STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2020 No. 1527

EXITING THE EUROPEAN UNION PLANT HEALTH

The Plant Health (Phytosanitary Conditions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020

Made--9th December 2020Coming into force in accordance with regulation 1(2)

The Secretary of State makes these Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred by section 8(1) of, and paragraph 21 of Schedule 7 to, the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018(1).

A draft of this instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament in accordance with paragraph 1(3) of Schedule 7 to that Act.

PART 1

Introductory

Citation and commencement

1.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Plant Health (Phytosanitary Conditions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

(2) They come into force on IP completion day.

^{(1) 2018} c. 16; section 8 was amended by section 27 of the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement Act) 2020 (c. 1) and paragraph 21 of Schedule 7 was amended by section 41(4) of, and paragraph 53(2) of Schedule 5 to, that Act.

PART 2

Amendment to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

2.—(1) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 establishing uniform conditions for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and the Council, as regards protective measures against pests of plants(**2**) is amended as follows.

(2) In Article 1, for the unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"1. This Regulation makes provision for the purposes of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.

1A. It makes provision about:

- (a) GB quarantine pests, provisional GB quarantine pests, PFA quarantine pests and GB regulated non-quarantine pests; and
- (b) measures in relation to the introduction of plants, plant products and other objects into Great Britain and the movement of plants, plant products and other objects within Great Britain to reduce the risks in connection with those pests to an acceptable level.".
- (3) In Article 2—
 - (a) after paragraph 1 insert—

"1A. Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which are not defined in this Regulation and appear in Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council have the same meaning in this Regulation as they have in Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.";

- (b) in paragraph 2—
 - (i) in point (a)—
 - (aa) for "Union" substitute "GB";
 - (bb) for "protected zone" substitute "PFA";
 - (ii) in point (b), before "plant" insert "UK";
 - (iii) in point (c), for the words from "Union" to the end substitute "GB quarantine pests, provisional GB quarantine pests and PFA quarantine pests";
 - (iv) at the end insert—
 - "(d) 'EPPO code', in relation to a pest, means the code for that pest in the EPPO code database maintained by the European and Meditteranean Plant Protection Organization;
 - (e) 'wood packaging material' means wood in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums or similar packings, pallets, box pallets or other load boards, pallet collars or dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of any kind.".

(4) In Article 3—

- (a) in the heading, for "Union" substitute "GB";
- (b) for the first unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 2 makes provision about GB quarantine pests.";

⁽²⁾ EUR 2019/2072.

- (c) omit the second unnumbered paragraph.
- (5) After Article 3 insert—

"Article 3a

List of provisional GB quarantine pests

Annex 2A makes provision about provisional GB quarantine pests.".

- (6) In Article 4—
 - (a) for the heading substitute "List of PFA quarantine pests and GB pest-free areas";
 - (b) for the unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 3 makes provision about PFA quarantine pests and their respective GB pest-free areas.".

- (7) In Article 5—
 - (a) for the heading substitute "List of GB regulated non-quarantine pests and their respective plants for planting";
 - (b) for the first unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 4 makes provision about GB regulated non-quarantine pests ('RNQPs') and the thresholds relating to the presence of those pests on specific plants for planting.";

- (c) omit the second unnumbered paragraph.
- (8) In Article 6-
 - (a) for paragraph 1 substitute—

"1. Annex 5 makes provision about the measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on specific plants for planting which are moved within, or introduced into, Great Britain.";

- (b) in paragraph 2—
 - (i) for the words from the beginning to "pursuant to" substitute "Nothing in Annex 4 or 5 shall affect the application of the requirements specified in retained EU law which transposed the provisions in";
- (c) in paragraph 3—
 - (i) in the words before point (a)—
 - (aa) for the words from "the list" to "pursuant to" substitute "nothing in Annex 4 or 5 shall affect the application of the exceptions from the requirements on marketing, specified in retained EU law which transposed the provisions in";
 - (bb) omit ", from the requirements for marketing set out by those Directives";

(ii) omit point (f).

- (9) In Article 7-
 - (a) in the heading, for "whose introduction into the Union from certain third countries is prohibited" substitute "which may not be introduced into Great Britain if originating or dispatched from certain third countries";
 - (b) for the unnumbered paragraph, substitute—

"Annex 6 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects which may not be introduced into Great Britain if originating or dispatched from certain third countries.".

