (inserted by para.1(12) Sch.2	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
AIFM)		AIFMR).	
	AIFMs authorised in accordance with this Directive shall meet the conditions for authorisation established in this Directive at all times.	s.1L & 55J & Part 14 FSMA. Also FCA rules generally.	
	2. Member States shall require that no external AIFM engage in activities other than those referred to in Annex I to this Directive and the additional management of UCITS subject to authorisation under Directive 2009/65/EC.		FUND 1.4.3R(1) and (2)
	3. Member States shall require that no internally managed AIF shall engage in activities other than the internal management of that AIF in accordance with Annex I.		FUND 1.4.2R
	4. By way of derogation from paragraph 2, Member States may authorise an external AIFM to provide the following services:		FUND 1.4.3R
	(a) management of portfolios of investments, including those owned by pension funds and institutions for occupational retirement provision in accordance with Article 19(1) of Directive 2003/41/EC, in accordance with mandates given by investors on a discretionary, client-by-client basis;		FUND 1.4.3R
	(b) non-core services comprising:		FUND 1.4.3R
	(i) investment advice;		FUND 1.4.3R
	(ii) safe-keeping and administration in relation to shares or units of collective investment undertakings;		FUND 1.4.3R
	(iii) reception and transmission of orders in relation to financial instruments.		FUND 1.4.3R
	5. AIFMs shall not be authorised under this Directive to provide:		FUND 1.4.4R
	(a) only the services referred to in paragraph 4;		FUND 1.4.4R
	(b) non-core services referred to in point (b) of paragraph 4 without also being authorised to provide the services referred to in point (a) of paragraph 4;		FUND 1.4.4R

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	(c) only the activities referred to in point 2 of Annex I; or		FUND 1.4.4R
	(d) the services referred to in point 1(a) of Annex I without also providing the services referred to in point 1(b) of Annex I or vice versa.		FUND 1.4.4R
	6. Article 2(2) and Articles 12, 13 and 19 of Directive 2004/39/EC shall apply to the provision of the services referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article by AIFMs.		FCA handbook glossary: “collective portfolio management investment firm”, SYSC 1 Annex 1 and COBS 1 Annex 1
	7. Member States shall require that the AIFMs provide the competent authorities of their home Member State with the information they require to monitor compliance with the conditions referred to in this Directive at all times.		SUP 15.3.1R
	8. Investment firms authorised under Directive 2004/39/EC and credit institutions authorised under Directive 2006/48/EC shall not be required to obtain an authorisation under this Directive in order to provide investment services such as individual portfolio management in respect of AIFs. However, investment firms shall, directly or indirectly, offer units or shares of AIFs to, or place such units or shares with, investors in the Union, only to the extent the units or shares can be marketed in accordance with this Directive.	Regs 45, 50 & 51 AIFMR	
Article 7 (application for authorisation)	1. Member States shall require that AIFMs apply for authorisation from the competent authorities of their home Member State.	s.19 & 55A FSMA. Art. 51ZC RAO (inserted by para.1(12) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	2. Member States shall require that an AIFM applying for an authorisation shall provide the following information relating to the AIFM to the competent authorities of its home Member State:	s.55U(4) FSMA	
	(a) information on the persons effectively conducting the business of the AIFM;		FCA form issued under s.55U(4) FSMA

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	(b) information on the identities of the AIFM's shareholders or members, whether direct or indirect, natural or legal persons, that have qualifying holdings and on the amounts of those holdings;		FCA form issued under s.55U(4) FSMA
	(c) a programme of activity setting out the organisational structure of the AIFM, including information on how the AIFM intends to comply with its obligations under Chapters II, III, IV, and, where applicable, Chapters V, VI, VII and VIII;		FCA form issued under s.55U(4) FSMA
	(d) information on the remuneration policies and practices pursuant to Article 13;		FCA form issued under s.55U(4) FSMA
	(e) information on arrangements made for the delegation and sub-delegation to third parties of functions as referred to in Article 20.		FCA form issued under s.55U(4) FSMA
	3. Member States shall require that an AIFM applying for authorisation further provide the following information on the AIFs it intends to manage to the competent authorities of its home Member State:	s.55U(4) FSMA	
	(a) information about the investment strategies including the types of underlying funds if the AIF is a fund of funds, and the AIFM's policy as regards the use of leverage, and the risk profiles and other characteristics of the AIFs it manages or intends to manage, including information about the Member States or third countries in which such AIFs are established or are expected to be established;		FCA form issued under s.55U(4) FSMA
	(b) information on where the master AIF is established if the AIF is a feeder AIF;		FCA form issued under s.55U(4) FSMA
	(c) the rules or instruments of incorporation of each AIF the AIFM intends to manage;		FCA form issued under s.55U(4) FSMA
	(d) information on the arrangements made for the appointment of the depositary in accordance with Article 21 for each AIF the AIFM intends to manage;		FCA form issued under s.55U(4)

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		Legislation	FCA rules
			FSMA
	(e) any additional information referred to in Article 23(1) for each AIF the AIFM manages or intends to manage.		FCA form issued under s.55U(4) FSMA
	4. Where a management company is authorised pursuant to Directive 2009/65/EC (UCITS management company) and applies for authorisation as an AIFM under this Directive, the competent authorities shall not require the UCITS management company to provide information or documents which the UCITS management company has already provided when applying for authorisation under Directive 2009/65/EC, provided that such information or documents remain up-to-date.	Reg.5(2) AIFMR	
	5. The competent authorities shall, on a quarterly basis, inform ESMA of authorisations granted or withdrawn in accordance with this Chapter.	Reg.8 AIFMR	
	ESMA shall keep a central public register identifying each AIFM authorised under this Directive, a list of the AIFs managed and/or marketed in the Union by such AIFMs and the competent authority for each such AIFM. The register shall be made available in electronic format.	No transposition required	
	6. In order to ensure consistent harmonisation of this Article, ESMA may develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the information to be provided to the competent authorities in the application for the authorisation of the AIFM, including the programme of activity.	No transposition required	
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	7. In order to ensure uniform conditions of application of this Article, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to determine standard forms, templates and procedures for the provision of information provided for in the first subparagraph of paragraph 6.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
Article 8 (conditions for granting authorisation)	1. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall not grant authorisation unless:	Reg.5(3) AIFMR	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	(a) they are satisfied that the AIFM will be able to meet the conditions of this Directive;	Reg.5(3)(b) AIFMR	
	(b) the AIFM has sufficient initial capital and own funds in accordance with Article 9;	Reg.5(3)(c) AIFMR	
	(c) the persons who effectively conduct the business of the AIFM are of sufficiently good repute and are sufficiently experienced also in relation to the investment strategies pursued by the AIFs managed by the AIFM, the names of those persons and of every person succeeding them in office being communicated forthwith to the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM and the conduct of the business of the AIFM being decided by at least two persons meeting such conditions;		SYSC 4.2.1R, SYSC 4.2.2R, SYSC 4.2.7R and SYSC 4.2.8R
	(d) the shareholders or members of the AIFM that have qualifying holdings are suitable taking into account the need to ensure the sound and prudent management of the AIFM; and	Reg.5(3)(d) AIFMR	
	(e) the head office and the registered office of the AIFM are located in the same Member State.	Para.2B(7) Sch.6 FSMA (inserted by para.36 Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	Authorisation shall be valid for all Member States.	No transposition required	
	2. The relevant competent authorities of the other Member States involved shall be consulted before authorisation is granted to the following AIFMs:	s.55R FSMA	
	(a) a subsidiary of another AIFM, of a UCITS management company, of an investment firm, of a credit institution or of an insurance undertaking authorised in another Member State;	s.55R FSMA	
	(b) a subsidiary of the parent undertaking of another AIFM, of a UCITS management company, of an investment firm, of a credit institution or of an insurance undertaking authorised in another Member State; and	s.55R FSMA	
	(c) a company controlled by the same natural or legal persons as those that control another AIFM, a UCITS management company, an investment firm, a credit institution or an insurance undertaking authorised in another Member State.	s.55R FSMA	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	3. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall refuse authorisation where the effective exercise of their supervisory functions is prevented by any of the following:	Para.2C(1)(f) Sch.6 FSMA	
	(a) close links between the AIFM and other natural or legal persons;	Para.2C(1)(f) Sch.6 FSMA	
	(b) the laws, regulations or administrative provisions of a third country governing natural or legal persons with which the AIFM has close links;	Para.2C(1)(f) Sch.6 FSMA	
	(c) difficulties involved in the enforcement of those laws, regulations and administrative provisions.	Para.2C(1)(f) Sch.6 FSMA	
	4. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM may restrict the scope of the authorisation, in particular as regards the investment strategies of AIFs the AIFM is allowed to manage.	s.55L FSMA	
	5. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall inform the applicant in writing within 3 months of the submission of a complete application, whether or not authorisation has been granted. The competent authorities may prolong this period for up to three additional months, where they consider it necessary due to the specific circumstances of the case and after having notified the AIFM accordingly.	Reg.5(4) & (5) AIFMR	
	For the purpose of this paragraph an application is deemed complete if the AIFM has at least submitted the information referred to in points (a) to (d) of Article 7(2) and points (a) and (b) of Article 7(3).	Reg.5(8) AIFMR	
	AIFMs may start managing AIFs with investment strategies described in the application in accordance with point (a) of Article 7(3) in their home Member State as soon as the authorisation is granted, but not earlier than 1 month after having submitted any missing information referred to in point (e) of Article 7(2) and points (c), (d) and (e) of Article 7(3).	Reg.5(9) & (10) AIFMR	
	6. In order to ensure consistent harmonisation of this Article, ESMA may develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the:	No transposition required	
	(a) requirements applicable to the AIFMs under paragraph 3;	No transposition required	
	(b) requirements applicable to shareholders and members with qualifying holdings referred to in point (d) of paragraph 1;	No transposition required	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	(c) obstacles which may prevent effective exercise of the supervisory functions of the competent authorities.	No transposition required	
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
Article 9 (initial capital and own funds)	1. Member States shall require that an AIFM which is an internally managed AIF has an initial capital of at least EUR 300000.		GENPRU 2.1.48R/ IPRU-INV 7.3.1R
	2. Where an AIFM is appointed as external manager of AIFs, the AIFM shall have an initial capital of at least EUR 125000.		IPRU-INV 7.3.1R
	3. Where the value of the portfolios of AIFs managed by the AIFM exceeds EUR 250 million, the AIFM shall provide an additional amount of own funds. That additional amount of own funds shall be equal to 0,02 % of the amount by which the value of the portfolios of the AIFM exceeds EUR 250 million but the required total of the initial capital and the additional amount shall not, however, exceed EUR 10 million.		GENPRU 2.1.66R/ IPRU-INV 7.3.2R
	4. For the purpose of paragraph 3, AIFs managed by the AIFM, including AIFs for which the AIFM has delegated functions in accordance with Article 20 but excluding AIF portfolios that the AIFM is managing under delegation, shall be deemed to be the portfolios of the AIFM.		FCA handbook glossary: “funds under management”
	5. Irrespective of paragraph 3, the own funds of the AIFM shall never be less than the amount required under Article 21 of Directive 2006/49/EC.		GENPRU 2.1.53R/ IPRU-INV 7.3.4 R
	6. Member States may authorise AIFMs not to provide up to 50 % of the additional amount of own funds referred to in paragraph 3 if they benefit from a guarantee of the same amount given by a credit institution or an insurance undertaking which has its registered office in a Member State, or in a third country where it is subject to prudential rules considered by the competent authorities as equivalent to those laid down in Union law.		Derogation, have not transposed thus far.
	7. To cover potential professional liability risks resulting from activities AIFMs may carry out pursuant to this Directive, both internally managed AIFs and external AIFMs shall either:		GENPRU 2.1.67R/ IPRU-INV 7.3.12R
	(a) have additional own funds which are appropriate to cover potential liability risks arising from professional negligence; or		GENPRU 2.1.67R/ IPRU-INV 7.3.12R

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	(b) hold a professional indemnity insurance against liability arising from professional negligence which is appropriate to the risks covered.		GENPRU 2.1.67R/ IPRU-INV 7.3.12R
	8. Own funds, including any additional own funds as referred to in point (a) of paragraph 7, shall be invested in liquid assets or assets readily convertible to cash in the short term and shall not include speculative positions.		GENPRU 2.1.73R/ IPRU-INV 7.3.18R
	9. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures in relation to paragraph 7 of this Article specifying:	No transposition required	
	(a) the risks the additional own funds or the professional indemnity insurance must cover;	No transposition required	
	(b) the conditions for determining the appropriateness of additional own funds or the coverage of the professional indemnity insurance; and	No transposition required	
	(c) the manner of determining ongoing adjustments of the additional own funds or of the coverage of the professional indemnity insurance.	No transposition required	
	10. With the exception of paragraphs 7 and 8 and of the delegated acts adopted pursuant to paragraph 9, this Article shall not apply to AIFMs which are also UCITS management companies.	No transposition required	
Article 10 (changes in the scope of the authorisation)	1. Member States shall require that AIFMs, before implementation, notify the competent authorities of their home Member State of any material changes to the conditions for initial authorisation, in particular material changes to the information provided in accordance with Article 7.		SUP 15.3.26R
	2. If the competent authorities of the home Member State decide to impose restrictions or reject those changes, they shall, within 1 month of receipt of that notification, inform the AIFM. The competent authorities may prolong that period for up to 1 month where they consider this to be necessary because of the specific circumstances of the case and after having notified the AIFM accordingly. The changes shall be implemented if the relevant competent authorities do not oppose the changes within the relevant assessment period.	Reg.7 AIFMR	
Article 11 (withdrawal of the authorisation)	The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM may withdraw the authorisation issued to an AIFM where that AIFM:	s.55J FSMA (as amended by para.5 Sch.1 AIFMR)	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	(a) does not make use of the authorisation within 12 months, expressly renounces the authorisation or has ceased the activity covered by this Directive for the preceding 6 months, unless the Member State concerned has provided for authorisation to lapse in such cases;	s.55H & 55J(1)(b) & (6A)(a) FSMA	
	(b) obtained the authorisation by making false statements or by any other irregular means;	s.55J(6A)(b) FSMA	
	(c) no longer meets the conditions under which authorisation was granted;	s.55J(6A)(d) FSMA	
	(d) no longer complies with Directive 2006/49/EC if its authorisation also covers the discretionary portfolio management service referred to in point (a) of Article 6(4) of this Directive;	s.55J(6A)(c) FSMA	
	(e) has seriously or systematically infringed the provisions adopted pursuant to this Directive; or	s.55J(6A)(e) FSMA	
	(f) falls within any of the cases where national law, in respect of matters outside the scope of this Directive, provides for withdrawal.	s.55J(1) & (2) FSMA	
Chapter III (operating conditions for AIFMs)			
Section 1 (general requirements)			
Article 12 (general principles)	1. Member States shall ensure that, at all times, AIFMs:		
	(a) act honestly, with due skill, care and diligence and fairly in conducting their activities;		COBS 2.1.1R and PRIN 2.1.1R
	(b) act in the best interests of the AIFs or the investors of the AIFs they manage and the integrity of the market;		COBS 2.1.1 R, COBS 18.5.3R and PRIN 2.1.1R
	(c) have and employ effectively the resources and procedures that are necessary for the proper performance of their business activities;		SYSC 4.1.2C

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	(d) take all reasonable steps to avoid conflicts of interest and, when they cannot be avoided, to identify, manage and monitor and, where applicable, disclose, those conflicts of interest in order to prevent them from adversely affecting the interests of the AIFs and their investors and to ensure that the AIFs they manage are fairly treated;		SYSC 10.1.24R
	(e) comply with all regulatory requirements applicable to the conduct of their business activities so as to promote the best interests of the AIFs or the investors of the AIFs they manage and the integrity of the market;		COBS 2.1.1 R, COBS 18.5.3R and PRIN 2.1.1R
	(f) treat all AIF investors fairly.		COBS 2.1.4 R
	No investor in an AIF shall obtain preferential treatment, unless such preferential treatment is disclosed in the relevant AIF's rules or instruments of incorporation.		COBS 2.1.4 R
	2. Each AIFM the authorisation of which also covers the discretionary portfolio management service referred to in point (a) of Article 6(4) shall:		
	(a) not be permitted to invest all or part of the client's portfolio in units or shares of the AIFs it manages, unless it receives prior general approval from the client;		SYSC 10.1.22 R
	(b) with regard to the services referred to in Article 6(4), be subject to Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 March 1997 on investor-compensation schemes.	s.213 FSMA	COMP 5.5.1R
	3. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying the criteria to be used by the relevant competent authorities to assess whether AIFMs comply with their obligations under paragraph 1.	No transposition required	
Article 13 (remuneration)	1. Member States shall require AIFMs to have remuneration policies and practices for those categories of staff, including senior management, risk takers, control functions, and any employees receiving total remuneration that takes them into the same remuneration bracket as senior management and risk takers, whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profiles of the AIFMs or of the AIFs they manage, that are consistent with and promote sound and effective risk management and do not encourage risk-taking which is inconsistent with the risk profiles, rules or instruments of incorporation of the AIFs they manage.		SYSC 4.1.1R, SYSC 19B.1.2 R and SYSC 19B.1.3 R

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	The AIFMs shall determine the remuneration policies and practices in accordance with Annex II.		SYSC 19B.1.5R – 19B.1.24R
	2. ESMA shall ensure the existence of guidelines on sound remuneration policies which comply with Annex II. The guidelines shall take into account the principles on sound remuneration policies set out in Recommendation 2009/384/EC, the size of the AIFMs and the size of AIFs they manage, their internal organisation and the nature, the scope and the complexity of their activities. ESMA shall cooperate closely with the European Supervisory Authority (European Banking Authority) (EBA).	No transposition required	
Article 14 (conflicts of interest)	1. Member States shall require AIFMs to take all reasonable steps to identify conflicts of interest that arise in the course of managing AIFs between:		SYSC 10.1.23 R
	(a) the AIFM, including its managers, employees or any person directly or indirectly linked to the AIFM by control, and the AIF managed by the AIFM or the investors in that AIF;		SYSC 10.1.23 R
	(b) the AIF or the investors in that AIF, and another AIF or the investors in that AIF;		SYSC 10.1.23 R
	(c) the AIF or the investors in that AIF, and another client of the AIFM;		SYSC 10.1.23 R
	(d) the AIF or the investors in that AIF, and a UCITS managed by the AIFM or the investors in that UCITS; or		SYSC 10.1.23 R
	(e) two clients of the AIFM.		SYSC 10.1.23 R
	AIFMs shall maintain and operate effective organisational and administrative arrangements with a view to taking all reasonable steps designed to identify, prevent, manage and monitor conflicts of interest in order to prevent them from adversely affecting the interests of the AIFs and their investors.		SYSC 10.1.25 R
	AIFMs shall segregate, within their own operating environment, tasks and responsibilities which may be regarded as incompatible with each other or which may potentially generate systematic conflicts of interest. AIFMs shall assess whether their operating conditions may involve any other material conflicts of interest and disclose them to the investors of the AIFs.		SYSC 10.1.25 R

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	2. Where organisational arrangements made by the AIFM to identify, prevent, manage and monitor conflicts of interest are not sufficient to ensure, with reasonable confidence, that risks of damage to investors' interests will be prevented, the AIFM shall clearly disclose the general nature or sources of conflicts of interest to the investors before undertaking business on their behalf, and develop appropriate policies and procedures.		SYSC 10.1.26 R
	3. Where the AIFM on behalf of an AIF uses the services of a prime broker, the terms shall be set out in a written contract. In particular any possibility of transfer and reuse of AIF assets shall be provided for in that contract and shall comply with the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation. The contract shall provide that the depositary be informed of the contract.		FUND 3.8.3 R
	AIFMs shall exercise due skill, care and diligence in the selection and appointment of prime brokers with whom a contract is to be concluded.		FUND 3.8.2 R
	4. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying:	No transposition required	
	(a) the types of conflicts of interest as referred to in paragraph 1;	No transposition required	
	(b) the reasonable steps AIFMs are expected to take in terms of structures and organisational and administrative procedures in order to identify, prevent, manage, monitor and disclose conflicts of interest.	No transposition required	
Article 15 (risk management)	1. AIFMs shall functionally and hierarchically separate the functions of risk management from the operating units, including from the functions of portfolio management.		FUND 3.7.2 R
	The functional and hierarchical separation of the functions of risk management in accordance with the first subparagraph shall be reviewed by the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM in accordance with the principle of proportionality, on the understanding that the AIFM shall, in any event, be able to demonstrate that specific safeguards against conflicts of interest allow for the independent performance of risk management activities and that the risk management process satisfies the requirements of this Article and is consistently effective.		FUND 3.7.2 R
	2. AIFMs shall implement adequate risk management systems in order to identify, measure, manage and monitor appropriately all risks relevant to each AIF investment strategy and to which each AIF is or may be exposed.		FUND 3.7.5 R
	AIFMs shall review the risk management systems with appropriate frequency at least once a year and adapt them whenever necessary.		FUND 3.7.6 R

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	3. AIFMs shall at least:		FUND 3.7.5 R
	(a) implement an appropriate, documented and regularly updated due diligence process when investing on behalf of the AIF, according to the investment strategy, the objectives and risk profile of the AIF;		FUND 3.7.5 R
	(b) ensure that the risks associated with each investment position of the AIF and their overall effect on the AIF's portfolio can be properly identified, measured, managed and monitored on an ongoing basis, including through the use of appropriate stress testing procedures;		FUND 3.7.5 R
	(c) ensure that the risk profile of the AIF shall correspond to the size, portfolio structure and investment strategies and objectives of the AIF as laid down in the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation, prospectus and offering documents.		FUND 3.7.5 R
	4. AIFMs shall set a maximum level of leverage which they may employ on behalf of each AIF they manage as well as the extent of the right to reuse collateral or guarantee that could be granted under the leveraging arrangement, taking into account, inter alia:		FUND 3.7.7 R
	(a) the type of the AIF;		FUND 3.7.7 R
	(b) the investment strategy of the AIF;		FUND 3.7.7 R
	(c) the sources of leverage of the AIF;		FUND 3.7.7 R
	(d) any other interlinkage or relevant relationships with other financial services institutions, which could pose systemic risk;		FUND 3.7.7 R
	(e) the need to limit the exposure to any single counterparty;		FUND 3.7.7 R
	(f) the extent to which the leverage is collateralised;		FUND 3.7.7 R
	(g) the asset-liability ratio;		FUND 3.7.7 R
	(h) the scale, nature and extent of the activity of the AIFM on the markets concerned.		FUND 3.7.7 R
	5. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying:		
	(a) the risk management systems to be employed by AIFMs in relation to the risks which they incur on behalf of the AIFs that they manage;	No transposition required	
	(b) the appropriate frequency of review of the risk management system;	No transposition required	
	(c) how the risk management function is to be functionally and hierarchically separated from the operating units, including the portfolio management function;	No transposition required	
	(d) specific safeguards against conflicts of interest referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 1;	No transposition required	
	(e) the requirements referred to in paragraph 3.	No transposition required	
Article 16 (liquidity management)	1. AIFMs shall, for each AIF that they manage which is not an unleveraged closed-ended AIF, employ an appropriate liquidity management system and adopt procedures which enable them to monitor the liquidity risk of the AIF and to ensure that the liquidity profile of the investments of the AIF complies with its underlying obligations.		FUND 3.6.3 R
	AIFMs shall regularly conduct stress tests, under normal and exceptional liquidity conditions, which enable them to assess the liquidity risk of the AIFs and monitor the liquidity risk of the AIFs accordingly.		FUND 3.6.3 R
	2. AIFMs shall ensure that, for each AIF that they manage, the investment strategy, the liquidity profile and the redemption policy are consistent.		FUND 3.6.2R
	3. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying:	No transposition required	
	(a) the liquidity management systems and procedures; and	No transposition required	
	(b) the alignment of the investment strategy, liquidity profile and redemption policy set out in paragraph 2.	No transposition required	
Article 17 (investment in securitisation positions)	In order to ensure cross-sectoral consistency and to remove misalignment between the interest of firms that repackage loans into tradable securities and originators within the meaning of point (41) of Article 4 of Directive 2006/48/EC, and AIFMs that invest in those securities or other financial instruments on behalf of AIFs, the Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of	No transposition required	

