STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2015 No. 1386

The Swansea Bay Tidal Generating Station Order 2015

PART 6

Powers of acquisition

Compulsory acquisition of land

- **24.**—(1) The undertaker may acquire compulsorily so much of the Order land as is required for the authorised development or to facilitate it, or as is incidental to it, excluding the land identified by the following plot numbers on the land plans—
 - (a) 01135;
 - (b) 02055;
 - (c) 04080;
 - (d) 04085;
 - (e) 04090;
 - (f) 04095;
 - (g) 04100;
 - (h) 05035.
- (2) From the date on which a compulsory acquisition notice is served or the date on which the Order land, or any part of it, is vested in the undertaker, whichever is the later, the land or the part of it that is vested (as the case may be) is discharged from all rights, trusts and incidents to which it was previously subject.
- (3) Any person who suffers loss by the extinguishment of any private right under this article is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.
 - (4) This article is subject to—
 - (a) article 26 (private rights of way);
 - (b) article 28 (compulsory acquisition of rights);
 - (c) article 30 (acquisition of subsoil only);
 - (d) article 32 (rights under or over streets);
 - (e) article 33 (temporary use of land for carrying out authorised development);
 - (f) article 35 (protection of Coal Authority);
 - (g) article 53 (Crown rights).

Commencement Information

II Art. 24 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Power to override easements and other rights

- **25.**—(1) Any authorised activity that takes place within the Order limits (whether the activity is undertaken by the undertaker, by its successor pursuant to a transfer or lease under article 6 (benefit of Order), by any person deriving title under them or by any of their servants or agents) may be undertaken, notwithstanding that it involves—
 - (a) an interference with an interest or right to which this article applies; or
 - (b) a breach of a restriction as to the user of land arising by virtue of a contract.
 - (2) In this article "authorised activity" means—
 - (a) the erection, construction, carrying out or maintenance of any building, work or other thing on land or over, in or under tidal waters or tidal lands; or
 - (b) the use of any land, tidal waters or tidal lands,

that is authorised under any other provision of this Order and done in accordance with its terms.

- (3) The interests and rights to which this article applies are any easement, liberty, privilege, right or advantage annexed to land and adversely affecting other land, including any natural right to support.
- (4) Where any interest or right to which this article applies is interfered with, or any restriction as to the user of land arising by virtue of a contract breached, by any authorised activity in accordance with the terms of this article, the interest, right or restriction is abrogated or discharged at the time that the interference or breach in respect of the authorised activity in question commences, but only to the extent required for, or necessary or incidental to, the authorised development.
- (5) In respect of any interference, breach, abrogation or discharge in pursuance of this article, compensation is payable in accordance with section 152 of the 2008 Act (compensation in case where no right to claim in nuisance), to be determined in case of dispute under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.
- (6) Nothing in this article is to be construed as authorising any act or omission on the part of any person that is actionable at the suit of any person on any grounds other than such an interference or breach as is mentioned in paragraph (1).
 - (7) This article does not apply—
 - (a) in respect of any agreement, restriction, obligation or other provision contained in a deed made pursuant to section 106 of the 1990 Act or section 278 of the 1980 Act; or
 - (b) where any agreement expressly excludes its application.
- (8) This article does not apply in relation to a "relevant right" within the meaning of section 138 of the 2008 Act (extinguishment of rights, and removal of apparatus, of statutory undertakers etc.).

Commencement Information

12 Art. 25 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Private rights of way

- **26.**—(1) Subject to the provisions of this article, all private rights of way over land subject to compulsory acquisition under this Order are extinguished—
 - (a) as from the date of acquisition of the land by the undertaker, whether compulsorily or by agreement; or
 - (b) on the date of entry on the land by the undertaker under section 11(1) of the 1965 Act (power of entry),

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Swansea Bay Tidal Generating Station Order 2015, PART 6. (See end of Document for details)

whichever is the earlier, but only to the extent required for or necessary or incidental to the authorised development.