(10) In Article 8-

- (a) in the heading—
 - (i) for "the Union territory", in the first place where it occurs, substitute "a CD territory or Great Britain";
 - (ii) for "the Union territory", in the second place where it occurs, substitute "Great Britain";
- (b) for paragraph 1 substitute—

"Annex 7 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects originating from third countries and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain.".

(c) for paragraph 2 substitute—

"Annex 8 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects originating in a CD territory or Great Britain and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory or their movement within Great Britain.

- (11) In Article 9-
 - (a) in the heading, for ", whose introduction into certain protected zones is prohibited" substitute "which may not be introduced into GB pest-free areas";
 - (b) for the unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 9 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects originating from third countries or CD territories or within Great Britain which may not be introduced into GB pest-free areas.".

- (12) In Article 10-
 - (a) in the heading—
 - (i) for "protected zones", in the first place where it occurs, substitute "GB pest-free areas";
 - (ii) omit "for protected zones";
 - (b) for the unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 10 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects which are to be introduced into or moved within GB pest-free areas and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into or for their movement within those GB pest-free areas."

- (13) In Article 11-
 - (a) for paragraphs 1 to 3 substitute—

"1. Annex 11 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects originating or dispatched from third countries which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate.

2. Part A of that Annex makes provision for the purposes of Article 72 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 about the plants, plant products and other objects originating or dispatched from third countries which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate.

3. Part B of that Annex makes provision about plants, other than plants listed in Parts A and C of that Annex, which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate.

4. Part C of that Annex makes provision about plants which are subject to the exception referred to in Article 73 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031.".

- (14) In Article 12-
 - (a) in the heading for "protected zone" substitute "GB pest-free area";
 - (b) for the unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 12 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects originating or dispatched from third countries which may not be introduced into GB pest-free areas unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate.".

- (15) In Article 13-
 - (a) in the heading—
 - (i) before "plant passport" insert "UK";
 - (ii) for "the Union territory" substitute "Great Britain, or their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory";
 - (b) for paragraph 1 substitute—

"Annex 13 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects in respect of which a UK plant passport is required for their movement within Great Britain, or their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory.";

(i) omit paragraph 2.

- (16) In Article 14-
 - (a) in the heading—
 - (i) before "plant passport" insert "UK;
 - (ii) for "**PZ**" substitute "**PFA**";
 - (iii) for "protected zones" substitute "GB pest free areas";
 - (b) for the first unnumbered paragraph substitute—

"Annex 14 makes provision about plants, plant products and other objects in respect of which a UK plant passport is required for their introduction into or their movement within GB pest-free areas.";

- (c) in the second unnumbered paragraph—
 - (i) for "Plant passports" substitute "UK plant passports";
 - (ii) for "PZ" substitute "PFA".
- (17) After Article 18, omit the words from "This Regulation" to "Member States".

3. In Annex 1, in the unnumbered paragraph, for the words from ", when" to the end substitute "have the same meaning in the Annexes listed in the first column of the table in Part B as they have in the retained EU law transposing the Directives listed in the corresponding entries in the second column of that table".

- 4. For Annex 2, substitute the Annex in Schedule 1.
- 5. After Annex 2, insert new Annex 2A in Schedule 2.
- 6. For Annex 3, substitute the Annex in Schedule 3.
- 7. For Annex 4, substitute the Annex in Schedule 4.
- 8. For Annex 5, substitute the Annex in Schedule 5.
- 9. For Annex 6, substitute the Annex in Schedule 6.
- 10. For Annex 7, substitute the Annex in Schedule 7.
- 11. For Annex 8, substitute the Annex in Schedule 8.

- **12.** In Annex 9—
 - (a) in the heading, for ", whose introduction into certain protected zones is prohibited" substitute "which may not be introduced into GB pest-free areas";
 - (b) omit the unnumbered paragraph;
 - (c) in the table—
 - (i) omit the column headed "CN Code";
 - (ii) for the column headings in the table substitute—

"(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Description of GB pest-free area"

(2)

(iii) omit the entries in the table.

