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STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

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**2014 No. 3352**

The School and Early Years Finance  
(England) Regulations 2014

PART 3

Determination of Budget Shares etc

CHAPTER 1

Requirements, and Factors and Criteria Taken into Account

**Pupil numbers**

**13.**—(1) In determining budget shares for primary and secondary schools, except in respect of nursery classes a local authority must ascertain and take into account in its formula the number of pupils at those schools in accordance with paragraph (2) on the date specified in paragraph (3).

- (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), the number of pupils is  $A - (B - C) - D$  where—
- (a)  $A$  is the total number of pupils in the school;
  - (b)  $B$  is the number of places in the school which the authority has reserved for children with special educational needs;
  - (c)  $C$  is the number of children in places in the school which the authority has reserved for children with special educational needs where those places are occupied by a child in a nursery class, or by a child who is not a pupil at the school; and
  - (d)  $D$  is the number of pupils in the school in respect of whom sixth form grant is payable.

(3) The date for ascertaining pupil numbers is 2nd October 2014.

(4) Where a primary school had more pupils in reception classes on 16th January 2014 than on 3rd October 2013, the local authority may take the number of additional pupils into account in its formula, and where it does so this factor must be applied to all primary schools in the area.

- (5) A local authority must include in its formula a single per pupil amount of at least—
- (a) £2,000 for each of the pupils in reception classes and at key stages 1 and 2;
  - (b) £3,000 for each of the pupils at key stage 3; and
  - (c) £3,000 for each of the pupils at key stage 4.

**Places**

**14.**—(1) In determining budget shares for special schools, a local authority—

- (a) must include £10,000 for each place other than—
  - (i) hospital education places; and

(ii) places for those who are over 18, unless they are aged 19 and are continuing to attend a particular course of secondary education which they began before they reached the age of 18; and

(b) must not include funding for places described in sub-paragraph (a)(ii).

(2) In determining budget shares for primary or secondary schools maintained by the local authority, with places which the authority has reserved for children with special educational needs, a local authority must include £10,000 for each place other than—

(a) hospital education places; and

(b) places for pupils in respect of whom a sixth form grant is payable.

(3) In determining budget shares for pupil referral units, a local authority must include, for each place other than hospital education places, £3,333 for the period April to August 2015 inclusive and £5,833 for the period September 2015 to March 2016 inclusive.

(4) Paragraph (3) applies to places to be commissioned by schools or directly by a local authority.

(5) For each hospital education place referred to in paragraphs (1) to (3) the local authority must include the equivalent amount per hospital education place which the authority included in the budget share of the school or pupil referral unit, as the case may be, in the previous funding period.

### **Social deprivation**

**15.** In determining budget shares for schools maintained by it (other than special schools, pupil referral units and nursery schools), a local authority must take into account in its formula one or more factors based on the incidence of social deprivation in pupils at the schools maintained by it.

(1) The authority must base the incidence of social deprivation referred to in paragraph (1) on one or both of the following—

(a) a pupil’s eligibility for free school meals on 2nd October 2014 or a pupil’s eligibility for free school meals recorded in any school census between and including Summer 2008 and Spring 2014;

(b) a pupil’s IDACI score on 2nd October 2014,

and where it is based on an IDACI score the authority may use factors which differentiate between different IDACI bands (that is, groupings of IDACI scores published by the Department for Education in the document named “Schools Block Dataset Technical Specification: 2015 to 2016”<sup>(1)</sup>).

(2) In determining budget shares under paragraph (1), the authority may take into account in its formula a single per pupil amount for each socially deprived pupil in reception classes and at key stage 1 and 2, and a single per pupil amount for each socially deprived pupil at key stage 3 and 4.

(3) In paragraph (3) a reference to a “socially deprived pupil” is to a pupil who has been determined as being such using the criteria in paragraph (2).

(4) Other than in respect of two-year-olds, in determining—

(a) budget shares for maintained nursery schools;

(b) amounts to be allocated in respect of nursery classes in schools maintained by it;

(c) amounts to be allocated to relevant early years providers in its area;

(d) amounts to be allocated to exempt early years providers in its area; and

(e) amounts to be allocated in respect of community early years provision in schools maintained by it,

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(1) Available at: [https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/386207/Schools\\_block\\_dataset\\_2015\\_to\\_2016\\_technical\\_specification.pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/386207/Schools_block_dataset_2015_to_2016_technical_specification.pdf)

a local authority must take into account in its formula one or more factors based on the incidence of social deprivation in pupils or children, and the determination of the incidence of social deprivation must be based on the characteristics of the pupils or children and not on the location of the school or provider.