- (2) Subject to the provisions of this article, all private rights of way over land owned by the undertaker that, being within the limits of land that may be acquired shown on the land plans, is required for the purposes of this Order are extinguished on the appropriation of the land by the undertaker for any of those purposes.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of this article, all private rights of way over land of which the undertaker takes temporary possession under this Order are suspended and unenforceable for as long as the undertaker remains in lawful possession of the land.
- (4) Any person who suffers loss by the extinguishment or suspension of any private right of way under this article is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.
- (5) This article does not apply in relation to any right of way that is a "relevant right" within the meaning of section 138 of the 2008 Act (extinguishment of rights, and removal of apparatus, of statutory undertakers etc.).
 - (6) Paragraphs (1) to (3) have effect subject to—
 - (a) any notice given by the undertaker before—
 - (i) the completion of the acquisition of the land;
 - (ii) the undertaker's appropriation of it;
 - (iii) the undertaker's entry onto it; or
 - (iv) the undertaker taking temporary possession of it,

that any or all of those paragraphs do not apply to any right of way specified in the notice; or

- (b) any agreement made at any time between the undertaker and the person in or to whom the right of way in question is vested or belongs.
- (7) If an agreement referred to in paragraph (6)(b)—
 - (a) is made with a person in or to whom the right of way is vested or belongs; and
 - (b) is expressed to have effect also for the benefit of those deriving title from or under that person,

the agreement is effective in respect of the persons so deriving title, whether the title was derived before or after the making of the agreement.

Commencement Information

I3 Art. 26 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Time limit for exercise of authority to acquire land compulsorily

- **27.**—(1) After the end of the period of 5 years beginning on the day on which this Order comes into force—
 - (a) no notice to treat may be served under Part 1 of the 1965 Act; and

- (b) no declaration may be executed under section 4 of the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981, as applied by article 29 (application of Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981)(1).
- (2) The authority conferred by article 33 (temporary use of land for carrying out authorised development) ceases at the end of the period referred to in paragraph (1), but nothing in this paragraph prevents the undertaker remaining in possession of land after the end of that period, if the land was entered and possession was taken before the end of that period.

Commencement Information

I4 Art. 27 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Compulsory acquisition of rights

- **28.**—(1) The undertaker may, for the purpose set out in the book of reference, acquire compulsorily the existing rights, and create and acquire compulsorily the new rights, described in the book of reference and shown on the land plans excluding—
 - (a) rights described as temporary rights in the book of reference;
 - (b) rights over land identified by the plot numbers on the land plans referred to in article 24(1) (compulsory acquisition of land).
- (2) From the date on which a compulsory acquisition notice is served or the date on which a new right is vested in the undertaker, whichever is the later, the land over which the new right is acquired is discharged from all rights, trusts and incidents to which it was previously subject so far as their continuance would be inconsistent with the exercise of the new right.
- (3) Subject to section 8 of the 1965 Act (as substituted by article 31 (acquisition of part of certain properties)), where the undertaker acquires an existing right over land under paragraph (1), the undertaker is not required to acquire a greater interest in that land.
- (4) Any person who suffers loss as a result of the extinguishment of any private right under this article is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.
- (5) Schedule 5 (modification of compensation and compulsory purchase enactments for creation of new rights) has effect for the purpose of modifying the enactments referred to in that Schedule in their application in relation to the compulsory acquisition under this Order of a right over land by the creation of a new right.

Commencement Information

I5 Art. 28 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

^{(1) 1981} c. 66. Sections 2(3), 6(2) and 11(6) were amended by section 4 of, and paragraph 52 of Schedule 2 to, the Planning (Consequential Provisions) Act 1990 (c. 11). Section 15 was amended by sections 56 and 321(1) of, and Schedules 8 and 16 to, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 (c. 17). Paragraph 1 of Schedule 2 was amended by section 76 of, and Part 2 of Schedule 9 to, the Housing Act 1988 (c. 50); section 161(4) of, and Schedule 19 to, the Leasehold Reform, Housing and Urban Development Act 1993 (c. 28); and sections 56 and 321(1) of, and Schedule 8 to, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008. Paragraph 3 of Schedule 2 was amended by section 76 of, and Schedule 9 to, the Housing Act 1988 and section 56 of, and Schedule 8 to, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008. Paragraph 2 of Schedule 3 was repealed by section 277 of, and Schedule 9 to, the Inheritance Tax Act 1984 (c. 51). There are other amendments to the 1981 Act which are not relevant to this Order

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Application of Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981