13. For Annex 10, substitute the Annex in Schedule 9.

14. For Annex 11, substitute the Annex in Schedule 10.

- 15. In Annex 12—
 - (a) in the heading for "protected zone" substitute "GB pest-free area";
 - (b) omit the entries in the table.
- 16. For Annex 13, substitute the Annex in Schedule 11.
- 17. In Annex 14—
 - (a) in the heading—
 - (i) before "plant passport" insert "UK";
 - (ii) for "PZ" substitute "PFA";
 - (iii) for "protected zones" substitute "GB pest-free areas";
 - (b) before paragraph 1 insert—

"(1)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	

Description of GB pest-free area"

(c) omit paragraphs 1 to 12.

Gardiner of Kimble Parliamentary Under Secretary of State Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

9th December 2020

SCHEDULE 1

Regulation 4

New Annex 2 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 2

List of GB quarantine pests

Table of (Contents
Part A: P	ests not known to occur in Great Britain
A.	Bacteria
B.	Fungi and oomycetes
C.	Insects and mites
D.	Nematodes
E.	Parasitic plants
F.	Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas
Part B: P	ests known to occur in Great Britain
A.	Bacteria
B.	Fungi and oomycetes

- C. Nematodes
- D. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas

PART A

Pests not known to occur in Great Britain

GB quarantine pests and their EPPO codes

A. Ba	cteria			
1.	Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li et al. [CORBSE]			
2.	Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens (Hedges) Collins and Jones [CORBFL]			
3.	Pantoea stewartii subsp. stewartii (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters [ERWIST]			
4.	Pseudomonas syringae pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto [PSDMAK]			
5.	Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMPE]			
6.	Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al. [RALSPS]			
7.	Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebesensis Safni et al. [RALSSC]			
8.	Ralstonia syzygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. [RALSSI]			
9.	Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPR]			

- 10. *Xylella fastidiosa* (Wells et al.) [XYLEFA]
- 11. *Xylophilus ampelinus* (Panagopoulos) Willems, Gillis, Kersters, van den Broeke & De Ley [XANTAM]

B. Fu	ngi and oomycetes
1.	Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller [CRSPAN]
2.	Apiosporina morbosa (Schweinitz) von Arx [DIBOMO]
3	Atropellis apiculata M.L. Lohman, E.K. Cash & R.W. Davidson [ATRPAP]
4.	Atropellis pinicola Zeller & Goodding [ATRPPC]
5.	Atropellis piniphila (Weir) Lohmann & Cash [ATRPPP]
6.	Atropellis tingens Lohman & Cash [ATRPTI]
7.	Botryosphaeria laricina (Sawada) Shang [GUIGLA]
8.	Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka [PHYOPI]
9.	Bretziella fagacearum Z.W. de Beer, Marincowitz, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield [CERAFA]
10.	Ceratocystis platani (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr [CERAFP]
11.	Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel [CHMYAR]
12.	Coniferiporia sulphurascens (Pilát) L.W. Zhou & Y.C. Dai [PHELSU]
13.	Coniferiporia weirii (Murrill) L.W. Zhou & Y.C. Dai [INONWE]
14.	<i>Cronartium</i> spp. Fries [1CRONG], except <i>Cronartium gentianeum</i> Thümen [CRONGE], <i>Cronartium pini</i> (Willdenow) Jørstad [ENDCPI] and <i>Cronartium ribicola</i> Fischer [CRONRI].
15.	Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]
16.	Davidsoniella virescens (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield [CERAVI]
17.	Diaporthe vaccinii Shear [DIAPVA]
18.	Dothistroma pini Hulbary [DOTSPI]
19.	Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]
20.	Geosmithia morbida Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat [GEOHMO]
21.	Gymnosporangium spp. [1GYMNG], except:
	Gymnosporangium amelanchieris E. Fisch. ex F. Kern [GYMNAM], Gymnosporangium atlanticum Guyot & Malençon [GYMNAT], Gymnosporangium clavariiforme (Wulfen) DC [GYMNCF], Gymnosporangium confusum Plowright [GYMNCO], Gymnosporangium cornutum Arthur ex F. Kern [GYMNCR], Gymnosporangium fusisporum E. Fisch. [GYMNFS], Gymnosporangium gaeumannii H. Zogg