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	Articles 57 and 58, measures laying down the requirements in the following areas:		
	(a) the requirements that need to be met by the originator, the sponsor or the original lender, in order for an AIFM to be allowed to invest in securities or other financial instruments of this type issued after 1 January 2011 on behalf of AIFs, including requirements that ensure that the originator, the sponsor or the original lender retains a net economic interest of not less than 5 %;	No transposition required	
	(b) qualitative requirements that must be met by AIFMs which invest in these securities or other financial instruments on behalf of one or more AIFs.	No transposition required	
Section 2 (organisational requirements)			
Article 18 (general principles)	1. Member States shall require that AIFMs use, at all times, adequate and appropriate human and technical resources that are necessary for the proper management of AIFs.		SYSC 4.1.2D R
	In particular, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM, having regard also to the nature of the AIFs managed by the AIFM, shall require that the AIFM has sound administrative and accounting procedures, control and safeguard arrangements for electronic data processing and adequate internal control mechanisms including, in particular, rules for personal transactions by its employees or for the holding or management of investments in order to invest on its own account and ensuring, at least, that each transaction involving the AIFs may be reconstructed according to its origin, the parties to it, its nature, and the time and place at which it was effected and that the assets of the AIFs managed by the AIFM are invested in accordance with the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation and the legal provisions in force.		SYSC 4.1.1R, SYSC 4.1.1A R, SYSC 4.1.2 R and SYSC 4.1.2B R
	2. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying the procedures and arrangements as referred to in paragraph 1.	No transposition required	
Article 19 (valuation)	1. AIFMs shall ensure that, for each AIF that they manage, appropriate and consistent procedures are established so that a proper and independent valuation of the assets of the AIF can be performed in accordance with this Article, the applicable national law and the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation.		FUND 3.9.4 R
	2. The rules applicable to the valuation of assets and the calculation of the net asset value per unit or share of the AIF shall be laid down in the law of the country where the AIF is established and/or in the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation.		FUND 3.9.4 R

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	3. AIFMs shall also ensure that the net asset value per unit or share of AIFs is calculated and disclosed to the investors in accordance with this Article, the applicable national law and the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation.		FUND 3.9.4 R
	The valuation procedures used shall ensure that the assets are valued and the net asset value per unit or share is calculated at least once a year.		FUND 3.9.5 R
	If the AIF is of the open-ended type, such valuations and calculations shall also be carried out at a frequency which is both appropriate to the assets held by the AIF and its issuance and redemption frequency.		FUND 3.9.5 R
	If the AIF is of the closed-ended type, such valuations and calculations shall also be carried out in case of an increase or decrease of the capital by the relevant AIF.		FUND 3.9.5 R
	The investors shall be informed of the valuations and calculations as set out in the relevant AIF rules or instruments of incorporation.		FUND 3.9.6 R
	4. AIFMs shall ensure that the valuation function is either performed by:		FUND 3.9.7 R
	(a) an external valuer, being a legal or natural person independent from the AIF, the AIFM and any other persons with close links to the AIF or the AIFM; or		FUND 3.9.7 R
	(b) the AIFM itself, provided that the valuation task is functionally independent from the portfolio management and the remuneration policy and other measures ensure that conflicts of interest are mitigated and that undue influence upon the employees is prevented.		FUND 3.9.7 R
	The depositary appointed for an AIF shall not be appointed as external valuer of that AIF, unless it has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its depositary functions from its tasks as external valuer and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF.		FUND 3.9.8 R
	5. Where an external valuer performs the valuation function, the AIFM shall demonstrate that:		FUND 3.9.9 R

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	(a) the external valuer is subject to mandatory professional registration recognised by law or to legal or regulatory provisions or rules of professional conduct;		FUND 3.9.9 R
	(b) the external valuer can provide sufficient professional guarantees to be able to perform effectively the relevant valuation function in accordance with paragraphs 1, 2 and 3; and		FUND 3.9.9 R
	(c) the appointment of the external valuer complies with the requirements of Article 20(1) and (2) and the delegated acts adopted pursuant to Article 20(7).		FUND 3.9.9 R
	6. The appointed external valuer shall not delegate the valuation function to a third party.	Reg.24(2) AIFMR	
	7. AIFMs shall notify the appointment of the external valuer to the competent authorities of their home Member State which may require that another external valuer be appointed instead, where the conditions laid down in paragraph 5 are not met.	Reg.24(3) AIFMR	FUND 3.9.11R
	8. The valuation shall be performed impartially and with all due skill, care and diligence.	Reg.24(1) AIFMR (for external valuers)	FUND 3.9.3 R (for AIFMs)
	9. Where the valuation function is not performed by an independent external valuer, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM may require the AIFM to have its valuation procedures and/or valuations verified by an external valuer or, where appropriate, by an auditor.	s.55L & 166 FSMA	
	10. AIFMs are responsible for the proper valuation of AIF assets, the calculation of the net asset value and the publication of that net asset value.		FUND 3.9.2 R
	The AIFM's liability towards the AIF and its investors shall, therefore, not be affected by the fact that the AIFM has appointed an external valuer.	Reg.24(4) AIFMR	
	Notwithstanding the first subparagraph and irrespective of any contractual arrangements providing otherwise, the external valuer shall be liable to the AIFM for any losses suffered by the AIFM as a result of the external valuer's negligence or intentional failure to perform its tasks.	Reg.24(5) AIFMR	
	11. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying:	No transposition required	
	(a) the criteria concerning the procedures for the proper valuation of the assets and the calculation of the net asset	No transposition required	

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	value per unit or share;		
	(b) the professional guarantees the external valuer must be able to provide to effectively perform the valuation function;		No transposition required
	(c) the frequency of valuation carried out by open-ended AIFs which is both appropriate to the assets held by the AIF and its issuance and redemption policy.		No transposition required
Section 3 (delegation of AIFM functions)			
Article 20 (delegation)	1. AIFMs which intend to delegate to third parties the task of carrying out functions on their behalf shall notify the competent authorities of their home Member State before the delegation arrangements become effective. The following conditions shall be met:		FUND 3.10.2 R
	(a) the AIFM must be able to justify its entire delegation structure on objective reasons;		FUND 3.10.2 R
	(b) the delegate must dispose of sufficient resources to perform the respective tasks and the persons who effectively conduct the business of the delegate must be of sufficiently good repute and sufficiently experienced;		FUND 3.10.2 R
	(c) where the delegation concerns portfolio management or risk management, it must be conferred only on undertakings which are authorised or registered for the purpose of asset management and subject to supervision or,	Reg.26(1)(a) & (2) AIFMR	FUND 3.10.2 R and FUND 3.10.7 R
	where that condition cannot be met, only subject to prior approval by the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM;	Regs 26(1)(b) & (3)-(8) & 27 AIFMR	
	(d) where the delegation concerns portfolio management or risk management and is conferred on a third-country undertaking, in addition to the requirements in point (c), cooperation between the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM and the supervisory authority of the undertaking must be ensured;		FUND 3.10.2 R
	(e) the delegation must not prevent the effectiveness of supervision of the AIFM, and, in particular, must not prevent the AIFM from acting, or the AIF from being managed, in the best interests of its investors;		FUND 3.10.2 R
	(f) the AIFM must be able to demonstrate that the delegate is qualified and capable of undertaking the functions in question, that it was selected with all due care and that the AIFM is in a position to monitor effectively at any time the delegated activity, to give at any time further instructions to the delegate and to withdraw the delegation with		FUND 3.10.2 R

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	immediate effect when this is in the interest of investors.		
	The AIFM shall review the services provided by each delegate on an ongoing basis.		FUND 3.10.11 R
	2. No delegation of portfolio management or risk management shall be conferred on:		FUND 3.10.6 R
	(a) the depositary or a delegate of the depositary; or		FUND 3.10.6 R
	(b) any other entity whose interests may conflict with those of the AIFM or the investors of the AIF, unless such entity has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its portfolio management or risk management tasks from its other potentially conflicting tasks, and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF.		FUND 3.10.6 R
	3. The AIFM's liability towards the AIF and its investors shall not be affected by the fact that the AIFM has delegated functions to a third party, or by any further sub-delegation,	Reg.28(1) AIFMR	
	nor shall the AIFM delegate its functions to the extent that, in essence, it can no longer be considered to be the manager of the AIF and to the extent that it becomes a letter-box entity.		FUND 3.10.8 R
	4. The third party may sub-delegate any of the functions delegated to it provided that the following conditions are met:		FUND 3.10.4 R
	(a) the AIFM consented prior to the sub-delegation;		FUND 3.10.4 R
	(b) the AIFM notified the competent authorities of its home Member State before the sub-delegation arrangements become effective;		FUND 3.10.4 R
	(c) the conditions set out in paragraph 1, on the understanding that all references to the "delegate" are read as references to the "sub-delegate".	Reg.26 AIFMR	FUND 3.10.4 R and FUND 3.10.11 R
	5. No sub-delegation of portfolio management or risk management shall be conferred on:		FUND 3.10.6 R
	(a) the depositary or a delegate of the depositary; or		FUND 3.10.6 R
	(b) any other entity whose interests may conflict with those of the AIFM or the investors of the AIF, unless such entity has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its portfolio management or risk		FUND 3.10.6 R

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	management tasks from its other potentially conflicting tasks, and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF.		
	The relevant delegate shall review the services provided by each sub-delegate on an ongoing basis.	Reg.28(2) AIFMR	
	6. Where the sub-delegate further delegates any of the functions delegated to it, the conditions set out in paragraph 4 shall apply mutatis mutandis.		FUND 3.10.5 R
	7. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying:	No transposition required	
	(a) the conditions for fulfilling the requirements set out in paragraphs 1, 2, 4 and 5;	No transposition required	
	(b) the conditions under which the AIFM shall be deemed to have delegated its functions to the extent that it becomes a letter-box entity and can no longer be considered to be the manager of the AIF as set out in paragraph 3.	No transposition required	
Section 4 (depository)			
Article 21 (depository)	1. For each AIF it manages, the AIFM shall ensure that a single depository is appointed in accordance with this Article.		FUND 3.11.3 R
	2. The appointment of the depository shall be evidenced by written contract. The contract shall, inter alia, regulate the flow of information deemed necessary to allow the depository to perform its functions for the AIF for which it has been appointed as depository, as set out in this Directive and in other relevant laws, regulations or administrative provisions.		FUND 3.11.16 R
	3. The depository shall be:		FUND 3.11.9 R and FUND 3.11.15 R
	(a) a credit institution having its registered office in the Union and authorised in accordance with Directive 2006/48/EC;		FUND 3.11.9 R and FUND 3.11.15 R
	(b) an investment firm having its registered office in the Union, subject to capital adequacy requirements in accordance with Article 20(1) of Directive 2006/49/EC including capital requirements for operational risks and authorised in accordance with Directive 2004/39/EC and which also provides the ancillary service of safe-keeping and administration of financial instruments for the account of clients in accordance with point (1) of Section B of		FUND 3.11.9 R and FUND 3.11.15 R

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	Annex I to Directive 2004/39/EC; such investment firms shall in any case have own funds not less than the amount of initial capital referred to in Article 9 of Directive 2006/49/EC; or		
	(c) another category of institution that is subject to prudential regulation and ongoing supervision and which, on 21 July 2011, falls within the categories of institution determined by Member States to be eligible to be a depositary under Article 23(3) of Directive 2009/65/EC.		FUND 3.11.9 R and FUND 3.11.15 R
	For non-EU AIFs only, and without prejudice to point (b) of paragraph 5, the depositary may also be a credit institution or any other entity of the same nature as the entities referred to in points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph of this paragraph provided that the conditions in point (b) of paragraph 6 are met.		TBC
	In addition, Member States may allow that in relation to AIFs which have no redemption rights exercisable during the period of 5 years from the date of the initial investments and which, in accordance with their core investment policy, generally do not invest in assets that must be held in custody in accordance with point (a) of paragraph 8 or generally invest in issuers or non-listed companies in order to potentially acquire control over such companies in accordance with Article 26, the depositary may be an entity which carries out depositary functions as part of its professional or business activities in respect of which such entity is subject to mandatory professional registration recognised by law or to legal or regulatory provisions or rules of professional conduct and which can provide sufficient financial and professional guarantees to enable it to perform effectively the relevant depositary functions and meet the commitments inherent in those functions.		FUND 3.11.10 R FUND 3.11.11 R
	4. In order to avoid conflicts of interest between the depositary, the AIFM and/or the AIF and/or its investors:		FUND 3.11.6 R
	(a) an AIFM shall not act as depositary;		FUND 3.11.6 R
	(b) a prime broker acting as counterparty to an AIF shall not act as depositary for that AIF, unless it has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its depositary functions from its tasks as prime broker and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF. Delegation by the depositary to such prime broker of its custody tasks in accordance with paragraph 11 is allowed if the relevant conditions are met.		FUND 3.11.6 R
	5. The depositary shall be established in one of the following locations:		
	(a) for EU AIFs, in the home Member State of the AIF;		FUND 3.11.9 R, FUND 3.11.10 R and FUND 3.11.15

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			R
	(b) for non-EU AIFs, in the third country where the AIF is established or in the home Member State of the AIFM managing the AIF or in the Member State of reference of the AIFM managing the AIF.		TBC
	6. Without prejudice to the requirements set out in paragraph 3, the appointment of a depositary established in a third country shall, at all times, be subject to the following conditions:		TBC
	(a) the competent authorities of the Member States in which the units or shares of the non-EU AIF are intended to be marketed, and, in so far as different, of the home Member State of the AIFM, have signed cooperation and exchange of information arrangements with the competent authorities of the depositary;		TBC
	(b) the depositary is subject to effective prudential regulation, including minimum capital requirements, and supervision which have the same effect as Union law and are effectively enforced;		TBC
	(c) the third country where the depositary is established is not listed as a Non-Cooperative Country and Territory by FATF;		TBC
	(d) the Member States in which the units or shares of the non-EU AIF are intended to be marketed, and, in so far as different, the home Member State of the AIFM, have signed an agreement with the third country where the depositary is established which fully complies with the standards laid down in Article 26 of the OECD Model Tax Convention on Income and on Capital and ensures an effective exchange of information in tax matters including any multilateral tax agreements;		TBC
	(e) the depositary shall by contract be liable to the AIF or to the investors of the AIF, consistently with paragraphs 12 and 13, and shall expressly agree to comply with paragraph 11.		TBC
	Where a competent authority of another Member State disagrees with the assessment made on the application of points (a), (c) or (e) of the first subparagraph by the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to the ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	On the basis of the criteria referred to in point (b) of paragraph 17, the Commission shall adopt implementing acts, stating that prudential regulation and supervision of a third country have the same effect as Union law and are effectively enforced. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 59(2).	No transposition required	

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	7. The depositary shall in general ensure that the AIF's cash flows are properly monitored, and shall in particular ensure that all payments made by or on behalf of investors upon the subscription of units or shares of an AIF have been received and that all cash of the AIF has been booked in cash accounts opened in the name of the AIF or in the name of the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF or in the name of the depositary acting on behalf of the AIF at an entity referred to in points (a), (b) and (c) of Article 18(1) of Directive 2006/73/EC, or another entity of the same nature, in the relevant market where cash accounts are required provided that such entity is subject to effective prudential regulation and supervision which have the same effect as Union law and are effectively enforced and in accordance with the principles set out in Article 16 of Directive 2006/73/EC.		FUND 3.11.17 R
	Where the cash accounts are opened in the name of the depositary acting on behalf of the AIF, no cash of the entity referred to in the first subparagraph and none of the depositary's own cash shall be booked on such accounts.		FUND 3.11.17 R
	8. The assets of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF shall be entrusted to the depositary for safe-keeping, as follows:		FUND 3.11.3 R
	(a) for financial instruments that can be held in custody:		FUND 3.11.18 R
	(i) the depositary shall hold in custody all financial instruments that can be registered in a financial instruments account opened in the depositary's books and all financial instruments that can be physically delivered to the depositary;		FUND 3.11.18 R
	(ii) for that purpose, the depositary shall ensure that all those financial instruments that can be registered in a financial instruments account opened in the depositary's books are registered in the depositary's books within segregated accounts in accordance with the principles set out in Article 16 of Directive 2006/73/EC, opened in the name of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF, so that they can be clearly identified as belonging to the AIF in accordance with the applicable law at all times;		FUND 3.11.18 R
	(b) for other assets:		FUND 3.11.20 R
	(i) the depositary shall verify the ownership of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF of such assets and shall maintain a record of those assets for which it is satisfied that the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF holds the ownership of such assets;		FUND 3.11.20R
	(ii) the assessment whether the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF holds the ownership shall be based on information or documents provided by the AIF or the AIFM and, where available, on external evidence;		FUND 3.11.20R

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	(iii) the depositary shall keep its record up-to-date.		FUND 3.11.20R
	9. In addition to the tasks referred to in paragraphs 7 and 8, the depositary shall:		FUND 3.11.22R
	(a) ensure that the sale, issue, re-purchase, redemption and cancellation of units or shares of the AIF are carried out in accordance with the applicable national law and the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation;		FUND 3.11.22R
	(b) ensure that the value of the units or shares of the AIF is calculated in accordance with the applicable national law, the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation and the procedures laid down in Article 19;		FUND 3.11.22R
	(c) carry out the instructions of the AIFM, unless they conflict with the applicable national law or the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation;		FUND 3.11.22R
	(d) ensure that in transactions involving the AIF's assets any consideration is remitted to the AIF within the usual time limits;		FUND 3.11.22R
	(e) ensure that an AIF's income is applied in accordance with the applicable national law and the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation.		FUND 3.11.22R
	10. In the context of their respective roles, the AIFM and the depositary shall act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interest of the AIF and the investors of the AIF.		FUND 3.11.4R
	A depositary shall not carry out activities with regard to the AIF or the AIFM on behalf of the AIF that may create conflicts of interest between the AIF, the investors in the AIF, the AIFM and itself, unless the depositary has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its depositary tasks from its other potentially conflicting tasks, and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF.		FUND 3.11.8R
	The assets referred to in paragraph 8 shall not be reused by the depositary without the prior consent of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF.		FUND 3.11.21 R
	11. The depositary shall not delegate to third parties its functions as described in this Article, save for those referred to in paragraph 8.		FUND 3.11.23 R
	The depositary may delegate to third parties the functions referred to in paragraph 8 subject to the following conditions:		FUND 3.11.25 R

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	(a) the tasks are not delegated with the intention of avoiding the requirements of this Directive;		FUND 3.11.25 R
	(b) the depositary can demonstrate that there is an objective reason for the delegation;		FUND 3.11.25 R
	(c) the depositary has exercised all due skill, care and diligence in the selection and the appointment of any third party to whom it wants to delegate parts of its tasks, and keeps exercising all due skill, care and diligence in the periodic review and ongoing monitoring of any third party to whom it has delegated parts of its tasks and of the arrangements of the third party in respect of the matters delegated to it; and		FUND 3.11.25 R
	(d) the depositary ensures that the third party meets the following conditions at all times during the performance of the tasks delegated to it:		FUND 3.11.25 R
	(i) the third party has the structures and the expertise that are adequate and proportionate to the nature and complexity of the assets of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF which have been entrusted to it;		FUND 3.11.25 R
	(ii) for custody tasks referred to in point (a) of paragraph 8, the third party is subject to effective prudential regulation, including minimum capital requirements, and supervision in the jurisdiction concerned and the third party is subject to an external periodic audit to ensure that the financial instruments are in its possession;		FUND 3.11.25 R
	(iii) the third party segregates the assets of the depositary's clients from its own assets and from the assets of the depositary in such a way that they can at any time be clearly identified as belonging to clients of a particular depositary;		FUND 3.11.25 R
	(iv) the third party does not make use of the assets without the prior consent of the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF and prior notification to the depositary; and		FUND 3.11.25 R
	(v) the third party complies with the general obligations and prohibitions set out in paragraphs 8 and 10.		FUND 3.11.25 R
	Notwithstanding point (d)(ii) of the second subparagraph, where the law of a third country requires that certain financial instruments be held in custody by a local entity and no local entities satisfy the delegation requirements laid down in that point, the depositary may delegate its functions to such a local entity only to the extent required by the law of the third country and only for as long as there are no local entities that satisfy the delegation requirements, subject to the following requirements:		FUND 3.11.26 R
	(a) the investors of the relevant AIF must be duly informed that such delegation is required due to legal constraints in the law of the third country and of the circumstances justifying the delegation, prior to their investment; and		FUND 3.11.26 R

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	(b) the AIF, or the AIFM on behalf of the AIF, must instruct the depositary to delegate the custody of such financial instruments to such local entity.		FUND 3.11.26 R
	The third party may, in turn, sub-delegate those functions, subject to the same requirements. In such a case, paragraph 13 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the relevant parties.		FUND 3.11.27R
	For the purposes of this paragraph, the provision of services as specified by Directive 98/26/EC by securities settlement systems as designated for the purposes of that Directive or the provision of similar services by third-country securities settlement systems shall not be considered a delegation of its custody functions.	Reg.29(3) AIFMR	FUND 3.11.24G
	12. The depositary shall be liable to the AIF or to the investors of the AIF, for the loss by the depositary or a third party to whom the custody of financial instruments held in custody in accordance with point (a) of paragraph 8 has been delegated.	Reg.30(1) & (2) AIFMR	
	In the case of such a loss of a financial instrument held in custody, the depositary shall return a financial instrument of identical type or the corresponding amount to the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF without undue delay. The depositary shall not be liable if it can prove that the loss has arisen as a result of an external event beyond its reasonable control, the consequences of which would have been unavoidable despite all reasonable efforts to the contrary.	Reg.30(2) & (3) AIFMR	
	The depositary shall also be liable to the AIF, or to the investors of the AIF, for all other losses suffered by them as a result of the depositary's negligent or intentional failure to properly fulfil its obligations pursuant to this Directive.	Reg.31(1) AIFMR	
	13. The depositary's liability shall not be affected by any delegation referred to in paragraph 11.	Regs 30(6) & 31(2) AIFMR	
	Notwithstanding the first subparagraph of this paragraph, in case of a loss of financial instruments held in custody by a third party pursuant to paragraph 11, the depositary may discharge itself of liability if it can prove that:	Reg.30(4)(a) AIFMR	
	(a) all requirements for the delegation of its custody tasks set out in the second subparagraph of paragraph 11 are met;	Reg.30(4)(b) AIFMR	
	(b) a written contract between the depositary and the third party expressly transfers the liability of the depositary to that third party and makes it possible for the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF to make a claim against the third party in respect of the loss of financial instruments or for the depositary to make such a claim on their	Reg.30(4)(c) AIFMR	

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	behalf; and		
	(c) a written contract between the depositary and the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF, expressly allows a discharge of the depositary's liability and establishes the objective reason to contract such a discharge.	Reg.30(4)(d) AIFMR	
	14. Further, where the law of a third country requires that certain financial instruments are held in custody by a local entity and there are no local entities that satisfy the delegation requirements laid down in point (d)(ii) of paragraph 11, the depositary can discharge itself of liability provided that the following conditions are met:	Reg.32(1) & (2) AIFMR	
	(a) the rules or instruments of incorporation of the AIF concerned expressly allow for such a discharge under the conditions set out in this paragraph;	Reg.32(1)(a) AIFMR	
	(b) the investors of the relevant AIF have been duly informed of that discharge and of the circumstances justifying the discharge prior to their investment;	Reg.32(1)(b) AIFMR	
	(c) the AIF or the AIFM on behalf of the AIF instructed the depositary to delegate the custody of such financial instruments to a local entity;	Reg.32(1)(c) AIFMR	
	(d) there is a written contract between the depositary and the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF, which expressly allows such a discharge; and	Reg.32(1)(d) AIFMR	
	(e) there is a written contract between the depositary and the third party that expressly transfers the liability of the depositary to that local entity and makes it possible for the AIF or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF to make a claim against that local entity in respect of the loss of financial instruments or for the depositary to make such a claim on their behalf.	Reg.32(1)(e) AIFMR	
	15. Liability to the investors of the AIF may be invoked directly or indirectly through the AIFM, depending on the legal nature of the relationship between the depositary, the AIFM and the investors.	Reg.29(2) AIFMR	
	16. The depositary shall make available to its competent authorities, on request, all information which it has obtained while performing its duties and that may be necessary for the competent authorities of the AIF or the AIFM.		FUND 3.11.29G and SUP 2
	If the competent authorities of the AIF or the AIFM are different from those of the depositary, the competent authorities of the depositary shall share the information received without delay with the competent authorities of the AIF and the AIFM.	Reg.67(4) AIFMR	