- (5) In respect of two-year-olds, in determining—
- (a) budget shares for maintained nursery schools;
  - (b) amounts to be allocated in respect of nursery classes in schools maintained by it;
  - (c) amounts to be allocated to relevant early years providers in its area;
  - (d) amounts to be allocated to exempt early years providers in its area; and
  - (e) amounts to be allocated in respect of community early years provision in schools maintained by it,

a local authority may take into account in its formula one or more factors based on the incidence of social deprivation in pupils or children, and the determination of the incidence of social deprivation must be based on the characteristics of the pupils or children and not on the location of the school or provider.

**Special arrangements for pupils in maintained nursery schools and nursery classes and for children receiving relevant early years provision, exempt early years provision and community early years provision**

- 16.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (5) and (6), in determining—
- (a) budget shares for nursery schools maintained by it;
  - (b) amounts to be allocated in respect of nursery classes in schools maintained by it;
  - (c) amounts to be allocated to relevant early years providers in its area;
  - (d) amounts to be allocated to exempt early years providers in its area; and
  - (e) amounts to be allocated in respect of community early years provision in schools maintained by it,

a local authority must take into account in its formula the predicted total number of hours of attendance of pupils or children, basing the calculation on the most recent data available about the actual numbers of pupils or children.

(2) When further information about hours of attendance becomes available a local authority must—

- (a) review the budget share for each maintained nursery school, the amount allocated in respect of each nursery class and the amount allocated in respect of community early years provision; and
- (b) redetermine that budget share or amount allocated, as the case may be.

(3) When carrying out a review and redetermination under paragraph (2) the local authority must—

- (a) in the case where the local authority decides to fund only prescribed early years provision, take into account—
  - (i) the predicted total number of hours of attendance of pupils in the nursery school or nursery class, and of children being provided community early years provision, who will receive prescribed early years provision during the period (basing the calculation on the actual hours of such attendance in each of at least three sample weeks); or
  - (ii) the actual total number of hours of such attendance for the period;

- (b) in the case where the local authority decides to fund early years provision in excess of that which is prescribed, take into account—
- (i) the predicted total number of hours of attendance of pupils in the nursery school or nursery class, and of children being provided community early years provision, who will receive early years provision during the period (basing the calculation on the actual hours of such attendance in each of at least three sample weeks); or
  - (ii) the actual total number of hours of such attendance for the period.
- (4) When further information about hours of attendance becomes available, a local authority must—
- (a) review the amount allocated to each relevant early years provider and exempt early years provider; and
  - (b) redetermine the amount allocated.
- (5) When carrying out a review and redetermination under paragraph (4) the local authority must take into account—
- (a) the predicted total number of hours of attendance of children who will receive prescribed early years provision from the relevant early years provider, or exempt early years provision from the exempt early years provider, as the case may be, during the period (basing the calculation on the actual hours of such attendance in each of at least three sample weeks); or
  - (b) the actual total numbers of hours of such attendance for the period.
- (6) Within 28 days of making any redetermination under paragraph (2) or (4), the local authority must give notice of the redetermination and the date on which it will be implemented to the governing body of the school, the relevant early years provider, or the exempt early years provider concerned.
- (7) When making determinations under this regulation, a local authority may weight the predicted total number of hours of attendance of pupils or children, according to the special educational needs of any such pupils or children.
- (8) When determining—
- (a) budget shares for nursery schools maintained by it;
  - (b) amounts to be allocated in respect of nursery classes in schools maintained by it;
  - (c) amounts to be allocated to relevant early years providers in its area;
  - (d) amounts to be allocated to exempt early years providers in its area;
  - (e) amounts to be allocated in respect of community early years provision in schools maintained by it,
- a local authority may take into account in its formula the number of places it wishes to fund in the school, class or provider (instead of the predicted total number of hours of attendance), where the authority has reserved those places for children with special educational needs, children in need or children who meet the condition prescribed by regulation 3(2) of the 2014 Early Years Regulations.
- (9) In paragraph (8) “children in need” means children in respect of whom the local authority in whose area they reside must provide a range of services appropriate to their needs under section 17 of the 1989 Act.
- (10) A local authority must include in the amount to be allocated to each early years provider in its area which has one or more children eligible for the early years pupil premium an amount equivalent to 53 pence per eligible child for each hour of early years provision that the child receives, up to a maximum of 570 hours.
- (11) A child is eligible for early years pupil premium if the child—
- (a) is three or four years old;

- (b) receives at least one hour of prescribed early years provision; and
- (c) either—
  - (i) the child’s parents are receiving one or more of the benefits in paragraph (12), or
  - (ii) the child has previously been looked after by the local authority and is no longer so looked after as a result of the making of an order in paragraph (13).