Crowell [GYMNMI], *Gymnosporangium orientale* P. Syd. & Syd. [GYMNOR], *Gymnosporangium sabinae* (Dickson) G. Winter [GYMNFU], *Gymnosporangium torminali-juniperini* E. Fisch. [GYMNTJ], *Gymnosporangium tremelloides* R. Hartig [GYMNTR]

[GYMNGA], Gymnosporangium gracile Pat. [GYMNGR], Gymnosporangium minus

- 22. *Lecanosticta acicola* (von Thümen) Sydow [SCIRAC]
- 23. Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis [MELMFA]
- 24. *Melampsora medusae* f. sp. *tremuloidis* Shain [MELMMT]
- 25. Mycodiella laricis-leptolepidis (Kaz. Itô, K. Satô & M. Ota) Crous [MYCOLL]
- 26. *Phoma andina* Turkensteen [PHOMAN]
- 27. *Phyllosticta solitaria* Ellis & Everhart [PHYSSL]
- 28. *Phymatotrichopsis omnivora* (Duggar) Hennebert [PHMPOM]
- 29. *Phytophthora ramorum* (non-European isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld [PHYTRA]
- 30. Pseudocercospora pini-densiflorae (Hori & Nambu) Deighton [CERSPD]
- 31. Puccinia pittieriana Hennings [PUCCPT]
- 32. Septoria malagutii E.T. Cline [SEPTLM]
- 33. Sphaerulina musiva (Peck) Quaedvl, Verkley & Crous. [MYCOPP]
- 34. Stegophora ulmea (Fr.) Syd. & P. Syd [GNOMUL]
- 35. *Thecaphora solani* (Thirumulachar & O'Brien) Mordue [THPHSO]
- 36. *Tilletia indica* Mitra [NEOVIN]

C. Insects and mites

1.	Acleris gloverana (Walsingham) [ACLRGL]
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- 2. *Acleris issikii* Oku [ACLRIS]
- 3. *Acleris minuta* (Robinson) [ACLRMI]
- 4. Acleris nishidai Brown [ACLRNI]
- 5. Acleris nivisellana (Walsingham) [ACLRNV]
- 6. *Acleris robinsoniana* (Forbes) [ACLRRO]
- 7. *Acleris semipurpurana* (Kearfott) [CROISE]
- 8. *Acleris senescens* (Zeller) [ACLRSE]
- 9. *Acleris variana* (Fernald) [ACLRVA]
- 10. Acrobasis pyrivorella (Matsumura) [NUMOPI]
- 11. Agrilus anxius Gory [AGRLAX]
- 12. Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire [AGRLPL]
- 13. *Aleurocanthus spiniferus* (Quaintance) [ALECSN]
- 14. Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) [ANOLCN]
- 15. Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) [ANOLGL]
- 16. Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling [ANTHBI]
- 17. Anthonomus eugenii Cano [ANTHEU]
- 18. Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say [TACYQU]
- 19. Anthonomus signatus Say [ANTHSI]

- 20. Aromia bungii (Faldermann) [AROMBU]
- 21. Arrhenodes minutus Drury [ARRHMI]
- 22. Aschistonyx eppoi Inouye [ASCXEP]
- 23. Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) [PARZCO]
- 24. *Bactrocera latifrons* (Hendal) [DACULA]
- 25. *Bactrocera tau* (Walker) [BCTRTA]
- 26. Bactrocera tryoni (Froggatt) [DACUTR]
- 27. *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius). [BEMITA]
- 28. *Carposina sasakii* Matsumara [CARSSA]
- 29. Choristoneura biennis Freeman [CHONBI]
- 30. Choristoneura carnana (Barnes & Busck) [CHONCA]
- 31. Choristoneura conflictana (Walker) [ARCHCO]
- 32. *Choristoneura fumiferana* (Clemens) [CHONFU]
- 33. Choristoneura lambertiana (Busck) [TORTLA]
- 34. *Choristoneura occidentalis* (Walsingham) [CHONOC]
- 35. Choristoneura orae Freeman [CHONOR]
- 36. Choristoneura parallela (Robinson) [CHONPA]
- 37. Choristoneura pinus pinus Freeman [CHONPI]
- 38. *Choristoneura retiniana* (Walsingham) [CHONRE]
- 39. *Choristoneura rosaceana* (Harris) [CHONRO]
- 40. *Cicadellidae* (non-European) [1CICDF] known to be vector of *Xylella fastidiosa*, such as:
 - Carneocephala fulgida (Nottingham) [CARNFU],
 - Draeculacephala minerva Ball [DRAEMI],
 - Graphocephala atropunctata (Signoret) [GRCPAT],
 - Homalodisca vitripennis (Germar) [HOMLTR]
- 41. *Circulifer tenellus* (Baker) [CICTA]
- 42. *Conotrachelus nenuphar* (Herbst) [CONHNE]
- 43. *Dacus ciliatus* Loew [DACUCI]
- 44. Dacus frontalis Becker [DACUFR]
- 45. Dacus punctatifrons Karsch [DACUPU]
- 46. Dendrolimus sibiricus Chetverikov [DENDSI]
- 47. *Diabrotica barberi* Smith and Lawrence [DIABLO]
- 48. Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi Barber [DIABUH]
- 49. Diabrotica undecimpunctata undecimpunctata Mannerheim [DIABUN]
- 50. *Diabrotica virgifera zeae* Krysan & Smith [DIABVZ]
- 51. Eotetranychus lewisi (McGregor) [EOTELE]