- **29.**—(1) The Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981(2) applies as if this Order were a compulsory purchase order.
- (2) The Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981, as so applied, has effect with the following modifications.
 - (3) In section 3 (preliminary notices), omit subsection (1) and substitute—
 - "(1) Before making a declaration under section 4 with respect to any land subject to a compulsory purchase order, the acquiring authority must include the particulars specified in subsection (3) in a notice which is—
 - (a) given to every person with a relevant interest in the land with respect to which the declaration is to be made (other than a mortgagee who is not in possession); and
 - (b) published in a local newspaper circulating in the area in which the land is situated.
 - (4) In that section, in subsection (2)—
 - (a) omit "(1)(b)" and substitute "(1)"; and
 - (b) after "given" insert "and published".
 - (5) In that section, omit subsections (5) and (6) and substitute—
 - "(5) For the purposes of this section, a person has a relevant interest in land if—
 - (a) the person is for the time being entitled to dispose of the fee simple of the land, whether in possession or in reversion; or
 - (b) the person holds, or is entitled to the rents and profits of, the land under a lease or agreement, the unexpired term of which exceeds 1 month."
 - (6) In section 5 (earliest date for execution of declaration)—
 - (a) in subsection (1), after "publication" insert "in a local newspaper circulating in the area in which the land is situated"; and
 - (b) omit subsection (2).
- (7) In section 7 (constructive notice to treat), in subsection (1)(a), omit "(as modified by section 4 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981)".
- (8) References to the 1965 Act in the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981 must be construed as references to that Act as applied by section 125 of the 2008 Act to the compulsory acquisition of land under this Order.

Commencement Information

I6 Art. 29 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Acquisition of subsoil only

- **30.**—(1) The undertaker may acquire compulsorily so much of, or such rights in, the subsoil of the land referred to in article 24(1) (compulsory acquisition of land) as may be required for any purpose for which that land may be acquired under that provision instead of acquiring the whole of the land.
- (2) Where the undertaker acquires any part of, or rights in, the subsoil of land under paragraph (1), the undertaker is not required to acquire an interest in any other part of the land.

^{(2) 1981} c. 66. Sections 2 and 116 were amended by section 4 of, and paragraph 52 of Schedule 2 to, the Planning (Consequential Provisions) Act 1990 (c. 11). There are other amendments to the 1981 Act which are not relevant to this Order.

(3) Paragraph (2) does not prevent article 31 (acquisition of part of certain properties) from applying where the undertaker acquires a cellar, vault, arch or other construction forming part of a house, building or manufactory.

Commencement Information

17 Art. 30 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Acquisition of part of certain properties

- **31.**—(1) This article applies instead of section 8(1) of the 1965 Act (other provisions as to divided land) (as applied by section 125 of the 2008 Act) where—
 - (a) a notice to treat is served on a person (the "owner") under the 1965 Act (as so applied) in respect of land forming only part of a house, building or manufactory or of land consisting of a house with a park or garden (the "land subject to the notice to treat"); and
 - (b) a copy of this article is served on the owner with the notice to treat.
- (2) In such a case, the owner may, within the period of 21 days beginning with the day on which the notice was served, serve on the undertaker a counter-notice objecting to the sale of the land subject to the notice to treat which states that the owner is willing and able to sell the whole (the "land subject to the counter-notice").
- (3) If no such counter-notice is served within that period, the owner must sell the land subject to the notice to treat.
- (4) If such a counter-notice is served within that period, the question whether the owner is required to sell only the land subject to the notice to treat must be referred to the Tribunal unless the undertaker agrees to take the land subject to the counter-notice.
- (5) If on such a reference the Tribunal determines that the land subject to the notice to treat can be taken—
 - (a) without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice; or
 - (b) where the land subject to the notice to treat consists of a house with a park or garden, without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice and without seriously affecting the amenity and convenience of the house,

the owner must sell the land subject to the notice to treat.

- (6) If on such a reference the Tribunal determines that only part of the land subject to the notice to treat can be taken—
 - (a) without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice; or
 - (b) where the land subject to the notice to treat consists of a house with a park or garden, without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice and without seriously affecting the amenity and convenience of the house,

the notice is to be deemed to be a notice to treat for that part.

- (7) If on such a reference the Tribunal determines that—
 - (a) the land subject to the notice to treat cannot be taken without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice; but
 - (b) the material detriment is confined to a part of the land subject to the counter-notice,

the notice to treat is deemed to be a notice to treat for the land to which the material detriment is confined in addition to the land already subject to the notice, whether or not the additional land is land that the undertaker is authorised to acquire compulsorily under this Order.