(12) The benefits are—

- (a) universal credit;
- (b) income support;
- (c) income-based jobseekers’ allowance;
- (d) income-related employment and support allowance;
- (e) support under Part VI of the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999;
- (f) the guaranteed element of state pension credit;
- (g) child tax credit (where the recipient is not also entitled to working tax credit and has an annual gross income of no more than £16,190), and
- (h) working tax credit run-on.

(13) The orders are—

- (a) an adoption order within the meaning given by section 46(1) of the Adoption and Children Act 2002<sup>(2)</sup>;
- (b) a special guardianship order within the meaning given by section 14A(1) of the 1989 Act<sup>(3)</sup>; and
- (c) a child arrangements order within the meaning given by section 8(1) of the 1989 Act<sup>(4)</sup> which consists of, or includes, arrangements relating to either or both of the following—
  - (i) with whom the child is to live;
  - (ii) when the child is to live with any person.

(14) A local authority must include in the amount to be allocated for relevant early years provision or community early years provision in its area an amount of £302.10 (equivalent to 53 pence multiplied by 570) for each looked after child aged three or four years old in the local authority’s area.

(15) The allocation referred to in paragraph (14) must be managed by the local authority’s designated virtual school head for the benefit of the educational needs of the relevant looked after children as described in their personal education plans (that is, plans relating to the children’s education and training, including as far as is relevant and reasonably practicable the information in paragraph 2 of Schedule 1 to the Care Planning, Placement and Case Review (England) Regulations 2010<sup>(5)</sup>).

(16) In paragraph (15), “virtual school head” means a person appointed by a local authority under section 22(3B) of the 1989 Act<sup>(6)</sup> for the purpose of discharging the local authority’s duty set out in section 22(3A) of that Act (duty to promote the educational achievement of children looked after by the authority).

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(2) 2002 c.38.

(3) Section 14A was inserted by section 115(1) of the Adoption and Children Act 2002.

(4) Section 8(1) was amended by section 12 of the 2014 Act.

(5) S.I. 2010/959.

(6) Section 22(3A) was inserted by section 52 of the Children Act 2004 (c. 31); section 22(3B) was inserted by section 99 of the 2014 Act.

### **Differential funding**

17. For the purpose of determining or redetermining—

- (a) budget shares for nursery schools maintained by it;
- (b) amounts to be allocated in respect of nursery classes in schools maintained by it;
- (c) amounts to be allocated to relevant early years providers in its area;
- (d) amounts to be allocated to exempt early years providers in its area; and
- (e) amounts to be allocated in respect of community early years provision in schools maintained by it,

a local authority may use factors or criteria which differentiate between different categories or descriptions of school or provider on the basis of unavoidable costs.

### **Additional requirements, factors or criteria**

18.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), in determining budget shares, a local authority may take into account in its formula any or all of the requirements, factors or criteria in Part 1 of Schedule 3, and where it does the date for ascertaining pupil numbers is 2nd October 2014, except where these Regulations provide otherwise.

(2) In determining—

- (a) budget shares for nursery schools maintained by it;
- (b) amounts to be allocated in respect of nursery classes in schools maintained by it;
- (c) amounts to be allocated to relevant early years providers in its area;
- (d) amounts to be allocated to exempt early years providers in its area; and
- (e) amounts to be allocated in respect of community early years provision in schools maintained by it,

a local authority may take into account in its formula any or all of the requirements, factors or criteria in Part 2 of Schedule 3.

(3) The requirements, factors and criteria in Schedule 3 may not be taken into account by a local authority on the basis of actual or estimated cost unless otherwise stated in that Schedule.

(4) Subject to paragraphs (5) to (7), where a school would otherwise receive a greater amount of redetermined adjusted budget share per pupil than it did in the previous funding period, the local authority may do one or both of the following—

- (a) determine a percentage beyond which the per pupil amount of redetermined adjusted budget may not increase;
- (b) determine a percentage by which the amount that the per pupil redetermined adjusted budget share would otherwise increase by will be reduced.

(5) In paragraph (4) “redetermined adjusted budget share for the previous funding period” and “redetermined adjusted budget share” have the same meanings as in Schedule 4.