- 52. *Epitrix cucumeris* (Harris) [EPIXCU]
- 53. *Epitrix papa* (Orlova-Bienkowskaja) [EPIXPP]
- 54. *Epitrix subcrinita* (Leconte) [EPIXSU]
- 55. *Epitrix tuberis* Gentner [EPIXTU]
- 56. Euphranta canadensis (Loew) [EPOCCA]
- 57. Euphranta japonica (Ito) [RHACJA]
- 58. *Exomala orientalis* (Waterhouse) [ANMLOR]
- 59. *Grapholita inopinata* (Heinrich) [CYDIIN]
- 60. Grapholita packardi Zeller [LASPPA]
- 61. *Grapholita prunivora* (Walsh) [LASPPR]
- 62. *Haplaxius crudus* (van Duzee) [MYNDCR]
- 63. Helicoverpa armigera (Hübner) [HELIAR]
- 64. *Helicoverpa assulta* (Guenée) [HELIAS]
- 65. *Helicoverpa zea* (Boddie)[HELIZE]
- 66. *Ips amitinus* (Eichhoff) [IPSXAM]
- 67. *Ips duplicatus* (Sahlberg) [IPSXDU]
- 68. *Ips typographus* (L.) [IPSXTY]
- 69. *Keiferia lycopersicella* (Walsingham) [GNORLY]
- 70. *Leptinotarsa decemlineata* Say [LPTNDE]
- 71. Lopholeucaspis japonica (Cockerell) [LOPLJA]
- 72. *Liriomyza huidobrensis* (Blanchard) [LIRIHU]
- 73. *Liriomyza sativae* Blanchard [LIRISA]
- 74. *Liriomyza trifolii* (Burgess) [LIRITR]
- 75. *Listronotus bonariensis* (Kuschel) [HYROBO]
- 76. Margarodes, non-European species [1MARGG], such as:
 Margarodes prieskaensis (Jakubski) [MARGPR],
 Margarodes vitis (Philippi) [MARGVI],
 - Margarodes vredendalensis de Klerk [MARGVR]
- 77. *Monochamus* spp. Dejean [1MONCG]
- 78. *Myiopardalis pardalina* (Bigot) [CARYPA]
- 79. *Naupactus leucoloma* Boheman [GRAGLE]
- 80. Neoceratitis cyanescens (Bezzi) [CERTCY]
- 81. Nemorimyza maculosa (Malloch) [AMAZMA]
- 82. Neoleucinodes elegantalis (Guenée) [NEOLEL]
- 83. Oemona hirta (Fabricius) [OEMOHI]
- 84. *Oligonychus perditus* Pritchard and Baker [OLIGPD]