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- (8) If the undertaker agrees to take the land subject to the counter-notice, or if the Tribunal determines that—
 - (a) none of the land subject to the notice to treat can be taken without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice or, as the case may be, without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice and without seriously affecting the amenity and convenience of the house; and
- (b) the material detriment is not confined to a part of the land subject to the counter-notice, the notice to treat is to be deemed to be a notice to treat for the land subject to the counter-notice whether or not the whole of that land is land which the undertaker is authorised to acquire compulsorily under this Order.
- (9) Where, by reason of a determination by the Tribunal under this article, a notice to treat is deemed to be a notice to treat for less land or more land than that specified in the notice, the undertaker may, within the period of 6 weeks beginning with the day on which the determination is made, withdraw the notice to treat; and, in that event, must pay the owner compensation for any loss or expense occasioned to the owner by the giving and withdrawal of the notice, to be determined in case of dispute by the Tribunal.
- (10) Where the owner is required under this article to sell only part of a house, building or manufactory or land consisting of a house with a park or garden, the undertaker must pay the owner compensation for any loss sustained by the owner due to the severance of that part in addition to the value of the interest acquired.

Commencement Information

I8 Art. 31 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Rights under or over streets

- **32.**—(1) The undertaker may enter upon and appropriate so much of the subsoil of, or air-space over, any street within the Order limits as may be required for the purposes of the authorised development and may use the subsoil or air-space for those purposes or any other purpose ancillary to the authorised development.
- (2) Subject to paragraph (3), the undertaker may exercise any power conferred by paragraph (1) in relation to a street without being required to acquire any part of the street or any easement or right in the street.
 - (3) Paragraph (2) does not apply in relation to—
 - (a) any subway or underground building; or
 - (b) any cellar, vault, arch or other construction in, on or under a street that forms part of a building fronting onto the street.
- (4) Subject to paragraph (5), any person who is an owner or occupier of land appropriated under paragraph (1) without the undertaker acquiring any part of that person's interest in the land, and who suffers loss as a result, is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.
- (5) Compensation is not payable under paragraph (4) to any person who is an undertaker to whom section 85 of the 1991 Act (sharing cost of necessary measures) applies in respect of measures of which the allowable costs are to be borne in accordance with that section.

Commencement Information

19 Art. 32 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Temporary use of land for carrying out authorised development

- **33.**—(1) The undertaker may, in connection with the carrying out of the authorised development,
 - (a) enter on and take temporary possession of the land specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 6 (land of which temporary possession may be taken) for the purpose specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that Schedule;
 - (b) remove any buildings and vegetation from that land;
 - (c) construct temporary works or permanent works comprised within the authorised development (including the provision of means of access) and temporary buildings on that land; and
 - (d) construct any works specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that Schedule.
- (2) Not less than 14 days before entering on and taking temporary possession of land under this article, the undertaker must serve notice of the intended entry on the owners and occupiers of the land specifying the purpose of the temporary possession.
- (3) The undertaker may not, without the agreement of the owner of the land, remain in possession of any land under this article after the end of the period of 1 year beginning with the date of completion of the part of the authorised development specified in relation to that land in column (3) of Schedule 6 unless and to the extent that it is authorised to do so by the acquisition of rights over land or the creation of new rights over land pursuant to article 28 (compulsory acquisition of rights).
- (4) Before giving up possession of land of which temporary possession has been taken under this article, the undertaker must remove all temporary buildings and works and restore the land to the reasonable satisfaction of the owner of the land; but the undertaker is not required to replace a building removed under this article or restore the land on which any works have been constructed under paragraph (1)(d).
- (5) The undertaker must pay compensation to the owners and occupiers of land of which temporary possession is taken under this article for any loss or damage arising from the exercise in relation to the land of the provisions of any power conferred by this article.
- (6) Any dispute as to a person's entitlement to compensation under paragraph (5), or as to the amount of the compensation, must be determined under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.
- (7) Nothing in this article affects any liability to pay compensation under section 10(2) of the 1965 Act (further provisions as to compensation for injurious affection) or under any other enactment in respect of loss or damage arising from the carrying out of the authorised development, other than loss or damage for which compensation is payable under paragraph (5).
- (8) The undertaker may not compulsorily acquire under this Order the land referred to in paragraph (1) except that the undertaker is not precluded from—
 - (a) acquiring new rights over any part of that land under article 28; or
 - (b) acquiring any part of the subsoil (or rights in the subsoil) of that land under article 30 (acquisition of subsoil only).
- (9) Where the undertaker takes possession of land under this article, the undertaker is not required to acquire the land or any interest in it.
- (10) Section 13 of the 1965 Act (refusal to give possession to acquiring authority) applies to the temporary use of land pursuant to this article to the same extent as it applies to the compulsory

Status: Point in time view as at 30/06/2015.