(6) Where the local authority decides to take one or both of the actions described in paragraph (4) (a) and (b), this must be applied to the budget shares of all schools in the local authority area.

(7) Paragraph (4) does not apply to the determination of budget shares for—

- (a) special schools;
- (b) pupil referral units;
- (c) nursery schools; and

- (d) any school that has opened since 1st April 2008 and does not yet have pupils in each year group for which it proposes to provide education.

### **Minimum funding guarantee**

**19.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (4), in determining and redetermining budget shares for primary and secondary schools maintained by it, a local authority must ensure that an amount equal to the guaranteed funding level is included, calculated in accordance with Schedule 4.

(2) For the purpose of determining budget shares, paragraph (1) does not apply to any school opening during the funding period, except in the circumstances set out in paragraph 3 of Schedule 4.

(3) In determining and redetermining—

- (a) budget shares for nursery schools maintained by it;
- (b) amounts to be allocated in respect of nursery classes in schools maintained by it;
- (c) amounts to be allocated to relevant early years providers in its area; and
- (d) amounts to be allocated to exempt early years providers in its area,

a local authority must ensure that the number by which it multiplies the predicted total number of hours calculated under regulation 16(1) is no lower than 1.5% less than the number by which it multiplied the predicted total number of hours calculated under regulation 16(1) of the 2013 Regulations for making such determinations and redeterminations in the previous funding period.

(4) A local authority may change the operation of this regulation and the operation of Schedule 4 in determining and redetermining budget shares where authorised to do so by the Secretary of State under regulation 25 (Alternative arrangements).

### **Sixth form funding**

**20.**—(1) A local authority must include in the budget shares of maintained secondary schools and special schools an amount equal to any sum notified to the local authority by the Secretary of State as being the allocation in respect of that school's sixth form grant.

(2) A local authority may, in determining budget shares, use a factor which allocates funding in respect of the number of pupils in sixth forms on 2nd October 2014 subject to the limitation in paragraph (3).

(3) Where a local authority uses a factor in determining budget shares under paragraph (2), it must ensure that the amount allocated per pupil in respect of this factor in the funding period is no greater than the amount that was allocated per pupil in sixth forms in the previous funding period.

(4) A local authority must redetermine the budget share of a secondary school before the end of the funding period where the authority receives a written notification from the Secretary of State of a revised allocation in respect of the sum referred to in paragraph (1).

### **New schools, merged schools and closing schools**

**21.**—(1) Where in the funding period, but excluding 1st April 2015, a new maintained school opens and is a replacement for two or more maintained schools that are discontinued during the funding period, a local authority must calculate the budget share of the new school by adding together the budget shares of the schools that have been discontinued.

(2) Except where paragraph (1) applies, a local authority must determine a budget share for—

- (a) any new maintained school in its area, and
- (b) any school that has opened since 1st April 2008 and does not yet have pupils in each year group for which the school proposes to provide education,

from the date of the school's opening on the basis of expected pupil numbers during the funding period estimated by the authority, and regulation 13 does not apply.

(3) Where a school to which paragraph (2) applies was funded on the basis of estimated pupil numbers in the previous funding period, the local authority may take account of any difference between estimated and actual pupil numbers in the previous funding period when estimating pupil numbers for the funding period.

(4) Where in the previous funding period or on 1st April 2015 a new maintained school opened or opens and is a replacement for two or more maintained schools that were discontinued during the previous funding period or on 1st April 2015, a local authority must include in the budget share of the new school an amount equal to 85% of the total amount which the schools that it replaced would have been allocated in their budget shares under paragraphs 1 and 2 of Schedule 3 (single sums) if the schools had not been discontinued.

(5) Where paragraph (4) applies, no single sum is to be included in the new school's budget share under paragraph 1 or 2 of Schedule 3.

(6) A local authority must determine a budget share for any maintained school in its area which is to be discontinued in the funding period up to the date when the school is discontinued in accordance with this Part.

(7) A local authority may change the operation of this regulation where authorised to do so by the Secretary of State under regulation 25 (Alternative arrangements).

### **Federated schools**

**22.**—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), where two or more maintained schools are federated under section 24 of the 2002 Act, the local authority must determine a budget share for each school in accordance with Part 3 of these Regulations.

(2) After carrying out the determination under paragraph (1) the local authority may treat the schools as a single school for the purposes of these Regulations and, accordingly, allocate a single budget share to the governing body of the federation.