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	17. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying:	No transposition required	
	(a) the particulars that need to be included in the written contract referred to in paragraph 2;	No transposition required	
	(b) general criteria for assessing whether the prudential regulation and supervision of third countries as referred to in point (b) of paragraph 6 have the same effect as Union law and are effectively enforced;	No transposition required	
	(c) the conditions for performing the depositary functions pursuant to paragraphs 7, 8 and 9, including:	No transposition required	
	(i) the type of financial instruments to be included in the scope of the depositary's custody duties in accordance with point (a) of paragraph 8;	No transposition required	
	(ii) the conditions subject to which the depositary is able to exercise its custody duties over financial instruments registered with a central depositary; and	No transposition required	
	(iii) the conditions subject to which the depositary is to safekeep the financial instruments issued in a nominative form and registered with an issuer or a registrar, in accordance with point (b) of paragraph 8;	No transposition required	
	(d) the due diligence duties of depositaries pursuant to point (c) of paragraph 11;	No transposition required	
	(e) the segregation obligation pursuant to point (d)(iii) of paragraph 11;	No transposition required	
	(f) the conditions subject to which and circumstances in which financial instruments held in custody are to be considered as lost;	No transposition required	
	(g) what is to be understood by external events beyond reasonable control, the consequences of which would have been unavoidable despite all reasonable efforts to the contrary pursuant to paragraph 12;	No transposition required	
	(h) the conditions subject to which and circumstances in which there is an objective reason to contract a discharge pursuant to paragraph 13.	No transposition required	
Chapter IV (transparency requirements)			
Article 22 (annual report)	1. An AIFM shall, for each of the EU AIFs it manages and for each of the AIFs it markets in the Union, make available an annual report for each financial year no later than 6 months following the end of the financial year. The annual report shall be provided to investors on request. The annual report shall be made available to the		FUND 3.3.2R and FUND 3.3.3R

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	competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM, and, where applicable, the home Member State of the AIF.		
	Where the AIF is required to make public an annual financial report in accordance with Directive 2004/109/EC only such additional information referred to in paragraph 2 needs to be provided to investors on request, either separately or as an additional part of the annual financial report. In the latter case the annual financial report shall be made public no later than 4 months following the end of the financial year.		FUND 3.3.4 R
	2. The annual report shall at least contain the following:		FUND 3.3.5 R
	(a) a balance-sheet or a statement of assets and liabilities;		FUND 3.3.5 R
	(b) an income and expenditure account for the financial year;		FUND 3.3.5 R
	(c) a report on the activities of the financial year;		FUND 3.3.5 R
	(d) any material changes in the information listed in Article 23 during the financial year covered by the report;		FUND 3.3.5 R
	(e) the total amount of remuneration for the financial year, split into fixed and variable remuneration, paid by the AIFM to its staff, and number of beneficiaries, and, where relevant, carried interest paid by the AIF;		FUND 3.3.5 R
	(f) the aggregate amount of remuneration broken down by senior management and members of staff of the AIFM whose actions have a material impact on the risk profile of the AIF.		FUND 3.3.5 R
	3. The accounting information given in the annual report shall be prepared in accordance with the accounting standards of the home Member State of the AIF or in accordance with the accounting standards of the third country where the AIF is established and with the accounting rules laid down in the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation.		FUND 3.3.6 R
	The accounting information given in the annual report shall be audited by one or more persons empowered by law to audit accounts in accordance with Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts. The auditor's report, including any qualifications, shall be reproduced in full in the annual report.		FUND 3.3.6 R FUND 3.3.7 R
	By way of derogation from the second subparagraph, Member States may permit AIFMs marketing non-EU AIFs to subject the annual reports of those AIFs to an audit meeting international auditing standards in force in the		FUND 3.3.6 R

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	country where the AIF has its registered office.		
	4. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying the content and format of the annual report. Those measures shall be adapted to the type of AIF to which they apply.	No transposition required	
Article 23 (disclosure to investors)	1. AIFMs shall for each of the EU AIFs that they manage and for each of the AIFs that they market in the Union make available to AIF investors, in accordance with the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation, the following information before they invest in the AIF, as well as any material changes thereof:		FUND 3.2.2R
	(a) a description of the investment strategy and objectives of the AIF, information on where any master AIF is established and where the underlying funds are established if the AIF is a fund of funds, a description of the types of assets in which the AIF may invest, the techniques it may employ and all associated risks, any applicable investment restrictions, the circumstances in which the AIF may use leverage, the types and sources of leverage permitted and the associated risks, any restrictions on the use of leverage and any collateral and asset reuse arrangements, and the maximum level of leverage which the AIFM are entitled to employ on behalf of the AIF;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(b) a description of the procedures by which the AIF may change its investment strategy or investment policy, or both;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(c) a description of the main legal implications of the contractual relationship entered into for the purpose of investment, including information on jurisdiction, on the applicable law and on the existence or not of any legal instruments providing for the recognition and enforcement of judgments in the territory where the AIF is established;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(d) the identity of the AIFM, the AIF's depositary, auditor and any other service providers and a description of their duties and the investors' rights;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(e) a description of how the AIFM is complying with the requirements of Article 9(7);		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(f) a description of any delegated management function as referred to in Annex I by the AIFM and of any safe-keeping function delegated by the depositary, the identification of the delegate and any conflicts of interest that may arise from such delegations;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(g) a description of the AIF's valuation procedure and of the pricing methodology for valuing assets, including the methods used in valuing hard-to-value assets in accordance with Article 19;		FUND 3.2.2 R

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	(h) a description of the AIF's liquidity risk management, including the redemption rights both in normal and in exceptional circumstances, and the existing redemption arrangements with investors;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(i) a description of all fees, charges and expenses and of the maximum amounts thereof which are directly or indirectly borne by investors;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(j) a description of how the AIFM ensures a fair treatment of investors and, whenever an investor obtains preferential treatment or the right to obtain preferential treatment, a description of that preferential treatment, the type of investors who obtain such preferential treatment and, where relevant, their legal or economic links with the AIF or AIFM;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(k) the latest annual report referred to in Article 22;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(l) the procedure and conditions for the issue and sale of units or shares;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(m) the latest net asset value of the AIF or the latest market price of the unit or share of the AIF, in accordance with Article 19;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(n) where available, the historical performance of the AIF;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(o) the identity of the prime broker and a description of any material arrangements of the AIF with its prime brokers and the way the conflicts of interest in relation thereto are managed and the provision in the contract with the depositary on the possibility of transfer and reuse of AIF assets, and information about any transfer of liability to the prime broker that may exist;		FUND 3.2.2 R
	(p) a description of how and when the information required under paragraphs 4 and 5 will be disclosed.		FUND 3.2.2 R
	2. The AIFM shall inform the investors before they invest in the AIF of any arrangement made by the depositary to contractually discharge itself of liability in accordance with Article 21(13). The AIFM shall also inform investors of any changes with respect to depositary liability without delay.		FUND 3.2.3 R
	3. Where the AIF is required to publish a prospectus in accordance with Directive 2003/71/EC or in accordance with national law, only such information referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 which is in addition to that contained in the prospectus needs to be disclosed separately or as additional information in the prospectus.		FUND 3.2.4 R
	4. AIFMs shall, for each of the EU AIFs that they manage and for each of the AIFs that they market in the Union,		FUND 3.2.5 R

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	periodically disclose to investors:		
	(a) the percentage of the AIF's assets which are subject to special arrangements arising from their illiquid nature;		FUND 3.2.5 R
	(b) any new arrangements for managing the liquidity of the AIF;		FUND 3.2.5 R
	(c) the current risk profile of the AIF and the risk management systems employed by the AIFM to manage those risks.		FUND 3.2.5 R
	5. AIFMs managing EU AIFs employing leverage or marketing in the Union AIFs employing leverage shall, for each such AIF disclose, on a regular basis:		FUND 3.2.6 R
	(a) any changes to the maximum level of leverage which the AIFM may employ on behalf of the AIF as well as any right of the reuse of collateral or any guarantee granted under the leveraging arrangement;		FUND 3.2.6 R
	(b) the total amount of leverage employed by that AIF.		FUND 3.2.6 R
	6. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying the disclosure obligations of AIFMs referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5, including the frequency of the disclosure referred to in paragraph 5. Those measures shall be adapted to the type of AIFM to which they apply.	No transposition required	
Article 24 (reporting obligations to competent authorities)	1. An AIFM shall regularly report to the competent authorities of its home Member State on the principal markets and instruments in which it trades on behalf of the AIFs it manages.		FUND 3.4.2 R
	It shall provide information on the main instruments in which it is trading, on markets of which it is a member or where it actively trades, and on the principal exposures and most important concentrations of each of the AIFs it manages.		FUND 3.4.2 R
	2. An AIFM shall, for each of the EU AIFs it manages and for each of the AIFs it markets in the Union, provide the following to the competent authorities of its home Member State:		FUND 3.4.4 R
	(a) the percentage of the AIF's assets which are subject to special arrangements arising from their illiquid nature;		FUND 3.4.4 R

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	(b) any new arrangements for managing the liquidity of the AIF;		FUND 3.4.4 R
	(c) the current risk profile of the AIF and the risk management systems employed by the AIFM to manage the market risk, liquidity risk, counterparty risk and other risks including operational risk;		FUND 3.4.4 R
	(d) information on the main categories of assets in which the AIF invested; and		FUND 3.4.4 R
	(e) the results of the stress tests performed in accordance with point (b) of Article 15(3) and the second subparagraph of Article 16(1).		FUND 3.4.4 R
	3. The AIFM shall, on request, provide the following documents to the competent authorities of its home Member State:		
	(a) an annual report of each EU AIF managed by the AIFM and of each AIF marketed by it in the Union, for each financial year, in accordance with Article 22(1);		FUND 3.3.2 R
	(b) for the end of each quarter a detailed list of all AIFs which the AIFM manages.		FUND 3.4.5 R
	4. An AIFM managing AIFs employing leverage on a substantial basis shall make available information about the overall level of leverage employed by each AIF it manages, a break-down between leverage arising from borrowing of cash or securities and leverage embedded in financial derivatives and the extent to which the AIF's assets have been reused under leveraging arrangements to the competent authorities of its home Member State.		FUND 3.4.6 R
	That information shall include the identity of the five largest sources of borrowed cash or securities for each of the AIFs managed by the AIFM, and the amounts of leverage received from each of those sources for each of those AIFs.		FUND 3.4.6 R
	For non-EU AIFMs, the reporting obligations referred to in this paragraph are limited to EU AIFs managed by them and non-EU AIFs marketed by them in the Union.	Reg.59(2)(b) & (3)(a) AIFMR	
	5. Where necessary for the effective monitoring of systemic risk, the competent authorities of the home Member State may require information in addition to that described in this Article, on a periodic as well as on an ad-hoc basis.	s.165 FSMA (as extended by reg.71(1) AIFMR)	
	The competent authorities shall inform ESMA about the additional information requirements.	Reg.66 AIFMR	

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	In exceptional circumstances and where required in order to ensure the stability and integrity of the financial system, or to promote long-term sustainable growth, ESMA may request the competent authorities of the home Member State to impose additional reporting requirements.	No transposition required	
	6. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying:	No transposition required	
	(a) when leverage is to be considered to be employed on a substantial basis for the purposes of paragraph 4; and	No transposition required	
	(b) the obligations to report and provide information provided for in this Article.	No transposition required	
	Those measures shall take into account the need to avoid an excessive administrative burden on competent authorities.	No transposition required	
Chapter V (AIFMs managing specific types of AIF)			
Section 1 (AIFMs managing leveraged AIFs)			
Article 25 (use of information, co-operation and leverage)	1. Member States shall ensure that the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM use the information to be gathered under Article 24 for the purposes of identifying the extent to which the use of leverage contributes to the build-up of systemic risk in the financial system, risks of disorderly markets or risks to the long-term growth of the economy.	Reg.67(1) AIFMR	
	2. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall ensure that all information gathered under Article 24 in respect of all AIFMs that they supervise and the information gathered under Article 7 is made available to competent authorities of other relevant Member States, ESMA and the ESRB by means of the procedures set out in Article 50 on supervisory cooperation. They shall, without delay, also provide information by means of those procedures, and bilaterally to the competent authorities of other Member States directly concerned, if an AIFM under their responsibility, or AIF managed by that AIFM could potentially constitute an important source of counterparty risk to a credit institution or other systemically relevant institutions in other Member States.	Reg.67(2) & (3) AIFMR	
	3. The AIFM shall demonstrate that the leverage limits set by it for each AIF it manages are reasonable and that it complies with those limits at all times.		FUND 3.7.8 R
	The competent authorities shall assess the risks that the use of leverage by an AIFM with respect to the AIFs it manages could entail, and, where deemed necessary in order to ensure the stability and integrity of the financial	s.1B FSMA &	

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	system,	reg.68(1) AIFMR	
	the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM, after having notified ESMA, the ESRB and the competent authorities of the relevant AIF, shall impose limits to the level of leverage that an AIFM are entitled to employ or other restrictions on the management of the AIF with respect to the AIFs under its management to limit the extent to which the use of leverage contributes to the build up of systemic risk in the financial system or risks of disorderly markets. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall duly inform ESMA, the ESRB and the competent authorities of the AIF, of actions taken in this respect, through the procedures set out in Article 50.	Reg.68(1) to (3) AIFMR	
	4. The notification referred to in paragraph 3 shall be made not less than 10 working days before the proposed measure is intended to take effect or to be renewed. The notification shall include details of the proposed measure, the reasons for the measure and when the measure is intended to take effect. In exceptional circumstances, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM may decide that the proposed measure takes effect within the period referred to in the first sentence.	Reg.68(4) & (5) AIFMR	
	5. ESMA shall perform a facilitation and coordination role, and, in particular, shall try to ensure that a consistent approach is taken by competent authorities, in relation to measures proposed by competent authorities under paragraph 3.	No transposition required	
	6. After receiving the notification referred to in paragraph 3, ESMA shall issue advice to the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM about the measure that is proposed or taken. The advice may, in particular, address whether the conditions for taking action appear to be met, whether the measures are appropriate and the duration of the measures.	No transposition required	
	7. On the basis of the information received in accordance with paragraph 2, and after taking into account any advice of the ESRB, ESMA may determine that the leverage employed by an AIFM, or by a group of AIFMs, poses a substantial risk to the stability and integrity of the financial system and may issue advice to competent authorities specifying the remedial measures to be taken, including limits to the level of leverage, which that AIFM, or that group of AIFMs, are entitled to employ. ESMA shall immediately inform the competent authorities concerned, the ESRB and the Commission of any such determination.	No transposition required	
	8. If a competent authority proposes to take action contrary to ESMA's advice referred to in paragraph 6 or 7 it shall inform ESMA, stating its reasons.	Reg.68(6) AIFMR	
	ESMA may publish the fact that a competent authority does not comply or intend to comply with its advice. ESMA may also decide, on a case-by-case basis, to publish the reasons provided by the competent authority for	No transposition required	

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	not complying with its advice. The competent authorities concerned shall receive advance notice about such a publication		
	9. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures setting out principles specifying the circumstances in which competent authorities apply the provisions set out in paragraph 3, taking into account different strategies of AIFs, different market conditions in which AIFs operate and possible pro-cyclical effects of applying those provisions.	No transposition required	
Section 2 (obligations for AIFMs managing AIFs which acquire control of non-listed companies and issuers)			
Article 26 (scope)	1. This Section shall apply to the following:	Reg.35(1) AIFMR	
	(a) AIFMs managing one or more AIFs which either individually or jointly on the basis of an agreement aimed at acquiring control, acquire control of a non-listed company in accordance with paragraph 5;	Reg.35(1) AIFMR	
	(b) AIFMs cooperating with one or more other AIFMs on the basis of an agreement pursuant to which the AIFs managed by those AIFMs jointly, acquire control of a non-listed company in accordance with paragraph 5.	Reg.35(1) AIFMR	
	2. This Section shall not apply where the non-listed companies concerned are:	Reg.35(3) AIFMR	
	(a) small and medium-sized enterprises within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Annex to Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises; or	Reg.35(3)(a) AIFMR	
	(b) special purpose vehicles with the purpose of purchasing, holding or administering real estate.	Reg.35(3)(b) AIFMR	
	3. Without prejudice to paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article, Article 27(1) shall also apply to AIFMs managing AIFs that acquire a non-controlling participation in a non-listed company.	Reg.35(2) AIFMR	
	4. Article 28(1), (2) and (3) and Article 30 shall apply also to AIFMs managing AIFs that acquire control over issuers. For the purposes of those Articles, paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article shall apply mutatis mutandis.	Reg.35(1) AIFMR	
	5. For the purpose of this Section, for non-listed companies, control shall mean more than 50 % of the voting rights of the companies.	Reg.36(1)(a) AIFMR	

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	When calculating the percentage of voting rights held by the relevant AIF, in addition to the voting rights held directly by the relevant AIF, the voting rights of the following shall be taken into account, subject to control as referred to in the first subparagraph being established:	Reg.36(2) AIFMR	
	(a) an undertaking controlled by the AIF; and	Reg.36(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(b) a natural or legal person acting in its own name but on behalf of the AIF or on behalf of an undertaking controlled by the AIF.	Reg.36(2)(b) AIFMR	
	The percentage of voting rights shall be calculated on the basis of all the shares to which voting rights are attached even if the exercise thereof is suspended.	Reg.36(3) AIFMR	
	Notwithstanding point (i) of Article 4(1), for the purpose of Article 28(1), (2) and (3) and Article 30 in regard to issuers control shall be determined in accordance with Article 5(3) of Directive 2004/25/EC.	Reg.36(1)(b) AIFMR	
	6. This Section shall apply subject to the conditions and restrictions set out in Article 6 of Directive 2002/14/EC.	Regs 37 & 41 AIFMR	
	7. This Section shall apply without prejudice to any stricter rules adopted by Member States with respect to the acquisition of holdings in issuers and non-listed companies in their territories.	No transposition required	
Article 27 (notification of holdings and control)	1. Member States shall require that when an AIF acquires, disposes of or holds shares of a non-listed company, the AIFM managing such an AIF notify the competent authorities of its home Member State of the proportion of voting rights of the non-listed company held by the AIF any time when that proportion reaches, exceeds or falls below the thresholds of 10 %, 20 %, 30 %, 50 % and 75 %.	Reg.38(1) AIFMR	
	2. Member States shall require that when an AIF acquires, individually or jointly, control over a non-listed company pursuant to Article 26(1), in conjunction with paragraph 5 of that Article, the AIFM managing such an AIF notify the following of the acquisition of control by the AIF:	Reg.38(2) AIFMR	
	(a) the non-listed company;	Reg.38(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(b) the shareholders of which the identities and addresses are available to the AIFM or can be made available by	Reg.38(2)(b)	

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	the non-listed company or through a register to which the AIFM has or can obtain access; and	AIFMR	
	(c) the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM.	Reg.38(2)(c) AIFMR	
	3. The notification required under paragraph 2 shall contain the following additional information:	Reg.38(3) AIFMR	
	(a) the resulting situation in terms of voting rights;	Reg.38(3)(a) AIFMR	
	(b) the conditions subject to which control was acquired, including information about the identity of the different shareholders involved, any natural person or legal entity entitled to exercise voting rights on their behalf and, if applicable, the chain of undertakings through which voting rights are effectively held;	Reg.38(3)(b) AIFMR	
	(c) the date on which control was acquired.	Reg.38(3)(c) AIFMR	
	4. In its notification to the non-listed company, the AIFM shall request the board of directors of the company to inform the employees' representatives or, where there are none, the employees themselves, without undue delay of the acquisition of control by the AIF managed by the AIFM and of the information referred to in paragraph 3. The AIFM shall use its best efforts to ensure that the employees' representatives or, where there are none, the employees themselves, are duly informed by the board of directors in accordance with this Article.	Reg.38(4) AIFMR	
	5. The notifications referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 shall be made as soon as possible, but no later than 10 working days after the date on which the AIF has reached, exceeded or fallen below the relevant threshold or has acquired control over the non-listed company.	Reg.38(5) AIFMR	
Article 28 (disclosure in case of acquisition of control)	1. Member States shall require that when an AIF acquires, individually or jointly, control of a non-listed company or an issuer pursuant to Article 26(1), in conjunction with paragraph 5 of that Article, the AIFM managing such AIF shall make the information referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article available to:	Reg.39(1) AIFMR	
	(a) the company concerned;	Reg.39(1)(a) AIFMR	

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	(b) the shareholders of the company of which the identities and addresses are available to the AIFM or can be made available by the company or through a register to which the AIFM has or can obtain access; and	Reg.39(1)(b) AIFMR	
	(c) the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM.	Reg.39(1)(c) AIFMR	
	Member States may require that the information referred to in paragraph 2 is also made available to the competent authorities of the non-listed company which the Member States may designate to that effect.	No transposition required	
	2. The AIFM shall make available:		
	(a) the identity of the AIFMs which either individually or in agreement with other AIFMs manage the AIFs that have acquired control;	Reg.39(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(b) the policy for preventing and managing conflicts of interest, in particular between the AIFM, the AIF and the company, including information about the specific safeguards established to ensure that any agreement between the AIFM and/or the AIF and the company is concluded at arm's length; and	Reg.39(2)(b) & (c) AIFMR	
	(c) the policy for external and internal communication relating to the company in particular as regards employees.	Reg.39(2)(d) AIFMR	
	3. In its notification to the company pursuant to point (a) of paragraph 1, the AIFM shall request the board of directors of the company to inform the employees' representatives or, where there are none, the employees themselves, without undue delay of the information referred to in paragraph 1. The AIFM shall use its best efforts to ensure that the employees' representatives or, where there are none, the employees themselves, are duly informed by the board of directors in accordance with this Article.	Reg.39(3) AIFMR	
	4. Member States shall require that when an AIF acquires, individually or jointly, control of a non-listed company pursuant to Article 26(1), in conjunction with paragraph 5 of that Article, the AIFM managing such AIF ensure that the AIF, or the AIFM acting on behalf of the AIF, disclose its intentions with regard to the future business of the non-listed company and the likely repercussions on employment, including any material change in the conditions of employment, to:	Reg.40(1) & (2) AIFMR	
	(a) the non-listed company; and	Reg.40(1)(a) AIFMR	

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	(b) the shareholders of the non-listed company of which the identities and addresses are available to the AIFM or can be made available by the non-listed company or through a register to which the AIFM has or can obtain access.	Reg.40(1)(b) AIFMR	
	In addition, the AIFM managing the relevant AIF shall request and use its best efforts to ensure that the board of directors of the non-listed company makes available the information set out in the first subparagraph to the employees' representatives or, where there are none, the employees themselves, of the non-listed company.	Reg.40(3) AIFMR	
	5. Member States shall require that when an AIF acquires control of a non-listed company pursuant to Article 26(1), in conjunction with paragraph 5 of that Article, the AIFM managing such an AIF provide the competent authorities of its home Member State and the AIF's investors with information on the financing of the acquisition.	Reg.40(4) AIFMR	
Article 29 (annual report)	1. Member States shall require that when an AIF acquires, individually or jointly, control of a non-listed company pursuant to Article 26(1), in conjunction with paragraph 5 of that Article, the AIFM managing such an AIF shall either:	Reg.42(1) & (2) AIFMR	
	(a) request and use its best efforts to ensure that the annual report of the non-listed company drawn up in accordance with paragraph 2 is made available by the board of directors of the company to the employees' representatives or, where there are none, to the employees themselves within the period such annual report has to be drawn up in accordance with the national applicable law; or	Reg.42(2) AIFMR	
	(b) for each such AIF include in the annual report provided for in Article 22 the information referred to in paragraph 2 relating to the relevant non-listed company.	Reg.42(1) AIFMR	
	2. The additional information to be included in the annual report of the company or the AIF, in accordance with paragraph 1, shall include at least a fair review of the development of the company's business representing the situation at the end of the period covered by the annual report. The report shall also give an indication of:	Reg.42(3)(a) AIFMR	
	(a) any important events that have occurred since the end of the financial year;	Reg.42(3)(b) AIFMR	
	(b) the company's likely future development; and	Reg.42(3)(c) AIFMR	
	(c) the information concerning acquisitions of own shares prescribed by Article 22(2) of Council Directive 77/91/EEC.	Reg.42(3)(d) AIFMR	