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acquisition of land under this Order by virtue of section 125 of the 2008 Act (application of compulsory acquisition provisions).

(11) Nothing in this article removes the need for a marine licence under Part 4 of the 2009 Act.

Commencement Information

I10 Art. 33 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Temporary use of land for maintaining authorised development

- **34.**—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), at any time during the maintenance period relating to any part of the authorised development, the undertaker may—
 - (a) enter on and take temporary possession of any land within the Order limits if such possession is reasonably required for the purpose of maintaining the authorised development; and
 - (b) construct such temporary works (including the provision of means of access) and temporary buildings on the land as may be reasonably necessary for that purpose.
 - (2) Paragraph (1) does not authorise the undertaker to take temporary possession of—
 - (a) any house or garden belonging to a house; or
 - (b) any building (other than a house) if it is for the time being occupied.
- (3) Not less than 28 days before entering on and taking temporary possession of land under this article, the undertaker must serve notice of the intended entry on the owners and occupiers of the land
- (4) The undertaker may remain in possession of land under this article only for so long as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the maintenance of the part of the authorised development for which possession of the land was taken.
- (5) Before giving up possession of land of which temporary possession has been taken under this article, the undertaker must remove all temporary buildings and works and restore the land to the reasonable satisfaction of the owners of the land.
- (6) The undertaker must pay compensation to the owners and occupiers of land of which temporary possession is taken under this article for any loss or damage rising from the exercise in relation to the land of the powers under this article.
- (7) Any dispute as to a person's entitlement to compensation under paragraph (6), or as to the amount of compensation, must be determined under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.
- (8) Nothing in this article affects any liability to pay compensation under section 10(2) of the 1965 Act (further provisions as to compensation for injurious affection) or under any other enactment in respect of loss or damage arising from the maintenance of the authorised development, other than loss or damage for which compensation is payable under paragraph (6).
- (9) Where the undertaker takes possession of land under this article, the undertaker is not required to acquire the land or any interest in it.
- (10) Section 13 of the 1965 Act (refusal to give possession to acquiring authority) applies to the temporary use of land pursuant to this article to the same extent as it applies to the compulsory acquisition of land under this Order by virtue of section 125 of the 2008 Act (application of compulsory acquisition provisions).
 - (11) Nothing in this article removes the need for a marine licence under Part 4 of the 2009 Act.

Status: Point in time view as at 30/06/2015.

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(12) In this article, "maintenance period", in relation to any part of the authorised development, means the period of 5 years beginning with the date on which that part of the authorised development is first opened for use.

Commencement Information

III Art. 34 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Protection of Coal Authority

35. This Order does not confer any powers to acquire any coal measures or land in which the Coal Authority has any proprietary estate or interest.

Commencement Information

I12 Art. 35 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Protection of riverine fisheries

- **36.**—(1) The undertaker must pay to the owners, occupiers or persons otherwise having a proprietary right of fishing in streams injuriously affected by the construction, operation or maintenance of the authorised development, or otherwise by the exercise of the powers conferred on the undertaker by this Order, compensation for any damage sustained by such persons by reason of the construction, operation or maintenance or the exercise of the powers.
- (2) Compensation under paragraph (1) must be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

Commencement Information

I13 Art. 36 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Special category land

- **37.**—(1) On the exercise by the undertaker of the order rights, so much of the special category land as may be required for the purposes of the order rights is discharged from all rights, trusts and incidents to which it was previously subject, so far as their continuance would be inconsistent with the exercise of the order rights.
 - (2) In this article—
 - "order rights" means the powers or rights exercisable over the special category land by the undertaker under article 28;
 - "special category land" means the land identified as forming part of an open space in the book of reference.

Commencement Information

I14 Art. 37 in force at 30.6.2015, see art. 1

Status:

Point in time view as at 30/06/2015.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Swansea Bay Tidal Generating Station Order 2015, PART 6.