- 85. Paysandisia archon (Burmeister) [PAYSAR]
- 86. *Phyllocoptes fructiphilus* Keifer [PHYCFR]
- 87. Pissodes cibriani O'Brien [PISOCI]
- 88. *Pissodes fasciatus* Leconte [PISOFA]
- 89. *Pissodes nemorensis* Germar [PISONE]
- 90. *Pissodes nitidus* Roelofs [PISONI]
- 91. *Pissodes punctatus* Langor & Zhang [PISOPU]
- 92. *Pissodes strobi* (Peck) [PISOST]
- 93. *Pissodes terminalis* Hopping [PISOTE]
- 94. Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang [PISOYU]
- 95. Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper [PISOZI]
- 96. *Pityophthorus juglandis* Blackman [PITOJU]
- 97. Polygraphus proximus Blandford [POLGPR]
- 98. *Popillia japonica* Newman [POPIJA]
- 99. *Premnotrypes spp.* Pierce (non-European) [1PREMG]
- 100. Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus (Zimmermann) [PSDPMI]
- 101. Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus (Eichhoff) [PSDPPR]
- 102. Rhagoletis fausta (Osten-Sacken) [RHAGFA];
- 103. Rhagoletis indifferens Curran [RHAGIN];
- 104. Rhagoletis mendax Curran [RHAGME];
- 105. Rhagoletis pomonella (Walsh) [RHAGPO];
- 106. Rhagoletis ribicola Doane [RHAGRI];
- 107. Rhagoletis suavis (Loew) [RHAGSU];
- 108. Rhizoecus hibisci Kawai and Takagi [RHIOHI]
- 109. Rhynchophorus palmarum (L.) [RHYCPA]
- 110. Rhynchophorus ferrugineus (Olivier) [RHYCFE]
- 111. Saperda candida Fabricius [SAPECN]
- 112. Scirtothrips aurantii Faure [SCITAU]
- 113. Scirtothrips citri (Moulton) [SCITCI]
- 114. Scirtothrips dorsalis Hood [SCITDO]
- 115. Scolytidae spp. (non-European) [1SCOLF]
- 116. Spodoptera eridania (Cramer) [PRODER]
- 117. Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) [LAPHFR]
- 118. Spodoptera littoralis (Boisduval) [SPODLI]
- 119. Spodoptera litura (Fabricus) [PRODLI]

- 120. Strauzia longipennis (Wiedemann) [STRALO]
- 121. Tecia solanivora (Povolný) [TECASO]
- 122. Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick) [ARGPLE]
- 123. Thaumetopoea pityocampa Denis & Schiffermüller [THAUPI]
- 124. Thrips palmi Karny [THRIPL]
- 125. Zeugodacus cucumis (French) [DACUCM]
- 126. Zeugodacus cucurbitae (Coquillett) [DACUCU]

D. Nematodes

- 1. *Aphelenchoides besseyi* Christie [APLOBE]
- 2. *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner and Bührer) Nickle [BURSXY]
- 3. *Globodera pallida (Stone)* Behrens [HETDPA] (Non-European Strains)
- 4. *Globodera rostochiensis* (Wollenweber) Behrens [HETDRO] (Non-European Strains)
- 5. *Hirschmanniella* spp., Luc & Goodey [1HIRSG], except:
 - Hirschmanniella behningi Micoletzky [HIRSBE],
 - Hirschmanniella gracilis (de Man) Luc & Goodey [HIRSGR],
 - Hirschmanniella halophila Sturhan & Hallman [HIRSHA],
 - Hirschmanniella loofi Sher [HIRSLO] and
 - *Hirschmanniella zostericola* Allgén [HIRSZO]
- 6. *Longidorus diadecturus* Eveleigh and Allen [LONGDI]
- 7. *Meloidogyne chitwoodi* Golden *et al.* [MELGCH]
- 8. *Nacobbus aberrans* (Thorne) Thorne and Allen [NACOBA]
- 9. *Xiphinema americanum sensu stricto* Cobb [XIPHAA]
- 10. *Xiphinema bricolense* Ebsary, Vrain & Graham [XIPHBC]
- 11. *Xiphinema californicum* Lamberti & Bleve-Zacheo [XIPHCA]
- 12. Xiphinema neoamericanum Saxena, Chhabra & Joshi [XIPHNA]
- 13. *Xiphinema intermedium* Lamberti & Bleve-Zacheo [XIPHIM]
- 14. *Xiphinema rivesi* (non-European populations) Dalmasso [XIPHRI]
- 15. *Xiphinema ta rjanense* Lamberti & Bleve-Zacheo [XIPHTA]