(3) Where the local authority decides to allocate a single budget share to the governing body of a federation under paragraph (2), it must determine it by combining the budget shares of all the schools that form part of that federation.

(4) Where one or more schools are to leave a federation which has been allocated a single budget share under paragraph (2), the local authority must—

- (a) determine the budget share for each of the leaving schools, and
- (b) redetermine the budget share for the federation,

in accordance with Part 3 of these Regulations.

## **CHAPTER 2**

### **Adjustments, Correction of Errors, and Alternative Arrangements Authorised by the Secretary of State**

#### **Pupils permanently excluded from, or leaving, maintained schools**

**23.**—(1) Where a pupil is permanently excluded from a school maintained by a local authority (other than a special school, a pupil referral unit, or a place which the authority has reserved for children with special educational needs) (“the excluding school”) the authority must redetermine the excluding school's budget share in accordance with paragraph (2).

(2) The excluding school's budget share must be reduced by  $A \times (B / 52) + C$  where—

- (a)  $A$  is the amount determined by the authority in accordance with this Part that would be attributable to a pupil of the same age and personal circumstances as the pupil in question at primary or secondary schools maintained by the authority for the full funding period;
- (b)  $B$  is either—
  - (i) the number of complete weeks remaining in the funding period calculated from the relevant date; or
  - (ii) where the permanent exclusion takes effect on or after 1st April in a school year<sup>(7)</sup> at the end of which pupils of the same age, or age group, as the pupil in question normally leave that school before being admitted to another school with a different pupil age range, the number of complete weeks remaining in that school year calculated from the relevant date; and
- (c)  $C$  is the amount of the adjustment made to the school's budget share under a financial adjustment order.

(3) Where a pupil who has been permanently excluded from the excluding school and is admitted to another school maintained by a local authority (other than a special school, a pupil referral unit, or to a place which the authority has reserved for children with special educational needs) ("the admitting school") in the funding period, the authority must redetermine the admitting school's budget share in accordance with paragraphs (4) and (5).

(4) The admitting school's budget share must be increased by an amount which is not less than  $D \times (E / F)$  where—

- (a)  $D$  is the amount by which the authority reduced the budget share of the excluding school, or would have reduced the budget share if that school had been maintained by the authority, except that any reduction in the excluding school's budget share made under a financial adjustment order must not be taken into account for these purposes;
- (b)  $E$  is the number of complete weeks remaining in the funding period during which the pupil is a pupil at the admitting school; and
- (c)  $F$  is the number of complete weeks remaining in the funding period calculated from the relevant date.

(5) In redetermining the admitting school's budget share, the authority may increase it by any amount up to the amount of the adjustment made by the excluding school's budget share under a financial adjustment order.

(6) Where a permanently excluded pupil is subsequently reinstated by the governing body of the school, the school's budget share must be increased by an amount which is no less than  $G \times (H / I)$  where—

- (a)  $G$  is the amount by which the authority reduced the school's budget share under paragraph (2);
- (b)  $H$  is the number of complete weeks remaining in the funding period during which the pupil is reinstated; and
- (c)  $I$  is the number of complete weeks remaining in the funding period calculated from the relevant date.

(7) Paragraphs (1) and (2) also apply where a pupil leaves a maintained school (other than a special school, a pupil referral unit, or a place which the authority has reserved for children with special educational needs) for reasons other than permanent exclusion and is receiving education funded by a local authority other than at a school which is maintained by that authority.

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(7) "School year" is defined in section 579(1) of the 1996 Act.

(8) For the purposes of paragraph (2)(a), the amount attributable to a pupil is the sum of the amounts determined in accordance with the authority's formula, by reference to pupil numbers rather than by reference to any other factor or criterion not dependent on pupil numbers (except that where a sixth form grant is payable in respect of the pupil in question, the amount attributable to that pupil is £4,000 for the funding period).

(9) Where a pupil in respect of whom a pupil premium is payable has been permanently excluded from a school maintained by a local authority ("the excluding school"), the local authority must redetermine the excluding school's budget share in accordance with paragraph (10).

(10) The excluding school's budget share must be reduced by  $J \times (K / 52)$  where—

- (a)  $J$  is the amount of the pupil premium allocated to the excluding school for the funding period in respect of that child; and
- (b)  $K$  is either—
  - (i) the number of complete weeks remaining in the funding period calculated from the relevant date; or
  - (ii) where the permanent exclusion takes effect on or after 1st April in a school year at the end of which pupils of the same age, or age group, as the pupil in question normally leave that school before being admitted to another school with a different pupil age range, the number of complete weeks remaining in that school year calculated from the relevant date.