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	3. The AIFM managing the relevant AIF shall either:		
	(a) request and use its best efforts to ensure that the board of directors of the non-listed company makes available the information referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 relating to the company concerned to the employees' representatives of the company concerned or, where there are none, to the employees themselves within the period referred to in Article 22(1); or	Reg.42(5) AIFMR	
	(b) make available the information referred to in point (a) of paragraph 1 to the investors of the AIF, in so far as already available, within the period referred to in Article 22(1) and, in any event, no later than the date on which the annual report of the non-listed company is drawn up in accordance with the national applicable law.	Reg.42(4) AIFMR	
Article 30 (asset stripping)	1. Member States shall require that when an AIF, individually or jointly, acquires control of a non-listed company or an issuer pursuant to Article 26(1), in conjunction with paragraph 5 of that Article, the AIFM managing such an AIF shall for a period of 24 months following the acquisition of control of the company by the AIF:	Reg.43(1) AIFMR	
	(a) not be allowed to facilitate, support or instruct any distribution, capital reduction, share redemption and/or acquisition of own shares by the company as described in paragraph 2;	Reg.43(1)(a) AIFMR	
	(b) in so far as the AIFM is authorised to vote on behalf of the AIF at the meetings of the governing bodies of the company, not vote in favour of a distribution, capital reduction, share redemption and/or acquisition of own shares by the company as described in paragraph 2; and	Reg.43(1)(b) AIFMR	
	(c) in any event use its best efforts to prevent distributions, capital reductions, share redemptions and/or the acquisition of own shares by the company as described in paragraph 2.	Reg.43(1)(c) AIFMR	
	2. The obligations imposed on AIFMs pursuant to paragraph 1 shall relate to the following:		
	(a) any distribution to shareholders made when on the closing date of the last financial year the net assets as set out in the company's annual accounts are, or following such a distribution would become, lower than the amount of the subscribed capital plus those reserves which may be not distributed under the law or the statutes, on the understanding that where the uncalled part of the subscribed capital is not included in the assets shown in the balance sheet, this amount shall be deducted from the amount of subscribed capital;	Reg.43(2)(a) AIFMR	
	(b) any distribution to shareholders the amount of which would exceed the amount of the profits at the end of the last financial year plus any profits brought forward and sums drawn from reserves available for this purpose, less any losses brought forward and sums placed to reserve in accordance with the law or the statutes;	Reg.43(2)(b) AIFMR	

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	(c) to the extent that acquisitions of own shares are permitted, the acquisitions by the company, including shares previously acquired by the company and held by it, and shares acquired by a person acting in his own name but on the company's behalf, that would have the effect of reducing the net assets below the amount mentioned in point (a).	Reg.43(4)(a) AIFMR	
	3. For the purposes of paragraph 2:		
	(a) the term "distribution" referred to in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 2 shall include, in particular, the payment of dividends and of interest relating to shares;	Reg.43(2) AIFMR	
	(b) the provisions on capital reductions shall not apply on a reduction in the subscribed capital, the purpose of which is to offset losses incurred or to include sums of money in a non-distributable reserve provided that, following that operation, the amount of such reserve is not more than 10 % of the reduced subscribed capital; and	Reg.43(3) AIFMR	
	(c) the restriction set out in point (c) of paragraph 2 shall be subject to points (b) to (h) of Article 20(1) of Directive 77/91/EEC.	Reg.43(4)(b) AIFMR	
Chapter VI (rights of EU AIFMs to market and manage EU AIFs in the Union)			
Article 31 (Marketing in the home Member State of the AIFM)	1. Member States shall ensure that an authorised EU AIFM may market units or shares of any EU AIF that it manages to professional investors in the home Member State of the AIFM as soon as the conditions laid down in this Article are met.	Regs 50 & 54 AIFMR and amendments to secondary legislation at paras 5 & 19 Sch.2 AIFMR	
	Where the EU AIF is a feeder AIF the right to market referred to in the first subparagraph is subject to the condition that the master AIF is also an EU AIF which is managed by an authorised EU AIFM.	Regs 50, 54(1) & 57(1) AIFMR	
	2. The AIFM shall submit a notification to the competent authorities of its home Member State in respect of each EU AIF that it intends to market.	Reg.54(2) AIFMR	
	That notification shall comprise the documentation and information set out in Annex III.	Reg.54(2) AIFMR	FCA form issued under reg.54(2)

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			AIFMR
	3. Within 20 working days following receipt of a complete notification file pursuant to paragraph 2, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall inform the AIFM whether it may start marketing the AIF identified in the notification referred to in paragraph 2. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall prevent the marketing of the AIF only if the AIFM's management of the AIF does not or will not comply with this Directive or the AIFM otherwise does not or will not comply with this Directive. In the case of a positive decision, the AIFM may start marketing the AIF in its home Member State from the date of the notification by the competent authorities to that effect.	Reg.54(3) & (8) AIFMR	
	In so far as they are different, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall also inform the competent authorities of the AIF that the AIFM may start marketing units or shares of the AIF.	Reg.54(5)(b) AIFMR	
	4. In the event of a material change to any of the particulars communicated in accordance with paragraph 2, the AIFM shall give written notice of that change to the competent authorities of its home Member State at least 1 month before implementing the change as regards any changes planned by the AIFM, or immediately after an unplanned change has occurred.	Reg.55(1) AIFMR	
	If, pursuant to a planned change, the AIFM's management of the AIF would no longer comply with this Directive or the AIFM would otherwise no longer comply with this Directive, the relevant competent authorities shall inform the AIFM without undue delay that it is not to implement the change.	Reg.55(2) AIFMR	
	If a planned change is implemented notwithstanding the first and second subparagraphs or if an unplanned change has taken place pursuant to which the AIFM's management of the AIF no longer complies with this Directive or the AIFM otherwise no longer complies with this Directive, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall take all due measures in accordance with Article 46, including, if necessary, the express prohibition of marketing of the AIF.	Reg.55(3) & (4) AIFMR	
	5. In order to ensure uniform conditions of application of this Article, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to determine:	No transposition required	
	(a) the form and content of a model for the notification letter referred to in paragraph 2; and	No transposition required	
	(b) the form of the written notice referred to in paragraph 4.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first	No transposition required	

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	subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.		
	6. Without prejudice to Article 43(1), Member States shall require that AIFs managed and marketed by AIFMs be marketed only to professional investors.	Reg.46 AIFMR	
Article 32 (marketing in other Member States)	1. Member States shall ensure that an authorised EU AIFM may market units or shares of an EU AIF that it manages to professional investors in another Member State than the home Member State of the AIFM as soon as the conditions laid down in this Article are met.	Reg.49(a) AIFMR and amendments to secondary legislation at paras 5 & 19 Sch.2 AIFMR	
	Where the EU AIF is a feeder AIF the right to market referred to in the first subparagraph is subject to the condition that the master AIF is also an EU AIF and is managed by an authorised EU AIFM.	Regs 49 & 57(1) AIFMR and para 20C(5)(b) FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	2. The AIFM shall submit a notification to the competent authorities of its home Member State in respect of each EU AIF that it intends to market.	Para 20C(2) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	That notification shall comprise the documentation and information set out in Annex IV.	FCA rules made under para 20C(2) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	SUP 13.5.2R(6) & SUP 13 Annex 8BR
	3. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall, no later than 20 working days after the date of receipt of the complete notification file referred to in paragraph 2, transmit the complete notification file to the competent authorities of the Member States where it is intended that the AIF be marketed. Such transmission shall occur only if the AIFM's management of the AIF complies with and will continue to comply with this	Para 20C(5)(a) & (6) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	Directive and if the AIFM otherwise complies with this Directive.	AIFMR)	
	The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall enclose a statement to the effect that the AIFM concerned is authorised to manage AIFs with a particular investment strategy.	Para 20C(7) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	4. Upon transmission of the notification file, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall, without delay, notify the AIFM about the transmission. The AIFM may start marketing the AIF in the host Member State of the AIFM as of the date of that notification.	Para 20C(9) & (10) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	In so far as they are different, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall also inform the competent authorities of the AIF that the AIFM may start marketing the units or shares of the AIF in the host Member State of the AIFM.	Para 20C(8) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	5. Arrangements referred to in point (h) of Annex IV shall be subject to the laws and supervision of the host Member State of the AIFM.	No transposition required	
	6. Member States shall ensure that the notification letter by the AIFM referred to in paragraph 2 and the statement referred to in paragraph 3 are provided in a language customary in the sphere of international finance.	No transposition required	
	Member States shall ensure that electronic transmission and filing of the documents referred to in paragraph 3 are accepted by their competent authorities.	Para 20C(3) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	7. In the event of a material change to any of the particulars communicated in accordance with paragraph 2, the AIFM shall give written notice of that change to the competent authorities of its home Member State at least 1 month before implementing a planned change, or immediately after an unplanned change has occurred.	Reg.17A(3) – (5) EPRR (inserted by para 15(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If, pursuant to a planned change, the AIFM's management of the AIF would no longer comply with this Directive	Reg.17A(6) EPRR	

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	or the AIFM would otherwise no longer comply with this Directive, the relevant competent authorities shall inform the AIFM without undue delay that it is not to implement the change.	(inserted by para 15(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If a planned change is implemented notwithstanding the first and second subparagraphs or if an unplanned change has taken place pursuant to which the AIFM's management of the AIF would no longer comply with this Directive or the AIFM otherwise would no longer comply with this Directive, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall take all due measures in accordance with Article 46, including, if necessary, the express prohibition of marketing of the AIF.	Reg.17A(7) EPRR (inserted by para 15(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If the changes are acceptable because they do not affect the compliance of the AIFM's management of the AIF with this Directive, or the compliance by the AIFM with this Directive otherwise, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall, without delay, inform the competent authorities of the host Member State of the AIFM of those changes.	Reg.17A(8) EPRR (inserted by para 15(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	8. In order to ensure uniform conditions of application of this Article, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to determine:	No transposition required	
	(a) the form and content of a model for the notification letter referred to in paragraph 2;	No transposition required	
	(b) the form and content of a model for the statement referred to in paragraph 3;	No transposition required	
	(c) the form of the transmission referred to in paragraph 3; and	No transposition required	
	(d) the form of the written notice referred to in paragraph 7.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	9. Without prejudice to Article 43(1), Member States shall require that the AIFs managed and marketed by the AIFM be marketed only to professional investors.	Reg.46 AIFMR	
Article 33 (Managing EU AIFs established in	1. Member States shall ensure that an authorised EU AIFM may manage EU AIFs established in another Member State either directly or by establishing a branch, provided that the AIFM is authorised to manage that type of AIF.	Sch. 3 FSMA (as amended by para 34 Sch.1 AIFMR), in particular paras	

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other Member States)		12 – 15 and 19 & 20 Sch.3 FSMA	
	2. An AIFM intending to manage EU AIFs established in another Member State for the first time shall communicate the following information to the competent authorities of its home Member State:	Paras 19(1), (2) & (15) and 20(1) & (6) Sch.3 FSMA	
	(a) the Member State in which it intends to manage AIFs directly or establish a branch;		SUP 13.5.1R, SUP 13.5.2R, SUP 13 Annex 1R & SUP 13 Annex 8AR
	(b) a programme of operations stating in particular the services which it intends to perform and identifying the AIFs it intends to manage.		SUP 13.5.1R, SUP 13.5.2R, SUP 13 Annex 1R & SUP 13 Annex 8AR
	3. If the AIFM intends to establish a branch, it shall provide the following information in addition to that referred to in paragraph 2:	Para 19(1), (2) & (15) Sch.3 FSMA	
	(a) the organisational structure of the branch;		SUP 13.5.1R & SUP 13 Annex 1R
	(b) the address in the home Member State of the AIF from which documents may be obtained;		SUP 13.5.1R & SUP 13 Annex 1R
	(c) the names and contact details of the persons responsible for the management of the branch.		SUP 13.5.1R & SUP 13 Annex 1R
	4. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall, within 1 month of receiving the complete documentation in accordance with paragraph 2 or within 2 months of receiving the complete documentation in accordance with paragraph 3, transmit the complete documentation to the competent authorities of the host Member State of the AIFM. Such transmission shall occur only if the AIFM's management of the AIF complies, and will continue to comply, with this Directive and the AIFM otherwise complies with this Directive.	Paras 19(7BA) & (7BB) and 20(3D) & (3E) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(11) & (12)	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
		Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall enclose a statement to the effect that the AIFM concerned is authorised by them.	Paras 19(7BB) and 20(3D) Sch.3 FSMA	
	The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall immediately notify the AIFM about the transmission.	Paras 19(7BB) and 20(3D) Sch.3 FSMA	
	Upon receipt of the transmission notification the AIFM may start to provide its services in its host Member State.	Para 19(1) & 20(1) Sch.3 FSMA	
	5. The host Member State of the AIFM shall not impose any additional requirements on the AIFM concerned in respect of the matters covered by this Directive.	No transposition required	
	6. In the event of a change to any of the information communicated in accordance with paragraph 2, and, where relevant, paragraph 3, an AIFM shall give written notice of that change to the competent authorities of its home Member State at least 1 month before implementing planned changes, or immediately after an unplanned change has occurred.	Reg.17A(1), (2), (4) & (5) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If, pursuant to a planned change, the AIFM's management of the AIF would no longer comply with this Directive or the AIFM would otherwise no longer comply with this Directive, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall inform the AIFM without undue delay that it is not to implement the change.	Reg.17A(6) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If a planned change is implemented notwithstanding the first and second subparagraphs or if an unplanned change has taken place pursuant to which the AIFM's management of the AIF would no longer comply with this Directive or the AIFM otherwise would no longer comply with this Directive, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall take all due measures in accordance with Article 46.	Reg.17A(7) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If the changes are acceptable because they do not affect the compliance of the AIFM's management of the AIF with this Directive, or the compliance by the AIFM with this Directive otherwise, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall, without undue delay, inform the competent authorities of the host Member	Reg.17A(8) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2	

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	States of the AIFM of those changes.	AIFMR)	
	7. In order to ensure consistent harmonisation of this Article, ESMA may develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the information to be notified in accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3.	No transposition required	
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	8. In order to ensure uniform conditions of application of this Article, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to establish standard forms, templates and procedures for the transmission of information in accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
Chapter VII (specific rules in relation to third countries)			
Article 34 (EU AIFMs which manage non-EU AIFs not marketed in Member States)	1. Member States shall ensure that an authorised EU AIFM may manage non-EU AIFs which are not marketed in the Union provided that:	Reg.33 AIFMR	
	(a) the AIFM complies with all the requirements established in this Directive except for Article 21 and 22 in respect of those AIFs; and	AIFMR generally; particularly reg.29(1) AIFMR	
	(b) appropriate cooperation arrangements are in place between the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM and the supervisory authorities of the third country where the non-EU AIF is established in order to ensure at least an efficient exchange of information that allows competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM to carry out their duties in accordance with this Directive.	Reg.33 AIFMR	
	2. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in paragraph 1 in order to design a common framework to facilitate the establishment of those cooperation arrangements with third	No transposition required	

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	countries.		
	3. In order to ensure uniform application of this Article, ESMA shall develop guidelines to determine the conditions of application of the measures adopted by the Commission regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in paragraph 1.	No transposition required	
Article 35 (Marketing with a passport of a non-EU AIF managed by an EU AIFM)	1. Member States shall ensure that an authorised EU AIFM may market to professional investors in the Union units or shares of non-EU AIFs it manages and of EU feeder AIFs that do not fulfil the requirements referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 31(1) as soon as the conditions laid down in this Article are met.	Regs 49 & 50 AIFMR (as amended by para 2(10)&(11) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R) and amendments to secondary legislation at paras 5 & 19 Sch.2 AIFMR	
	2. AIFMs shall comply with all the requirements established in this Directive, with the exception of Chapter VI. In addition the following conditions shall be met:	Reg 54(8)&(9) AIFMR (para (9) inserted by para 2(12)(b) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R	
	(a) appropriate cooperation arrangements must be in place between the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM and the supervisory authorities of the third country where the non-EU AIF is established in order to ensure at least an efficient exchange of information, taking into account Article 50(4), that allows the competent authorities to carry out their duties in accordance with this Directive;	Reg 54(9)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(12)(b) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(b) the third country where the non-EU AIF is established is not listed as a Non-Cooperative Country and Territory by FATF;	Reg 54(9)(b) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(12)(b) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(c) the third country where the non-EU AIF is established has signed an agreement with the home Member State of the authorised AIFM and with each other Member State in which the units or shares of the non-EU AIF are	Reg.54(9)(c) AIFMR (inserted	

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	intended to be marketed, which fully complies with the standards laid down in Article 26 of the OECD Model Tax Convention on Income and on Capital and ensures an effective exchange of information in tax matters, including any multilateral tax agreements.	by para 2(12)(b) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R	
	Where a competent authority of another Member State disagrees with the assessment made on the application of points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph by the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to the ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	3. If an AIFM intends to market units or shares of non-EU AIFs in its home Member State, the AIFM shall submit a notification to the competent authorities of its home Member State in respect of each non-EU AIF that it intends to market.	Regs 50 and 54(1)&(2) AIFMR (as amended by para 2(12)(a) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	That notification shall comprise the documentation and information set out in Annex III.		TBC
	4. No later than 20 working days after receipt of a complete notification pursuant to paragraph 3, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall inform the AIFM whether it may start marketing the AIF identified in the notification referred to in paragraph 3 in its territory. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall prevent the marketing of the AIF only if the AIFM's management of the AIF does not or will not comply with this Directive or the AIFM otherwise does not or will not comply with this Directive. In the case of a positive decision, the AIFM may start marketing the AIF in its home Member State as of the date of the notification by the competent authorities to that effect.	Reg.54(3)&(8) AIFMR	
	The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall also inform ESMA that the AIFM may start marketing the units or shares of the AIF in the home Member State of the AIFM.	Reg.8A(8)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	5. If an AIFM intends to market units or shares of non-EU AIFs in a Member State other than its home Member State, the AIFM shall submit a notification to the competent authorities of its home Member State in respect of each non-EU AIF that it intends to market.	Para 20C(2) Sch 3 FSMA (para 20C being inserted by para 34(14) Sch 1 AIFMR and	

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		amended by para 1(5)(g) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	That notification shall comprise the documentation and information set out in Annex IV.		TBC
	6. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall, no later than 20 working days after the date of receipt of the complete notification file referred to in paragraph 5, transmit that complete notification file to the competent authorities of the Member State where the AIF is intended to be marketed. Such transmission will occur only if the AIFM's management of the AIF complies and will continue to comply with this Directive and that the AIFM otherwise complies with this Directive.	Para 20C(5)&(6) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR and amended by para 1(5)(g) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall enclose a statement to the effect that the AIFM concerned is authorised to manage AIFs with a particular investment strategy.	Para 20C(7) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	7. Upon transmission of the notification file, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall, without delay, notify the AIFM about the transmission. The AIFM may start marketing the AIF in the relevant host Member States of the AIFM as of the date of that notification by the competent authorities.	Para 20C(9) & (10) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall also inform ESMA that the AIFM may start marketing the units or shares of the AIF in the host Member States of the AIFM.	Reg.8A(8)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	8. Arrangements referred to in point (h) of Annex IV shall be subject to the laws and supervision of the host Member States of the AIFM.		TBC

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	9. Member States shall ensure that the notification letter of the AIFM referred to in paragraph 5 and the statement referred to in paragraph 6 are provided in a language customary in the sphere of international finance.	No transposition required	
	Member States shall ensure that electronic transmission and filing of the documents referred to in paragraph 6 are accepted by their competent authorities.	Para 20C(3) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 of AIFMR)	
	10. In the event of a material change to any of the particulars communicated in accordance with paragraph 3 or 5, the AIFM shall give written notice of that change to the competent authorities of its home Member State, at least 1 month before implementing a planned change, or immediately after an unplanned change has occurred.	Reg 55(1) AIFMR & reg.17A(3)-(5) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If pursuant to a planned change, the AIFM's management of the AIF would no longer comply with this Directive or the AIFM would no longer comply with this Directive, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall inform the AIFM without undue delay that it is not to implement the change.	Reg 55(2) AIFMR & reg.17A(6) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If a planned change is implemented notwithstanding the first and second subparagraphs, or if an unplanned change has taken place pursuant to which the AIFM's management of the AIF would no longer comply with this Directive or the AIFM otherwise would no longer comply with this Directive, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall take all due measures in accordance with Article 46, including, if necessary, the express prohibition of marketing of the AIF.	Regs 55(3) and (4) of AIFMR & reg.17A(7) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If the changes are acceptable because they do not affect the compliance of the AIFM's management of the AIF with this Directive, or the compliance by the AIFM with this Directive otherwise, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall, without delay, inform ESMA in so far as the changes concern the termination of the marketing of certain AIFs or additional AIFs marketed and, if applicable, the competent authorities of the host Member States of the AIFM of those changes.	Reg 8A(8)(b) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)& reg.17A(8) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
		AIFMR)	
	11. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in point (a) of paragraph 2 in order to design a common framework to facilitate the establishment of those cooperation arrangements with third countries.	No transposition required	
	12. In order to ensure uniform application of this Article, ESMA may develop guidelines to determine the conditions of application of the measures adopted by the Commission regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in point (a) of paragraph 2.	No transposition required	
	13. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to determine the minimum content of the cooperation arrangements referred to in point (a) of paragraph 2 so as to ensure that both the competent authorities of the home and the host Member States receive sufficient information in order to be able to exercise their supervisory and investigatory powers under this Directive.	No transposition required	
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	14. In order to ensure consistent harmonisation of this Article, ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the procedures for coordination and exchange of information between the competent authority of the home Member State and the competent authorities of the host Member States of the AIFM.	No transposition required	
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	15. In case a competent authority rejects a request to exchange information in accordance with the regulatory technical standards referred to in paragraph 14, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to ESMA, which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	16. In order to ensure uniform conditions of application of this Article, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to determine:	No transposition required	
	(a) the form and content of a model for the notification letter referred to in paragraph 3;	No transposition required	
	(b) the form and content of a model for the notification letter referred to in paragraph 5;	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	(c) the form and content of a model for the statement referred to in paragraph 6;	No transposition required	
	(d) the form of the transmission referred to in paragraph 6;	No transposition required	
	(e) the form of the written notice referred to in paragraph 10.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	17. Without prejudice to Article 43(1), Member States shall require that the AIFs managed and marketed by the AIFM be marketed only to professional investors.	Reg.46 AIFMR	
Article 36 (marketing without a passport of non-EU AIFs managed by an EU AIFM)	1. Without prejudice to Article 35, Member States may allow an authorised EU AIFM to market to professional investors, in their territory only, units or shares of non-EU AIFs it manages and of EU feeder AIFs that do not fulfil the requirements referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 31(1), provided that:	Regs 50 & 57 AIFMR	
	(a) the AIFM complies with all the requirements established in this Directive with the exception of Article 21. That AIFM shall however ensure that one or more entities are appointed to carry out the duties referred to in Article 21(7), (8) and (9). The AIFM shall not perform those functions. The AIFM shall provide its supervisory authorities with information about the identity of those entities responsible for carrying out the duties referred to in Article 21(7), (8) and (9);	Regs 50 & 57(4)(a) & (5) AIFMR	
	(b) appropriate cooperation arrangements for the purpose of systemic risk oversight and in line with international standards are in place between the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM and the supervisory authorities of the third country where the non-EU AIF is established in order to ensure an efficient exchange of information that allows the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM to carry out their duties in accordance with this Directive;	Regs 50 & 57(4)(b) AIFMR	
	(c) the third country where the non-EU AIF is established is not listed as a Non-Cooperative Country and Territory by FATF.	Regs 50 & 57(4)(c) AIFMR	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	2. Member States may impose stricter rules on the AIFM in respect of the marketing of units or shares of non-EU AIFs to investors in their territory for the purpose of this Article.	No transposition required	
	3. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in paragraph 1 in order to design a common framework to facilitate the establishment of those cooperation arrangements with third countries.	No transposition required	
	4. In order to ensure uniform application of this Article, ESMA shall develop guidelines to determine the conditions of application of the measures adopted by the Commission regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in paragraph 1.	No transposition required	
Article 37 (authorisation of non-EU AIFMs)	1. Member States shall require that non-EU AIFMs intending to manage EU AIFs and/or to market AIFs managed by them in the Union in accordance with Article 39 or 40 acquire prior authorisation by the competent authorities of their Member State of reference in accordance with this Article.	s.19 FSMA, art.51ZC&51ZF and Sch.8 RAO (inserted by para 1(12) Sch.2 AIFMR, as amended by reg.81(2)&(3) AIFMR)	
	2. A non-EU AIFM intending to obtain prior authorisation as referred to in paragraph 1 shall comply with this Directive, with the exception of Chapter VI. If and to the extent that compliance with a provision of this Directive is incompatible with compliance with the law to which the non-EU AIFM and/or the non-EU AIF marketed in the Union is subject, there shall be no obligation on the AIFM to comply with that provision of this Directive if it can demonstrate that:	Regs 5(3)(b) and 5A(4) AIFMR (reg.5A inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	TBC (on an ongoing basis – HMT regulations deal with the position at the point of application)
	(a) it is impossible to combine such compliance with compliance with a mandatory provision in the law to which the non-EU AIFM and/or the non-EU AIF marketed in the Union is subject;	Reg 5A(4)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	TBC (on an ongoing basis – HMT regulations deal with the position at the point of application)