E. Parasitic plants

1.	Arceuthobium spp. [1AREG], except:
	— Arceuthobium azoricum Wiens & Hawksworth [AREAZ],
	— Arceuthobium gambyi Fridl [AREGA] and
	— Arceuthobium oxycedri (de Candolle) Marschall von Bieberstein [AREOX]
F.	Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas
1.	Beet curly top virus [BCTV00]

- 2. Begomoviruses [1BEGOG]
- 3. Blueberry scorch virus [BLSCV0]
- 4. Blueberry shoestring virus [BSSV00]

- 5. *Candidatus* Phytoplasma 'aurantifolia' Zreik, Bové & Garnier [PHYPAF]
- 6. *Candidatus* Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPMA]
- 7. *Candidatus* Phytoplasma 'pruni' Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene & Douglas [PHYPPN]
- 8. *Candidatus* Phytoplasma 'solani' Quaglino, Zhao, Casati, Bulgari, Bianco, Wei & Davis [PHYPSO]
- 9. *Candidatus* Phytoplasma 'ulmi' Lee, Martini, Marcone & Zhu [PHYPUL]
- 10. Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus [CSNV00]
- 11. Coconut lethal yellowing phytoplasma [PHYP56]
- 12. Cowpea mild mottle virus [CPMMV0]
- 13. Cucumber vein yellowing virus [CVYV00]
- 14. Cucurbit yellow stunting disorder virus [CYSDV0]
- 15. Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma [PHYP64]
- 16. Lettuce infectious yellows virus [LIYV00]
- 17. Melon yellowing-associated virus [MYAV00]
- 18. Potato viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas, such as:
 - Andean potato latent virus [APLV00],
 - Andean potato mild mosaic virus [APMMV0],
 - Andean potato mottle virus [APMOV0],
 - Arracacha virus B, oca strain [AVBO00],
 - Potato black ringspot virus [PBRSV0],
 - Potato yellowing virus [PYV000],
 - Potato yellow vein virus [PYVV00],
 - Potato virus T [PVT000],
 - Non-European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Yo, Yn and Yc) and Potato leafroll virus [PVA000, PVM000, PVS000, PVV000, PVX000 and PVY000 (including PVYO00, PVYN00, PVYC00)] and [PLRV00]
- 19. Rose Rosette virus [RRV000]
- 20. Strawberry vein banding virus [SVBV00]
- 21. Squash vein yellowing virus [SQVYVX]
- 22. Sweet potato chlorotic stunt virus [SPCSV0]
- 23. Sweet potato mild mottle virus [SPMMV0]
- 24. Tobacco ringspot virus [TRSV00]
- 25. Tobacco streak virus black raspberry latent strain [TSVBL0]
- 26. Tomato brown rugose fruit virus [TOBRFV]
- 27. Tomato chocolate virus [TOCHV0]
- 28. Tomato leaf curl New Delhi virus [TOLCND]
- 29. Tomato marchitez virus [TOANV0]
- 30. Tomato mild mottle virus [TOMMOV]

- 31. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas of *Cydonia* Mill., *Fragaria* L., *Malus* Mill., *Prunus* L., *Pyrus* L., *Ribes* L., *Rubus* L. and *Vitis* L., such as:
 - Blueberry leaf mottle virus [BLMOV0],
 - *Candidatus* Phytoplasma *australiense* Davis, Gillaspie, Vidaver & Harris [PHYPAU],
 - *Candidatus* Phytoplasma *phoenicium* Verdin, Salar, Danet, Choueiri, Jreijiri, El Zammar, Gélie, Bové & Garnier [PHYPPH],
 - Cherry rasp leaf virus [CRLV00],
 - Grapevine ajinashika virus [GAV000],
 - Peach mosaic virus [PCMV00],
 - Peach rosette mosaic virus [PRMV00],
 - American plum line pattern virus [APLPV0],
 - Raspberry leaf curl virus [RLCV00],
 - Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma [SYWB00],
 - Non-European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas of Cydonia Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyrus L., Ribes L., Rubus L. and Vitis L.