(11) Where a pupil in respect of whom a pupil premium is payable has been permanently excluded from a school maintained by a local authority and admitted to another school maintained by a local authority ("the admitting school") in the funding period, the authority must redetermine the budget share of the admitting school in accordance with paragraph (12).

(12) The admitting school's budget share must be increased by an amount which is not less than  $L \times (M / N)$  where—

- (a)  $L$  is the amount by which the authority reduced the budget share of the excluding school or would have reduced the budget share had that school been maintained by the authority;
- (b)  $M$  is the number of complete weeks remaining in the funding period during which the pupil is a pupil at the admitting school; and
- (c)  $N$  is the number of complete weeks remaining in the funding period calculated from the relevant date.

(13) Where a permanently excluded pupil in respect of whom a pupil premium is payable is subsequently reinstated by the governing body of the school, the school's budget share must be increased by an amount which is no less than  $O \times (P / Q)$  where—

- (a)  $O$  is the amount by which the authority reduced the school's budget share under paragraph (10);
- (b)  $P$  is the number of complete weeks remaining in the funding period during which the pupil is reinstated; and
- (c)  $Q$  is the number of complete weeks remaining in the funding period calculated from the relevant date.

(14) Paragraphs (9) and (10) also apply where a pupil in respect of whom a pupil premium is payable leaves a maintained school for reasons other than permanent exclusion and is receiving education funded by a local authority other than at a school which is maintained by that authority.

(15) For the purposes of this regulation—

- (a) "the relevant date" is the sixth school day following the date on which the pupil has been permanently excluded; and

- (b) “a financial adjustment order” means an order for the adjustment of a school’s budget share made under regulation 25(5)(b) of the School Discipline (Pupil Exclusions and Reviews) (England) Regulations 2012(8) in respect of the exclusion of the pupil from the excluding school.

### **Correction of errors and changes in non-domestic rates**

**24.**—(1) A local authority may at any time during the funding period redetermine a maintained school’s budget share, the amount allocated to a relevant early years provider, or the amount allocated to an exempt early years provider, for the funding period or any previous funding period in order to correct an error in a determination or redetermination made under these Regulations or any previous regulations made under sections 47 or 47ZA of the 1998 Act, whether arising from a mistake as to the number of pupils at the school or otherwise, and any such redetermination will take effect in the next financial year following the funding period.

(2) A local authority may redetermine a school’s budget share to take into account any changes in that school’s non-domestic rate liability in relation to the funding period or any previous funding period.

(3) In so far as any redetermination under paragraph (1) would require the amount that would otherwise have been the budget share of a school to be reduced, it may not be reduced to a figure which is lower than that which could have been allocated to that school under the Regulations in force during the funding period in which the error occurred.

### **Alternative arrangements approved by the Secretary of State**

**25.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), on application by a local authority, the Secretary of State may authorise the authority to—

- (a) disregard the limits referred to in paragraph 5 of Schedule 2 when deducting any expenditure referred to in regulation 8(3) (central services expenditure);
- (b) deduct any expenditure referred to in regulation 8(9)(a) (expenditure falling outside Schedule 2);
- (c) alter the operation of regulation 11(3) (additional expenditure on children with special educational needs);
- (d) determine or redetermine budget shares of schools maintained by it;
- (e) determine or redetermine amounts to be allocated in respect of nursery classes in schools maintained by it;
- (f) determine or redetermine amounts to be allocated to relevant early years providers in its area;
- (g) determine or redetermine amounts to be allocated to exempt early years providers in its area;
- (h) include additional factors or criteria in its formula under regulation 10(1) (formula for determining budget shares) where the nature of a school’s premises exceptionally gives rise to significant additional cost;
- (i) include additional factors or criteria that the authority proposes to include in its formula under regulation 10(3) (early years single funding formula);
- (j) vary the amount by which a school’s redetermined adjusted budget share must be reduced for the purpose of determining the guaranteed level of funding in paragraph 1 of Schedule 4;

- (k) disregard regulation 13 (Pupil numbers);
  - (l) alter the operation of regulation 21 (New schools, merged schools and closing schools) in respect of particular schools; and
  - (m) alter the operation of paragraphs 14 (primary sparsity) and 15 (secondary sparsity) of Schedule 3 in respect of particular schools.
- (2) The Secretary of State may authorise the matters in paragraph (1) to such extent as he or she may specify in accordance with arrangements approved in place of the arrangements provided for by these Regulations.