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	(b) the law to which the non-EU AIFM and/or the non-EU AIF is subject provides for an equivalent rule having the same regulatory purpose and offering the same level of protection to the investors of the relevant AIF; and	Reg 5A(4)(b) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	TBC (on an ongoing basis – HMT regulations deal with the position at the point of application)
	(c) the non-EU AIFM and/or the non-EU AIF complies with the equivalent rule referred to in point (b).	Reg 5A(4)(c) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	TBC (on an ongoing basis – HMT regulations deal with the position at the point of application)
	3. A non-EU AIFM intending to obtain prior authorisation as referred to in paragraph 1 shall have a legal representative established in its Member State of reference. The legal representative shall be the contact point of the AIFM in the Union and any official correspondence between the competent authorities and the AIFM and between the EU investors of the relevant AIF and the AIFM as set out in this Directive shall take place through that legal representative. The legal representative shall perform the compliance function relating to the management and marketing activities performed by the AIFM under this Directive together with the AIFM.	Reg 5A(3)(b) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	TBC (on an ongoing basis – HMT regulations deal with the position at the point of application)
	4. The Member State of reference of a non-EU AIFM shall be determined as follows:	No transposition required	
	(a) if the non-EU AIFM intends to manage only one EU AIF, or several EU AIFs established in the same Member State, and does not intend to market any AIF in accordance with Article 39 or 40 in the Union, the home Member State of that or those AIFs is deemed to be the Member State of reference and the competent authorities of this Member State will be competent for the authorisation procedure and for the supervision of the AIFM;	No transposition required	
	(b) if the non-EU AIFM intends to manage several EU AIFs established in different Member States and does not intend to market any AIF in accordance with Article 39 or 40 in the Union, the Member State of reference is either:	No transposition required	
	(i) the Member State where most of the AIFs are established; or	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	(ii) the Member State where the largest amount of assets is being managed;	No transposition required	
	(c) if the non-EU AIFM intends to market only one EU AIF in only one Member State, the Member State of reference is determined as follows:	No transposition required	
	(i) if the AIF is authorised or registered in a Member State, the home Member State of the AIF or the Member State where the AIFM intends to market the AIF;	No transposition required	
	(ii) if the AIF is not authorised or registered in a Member State, the Member State where the AIFM intends to market the AIF;	No transposition required	
	(d) if the non-EU AIFM intends to market only one non-EU AIF in only one Member State, the Member State of reference is that Member State;	No transposition required	
	(e) if the non-EU AIFM intends to market only one EU AIF, but in different Member States, the Member State of reference is determined as follows:	No transposition required	
	(i) if the AIF is authorised or registered in a Member State, the home Member State of the AIF or one of the Member States where the AIFM intends to develop effective marketing; or	No transposition required	
	(ii) if the AIF is not authorised or registered in a Member State, one of the Member States where the AIFM intends to develop effective marketing;	No transposition required	
	(f) if the non-EU AIFM intends to market only one non-EU AIF, but in different Member States, the Member State of reference is one of those Member States;	No transposition required	
	(g) if the non-EU AIFM intends to market several EU AIFs in the Union, the Member State of reference is determined as follows:	No transposition required	
	(i) in so far as those AIFs are all registered or authorised in the same Member State, the home Member State of those AIFs or the Member State where the AIFM intends to develop effective marketing for most of those AIFs;	No transposition required	
	(ii) in so far as those AIFs are not all registered or authorised in the same Member State, the Member State where the AIFM intends to develop effective marketing for most of those AIFs;	No transposition required	
	(h) if the non-EU AIFM intends to market several EU and non-EU AIFs, or several non-EU AIFs in the Union, the Member State of reference is the Member State where it intends to develop effective marketing for most of those AIFs.	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	In accordance with the criteria set out in points (b), (c)(i), (e), (f), and (g)(i) of the first subparagraph, more than one Member State of reference is possible. In such cases, Member States shall require that the non-EU AIFM intending to manage EU AIFs without marketing them and/or market AIFs managed by it in the Union in accordance with Article 39 or 40 submit a request to the competent authorities of all of the Member States that are possible Member States of reference in accordance with the criteria set out in those points, to determine its Member State of reference from among them. Those competent authorities shall jointly decide the Member State of reference for the non-EU AIFM, within 1 month of receipt of such request. The competent authorities of the Member State that is appointed as Member State of reference shall, without undue delay, inform the non-EU AIFM of that appointment. If the non-EU AIFM is not duly informed of the decision made by the relevant competent authorities within 7 days of the decision or if the relevant competent authorities have not made a decision within the 1-month period, the non-EU AIFM may itself choose its Member State of reference based on the criteria set out in this paragraph.	Reg. 5A(1)&(2) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R). Also Implementing Regulation (EU) No. 448/2013.	
	The AIFM shall be able to prove its intention to develop effective marketing in a particular Member State by disclosure of its marketing strategy to the competent authorities of the Member State indicated by it.	No transposition required due to Implementing Regulation (EU) No. 448/2013	
	5. Member States shall require that a non-EU AIFM intending to manage EU AIFs without marketing them and/or to market AIFs managed by it in the Union in accordance with Article 39 or 40 submit a request for authorisation to its Member State of reference.	s.19 FSMA, art.51ZC&51ZF and Sch.8 RAO (inserted by para 1(12) Sch.2 AIFMR, as amended by reg.81(2)&(3) AIFMR)	
	After receiving the application for authorisation, the competent authorities shall assess whether the determination by the AIFM as regards its Member State of reference complies with the criteria laid down in paragraph 4. If the competent authorities consider that this is not the case, they shall refuse the authorisation request of the non-EU AIFM explaining the reasons for their refusal. If the competent authorities consider that the criteria of paragraph 4 have been complied with, they shall notify ESMA, requesting advice on their assessment. In their notification to ESMA, the competent authorities shall provide ESMA with the justification by the AIFM of its assessment regarding the Member State of reference and with information on the marketing strategy of the AIFM.	Reg.5A(3)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R) & reg.8A(3) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
		AIFM(A)R)	
	Within 1 month of having received the notification referred to in the second subparagraph, ESMA shall issue advice to the relevant competent authorities about their assessment on the Member State of reference in accordance with the criteria set out in paragraph 4. ESMA shall issue a negative advice only if it considers that the criteria set out in paragraph 4 have not been complied with.	No transposition required	
	The term referred to in Article 8(5) shall be suspended during ESMA's deliberation in accordance with this paragraph.	Reg 5A(5) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	If the competent authorities propose to grant authorisation contrary to ESMA's advice referred to in the third subparagraph they shall inform ESMA, stating their reasons. ESMA shall publish the fact that the competent authorities do not comply or intend to comply with its advice. ESMA may also decide, on a case-by-case basis, to publish the reasons provided by the competent authorities for not complying with that advice. The competent authorities shall receive advance notice about such a publication.	Reg. 5A(8)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	If the competent authorities propose to grant authorisation contrary to ESMA's advice referred to in the third subparagraph and the AIFM intends to market units or shares of AIFs managed by it in Member States other than the Member State of reference, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall also inform the competent authorities of those Member States thereof, stating their reasons. In so far as applicable, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall also inform the competent authorities of the home Member States of the AIFs managed by the AIFM thereof, stating their reasons.	Reg.5A(8)(b) and (c) AIFMR (inserted by rpara 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	6. Where a competent authority of a Member State disagrees with the determination of the Member State of reference by the AIFM, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to the ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	7. Without prejudice to paragraph 8, no authorisation shall be granted unless the following additional conditions are met:	Reg.5A(3) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(a) the Member State of reference is indicated by the AIFM in accordance with the criteria set out in paragraph 4 and supported by the disclosure of the marketing strategy, and the procedure set out in paragraph 5 has been	Reg.5A(3)(a) AIFMR (inserted	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	followed by the relevant competent authorities;	by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R) and reg.8A(3)&(4) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(b) the AIFM has appointed a legal representative established in the Member State of reference;	Reg.5A(3)(b) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(c) the legal representative shall, together with the AIFM, be the contact person of the non-EU AIFM for the investors of the relevant AIFs, for ESMA and for the competent authorities as regards the activities for which the AIFM is authorised in the Union and shall at least be sufficiently equipped to perform the compliance function pursuant to this Directive;	Reg.5A(3)(b) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(d) appropriate cooperation arrangements are in place between the competent authorities of the Member State of reference, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the EU AIFs concerned and the supervisory authorities of the third country where the non-EU AIFM is established in order to ensure at least an efficient exchange of information that allows the competent authorities to carry out their duties in accordance with this Directive;	Reg.5A(3)(c) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(e) the third country where the non-EU AIFM is established is not listed as a Non-Cooperative Country and Territory by FATF;	Reg.5A(3)(d) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(f) the third country where the non-EU AIFM is established has signed an agreement with the Member State of reference, which fully complies with the standards laid down in Article 26 of the OECD Model Tax Convention on Income and on Capital and ensures an effective exchange of information in tax matters, including any multilateral tax agreements;	Reg.5A(3)(e) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(g) the effective exercise by the competent authorities of their supervisory functions under this Directive is neither prevented by the laws, regulations or administrative provisions of a third country governing the AIFM, nor by	Reg.5A(3)(f) AIFMR (inserted	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	limitations in the supervisory and investigatory powers of that third country's supervisory authorities.	by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	Where a competent authority of another Member State disagrees with the assessment made on the application of points (a) to (e) and (g) of this paragraph by the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to the ESMA, which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	Where a competent authority of an EU AIF does not enter into the required cooperation arrangements as set out in point (d) of the first subparagraph within a reasonable period of time, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference may refer the matter to the ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	8. The authorisation shall be given in accordance with Chapter II which shall apply mutatis mutandis subject to the following criteria:	Reg.5 AIFMR (as amended by para 2(4) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	TBC
	(a) the information referred to in Article 7(2) shall be supplemented by:		TBC
	(i) a justification by the AIFM of its assessment regarding the Member State of reference in accordance with the criteria set out in paragraph 4 with information on the marketing strategy;		TBC
	(ii) a list of the provisions of this Directive for which compliance by the AIFM is impossible as compliance by the AIFM with those provisions is, in accordance with paragraph 2, incompatible with compliance with a mandatory provision in the law to which the non-EU AIFM or the non-EU AIF marketed in the Union is subject;		TBC
	(iii) written evidence based on the regulatory technical standards developed by ESMA that the relevant third country law provides for a rule equivalent to the provisions for which compliance is impossible, which has the same regulatory purpose and offers the same level of protection to the investors of the relevant AIFs and that the AIFM complies with that equivalent rule; such written evidence being supported by a legal opinion on the existence of the relevant incompatible mandatory provision in the law of the third country and including a description of the regulatory purpose and the nature of the investor protection pursued by it; and		TBC
	(iv) the name of the legal representative of the AIFM and the place where it is established;		TBC

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	(b) the information referred to in Article 7(3) may be limited to the EU AIFs the AIFM intends to manage and to those AIFs managed by the AIFM that it intends to market in the Union with a passport;		TBC
	(c) point (a) of Article 8(1) shall be without prejudice to paragraph 2 of this Article;	Reg.5A(4) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(d) point (e) of Article 8(1) shall not apply;	Para 2B Sch.6 FSMA (amended by para 1(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(e) the second subparagraph of Article 8(5) shall be read as including a reference to "the information referred to in point (a) of Article 37(8)".	Reg.5A(6) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	Where a competent authority of another Member State disagrees with the authorisation granted by the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to the ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	9. In case the competent authorities of the Member State of reference consider that the AIFM may rely on paragraph 2 to be exempted from compliance with certain provisions of this Directive, they shall, without undue delay, notify ESMA thereof. They shall support this assessment by the information provided by the AIFM in accordance with points (a)(ii) and (iii) of paragraph 8.	Reg.8A(5)&(6) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	Within 1 month of receipt of the notification referred to in the first subparagraph, ESMA shall issue advice to the competent authorities about the application of the exemption for compliance with this Directive caused by the incompatibility in accordance with paragraph 2. The advice may, in particular, address whether the conditions for such exemption appear to be met based on the information provided by the AIFM in accordance with points (a)(ii) and (iii) of paragraph 8 and on the regulatory technical standards on equivalence. ESMA shall seek to build a common European supervisory culture and consistent supervisory practices and ensure consistent approaches among competent authorities in relation to the application of this paragraph.	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	The term referred to in Article 8(5) shall be suspended during the ESMA review in accordance with this paragraph.	Reg.5A(5) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(5) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	If the competent authorities of the Member State of reference propose to grant authorisation contrary to ESMA's advice referred to in the second subparagraph they shall inform ESMA, stating their reasons.	Reg 8A(7)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	ESMA shall publish the fact that the competent authorities do not comply or intend to comply with that advice. ESMA may also decide, on a case-by-case basis, to publish the reasons provided by the competent authorities for not complying with that advice. The competent authorities concerned shall receive advance notice of such publication.	No transposition required	
	If the competent authorities propose to grant authorisation contrary to the ESMA advice referred to in the second subparagraph and the AIFM intends to market units or shares of AIFs managed by it in Member States other than the Member State of reference, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall also inform the competent authorities of those Member States thereof, stating their reasons.	Reg.8A(7)(b) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	Where a competent authority of another Member State disagrees with the assessment made on the application of this paragraph by the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to the ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	10. The competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall, without undue delay, inform ESMA of the outcome of the initial authorisation process, about any changes in the authorisation of the AIFM and any withdrawal of authorisation.	Reg.8A(1)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	The competent authorities shall inform ESMA about the applications for authorisation that they have rejected, providing data about the AIFM having asked for authorisation and the reasons for the rejection.	Reg.8A(1)(b) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	ESMA shall keep a central register of those data, which shall be at the disposal of competent authorities, on request.	No transposition required	
	Competent authorities shall treat this information as confidential.	s.348 FSMA	
	11. The determination of the Member State of reference shall not be affected by the further business development of the AIFM in the Union. However, where the AIFM changes its marketing strategy within 2 years of its initial authorisation, and that change would have affected the determination of the Member State of reference if the modified marketing strategy had been the initial marketing strategy, the AIFM shall notify the competent authorities of the original Member State of reference of the change before implementing it and indicate its Member State of reference in accordance with the criteria set out in paragraph 4 and based on the new strategy. The AIFM shall justify its assessment by disclosing its new marketing strategy to its original Member State of reference. At the same time the AIFM shall provide information on its legal representative, including its name and the place where it is established. The legal representative shall be established in the new Member State of reference.		TBC
	The original Member State of reference shall assess whether the determination of the AIFM in accordance with the first subparagraph is correct and shall notify ESMA thereof.	Reg.8(3)(b) & (4)(a) AIFMR (as substituted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	ESMA shall issue advice on the assessment made by the competent authorities.	No transposition required	
	In their notification to ESMA, the competent authorities shall provide the AIFM's justification of its assessment regarding the Member State of reference and information on the AIFM's new marketing strategy.	Reg.8(4)(b) AIFMR (as substituted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	Within 1 month of receipt of the notification referred to in the second subparagraph, ESMA shall issue advice to the relevant competent authorities about their assessment. ESMA shall issue a negative advice only where it considers that the criteria set out in paragraph 4 have not been complied with.	No transposition required	
	After receipt of ESMA's advice in accordance with the third subparagraph, the competent authorities of the original Member State of reference shall inform the non-EU AIFM, its original legal representative and ESMA of their decision.	Reg.8(5) AIFMR (as substituted by para 2(6) Sch.1	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
		AIFM(A)R)	
	Where the competent authorities of the original Member State of reference agree with the assessment made by the AIFM, they shall also inform the competent authorities of the new Member State of reference of the change. The original Member State of reference shall, without undue delay, transfer a copy of the authorisation and the supervision file relating to the AIFM to the new Member State of reference. From the date of transmission of the authorisation and supervision file, the competent authorities of the new Member State of reference shall be competent for authorising and supervising the AIFM.	Reg.8(6),(7)&(9) AIFMR (as substituted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	Where the competent authorities' final assessment is contrary to ESMA's advice referred to in the third subparagraph:	Reg.8(8) AIFMR (as substituted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(a) the competent authorities shall inform ESMA thereof, stating reasons.	Reg.8(8)(a) AIFMR (as substituted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	ESMA shall publish the fact that the competent authorities do not comply, or intend not to comply, with its advice. ESMA may also decide, on a case-by-case basis, to publish the reasons for non-compliance provided by the competent authorities. The competent authorities concerned shall receive advance notice of such publication;	No transposition required	
	(b) where the AIFM markets units or shares of AIFs managed by it in Member States other than the original Member State of reference, the competent authorities of the original Member State of reference shall inform the competent authorities of those other Member States thereof, stating reasons. Where applicable, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall also inform the competent authorities of the home Member States of the AIFs managed by the AIFM thereof, stating reasons.	Reg.8(8)(b)&(c) AIFMR (as substituted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	12. Where it appears from the actual course of the business development of the AIFM in the Union within 2 years after its authorisation that the marketing strategy as presented by the AIFM at the time of its authorisation was not followed, the AIFM made false statements in relation thereto or the AIFM has failed to comply with paragraph 11 when changing its marketing strategy, the competent authorities of the original Member State of reference shall request that the AIFM indicate the Member State of reference based on its actual marketing strategy. The procedure set out in paragraph 11 shall apply mutatis mutandis. If the AIFM does not comply with the competent	Reg.8(1),(2)&(3)(a) AIFMR (as substituted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	TBC (for any elements of para 11 implemented in rules that are also needed in respect of para 12)

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	authorities' request, they shall withdraw its authorisation.		
	Where the AIFM changes its marketing strategy after the period referred to in paragraph 11 and intends to change its Member State of reference on the basis of its new marketing strategy, it may submit a request to change its Member State of reference to the competent authorities of the original Member State of reference. The procedure referred to in paragraph 11 shall apply mutatis mutandis.	Reg.8(3)(c) AIFMR (as substituted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	TBC (for any elements of para 11 implemented in rules that are also needed in respect of para 12)
	Where a competent authority of a Member State disagrees with the assessment made on the determination of the Member State of reference under paragraph 11 or under this paragraph, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to the ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	13. Any disputes arising between the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM and the AIFM shall be settled in accordance with the law of and subject to the jurisdiction of the Member State of reference.	No transposition required	
	Any disputes between the AIFM or the AIF and EU investors of the relevant AIF shall be settled in accordance with the law of and subject to the jurisdiction of a Member State.		TBC
	14. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts with a view to specifying the procedure to be followed by the possible Member States of reference when determining the Member State of reference from among those Member States in accordance with the second subparagraph of paragraph 4. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 59(2).	No transposition required	
	15. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in point (d) of paragraph 7 in order to design a common framework to facilitate the establishment of those cooperation arrangements with third countries.	No transposition required	
	16. In order to ensure uniform application of this Article, ESMA may develop guidelines to determine the conditions of application of the measures adopted by the Commission regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in point (d) of paragraph 7.	No transposition required	
	17. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to determine the minimum content of the cooperation arrangements referred to in point (d) of paragraph 7 so as to ensure that the competent authorities of the Member	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	State of reference and the competent authorities of the host Member States receive sufficient information in order to be able to exercise their supervisory and investigatory powers under this Directive.		
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	18. In order to ensure consistent harmonisation of this Article, ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the procedures for coordination and exchange of information between the competent authority of the Member State of reference and the competent authorities of the host Member States of the AIFM.	No transposition required	
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	19. In case a competent authority rejects a request to exchange information in accordance with the regulatory technical standards referred to in paragraph 17, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to ESMA, which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	20. In accordance with Article 29 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, ESMA shall promote an effective bilateral and multilateral exchange of information between the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the non-EU AIFM and the competent authorities of the host Member States of the AIFM concerned, with full respect for the applicable confidentiality and data protection provisions provided for in the relevant Union legislation.	No transposition required	
	21. In accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, ESMA shall fulfil a general coordination role between the competent authority of the Member State of reference of the non-EU AIFM and the competent authorities of the host Member States of the AIFM concerned. In particular, ESMA may:	No transposition required	
	(a) facilitate the exchange of information between the competent authorities concerned;	No transposition required	
	(b) determine the scope of the information that the competent authority of the Member State of reference must provide to the competent authorities of the host Member States concerned;	No transposition required	
	(c) take all appropriate measures in case of developments which may jeopardise the functioning of the financial markets with a view to facilitating the coordination of actions undertaken by the competent authority of the Member State of reference and the competent authorities of the host Member States in relation to non-EU AIFMs.	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	22. In order to ensure uniform conditions of application of this Article, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to determine the form and content of the request referred to in the second subparagraph of paragraph 12.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	23. In order to ensure the uniform application of this Article, ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards on the following:	No transposition required	
	(a) the manner in which an AIFM must comply with the requirements laid down in this Directive, taking into account that the AIFM is established in a third country and, in particular, the presentation of the information required in Articles 22 to 24;	No transposition required	
	(b) the conditions under which the law to which a non-EU AIFM or a non-EU AIF is subject is considered to provide for an equivalent rule having the same regulatory purpose and offering the same level of protection to the relevant investors.	No transposition required	
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
Article 38 (Peer review re non-EU AIFMs)	1. ESMA shall, on an annual basis, conduct a peer review analysis of the supervisory activities of the competent authorities in relation to the authorisation and the supervision of non-EU AIFMs under Articles 37, 39, 40 and 41, to further enhance consistency in supervisory outcomes, in accordance with Article 30 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	2. By 22 July 2013, ESMA shall develop methods to allow for objective assessment and comparison between the authorities reviewed.	No transposition required	
	3. In particular, the peer review analysis shall include an assessment of:	No transposition required	
	(a) the degree of convergence in supervisory practices achieved in the authorisation and supervision of non-EU AIFMs;	No transposition required	
	(b) the extent to which the supervisory practice achieves the objectives set out in this Directive;	No transposition required	
	(c) the effectiveness and the degree of convergence achieved with regard to the enforcement of this Directive and	No transposition required	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	its implementing measures and the regulatory and implementing technical standards developed by ESMA pursuant to this Directive, including administrative measures and penalties imposed against non-EU AIFMs where this Directive has not been complied with.		
	4. On the basis of the conclusions of the peer review, ESMA may issue guidelines and recommendations pursuant to Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, with a view to establishing consistent, efficient and effective supervisory practices of non-EU AIFMs.	No transposition required	
	5. The competent authorities shall make every effort to comply with those guidelines and recommendations.	s.354A FSMA	
	6. Within 2 months of the issuance of a guideline or recommendation, each competent authority shall confirm whether it complies or intends to comply with that guideline or recommendation. In the event that a competent authority does not comply or intend to comply, it shall inform ESMA, stating its reasons.	s.354A FSMA	
	7. ESMA shall publish the fact that a competent authority does not comply or intend to comply with that guideline or recommendation. ESMA may also decide, on a case-by-case basis, to publish the reasons provided by the competent authority for not complying with that guideline or recommendation. The competent authority shall receive advance notice of such a publication.	No transposition required	
	8. In the report referred to in Article 43(5) of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, ESMA shall inform the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission of the guidelines and recommendations issued pursuant to this Article, stating which competent authorities have not complied with them, and outlining how ESMA intends to ensure that those competent authorities comply with its recommendations and guidelines in the future.	No transposition required	
	9. The Commission shall duly take those reports into account in its review of this Directive in accordance with Article 69 and in any subsequent evaluation that it conducts.	No transposition required	
	10. ESMA shall make the best practices that can be identified from peer reviews publicly available. In addition, all other results of peer reviews may be made public, subject to the agreement of the competent authority being the subject of the peer review.	No transposition required	
Article 39 (marketing with a passport of EU AIFs managed by a non-EU	1. Member States shall ensure that a duly authorised non-EU AIFM may market the units or shares of an EU AIF if it manages to professional investors in the Union with a passport as soon as the conditions laid down in this Article are met.	Regs 49, 50 & 54 of AIFMR and amendments to secondary legislation at paras 5 & 19 Sch.2	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
AIFM)		AIFMR	
	2. In case the AIFM intends to market units or shares of the EU AIF in its Member State of reference, the AIFM shall submit a notification to the competent authorities of its Member State of reference in respect of each EU AIF that it intends to market.	Regs 50 & 54(1) and (2) AIFMR (as amended by para 2(11) and (12) AIFM(A)R)	
	That notification shall comprise the documentation and information set out in Annex III.		TBC
	3. No later than 20 working days after receipt of a complete notification pursuant to paragraph 2, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall inform the AIFM whether it may start marketing the AIF identified in the notification referred to in paragraph 2 in its territory. The competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM may prevent the marketing of the AIF only if the AIFM's management of the AIF does not or will not comply with this Directive or if the AIFM otherwise does not or will not comply with this Directive. In the case of a positive decision, the AIFM may start marketing the AIF in its Member State of reference as of the date of the notification by the competent authorities to that effect.	Regs 50 and 54(3), (5)(a)&(8) AIFMR	
	The competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall also inform ESMA and the competent authorities of the AIF that the AIFM may start marketing units or shares of the AIF in the Member State of reference of the AIFM.	Reg.8A(8)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R) and reg.54(5)(b) AIFMR	
	4. In case the AIFM intends to market units or shares of the EU AIF in Member States other than its Member State of reference, the AIFM shall submit a notification to the competent authorities of its Member State of reference in respect of each EU AIF that it intends to market.	Para 20C(2) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	That notification shall comprise the documentation and information set out in Annex IV.		TBC
	5. The competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall, no later than 20 working days after the date of receipt of the complete notification file referred to in paragraph 4, transmit the complete notification file to the competent authorities of the Member States where the units or shares of the AIF are intended to be marketed. Such transmission shall be effected only if the AIFM's management of the AIF complies and will continue to comply with this Directive and if the AIFM otherwise complies with this Directive.	Para 20C(5)(a) & (6) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	The competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall enclose a statement to the effect that the AIFM concerned is authorised to manage AIFs with a particular investment strategy.	Para 20C(7) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	6. Upon transmission of the notification file, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall, without delay, notify the AIFM about the transmission. The AIFM may start marketing the AIF in the relevant host Member States as of the date of that notification.	Para 20C(9) & (10) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	The competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall also inform ESMA and the competent authorities of the AIF that the AIFM may start marketing the units or shares of the AIF in the host Member States of the AIFM.	Reg.8A(8)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R) and para 20C(8) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	7. The arrangements referred to in point (h) of Annex IV shall be subject to the laws and supervision of the host Member States of the AIFM.	No transposition required	
	8. Member States shall ensure that the notification letter by the AIFM referred to in paragraph 4 and the statement	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	referred to in paragraph 5 are provided in a language customary in the sphere of international finance.		
	Member States shall ensure that electronic transmission and filing of the documents referred to in paragraph 6 are accepted by their competent authorities.	Para 20C(3) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	9. In the event of a material change to any of the particulars communicated in accordance with paragraph 2 and/or 4, the AIFM shall give written notice of that change to the competent authorities of its Member State of reference at least 1 month before implementing a planned change, or immediately after an unplanned change has occurred.	Reg 55(1) of AIFMR & reg.17A(3)-(5) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If, pursuant to a planned change, the AIFM's management of the AIF would no longer comply with this Directive or the AIFM would otherwise no longer comply with this Directive, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall inform the AIFM, without undue delay, that it is not to implement the change.	Reg 55(2) AIFMR & reg.17A(6) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If a planned change is implemented notwithstanding the first and second subparagraphs or if an unplanned change has taken place pursuant to which the AIFM's management of the AIF no longer complies with this Directive or the AIFM otherwise no longer complies with this Directive, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall take all due measures in accordance with Article 46, including, if necessary, the express prohibition of marketing of the AIF.	Reg 55(3)&(4) AIFMR & reg.17A(7) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If the changes are acceptable because they do not affect compliance of the AIFM's management of the AIF with this Directive, or compliance by the AIFM with this Directive otherwise, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall, without delay, inform ESMA in so far as the changes concern the termination of the marketing of certain AIFs or additional AIFs being marketed and, in so far as applicable, the competent authorities of the host Member States of those changes.	Reg. 8A(8)(b) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R) and reg.17A(8) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
		AIFMR)	
	10. In order to ensure uniform conditions of application of this Article, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to determine:	No transposition required	
	(a) the form and content of a model for the notification letter referred to in paragraphs 2 and 4;	No transposition required	
	(b) the form and content of a model for the statement referred to in paragraph 5;	No transposition required	
	(c) the form of the transmission referred to in paragraph 5; and	No transposition required	
	(d) the form of the written notice referred to in paragraph 9.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	11. Without prejudice to Article 43(1), Member States shall require that the AIFs managed and marketed by the AIFM be marketed only to professional investors.	Reg.46 AIFMR	
Article 40 (marketing with a passport of non-EU AIFs managed by a non-EU AIFM)	1. Member States shall ensure that a duly authorised non-EU AIFM may market units or shares of a non-EU AIF it manages to professional investors in the Union with a passport as soon as the conditions laid down in this Article are met.	Regs 49, 50 & 54 of AIFMR and amendments to secondary legislation at paras 5 & 19 Sch.2 AIFMR	
	2. In addition to the requirements in this Directive in relation to EU-AIFMs, for non-EU AIFMs the following conditions shall be met:	Para 20C(5)(b) FSMA (as amended by para 1(5)(g) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R) and reg.54(9) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(12)(b) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	(a) appropriate cooperation arrangements are in place between the competent authorities of the Member State of reference and the supervisory authority of the third country where the non-EU AIF is established in order to ensure at least an efficient exchange of information that allows the competent authorities to carry out their duties in accordance with this Directive;	Para 20C(5)(b) FSMA (as amended by para 1(5)(g) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R and reg.54(9) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(12)(b) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(b) the third country where the non-EU AIF is established is not listed as a Non-Cooperative Country and Territory by FATF;	Para 20C(5)(b) FSMA (as amended by para 1(5)(g) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R and reg.54(9) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(12)(b) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	(c) the third country where the non-EU AIF is established has signed an agreement with the Member State of reference and with each other Member State in which the units or shares of the non-EU AIF are intended to be marketed which fully complies with the standards laid down in Article 26 of the OECD Model Tax Convention on Income and on Capital and ensures an effective exchange of information in tax matters including any multilateral tax agreements.	Para 20C(5)(b) FSMA (as amended by para 1(5)(g) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R and reg.54(9) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(12)(b) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	Where a competent authority of another Member State disagrees with the assessment made on the application of points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph by the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to the ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	3. The AIFM shall submit a notification to the competent authorities of its Member State of reference in respect of each non-EU AIF that it intends to market in its Member State of reference.	Regs 50 & 54(1) and (2) AIFMR (as amended by para	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
		2(11) and (12) AIFM(A)R)	
	That notification shall comprise the documentation and information set out in Annex III.		TBC
	4. No later than 20 working days after receipt of a complete notification pursuant to paragraph 3, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall inform the AIFM whether it may start marketing the AIF identified in the notification referred to in paragraph 3 in its territory. The competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM may prevent the marketing of the AIF only if the AIFM's management of the AIF does not or will not comply with this Directive or the AIFM otherwise does not or will not comply with this Directive. In the case of a positive decision, the AIFM may start marketing the AIF in its Member State of reference from the date of the notification by the competent authorities to that effect.	Regs 50 and 54(3), (5)(a)&(8) AIFMR	
	The competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall also inform ESMA that the AIFM may start marketing units or shares of the AIF in the Member State of reference of the AIFM.	Reg.8A(8)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	5. If the AIFM intends to market the units or shares of a non-EU AIF also in Member States other than its Member State of reference, the AIFM shall submit a notification to the competent authorities of its Member State of reference in respect of each non-EU AIF that it intends to market.	Para 20C(2) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	That notification shall comprise the documentation and information set out in Annex IV.		TBC
	6. The competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall, no later than 20 working days after the date of receipt of the complete notification file referred to in paragraph 5, transmit the complete notification file to the competent authorities of the Member States where the units or shares of the AIF are intended to be marketed. Such transmission shall occur only if the AIFM's management of the AIF complies and will continue to comply with this Directive and that in general the AIFM complies with this Directive.	Para 20C(5)(a)&(b) and (6) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	The competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall enclose a statement to the effect that the AIFM concerned is authorised to manage AIFs with a particular investment strategy.	Para 20C(7) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by	

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		para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	7. Upon transmission of the notification file, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall, without delay, notify the AIFM of the transmission. The AIFM may start marketing the AIF in the relevant host Member States of the AIFM as of the date of that notification.	Para 20C(9)&(10) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	The competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall also inform ESMA that the AIFM may start marketing the units or shares of the AIF in the host Member States of the AIFM.	Reg.8A(8)(a) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	8. Arrangements referred to in point (h) of Annex IV shall be subject to the laws and supervision of the host Member States of the AIFM, in so far as those Member States are different than the Member State of reference.	No transposition required	
	9. Member States shall ensure that the notification letter by the AIFM referred to in paragraph 5 and the statement referred to in paragraph 6 are provided in a language customary in the sphere of international finance.	No transposition required	
	Member States shall ensure that electronic transmission and filing of the documents referred to in paragraph 6 are accepted by their competent authorities.	Para 20C(3) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(14) Sch.1 of AIFMR	
	10. In the event of a material change to any of the particulars communicated in accordance with paragraph 3 or 5, the AIFM shall give written notice of that change to the competent authorities of the Member State of reference at least 1 month before implementing a planned change, or immediately after an unplanned change has occurred.	reg Reg 55(1) of AIFMR & reg.17A(3)-(5) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If, pursuant to a planned change, the AIFM's management of the AIF would no longer comply with this Directive,	Reg 55(2) AIFMR	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	or the AIFM would otherwise no longer comply with this Directive, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall inform the AIFM, without undue delay, that it is not to implement the change.	& reg.17A(6) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If the planned change is implemented notwithstanding the first and second subparagraphs, or if an unplanned change has taken place pursuant to which the AIFM's management of the AIF no longer complies with this Directive or the AIFM otherwise no longer complies with this Directive, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the AIFM shall take all due measures in accordance with Article 46, including, if necessary, the express prohibition of marketing of the AIF.	Reg 55(3)&(4) AIFMR & reg.17A(7) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If the changes are acceptable because they do not affect the compliance of the AIFM's management of the AIF with this Directive or the compliance by the AIFM with this Directive otherwise, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall, without delay, inform ESMA in so far as the changes concern the termination of the marketing of certain AIFs or additional AIFs being marketed and, in so far as applicable, the competent authorities of the host Member States of the AIFM of those changes.	Reg. 8A(8)(b) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R) and reg.17A(8) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	11. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in point (a) of paragraph 2 in order to design a common framework to facilitate the establishment of those cooperation arrangements with third countries.	No transposition required	
	12. In order to ensure uniform application of this Article, ESMA may develop guidelines to determine the conditions of application of the measures adopted by the Commission regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in point (a) of paragraph 2.	No transposition required	
	13. ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to determine the minimum content of the cooperation arrangements referred to in point (a) of paragraph 2 so as to ensure that the competent authorities of the Member State of reference and the competent authorities of the host Member States receive sufficient information in order to be able to exercise their supervisory and investigatory powers under this Directive.	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	14. In order to ensure consistent harmonisation of this Article, ESMA shall develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the procedures for coordination and exchange of information between the competent authority of the Member State of reference and the competent authorities of the host Member States of the AIFM.	No transposition required	
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	15. In case a competent authority rejects a request to exchange information in accordance with the regulatory technical standards referred to in paragraph 14, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to ESMA, which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	16. In order to ensure uniform conditions of application of this Article, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to determine:	No transposition required	
	(a) the form and content of a model for the notification letter referred to in paragraphs 3 and 5;	No transposition required	
	(b) the form and content of a model for the statement referred to in paragraph 6;	No transposition required	
	(c) the form of the transmission referred to in paragraph 6; and	No transposition required	
	(d) the form of the written notice referred to in paragraph 10.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	17. Without prejudice to Article 43(1), Member States shall require that the AIFs managed and marketed by the AIFM be marketed only to professional investors.	Reg.46 AIFMR	
Article 41 (non-EU AIFMs managing	1. Member States shall ensure that an authorised non-EU AIFM may manage EU AIFs established in a Member State other than its Member State of reference either directly or via the establishment of a branch, provided that the AIFM is authorised to manage that type of AIF.	Sch.3 FSMA (as amended by para 34 Sch.1 AIFMR and para 1(5) Sch.1	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
AIFs)		AIFM(A)R), in particular paras 12-15 and 19&20 Sch.3 FSMA	
	2. Any non-EU AIFM intending to manage EU AIFs established in another Member State than its Member State of reference for the first time shall communicate the following information to the competent authorities of its Member State of reference:	Paras 19(1),(2)&(15) and 20(1)&(6) Sch.3 FSMA	
	(a) the Member State in which it intends to manage AIFs directly or establish a branch;		TBC
	(b) a programme of operations stating in particular the services which it intends to perform and identifying the AIFs it intends to manage.		TBC
	3. If the non-EU AIFM intends to establish a branch, it shall provide, in addition to the information requested in paragraph 2, the following information:	Para 19(1),(2)&(15) Sch.3 FSMA	
	(a) the organisational structure of the branch;		TBC
	(b) the address in the home Member State of the AIF from which documents may be obtained;		TBC
	(c) the names and contact details of persons responsible for the management of the branch.		TBC
	4. The competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall, within 1 month of receiving the complete documentation in accordance with paragraph 2 or within 2 months of receiving the complete documentation in accordance with paragraph 3, transmit that documentation to the competent authorities of the host Member States of the AIFM. Such transmission shall occur only if the AIFM's management of the AIF complies and will continue to comply with this Directive and the AIFM otherwise complies with this Directive.	Paras 19(7BA)&(7BB) and 20(3D)&(3E) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34 (11)&(12) Sch.1 AIFMR)	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	The competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall enclose a statement to the effect that the AIFM concerned is authorised by them.	Paras 19(7BB) & 20(3D) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34 (11)&(12) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	The competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall immediately notify the AIFM about the transmission. Upon receipt of the transmission notification the AIFM may start to provide its services in the host Member States of the AIFM.	Para 19(1)&(7BB) and 20(1)&(3D) Sch.3 FSMA	
	The competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall also inform ESMA that the AIFM may start managing the AIF in the host Member States of the AIFM.	reg.8A(1)(c) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	5. The host Member States of the AIFM shall not impose any additional requirements on the AIFM concerned in respect of the matters covered by this Directive.	No transposition required	
	6. In the event of a change to any of the information communicated in accordance with paragraph 2 and, if relevant, paragraph 3, an AIFM shall give written notice of that change to the competent authorities of its Member State of reference at least 1 month before implementing a planned change, or immediately after an unplanned change has occurred.	Reg.17A(1),(2),(4) &(5) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If, pursuant to a planned change, the AIFM's management of the AIF would no longer comply with this Directive or the AIFM would otherwise no longer comply with this Directive, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall inform the AIFM without undue delay that it is not to implement the change.	Reg.17A(6) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	If a planned change is implemented notwithstanding the first and second subparagraphs or if an unplanned change has taken place pursuant to which the AIFM's management of the AIF no longer complies with this Directive or the AIFM otherwise no longer complies with this Directive, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall take all due measures in accordance with Article 46, including, if necessary, the express prohibition of marketing of the AIF.	Reg.17A(7) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	If the changes are acceptable because they do not affect the compliance of the AIFM's management of the AIF with this Directive or the compliance by the AIFM with this Directive otherwise, the competent authorities of the Member State of reference shall without undue delay inform the competent authorities of the host Member States of the AIFM of those changes.	Reg.17A(8) EPRR (inserted by para 14(5) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	7. In order to ensure consistent harmonisation of this Article, ESMA may develop draft regulatory technical standards to specify the information to be notified in accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3.	No transposition required	
	Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	8. In order to ensure uniform conditions of application of this Article, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to establish standard forms, templates and procedures for the transmission of information in accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
Article 42 (marketing without a passport of AIFs managed by a non-EU AIFM)	1. Without prejudice to Articles 37, 39 and 40, Member States may allow non-EU AIFMs to market to professional investors, in their territory only, units or shares of AIFs they manage subject at least to the following conditions:	Regs 50 & 59 AIFMR and amendments to secondary legislation at paras 5 & 19 Sch.2 AIFMR	
	(a) the non-EU AIFM complies with Articles 22, 23 and 24 in respect of each AIF marketed by it pursuant to this Article and with Articles 26 to 30 where an AIF marketed by it pursuant to this Article falls within the scope of Article 26(1). Competent authorities and AIF investors referred to in those Articles shall be deemed those of the Member States where the AIFs are marketed;	Regs 50 & 59(2)(b) & (c), (3) & (4) AIFMR	
	(b) appropriate cooperation arrangements for the purpose of systemic risk oversight and in line with international standards are in place between the competent authorities of the Member States where the AIFs are marketed, in so far as applicable, the competent authorities of the EU AIFs concerned and the supervisory authorities of the third country where the non-EU AIFM is established and, in so far as applicable, the supervisory authorities of the third country where the non-EU AIF is established in order to ensure an efficient exchange of information that allows	Regs 50 & 59(2)(d) AIFMR	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	competent authorities of the relevant Member States to carry out their duties in accordance with this Directive;		
	(c) the third country where the non-EU AIFM or the non-EU AIF is established is not listed as a Non-Cooperative Country and Territory by FATF.	Regs 50 & 59(2)(e) AIFMR	
	Where a competent authority of an EU AIF does not enter into the required cooperation arrangements as set out in point (b) of the first subparagraph within a reasonable period of time, the competent authorities of the Member State where the AIF is intended to be marketed may refer the matter to ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	2. Member States may impose stricter rules on the non-EU AIFM in respect of the marketing of units or shares of AIFs to investors in their territory for the purpose of this Article.	No transposition required	
	3. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in paragraph 1 in order to design a common framework to facilitate the establishment of those cooperation arrangements with third countries.	No transposition required	
	4. In order to ensure uniform application of this Article, ESMA shall develop guidelines to determine the conditions of application of the measures adopted by the Commission regarding the cooperation arrangements referred to in paragraph 1.	No transposition required	
Chapter VIII (marketing to retail investors)			
Article 43 (Marketing of AIFs to retail investors)	1. Without prejudice to other instruments of Union law, Member States may allow AIFMs to market to retail investors in their territory units or shares of AIFs they manage in accordance with this Directive, irrespective of whether such AIFs are marketed on a domestic or cross-border basis or whether they are EU or non-EU AIFs.	No transposition required	
	In such cases, Member States may impose stricter requirements on the AIFM or the AIF than the requirements applicable to the AIFs marketed to professional investors in their territory in accordance with this Directive. However, Member States shall not impose stricter or additional requirements on EU AIFs established in another Member State and marketed on a cross-border basis than on AIFs marketed domestically.	Reg.46 AIFMR. Amendments to s.277 and new s.277A FSMA (paras 20 & 21 Sch.1 AIFMR)	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	2. Member States that permit the marketing of AIFs to retail investors in their territory shall, by 22 July 2014, inform the Commission and ESMA of:	No transposition required	
	(a) the types of AIF which AIFMs may market to retail investors in their territory;	No transposition required	
	(b) any additional requirements that the Member State imposes for the marketing of AIFs to retail investors.	No transposition required	
	Member States shall also inform the Commission and ESMA of any subsequent changes with regard to the first subparagraph.	No transposition required	
Chapter IX (competent authorities)			
Section 1 (designation, powers and redress procedures)			
Article 44 (designation of competent authorities)	Member States shall designate the competent authorities which are to carry out the duties provided for in this Directive.	AIFMR generally	
	They shall inform ESMA and the Commission thereof, indicating any division of duties.	No transposition required	
	The competent authorities shall be public authorities.	No transposition required	
	Member States shall require that their competent authorities establish the appropriate methods to monitor that AIFMs comply with their obligations under this Directive, where relevant on the basis of guidelines developed by ESMA.	s.1L FSMA (inserted by para 3 Sch.1 AIFMR)	
Article 45 (responsibility of competent authorities)	1. The prudential supervision of an AIFM shall be the responsibility of the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM, whether the AIFM manages and/or markets AIFs in another Member State or not, without prejudice to those provisions of this Directive which confer the responsibility for supervision on the competent authorities of the host Member State of the AIFM.	No transposition required	
	2. The supervision of an AIFM's compliance with Articles 12 and 14 shall be the responsibility of the competent authorities of the host Member State of the AIFM where the AIFM manages and/or markets AIFs through a branch in that Member State.	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	3. The competent authorities of the host Member State of the AIFM may require an AIFM managing or marketing AIFs in its territory, whether or not through a branch, to provide the information necessary for the supervision of the AIFM's compliance with the applicable rules for which those competent authorities are responsible.	s.165 FSMA (as extended by reg.71(1)(a) AIFMR)	
	Those requirements shall not be more stringent than those which the host Member State of the AIFM imposes on AIFMs for which it is the home Member State for the monitoring of their compliance with the same rules.	No transposition required	
	4. Where the competent authorities of the host Member State of the AIFM ascertain that an AIFM managing and/or marketing AIFs in its territory, whether or not through a branch, is in breach of one of the rules in relation to which they have responsibility for supervising compliance, those authorities shall require the AIFM concerned to put an end to that breach and inform the competent authorities of the home Member State thereof.	s.199(3) & (3A) FSMA (as amended by para 14 Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	5. If the AIFM concerned refuses to provide the competent authorities of its host Member State with information falling under their responsibility, or fails to take the necessary steps to put an end to the breach referred to in paragraph 4, the competent authorities of its host Member State shall inform the competent authorities of its home Member State thereof. The competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM shall, at the earliest opportunity:	s.199(4) FSMA	
	(a) take all appropriate measures to ensure that the AIFM concerned provides the information requested by the competent authorities of its host Member State pursuant to paragraph 3, or puts an end to the breach referred to in paragraph 4;	Para.29(a) Sch.3 FSMA (inserted by para 34(15) Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	(b) request the necessary information from the relevant supervisory authorities in third countries.	Para.29(b) Sch.3 FSMA	
	The nature of the measures referred to in point (a) shall be communicated to the competent authorities of the host Member State of the AIFM.	Para.29(c) Sch.3 FSMA	
	6. If, despite the measures taken by the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM pursuant to paragraph 5 or because such measures prove to be inadequate or are not available in the Member State in question, the AIFM continues to refuse to provide the information requested by the competent authorities of its host Member State pursuant to paragraph 3, or persists in breaching the legal or regulatory provisions, referred to in paragraph 4, in force in its host Member State, the competent authorities of the host Member State of the AIFM may, after	s.199(5) FSMA	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	informing the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM, take appropriate measures, including those laid down in Articles 46 and 48, to prevent or penalise further irregularities and, in so far as necessary, to prevent that AIFM from initiating any further transactions in its host Member State. Where the function carried out in the host Member State of the AIFM is the management of AIFs, the host Member State may require the AIFM to cease managing those AIFs.		
	7. Where the competent authorities of the host Member State of the AIFM have clear and demonstrable grounds for believing that the AIFM is in breach of the obligations arising from rules in relation to which they have no responsibility for supervising compliance, they shall refer those findings to the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM which shall take appropriate measures, including, if necessary, request additional information from the relevant supervisory authorities in third countries.	s.55J, 195A(4) & (5) and 354A FSMA	
	8. If despite the measures taken by the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM or because such measures prove to be inadequate, or because the home Member State of the AIFM fails to act within a reasonable timeframe, the AIFM persists in acting in a manner that is clearly prejudicial to the interests of the investors of the relevant AIF, the financial stability or the integrity of the market in the host Member State of the AIFM, the competent authorities of the host Member State of the AIFM may, after informing the competent authorities of the home Member State of the AIFM, take all appropriate measures needed in order to protect the investors of the relevant AIF, the financial stability and the integrity of the market in the host Member State, including the possibility of preventing the AIFM concerned to further market the units or shares of the relevant AIF in the host Member State.	s.195A(6) – (8) FSMA (as amended by para 13 Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	9. The procedure laid down in paragraphs 7 and 8 shall also apply in the event that the competent authorities of the host Member State have clear and demonstrable grounds for disagreement with the authorisation of a non-EU AIFM by the Member State of reference.	As above. Note amendment to s.195A(12) FSMA by para 1(3) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R.	
	10. Where the competent authorities concerned disagree on any of the measures taken by a competent authority pursuant to paragraphs 4 to 9, they may bring the matter to the attention of ESMA, which may act in accordance with the powers conferred to it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	11. Where applicable, ESMA shall facilitate the negotiation and conclusion of the cooperation arrangements required by this Directive between the competent authorities of the Member States and the supervisory authorities of third countries.	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
Article 46 (powers of competent authorities)	1. Competent authorities shall be given all supervisory and investigatory powers that are necessary for the exercise of their functions. Such powers shall be exercised in any of the following ways:	Existing FSMA provisions (as extended by reg.71 AIFMR)	
	(a) directly;	No transposition required	
	(b) in collaboration with other authorities;	No transposition required	
	(c) under their responsibility by delegation to entities to which tasks have been delegated;	No transposition required	
	(d) by application to the competent judicial authorities.	Existing FSMA provisions (as extended by reg.71 AIFMR)	
	2. The competent authorities shall have the power to:		
	(a) have access to any document in any form and to receive a copy of it;	s.165 – 168 & s.171 – 175 FSMA (as extended by reg.71 AIFMR)	
	(b) require information from any person related to the activities of the AIFM or the AIF and if necessary to summon and question a person with a view to obtaining information;	s.165 – 168 & s.171 – 175 FSMA (as extended by reg.71 AIFMR)	
	(c) carry out on-site inspections with or without prior announcements;	s. 176 FSMA (as extended by reg.71 AIFMR)	
	(d) require existing telephone and existing data traffic records;	s. 168 & s.172 – 173 FSMA (as	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
		extended by reg.71 AIFMR)	
	(e) require the cessation of any practice that is contrary to the provisions adopted in the implementation of this Directive;	s.55J & 380 FSMA (as amended by para 27 Sch.1 AIFMR)	
	(f) request the freezing or the sequestration of assets;	s.380 FSMA	
	(g) request the temporary prohibition of professional activity;	s.55J & 401 FSMA, regs 19, 20 & 22 AIFMR	
	(h) require authorised AIFM, depositaries or auditors to provide information;	s.165 & s.171 – 175 FSMA (as extended by reg.71 AIFMR)	
	(i) adopt any type of measure to ensure that AIFMs or depositaries continue to comply with the requirements of this Directive applicable to them;	s.55J, 66, 165-177, 194-196, 205-206, 380, 382, 384 & 401-402 FSMA (as extended by reg.71 AIFMR where appropriate) and regs 17-20 & 22 AIFMR	
	(j) require the suspension of the issue, repurchase or redemption of units in the interest of the unit-holders or of the public;	s.55J FSMA and reg.23 AIFMR	
	(k) withdraw the authorisation granted to an AIFM or a depositary;	s.55J FSMA and regs 17-20 AIFMR	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	(l) refer matters for criminal prosecution;	s.401 & 402 FSMA	
	(m) request that auditors or experts carry out verifications or investigations.	s.165 – 168 FSMA & s.171 – 175 FSMA (as extended by reg.71 AIFMR)	
	3. Where the competent authority of the Member State of reference considers that an authorised non-EU AIFM is in breach of its obligations under this Directive, it shall notify ESMA, setting out full reasons as soon as possible.	Reg.8A(9) AIFMR (inserted by para 2(6) Sch.1 AIFM(A)R)	
	4. Member States shall ensure that the competent authorities have the powers necessary to take all measures required in order to ensure the orderly functioning of markets in those cases where the activity of one or more AIFs in the market for a financial instrument could jeopardise the orderly functioning of that market.	s.1B(1) & (3) & 1D FSMA and powers mentioned above.	
Article 47 (powers and competences of ESMA)	1. ESMA may develop and regularly review guidelines for the competent authorities of the Member States on the exercise of their authorisation powers and on the reporting obligations by the competent authorities imposed by this Directive.	No transposition required	
	ESMA shall further have the powers necessary, including those enumerated in Article 48(3), to carry out the tasks attributed to it by this Directive.	No transposition required	
	2. The obligation of professional secrecy shall apply to all persons who work or who have worked for ESMA, and for the competent authorities or for any other person to whom ESMA has delegated tasks, including auditors and experts contracted by ESMA. Information covered by professional secrecy shall not be disclosed to another person or authority except where such disclosure is necessary for legal proceedings.	No transposition required	
	3. All the information exchanged under this Directive between ESMA, the competent authorities, EBA, the European Supervisory Authority (European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority) established by Regulation (EU) No 1094/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council and the ESRB shall be considered confidential, except where ESMA or the competent authority or other authority or body concerned states at the time of communication that such information may be disclosed or where such disclosure is necessary for legal proceedings.	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	4. In accordance with Article 9 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, ESMA may, where all the conditions in paragraph 5 are met, request the competent authority or competent authorities to take any of the following measures, as appropriate:	No transposition required	
	(a) prohibit the marketing in the Union of units or shares of AIFs managed by non-EU AIFMs or of non-EU AIFs managed by EU AIFMs without the authorisation required in Article 37 or without the notification required in Articles 35, 39 and 40 or without being allowed to do so by the relevant Member States in accordance with Article 42;	No transposition required	
	(b) impose restrictions on non-EU AIFMs relating to the management of an AIF in case of excessive concentration of risk in a specific market on a cross-border basis;	No transposition required	
	(c) impose restrictions on non-EU AIFMs relating to the management of an AIF where its activities potentially constitute an important source of counterparty risk to a credit institution or other systemically relevant institutions.	No transposition required	
	5. ESMA may take a decision under paragraph 4 and subject to the requirements set out in paragraph 6 if both of the following conditions are met:	No transposition required	
	(a) a substantial threat exists, originating or aggravated by the activities of AIFMs, to the orderly functioning and integrity of the financial market or to the stability of the whole or a part of the financial system in the Union and there are cross border implications; and	No transposition required	
	(b) the relevant competent authority or competent authorities have not taken measures to address the threat or the measures that have been taken do not sufficiently address the threat.	No transposition required	
	6. The measures taken by the competent authority or competent authorities pursuant to paragraph 4 shall:	No transposition required	
	(a) effectively address the threat to the orderly functioning and the integrity of the financial market or to the stability of the whole or a part of the financial system in the Union or significantly improve the ability of competent authorities to monitor the threat;	No transposition required	
	(b) not create a risk of regulatory arbitrage;	No transposition required	
	(c) not have a detrimental effect on the efficiency of the financial markets, including reducing liquidity in those markets or creating uncertainty for market participants, in a way that is disproportionate to the benefits of the measures.	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	7. Before requesting the competent authority to take or renew any measure referred to in paragraph 4, ESMA shall consult, where appropriate, the ESRB and other relevant authorities.	No transposition required	
	8. ESMA shall notify the competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the non-EU AIFM and the competent authorities of the host Member States of the non-EU AIFM concerned of the decision to request the competent authority or competent authorities to impose or renew any measure referred to in paragraph 4. The notification shall at least specify the following details:	No transposition required	
	(a) the AIFM and the activities to which the measures apply and their duration;	No transposition required	
	(b) the reasons why ESMA is of the opinion that it is necessary to impose the measures in accordance with the conditions and requirements set out in this Article, including the evidence in support of those reasons.	No transposition required	
	9. ESMA shall review its measures referred to in paragraph 4 at appropriate intervals and in any event at least every 3 months. If a measure is not renewed after that 3-month period, it shall automatically expire. Paragraphs 5 to 8 shall apply to a renewal of measures.	No transposition required	
	10. The competent authorities of the Member State of reference of the non-EU AIFM concerned may request ESMA to reconsider its decision. The procedure set out in the second subparagraph of Article 44(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010 shall apply.	No transposition required	
Article 48 (administrative penalties)	1. Member States shall lay down the rules on measures and penalties applicable to infringements of the national provisions adopted pursuant to this Directive and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that those rules are enforced. Without prejudice to the procedures for the withdrawal of authorisation or to the right of Member States to impose criminal penalties, Member States shall ensure, in accordance with their national law, that the appropriate administrative measures can be taken or administrative penalties be imposed against the persons responsible where the provisions adopted in the implementation of this Directive have not been complied with. Member States shall ensure that those measures are effective, proportionate and dissuasive.	s.25, 56-71, 138D2, 205-211, 380-386 & 398 FSMA (as extended by regs 52, 53 & 71 AIFMR where appropriate)	
	2. Member States shall provide that the competent authorities may disclose to the public any measure or penalty that will be imposed for infringement of the provisions adopted in the implementation of this Directive, unless such disclosure would seriously jeopardise the financial markets, be detrimental to the interests of the investors or cause disproportionate damage to the parties involved.	s.201 & 391 FSMA	
	3. ESMA shall draw up an annual report on the application of administrative measures and imposition of penalties in the case of breaches of the provisions adopted in the implementation of this Directive in the different Member	No transposition required - Art.35 Regulation (EU) 1095/2010	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	States. Competent authorities shall provide ESMA with the necessary information for that purpose.		
Article 49 (right of appeal)	1. The competent authorities shall give written reasons for any decision to refuse or withdraw authorisation of AIFMs to manage and/or market AIFs, or any negative decision taken in the implementation of the measures adopted in application of this Directive, and communicate them to applicants.	Provided separately in each place a decision is provided for. Also availability of judicial review.	
	2. Member States shall provide that any decision taken under laws, regulations or administrative provisions adopted in accordance with this Directive is properly reasoned and is the subject of the right of appeal to the courts.	Provided separately in each place a decision is provided for. Also availability of judicial review.	
	That right to appeal to the courts shall apply also where, in respect of an application for authorisation which provides all the information required, no decision is taken within 6 months of the submission of the application.	Reg.5(7) AIFMR	
Section 2 (cooperation between different competent authorities)			
Article 50 (obligation to cooperate)	1. The competent authorities of the Member States shall cooperate with each other and with ESMA and the ESRB whenever necessary for the purpose of carrying out their duties under this Directive or of exercising their powers under this Directive or under national law.	s.354A FSMA	
	2. Member States shall facilitate the cooperation provided for in this Section.	s.354A FSMA	
	3. Competent authorities shall use their powers for the purpose of cooperation, even in cases where the conduct under investigation does not constitute an infringement of any regulation in force in their own Member State.	s.169, 195 & 354A FSMA	
	4. The competent authorities of the Member States shall immediately supply one another and ESMA with the information required for the purposes of carrying out their duties under this Directive.	s.354A FSMA & Art.35 Reg.(EU) 1095/2010	
	The competent authorities of the home Member State shall forward a copy of the relevant cooperation	Third country provision	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	arrangements entered into by them in accordance with Article 35, 37 and/or 40 to the host Member States of the AIFM concerned. The competent authorities of the home Member State shall, in accordance with procedures relating to the applicable regulatory technical standards referred to in Article 35(14), Article 37(17) or Article 40(14), forward the information received from third-country supervisory authorities in accordance with cooperation arrangements with such supervisory authorities in respect of an AIFM, or, where relevant, pursuant to Article 45(6) or (7), to the competent authorities of host Member State of the AIFM concerned.		
	Where a competent authority of a host Member State considers that the contents of the cooperation arrangement entered into by the home Member State of the AIFM concerned in accordance with Article 35, 37 and/or 40 does not comply with what is required pursuant to the applicable regulatory technical standards, the competent authorities concerned may refer the matter to the ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
	5. Where the competent authorities of one Member State have clear and demonstrable grounds to suspect that acts contrary to this Directive are being or have been carried out by an AIFM not subject to supervision of those competent authorities, they shall notify ESMA and the competent authorities of the home and host Member States of the AIFM concerned thereof in as specific a manner as possible. The recipient authorities shall take appropriate action, shall inform ESMA and the notifying competent authorities of the outcome of that action and, to the extent possible, of significant interim developments. This paragraph shall be without prejudice to the competences of the notifying competent authority.	s.195 & 354A FSMA	
	6. In order to ensure uniform application of this Directive concerning the exchange of information, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to determine the conditions of application with regard to the procedures for exchange of information between competent authorities and between the competent authorities and ESMA.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
Article 51 (transfer and retention of personal data)	1. With regard to transfer of personal data between competent authorities, competent authorities shall apply Directive 95/46/EC. With regard to transfer of personal data by ESMA to the competent authorities of a Member State or of a third country, ESMA shall comply with Regulation (EC) No 45/2001.	Data Protection Act 1998 & DCIR (as amended by para 12 Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	2. Data shall be retained for a maximum period of 5 years.	Data Protection Act 1998	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
Article 52 (disclosure of information to third countries)	1. The competent authority of a Member State may transfer to a third country data and the analysis of data on a case-by-case basis where the conditions laid down in Article 25 or 26 of Directive 95/46/EC are met and where the competent authority of the Member State is satisfied that the transfer is necessary for the purpose of this Directive. The third country shall not transfer the data to another third country without the express written authorisation of the competent authority of the Member State.	Reg.9(2B) DCIR (inserted by para 12(c) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	2. The competent authority of a Member State shall only disclose information received from a competent authority of another Member State to a supervisory authority of a third country where the competent authority of the Member State concerned has obtained express agreement of the competent authority which transmitted the information and, where applicable, the information is disclosed solely for the purposes for which that competent authority gave its agreement.	Reg.9(2B) DCIR (inserted by para 12(c) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
Article 53 (information relating to the potential systemic consequences of AIFM activity)	1. The competent authorities of the Member States responsible for the authorisation and/or supervision of AIFMs under this Directive shall communicate information to the competent authorities of other Member States where this is relevant for monitoring and responding to the potential implications of the activities of individual AIFMs or AIFMs collectively for the stability of systemically relevant financial institutions and the orderly functioning of markets on which AIFMs are active. ESMA and the ESRB shall also be informed and shall forward this information to the competent authorities of the other Member States.	Reg.69 AIFMR	
	2. Subject to the conditions laid down in Article 35 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, aggregated information relating to the activities of AIFMs under their responsibility shall be communicated by the competent authorities of the AIFM to ESMA and the ESRB.	s.354A and Art.35 Reg.(EU) 1095/2010	
	3. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying the content of the information to be exchanged pursuant to paragraph 1.	No transposition required	
	4. The Commission shall adopt implementing acts specifying the modalities and frequency of the information to be exchanged pursuant to paragraph 1. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 59(2).	No transposition required	
Article 54 (cooperation in supervisory)	1. The competent authorities of one Member State may request the cooperation of the competent authorities of another Member State in a supervisory activity or for an on-the-spot verification or in an investigation in the territory of the latter within the framework of their powers pursuant to this Directive.	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
activities)			
	Where the competent authorities receive a request with respect to an on-the-spot verification or an investigation, it shall perform one of the following:	s.169 & 354A FSMA	
	(a) carry out the verification or investigation itself;	s.169 & 354A FSMA	
	(b) allow the requesting authority to carry out the verification or investigation;	s.169 & 354A FSMA	
	(c) allow auditors or experts to carry out the verification or investigation.	s.169 & 354A FSMA	
	2. In the case referred to in point (a) of paragraph 1 the competent authority of the Member State which has requested cooperation may ask that members of its own personnel assist the personnel carrying out the verification or investigation. The verification or investigation shall, however, be the subject of the overall control of the Member State on whose territory it is conducted.	s.169 & 354A FSMA	
	In the case referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 the competent authority of the Member State on whose territory the verification or investigation is carried out may request that members of its own personnel assist the personnel carrying out the verification or investigation.	s.169 & 354A FSMA	
	3. Competent authorities may refuse to exchange information or to act on a request for cooperation in carrying out an investigation or on-the-spot verification only in the following cases:	s.169 & 354A FSMA	
	(a) the investigation, on-the-spot verification or exchange of information might adversely affect the sovereignty, security or public order of the Member State addressed;	s.169 & 354A FSMA	
	(b) judicial proceedings have already been initiated in respect of the same actions and the same persons before the authorities of the Member State addressed;	s.169 & 354A FSMA	
	(c) final judgment has already been delivered in the Member State addressed in respect of the same persons and the same actions.	s.169 & 354A FSMA	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	The competent authorities shall inform the requesting competent authorities of any decision taken under the first subparagraph, stating the reasons therefor.	s.169 & 354A FSMA	
	4. In order to ensure uniform application of this Article, ESMA may develop draft implementing technical standards to establish common procedures for competent authorities to cooperate in on-the-spot verifications and investigations.	No transposition required	
	Power is conferred on the Commission to adopt the implementing technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 15 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
Article 55 (dispute settlement)	In case of disagreement between competent authorities of Member States on an assessment, action or omission of one competent authority in areas where this Directive requires cooperation or coordination between competent authorities from more than one Member State, competent authorities may refer the matter to the ESMA which may act in accordance with the powers conferred on it under Article 19 of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010.	No transposition required	
Chapter X (transitional and final provisions)			
Article 56 (exercise of the delegation)	1. The powers to adopt delegated acts referred to in Articles 3, 4, 9, 12, 14 to 25, 34 to 37, 40, 42, 53, 67 and 68 shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of 4 years from 21 July 2011. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegated powers no later than 6 months before the end of the 4-year period. The delegation of power shall be automatically extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council revokes it in accordance with Article 57.	No transposition required	
	2. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	No transposition required	
	3. The powers to adopt delegated acts are conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58.	No transposition required	
Article 57 (revocation of the delegation)	1. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 3, 4, 9, 12, 14 to 25, 34 to 37, 40, 42, 53, 67 and 68 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council.	No transposition required	
	2. The institution which has commenced an internal procedure for deciding whether to revoke the delegation of power shall endeavour to inform the other institution and the Commission within a reasonable time before the final decision is taken, indicating the delegated power which could be subject to revocation and the possible reasons for	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	a revocation.		
	3. The decision of revocation shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect immediately or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of the delegated acts already in force. It shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union.	No transposition required	
Article 58 (objections to delegated acts)	1. The European Parliament and the Council may object to a delegated act within a period of 3 months from the date of notification. At the initiative of the European Parliament or the Council that period shall be extended by 3 months.	No transposition required	
	2. If, on expiry of the period referred to in paragraph 1, neither the European Parliament nor the Council has objected to the delegated act it shall be published in the Official Journal of the European Union and shall enter into force at the date stated therein.	No transposition required	
	The delegated act may be published in the Official Journal of the European Union and enter into force before the expiry of that period if, upon a justified request by the Commission, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission of their intention not to raise objections.	No transposition required	
	3. If either the European Parliament or the Council objects to the adopted delegated act within the period referred to in paragraph 1, it shall not enter into force. In accordance with Article 296 TFEU, the institution which objects shall state the reasons for objecting to the delegated act.	No transposition required	
Article 59 (implementing measures)	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the European Securities Committee established by Commission Decision 2001/528/EC . That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	No transposition required	
	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	No transposition required	
Article 60 (disclosure of derogations)	Where a Member State makes use of a derogation or option provided by Articles 6, 9, 21, 22, 28, 43 and Article 61(5), it shall inform the Commission thereof as well as of any subsequent changes. The Commission shall make the information public on a web-site or by other easily accessible means.	No transposition required	
Article 61 (transitional provisions)	1. AIFMs performing activities under this Directive before 22 July 2013 shall take all necessary measures to comply with national law stemming from this Directive and shall submit an application for authorisation within 1 year of that date.	Reg.72 AIFMR	
	2. Articles 31, 32 and 33 shall not apply to the marketing of units or shares of AIFs that are subject to a current offer to the public under a prospectus that has been drawn up and published in accordance with Directive	Reg.73 AIFMR	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	2003/71/EC before 22 July 2013 for the duration of validity of that prospectus.		
	3. AIFMs in so far as they manage AIFs of the closed-ended type before 22 July 2013 which do not make any additional investments after 22 July 2013 may however continue to manage such AIFs without authorisation under this Directive.	Reg.74 AIFMR	
	4. AIFMs in so far as they manage AIFs of the closed-ended type whose subscription period for investors has closed prior to the entry into force of this Directive and are constituted for a period of time which expires at the latest 3 years after 22 July 2013, may, however, continue to manage such AIFs without needing to comply with this Directive except for Article 22 and, where relevant, Articles 26 to 30, or to submit an application for authorisation under this Directive.	Reg.75 AIFMR	
	5. The competent authorities of the home Member State of an AIF or in case where the AIF is not regulated the competent authorities of the home Member State of an AIFM may allow institutions referred to in point (a) of Article 21(3) and established in another Member State to be appointed as a depositary until 22 July 2017. This provision shall be without prejudice to the full application of Article 21, with the exception of point (a) of paragraph 5 of that Article on the place where the depositary is to be established.	Reg.77 AIFMR applies parts of Art.21 to these entities	
Article 62 (amendments to Directive 2003/41/EC)	Directive 2003/41/EC is amended as follows:	No transposition required	
	(1) in Article 2(2), point (b) is replaced by the following:	No transposition required	
	"(b) institutions which are covered by Directives 73/239/EEC, 85/611/EEC, 93/22/EEC, 2000/12/EC, 2002/83/EC and 2011/61/EU;	No transposition required	
	(2) Article 19(1) is replaced by the following:	No transposition required	
	"1. Member States shall not restrict institutions from appointing, for the management of the investment portfolio, investment managers established in another Member State and duly authorised for this activity, in accordance with Directives 85/611/EEC, 93/22/EEC, 2000/12/EC, 2002/83/EC and 2011/61/EU, as well as those referred to in Article 2(1) of this Directive."	No transposition required	
Article 63 (amendments)	Directive 2009/65/EC is amended as follows:	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
to Directive 2009/65/EC)			
	(1) the following Article is inserted:		No transposition required
	"Article 50a		No transposition required
	In order to ensure cross-sectoral consistency and to remove misalignment between the interest of firms that repackage loans into tradable securities and other financial instruments (originators) and UCITS that invest in those securities or other financial instruments, the Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 112a and subject to conditions of Articles 112b and 112c, measures laying down the requirements in the following areas:		No transposition required
	(a) the requirements that need to be met by the originator in order for a UCITS to be allowed to invest in securities or other financial instruments of this type issued after 1 January 2011, including requirements that ensure that the originator retains a net economic interest of not less than 5 %;		No transposition required
	(b) qualitative requirements that must be met by UCITS which invest in those securities or other financial instruments.";		No transposition required
	(2) Article 112(2) is replaced by the following:		No transposition required
	"2. The power to adopt the delegated acts referred to in Articles 12, 14, 23, 33, 43, 51, 60, 61, 62, 64, 75, 78, 81, 95 and 111 shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of 4 years from 4 January 2011. The power to adopt the delegated acts referred to in Article 50a shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of 4 years from 21 July 2011. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of delegated powers at the latest 6 months before the end of the 4-year period. The delegation of power shall be automatically extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council revokes them in accordance with Article 112a.";		No transposition required
	(3) Article 112a(1) is replaced by the following:		No transposition required
	"1. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 12, 14, 23, 33, 43, 50a, 51, 60, 61, 62, 64, 75, 78, 81, 95 and 111 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council.".		No transposition required
Article 64 (amendment to Regulation	In Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009, the first paragraph of Article 4(1) is replaced by the following:		No transposition required

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		Legislation	FCA rules
(EC) No 1060/2009)			
	"1. Credit institutions as defined in Directive 2006/48/EC, investment firms as defined in Directive 2004/39/EC, insurance undertakings subject to the First Council Directive 73/239/EEC of 24 July 1973 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the take-up and pursuit of the business of direct insurance other than life assurance, assurance undertakings as defined in Directive 2002/83/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 November 2002 concerning life assurance, reinsurance undertakings as defined in Directive 2005/68/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 November 2005 on reinsurance, UCITS as defined in Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS), institutions for occupational retirement provision as defined in Directive 2003/41/EC and alternative investment funds as defined in Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment Fund Managers may use credit ratings for regulatory purposes only if they are issued by credit rating agencies established in the Union and registered in accordance with this Regulation.	No transposition required	
Article 65 (amendment to Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010)	In Article 1(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, the words "any future legislation in the area of Alternative Investment Fund Managers (AIFM)" are replaced by the words "Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment Fund Managers	No transposition required	
Article 66 (transposition)	1. By 22 July 2013, Member States shall adopt and publish the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive. They shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the text of those provisions and a correlation table between those provisions and this Directive.	No transposition required	
	2. Member States shall apply the laws, regulations and administrative provisions referred to in paragraph 1 from 22 July 2013.	Reg.1 AIFMR	FCA Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive Instrument 2013 (Commencement)
	3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, Member States shall apply the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with Article 35 and Articles 37 to 41 in accordance with the delegated act adopted by the Commission pursuant to Article 67(6) and from the date specified therein.	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	4. Member States shall ensure that the laws, regulations and administrative provisions adopted by them in compliance with Articles 36 and 42 cease to apply in accordance with the delegated act adopted by the Commission pursuant to Article 68(6) and on the date specified therein.	No transposition required	
	5. When Member States adopt the measures referred to in paragraph 1, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or shall be accompanied by such a reference on the occasion of their official publication.	No transposition required	
	6. Member States shall communicate to the Commission the text of the main provisions of national law which they adopt in the field covered by this Directive.	No transposition required	
Article 67 (delegated act on the application of Articles 35 and 37 to 41)	1. By 22 July 2015, ESMA shall issue to, the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission:	No transposition required	
	(a) an opinion on the functioning of the passport for EU AIFMs managing and/or marketing EU AIFs pursuant to Articles 32 and 33 and on the functioning of the marketing of non-EU AIFs by EU AIFMs in the Member States and the management and/or marketing of AIFs by non-EU AIFMs in the Member States pursuant to the applicable national regimes set out in Articles 36 and 42; and	No transposition required	
	(b) advice on the application of the passport to the marketing of non-EU AIFs by EU AIFMs in the Member States and the management and/or marketing of AIFs by non-EU AIFMs in the Member States in accordance with the rules set out in Article 35 and Articles 37 to 41.	No transposition required	
	2. ESMA shall base its opinion and advice on the application of the passport to the marketing of non-EU AIFs by EU AIFMs in the Member States and the management and/or marketing of AIFs by non-EU AIFMs in the Member States, inter alia, on:	No transposition required	
	(a) as regards the functioning of the passport for EU AIFMs managing and/or marketing EU AIFs:	No transposition required	
	(i) the use made of the passport;	No transposition required	
	(ii) the problems encountered regarding:	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	- effective cooperation among competent authorities,	No transposition required	
	- effective functioning of the notification system,	No transposition required	
	- investor protection,	No transposition required	
	- mediation by ESMA, including the number of cases and the effectiveness of the mediation;	No transposition required	
	(iii) the effectiveness of the collection and sharing of information in relation to the monitoring of systemic risks by national competent authorities, ESMA and ESRB;	No transposition required	
	(b) as regards the functioning of the marketing of non-EU AIFs by EU AIFMs in the Member States and the management and/or marketing of AIFs by non-EU AIFMs in the Member States in accordance with the applicable national regimes:	No transposition required	
	(i) compliance of EU AIFMs with all the requirements established in this Directive with the exception of Article 21;	No transposition required	
	(ii) compliance of non-EU AIFMs with Articles 22, 23 and 24 in respect of each AIF marketed by the AIFM and, where relevant, with Articles 26 to 30;	No transposition required	
	(iii) existence and effectiveness of cooperation arrangements for the purpose of systemic risk oversight and in line with international standards between the competent authorities of the Member State where the AIFs are marketed, in so far as applicable, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the EU AIF and the supervisory authorities of the third country where the non-EU AIFM is established and, in so far as applicable, the supervisory authorities of the third country where the non-EU AIF is established;	No transposition required	
	(iv) any issues relating to investor protection that might have occurred;	No transposition required	
	(v) any features of a third-country regulatory and supervisory framework which might prevent the effective exercise by the competent authorities of their supervisory functions under this Directive;	No transposition required	
	(c) as regards the functioning of both systems, the potential market disruptions and distortions in competition (level playing field) or any general or specific difficulties which EU AIFMs encounter in establishing themselves or marketing AIFs they manage in any third country.	No transposition required	

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		Legislation	FCA rules
	3. To that end, as from the entry into force of the national laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with this Directive and until the issuance of the opinion of ESMA referred to in point (a) of paragraph 1, the competent authorities of the Member States shall, quarterly, provide ESMA with information on the AIFMs that are managing and/or marketing AIFs under their supervision, either under the application of the passport regime provided for in this Directive or under their national regimes, and with information needed for the assessment of the elements referred to in paragraph 2.	No transposition required	
	4. Where ESMA considers that there are no significant obstacles regarding investor protection, market disruption, competition and the monitoring of systemic risk, impeding the application of the passport to the marketing of non-EU AIFs by EU AIFMs in the Member States and the management and/or marketing of AIFs by non-EU AIFMs in the Member States in accordance with the rules set out in Article 35 and Articles 37 to 41, it shall issue positive advice in this regard.	No transposition required	
	5. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying the contents of the information to be provided pursuant to paragraph 2.	No transposition required	
	6. The Commission shall adopt a delegated act within 3 months after having received positive advice and an opinion from ESMA, and taking into account the criteria listed in paragraph 2 and the objectives of this Directive, such as those relating to the internal market, investor protection and the effective monitoring of systemic risk, in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, specifying the date when the rules set out in Article 35 and Articles 37 to 41 become applicable in all Member States.	No transposition required	
	If there is objection to the delegated act referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 58, the Commission shall re-adopt the delegated act pursuant to which the rules set out in Article 35 and Articles 37 to 41 shall become applicable in all Member States, in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, at a later stage which seems appropriate to it, taking into account the criteria listed in paragraph 2 and the objectives of this Directive, such as those relating to the internal market, investor protection and the effective monitoring of systemic risk.	No transposition required	
	7. If ESMA has not issued its advice within the time limit referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall request the advice to be provided within a new time limit.	No transposition required	
Article 68 (delegated act on the termination of	1. 3 years after the entry into force of the delegated act referred to in Article 67(6) pursuant to which the rules set out in Article 35 and Articles 37 to 41 have become applicable in all Member States, ESMA shall issue to the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission:	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
the application of Articles 36 and 42)			
	(a) an opinion on the functioning of the passport for EU AIFMs marketing non-EU AIFs in the Union pursuant to Article 35 and for non-EU AIFMs managing and/or marketing AIFs in the Union pursuant to Articles 37 to 41, and on the functioning of the marketing of non-EU AIFs by EU AIFMs in the Member States and the management and/or marketing of AIFs by non-EU AIFMs in the Member States pursuant to the applicable national regimes as set out in Articles 36 and 42; and	No transposition required	
	(b) advice on the termination of the existence of the national regimes set out in Articles 36 and 42 in parallel with the existence of the passport in accordance with the rules set out in Article 35 and Articles 37 to 41.	No transposition required	
	2. ESMA shall base its opinion and advice on the termination of the existence of the national regimes set out in Articles 36 and 42 inter alia:	No transposition required	
	(a) as regards the functioning of the passport for EU AIFMs marketing non-EU AIFs in the Union and for non-EU AIFMs managing and/or marketing AIFs in the Union:	No transposition required	
	(i) the use made of the passport;	No transposition required	
	(ii) the problems encountered regarding:	No transposition required	
	- effective cooperation among competent authorities,	No transposition required	
	- effective functioning of the notification system,	No transposition required	
	- the indication of the Member State of reference,	No transposition required	
	- the effective exercise by the competent authorities of their supervisory functions being prevented by the laws, regulations or administrative provisions of a third country governing AIFMs, or by limitations in the supervisory and investigatory powers of the third country supervisory authorities,	No transposition required	
	- investor protection,	No transposition required	
	- investor access in the Union,	No transposition required	

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Article	Directive text	Transposition	
		Legislation	FCA rules
	- the impact on developing countries,	No transposition required	
	- mediation by ESMA, including the number of cases and the effectiveness of the mediation;	No transposition required	
	(iii) the negotiation, conclusion, existence and effectiveness of the required cooperation arrangements;	No transposition required	
	(iv) the effectiveness of the collection and sharing of information in relation to the monitoring of systemic risks by national competent authorities, ESMA and the ESRB;	No transposition required	
	(v) results of peer reviews referred to in Article 38;	No transposition required	
	(b) as regards the functioning of the marketing of non-EU AIFs by EU AIFMs in the Member States and the management and/or marketing of AIFs by non-EU AIFMs in the Member States in accordance with the applicable national regimes:	No transposition required	
	(i) compliance of EU AIFMs with all the requirements established in this Directive with the exception of Article 21;	No transposition required	
	(ii) compliance of non-EU AIFMs with Articles 22, 23 and 24 in respect of each AIF marketed by the AIFM and, where relevant, with Articles 26 to 30;	No transposition required	
	(iii) existence and effectiveness of cooperation arrangements for the purpose of systemic risk oversight and in line with international standards between the competent authorities of the Member State where the AIFs are marketed, in so far as applicable, the competent authorities of the home Member State of the EU AIF concerned and the supervisory authorities of the third country where the non-EU AIFM is established and, in so far as applicable, the supervisory authorities of the third country where the non-EU AIF is established;	No transposition required	
	(iv) any issues relating to investor protection that might have occurred;	No transposition required	
	(v) any features of a third country regulatory and supervisory framework which might prevent the effective exercise by the competent authorities of the Union of their supervisory functions under this Directive;	No transposition required	
	(c) as regards the functioning of both systems, the potential market disruptions and distortions in competition (level playing field) and any potential negative effect on investor access or investment in or for the benefit of developing countries;	No transposition required	

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	(d) a quantitative assessment identifying the number of third-country jurisdictions in which there is established an AIFM that is marketing an AIF in a Member State either under the application of the passport regime referred to in Article 40 or under the national regimes referred to in Article 42.	No transposition required	
	3. To that end, as from the entry into force of the delegated act referred to in Article 67(6) and until the issuance of the ESMA opinion referred to in point (a) of paragraph 1 of this Article, the competent authorities shall, quarterly, provide ESMA with information on the AIFMs that are managing and/or marketing AIFs under their supervision, either under the application of the passport regime provided for in this Directive, or under their national regimes.	No transposition required	
	4. If ESMA considers that there are no significant obstacles regarding investor protection, market disruption, competition or the monitoring of systemic risk, impeding the termination of the national regimes pursuant to Articles 36 and 42 and making the passport for the marketing of non-EU AIFs by EU AIFMs in the Union and the management and/or marketing of AIFs by non-EU AIFM in the Union in accordance with the rules set out in Article 35 and Articles 37 to 41 the sole possible regime for such activities by the relevant AIFMs in the Union, it shall issue positive advice in this regard.	No transposition required	
	5. The Commission shall adopt, by means of delegated acts in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, measures specifying the contents of the information to be provided pursuant to paragraph 2.	No transposition required	
	6. The Commission shall adopt a delegated act within 3 months after having received positive advice and an opinion from ESMA and taking into account the criteria listed in paragraph 2 and the objectives of this Directive, such as those relating to the internal market, investor protection and the effective monitoring of systemic risk, in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, specifying the date when the national regimes set out in Articles 36 and 42 are to be terminated and the passport regime provided for in Article 35 and Articles 37 to 41 shall become the sole and mandatory regime applicable in all Member States.	No transposition required	
	If there is objection to the delegated act referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Article 58, the Commission shall re-adopt the delegated act pursuant to which the national regimes set out in Articles 36 and 42 are to be terminated and the passport regime provided for in Article 35 and Articles 37 to 41 shall become the sole and mandatory regime applicable in all Member States, in accordance with Article 56 and subject to the conditions of Articles 57 and 58, at a later stage which seems appropriate to it, taking into account the criteria listed in paragraph 2 and the objectives of this Directive, such as those relating to the internal market, investor protection and the effective monitoring of systemic risk.	No transposition required	
	7. If ESMA has not issued its advice within the time limit referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission shall request	No transposition required	

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	the advice to be provided within a new time limit.		
Article 69 (review)	1. By 22 July 2017, the Commission shall, on the basis of public consultation and in the light of the discussions with competent authorities, start a review on the application and the scope of this Directive. That review shall analyse the experience acquired in applying this Directive, its impact on investors, AIFs or AIFMs, in the Union and in third countries, and the degree to which the objectives of this Directive have been achieved. The Commission shall, if necessary, propose appropriate amendments. The review shall include a general survey of the functioning of the rules in this Directive and the experience acquired in applying them, including:	No transposition required	
	(a) the marketing by EU AIFMs of non-EU AIFs in the Member States taking place through national regimes;	No transposition required	
	(b) the marketing of AIFs in the Member States by non-EU AIFMs taking place through national regimes;	No transposition required	
	(c) the management and marketing of AIFs in the Union by AIFMs authorised in accordance with this Directive taking place through the passport regime provided for in this Directive;	No transposition required	
	(d) the marketing of AIFs in the Union by or on behalf of persons or entities other than AIFMs;	No transposition required	
	(e) the investment into AIFs by or on behalf of European professional investors;	No transposition required	
	(f) the impact of the depositary rules set out in Article 21 on the depositary market in the Union;	No transposition required	
	(g) the impact of the transparency and reporting requirements set out in Articles 22 to 24, 28 and 29 on the assessment of systemic risk;	No transposition required	
	(h) the potential adverse impact on retail investors;	No transposition required	
	(i) the impact of this Directive on the operation and viability of the private equity and venture capital funds;	No transposition required	
	(j) the impact of this Directive on the investor access in the Union;	No transposition required	
	(k) the impact of this Directive on investment in or for the benefit of developing countries;	No transposition required	
	(l) the impact of this Directive on the protection of non-listed companies or issuers provided by Articles 26 to 30 of this Directive and on the level playing field between AIFs and other investors after the acquisition of major	No transposition required	

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	holdings in or control over such non-listed companies or issuers.		
	When reviewing marketing and/or management of AIFs referred to in points (a), (b) and (c) of the first subparagraph, the Commission shall analyse the appropriateness of entrusting ESMA with further supervisory responsibilities in this area.	No transposition required	
	2. For the purposes of the review referred to in paragraph 1, Member States shall provide the Commission annually with information on the AIFMs that are managing and/or marketing AIFs under their supervision, either under the passport regime provided for in this Directive, or under their national regimes, with an indication of the date on which the passport regime has been transposed and, if relevant, applied, in their jurisdiction.	No transposition required	
	ESMA shall provide the Commission with information on all the non-EU AIFMs that have been authorised or have requested authorisation in accordance with Article 37.	No transposition required	
	The information referred to in the first and second subparagraphs shall include:	No transposition required	
	(a) information on where the AIFMs concerned are established;	No transposition required	
	(b) if applicable, identification of the EU AIFs managed and/or marketed by them;	No transposition required	
	(c) if applicable, identification of the non-EU AIFs managed by EU AIFMs but not marketed in the Union;	No transposition required	
	(d) if applicable, identification of the non-EU AIFs marketed in the Union;	No transposition required	
	(e) information on the applicable regime, whether national or Union, under which the relevant AIFMs are performing their activities; and	No transposition required	
	(f) any other information relevant to the understanding of how the management and the marketing of AIFs by AIFMs in the Union operates in practice.	No transposition required	
	3. The review referred to in paragraph 1 shall take due account of developments at international level and discussions with third countries and international organisations.	No transposition required	
	4. After finalising its review, the Commission shall, without undue delay, submit a report to the European Parliament and the Council. If appropriate, the Commission shall make proposals, including amendments to this Directive, taking into account the objectives of this Directive and its effects on investor protection, market disruption and competition, the monitoring of systemic risk and potential impacts on investors, AIFs or AIFMs in	No transposition required	

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	the Union and in third countries.		
Article 70 (entry into force)	This Directive shall enter into force on the 20th day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	No transposition required	
Article 71 (addressees)	This Directive is addressed to the Member States.	No transposition required	
Annex I			
	1. Investment management functions which an AIFM shall at least perform when managing an AIF:	Reg.4(2) AIFMR, Art.51ZC RAO (inserted by para 1(12) Sch.2 AIFMR)	FCA handbook glossary: “AIFM management functions”
	(a) portfolio management;		
	(b) risk management.		
	2. Other functions that an AIFM may additionally perform in the course of the collective management of an AIF:	Art.51ZC & Sch.7 RAO (inserted by para 1(1) & (17) Sch.2 AIFMR)	
	(a) Administration:		
	(i) legal and fund management accounting services;		
	(ii) customer inquiries;		
	(iii) valuation and pricing, including tax returns;		
	(iv) regulatory compliance monitoring;		
	(v) maintenance of unit-/shareholder register;		
	(vi) distribution of income;		
	(vii) unit/shares issues and redemptions;		
	(viii) contract settlements, including certificate dispatch;		
	(ix) record keeping;		

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	(b) Marketing;		
	(c) Activities related to the assets of AIFs, namely services necessary to meet the fiduciary duties of the AIFM, facilities management, real estate administration activities, advice to undertakings on capital structure, industrial strategy and related matters, advice and services relating to mergers and the purchase of undertakings and other services connected to the management of the AIF and the companies and other assets in which it has invested.		
Annex II (remuneration policy)			
	1. When establishing and applying the total remuneration policies, inclusive of salaries and discretionary pension benefits, for those categories of staff, including senior management, risk takers, control functions and any employee receiving total remuneration that takes them into the same remuneration bracket as senior management and risk takers, whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profiles of the AIFMs or of AIFs they manage, AIFMs shall comply with the following principles in a way and to the extent that is appropriate to their size, internal organisation and the nature, scope and complexity of their activities:		SYSC 19B.1.4R
	(a) the remuneration policy is consistent with and promotes sound and effective risk management and does not encourage risk-taking which is inconsistent with the risk profiles, rules or instruments of incorporation of the AIFs they manage;		SYSC 19B.1.5 R
	(b) the remuneration policy is in line with the business strategy, objectives, values and interests of the AIFM and the AIFs it manages or the investors of such AIFs, and includes measures to avoid conflicts of interest;		SYSC 19B.1.6 R
	(c) the management body of the AIFM, in its supervisory function, adopts and periodically reviews the general principles of the remuneration policy and is responsible for its implementation;		SYSC 19B.1.7 R
	(d) the implementation of the remuneration policy is, at least annually, subject to central and independent internal review for compliance with policies and procedures for remuneration adopted by the management body in its supervisory function;		SYSC 19B.1.8 R
	(e) staff engaged in control functions are compensated in accordance with the achievement of the objectives linked to their functions, independent of the performance of the business areas they control;		SYSC 19B.1.10 R
	(f) the remuneration of the senior officers in the risk management and compliance functions is directly overseen by the remuneration committee;		SYSC 19B.1.11 R
	(g) where remuneration is performance related, the total amount of remuneration is based on a combination of the		SYSC 19B.1.12 R

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	assessment of the performance of the individual and of the business unit or AIF concerned and of the overall results of the AIFM, and when assessing individual performance, financial as well as non-financial criteria are taken into account;		
	(h) the assessment of performance is set in a multi-year framework appropriate to the life-cycle of the AIFs managed by the AIFM in order to ensure that the assessment process is based on longer term performance and that the actual payment of performance-based components of remuneration is spread over a period which takes account of the redemption policy of the AIFs it manages and their investment risks;		SYSC 19B.1.13 R
	(i) guaranteed variable remuneration is exceptional, occurs only in the context of hiring new staff and is limited to the first year;		SYSC 19B.1.14 R
	(j) fixed and variable components of total remuneration are appropriately balanced and the fixed component represents a sufficiently high proportion of the total remuneration to allow the operation of a fully flexible policy, on variable remuneration components, including the possibility to pay no variable remuneration component;		SYSC 19B.1.15 R
	(k) payments related to the early termination of a contract reflect performance achieved over time and are designed in a way that does not reward failure;		SYSC 19B.1.16 R
	(l) the measurement of performance used to calculate variable remuneration components or pools of variable remuneration components includes a comprehensive adjustment mechanism to integrate all relevant types of current and future risks;		SYSC 19B.1.21 R
	(m) subject to the legal structure of the AIF and its rules or instruments of incorporation, a substantial portion, and in any event at least 50 % of any variable remuneration consists of units or shares of the AIF concerned, or equivalent ownership interests, or share-linked instruments or equivalent non-cash instruments, unless the management of AIFs accounts for less than 50 % of the total portfolio managed by the AIFM, in which case the minimum of 50 % does not apply.		SYSC 19B.1.17 R
	The instruments referred to in this point shall be subject to an appropriate retention policy designed to align incentives with the interests of the AIFM and the AIFs it manages and the investors of such AIFs. Member States or their competent authorities may place restrictions on the types and designs of those instruments or ban certain instruments as appropriate. This point shall be applied to both the portion of the variable remuneration component deferred in line with point (n) and the portion of the variable remuneration component not deferred;		SYSC 19B.1.17 R
	(n) a substantial portion, and in any event at least 40 %, of the variable remuneration component, is deferred over a period which is appropriate in view of the life cycle and redemption policy of the AIF concerned and is correctly		SYSC 19B.1.18 R

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	aligned with the nature of the risks of the AIF in question.		
	The period referred to in this point shall be at least three to 5 years unless the life cycle of the AIF concerned is shorter; remuneration payable under deferral arrangements vests no faster than on a pro-rata basis; in the case of a variable remuneration component of a particularly high amount, at least 60 % of the amount is deferred;		SYSC 19B.1.18 R
	(o) the variable remuneration, including the deferred portion, is paid or vests only if it is sustainable according to the financial situation of the AIFM as a whole, and justified according to the performance of the business unit, the AIF and the individual concerned.		SYSC 19B.1.19 R
	The total variable remuneration shall generally be considerably contracted where subdued or negative financial performance of the AIFM or of the AIF concerned occurs, taking into account both current compensation and reductions in payouts of amounts previously earned, including through malus or clawback arrangements;		SYSC 19B.1.20 R
	(p) the pension policy is in line with the business strategy, objectives, values and long-term interests of the AIFM and the AIFs it manages.		SYSC 19B.1.22 R
	If the employee leaves the AIFM before retirement, discretionary pension benefits shall be held by the AIFM for a period of 5 years in the form of instruments defined in point (m). In the case of an employee reaching retirement, discretionary pension benefits shall be paid to the employee in the form of instruments defined in point (m), subject to a 5 year retention period;		SYSC 19B.1.22 R
	(q) staff are required to undertake not to use personal hedging strategies or remuneration- and liability-related insurance to undermine the risk alignment effects embedded in their remuneration arrangements;		SYSC 19B.1.23 R
	(r) variable remuneration is not paid through vehicles or methods that facilitate the avoidance of the requirements of this Directive.		SYSC 19B.1.24 R
	2. The principles set out in paragraph 1 shall apply to remuneration of any type paid by the AIFM, to any amount paid directly by the AIF itself, including carried interest, and to any transfer of units or shares of the AIF, made to the benefits of those categories of staff, including senior management, risk takers, control functions and any employee receiving total remuneration that takes them into the same remuneration bracket as senior management and risk takers, whose professional activities have a material impact on their risk profile or the risk profiles of the AIF that they manage.		SYSC 19B.1.4R
	3. AIFMs that are significant in terms of their size or the size of the AIFs they manage, their internal organisation and the nature, the scope and the complexity of their activities shall establish a remuneration committee. The remuneration committee shall be constituted in a way that enables it to exercise competent and independent		SYSC 19B.1.9 R

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	judgment on remuneration policies and practices and the incentives created for managing risk.		
	The remuneration committee shall be responsible for the preparation of decisions regarding remuneration, including those which have implications for the risk and risk management of the AIFM or the AIF concerned and which are to be taken by the management body in its supervisory function. The remuneration committee shall be chaired by a member of the management body who does not perform any executive functions in the AIFM concerned. The members of the remuneration committee shall be members of the management body who do not perform any executive functions in the AIFM concerned.		SYSC 19B.1.9 R
Annex III (documentation and information to be provided in case of intended marketing in the home Member State of the AIFM)			
	(a) A notification letter, including a programme of operations identifying the AIFs the AIFM intends to market and information on where the AIFs are established;		FCA form issued under reg. 54(2) AIFMR
	(b) the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation;		FCA form issued under reg. 54(2) AIFMR
	(c) identification of the depositary of the AIF;		FCA form issued under reg. 54(2) AIFMR
	(d) a description of, or any information on, the AIF available to investors;		FCA form issued under reg. 54(2) AIFMR
	(e) information on where the master AIF is established if the AIF is a feeder AIF;		FCA form issued under reg. 54(2) AIFMR
	(f) any additional information referred to in Article 23(1) for each AIF the AIFM intends to market;		FCA form issued under reg. 54(2) AIFMR

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	(g) where relevant, information on the arrangements established to prevent units or shares of the AIF from being marketed to retail investors, including in the case where the AIFM relies on activities of independent entities to provide investment services in respect of the AIF.		FCA form issued under reg. 54(2) AIFMR
Annex IV (documentation and information to be provided in case of intended marketing in Member States other than the home Member State of the AIFM)			
	(a) A notification letter, including a programme of operations identifying the AIFs the AIFM intends to market and information on where the AIFs are established;		SUP 13.5.2R & SUP 13 Annex 8BR
	(b) the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation;		SUP 13.5.2R & SUP 13 Annex 8BR
	(c) identification of the depositary of the AIF;		SUP 13.5.2R & SUP 13 Annex 8BR
	(d) a description of, or any information on, the AIF available to investors;		SUP 13.5.2R & SUP 13 Annex 8BR
	(e) information on where the master AIF is established if the AIF is a feeder AIF;		SUP 13.5.2R & SUP 13 Annex 8BR
	(f) any additional information referred to in Article 23(1) for each AIF the AIFM intends to market;		SUP 13.5.2R & SUP 13 Annex 8BR
	(g) the indication of the Member State in which it intends to market the units or shares of the AIF to professional investors;		SUP 13.5.2R & SUP 13 Annex 8BR
	(h) information about arrangements made for the marketing of AIFs and, where relevant, information on the arrangements established to prevent units or shares of the AIF from being marketed to retail investors, including in the case where the AIFM relies on activities of independent entities to provide investment services in respect of the AIF.		SUP 13.5.2R & SUP 13 Annex 8BR

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