PART B

Pests known to occur in Great Britain

GB quarantine pests and their EPPO codes

A. Bacteria 1. Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. [RALSSL] B. Fungi and oomycetes 1. Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival [SYNCEN] C. Nematodes 1. Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens [HETDPA] (European Strains) 2. Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens [HETDRO] (European Strains) D. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas 1. Candidatus Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPR]"

SCHEDULE 2

Regulation 5

New Annex 2A to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 2A

List of provisional GB quarantine pests

Provisional GB quarantine pests and their EPPO codes

A. Fungi and oomycetes

1. *Alternaria mali* Roberts [ALTEMA]

- 2. *Heterobasidion irregulare* Garbelotto & Otrosina [HETEIR]
- 3. *Neocosmospora euwallaceae* (S. Freeman, Z. Mendel, T. Aoki & O'Donnell) Sandoval-Denis, L. Lombard & Crous [FUSAEW]
- 4. *Phytophthora kernoviae* Brasier, Beales & S.A. Kirk [PHYTKE]
- 5. *Phytophthora ramorum* (European isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld [PHYTRA]
- 6. Thekopsora minima (Arthur) Sydow & P. Sydow [THEKMI]

B. Inse	ect and mites
1.	Agrilus fleischeri Obenberger [AGRLFL]
2.	Agrilus bilineatus (Weber) [AGRLBL]
3.	Ceratothripoides brunneus Bagnall [CRTZBR]
4.	Ceratothripoides claratris (Shumsher) [CRTZCL
5.	Euwallacea fornicatus senso lato (Eichhoff) [XYLBFO]
6.	Neocerambyx raddei (Blessig) [MALLRA]
7.	Platynota stultana Walsingham [PLAAST]
8.	Prodiplosis longifila Gagné [PRDILO]
9.	Scaphoideus luteolus van Duzee [SCAPLU]
10.	Scaphoideus titanus Ball [SCAPLI]
11.	Scolytus morawitzi Semenov [SCOLMO]
12.	Tetranychus evansi Baker & Pritchard [TETREV]
13.	Thaumetopoea pinivora (Treitschke)[THAUPV]
14.	Trialeurodes abutiloneus Haldeman [TRIAAB]
15.	Toumeyella parvicornis (Cockerell)[TOUMPA]
16.	Xyleborus glabratus Eichhoff [XYLBGR]
17.	Xylotrechus spp. Chevrolat [1XYLOG]
C. Vir	uses, viroids and phytoplasmas
1.	Apple dimple fruit viroid [ADFVD0]
2.	Citrus exocortis viroid [CEVD00]
3.	Columnea latent viroid [CLVD00]
4.	Pepper chat fruit viroid [PCFVD0]
5.	Tomato chlorosis virus [TOCV00]
6.	Tomato infectious chlorosis virus [TICV00]
7.	Tomato planta macho viroid [TPMVD0]
8.	Tomato torrado virus [TOTV00]
9.	Tomato yellow leaf curl Sardinia virus [TYLCSV]
10.	Tomato yellow leaf curl virus [TYLCV0]"

SCHEDULE 3

Regulation 6

New Annex 3 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 3

List of PFA quarantine pests and GB pest-free areas

	(1)	(2)
	<i>PFA quarantine pest (with EPPO code)</i>	Description of GB pest-free area
1.	Dendroctonus micans Kugelan [DENCMI]	The eastern boundary for the pest-free area runs from Dumbarton along the A82 to Crianlarich. From Crianlarich the boundary continues along the A82 to Loch Tulla and then it follows the railway line from Loch Tulla to Rannoch Station, to Tulloch Station to Roybridge Station. It then follows the C road by the river Roy up to Brae Roy Lodge, following the River Turret then cutting across the watershed following the Allt an t- Sidhean stream to the A82 at Laggan and then to Invergarry where it follows the A87 to the Kyle of Lochalsh and the islands of Skye, Mull, Jura, Arran, Scarba, Seil, Luing, Shuna, Torsa, Ulva, Gometra, Kerrera, Lismore and Eilean Shona
2.	<i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer [IPSXCE]	The eastern boundary for the pest-free area runs from Dumbarton along the A82 to Crianlarich. From Crianlarich the boundary continues along the A82 to Loch Tulla and then it follows the railway line from Loch Tulla to Rannoch Station, to Tulloch Station to Roybridge Station. It then follows the C road by the river Roy up to Brae Roy Lodge, following the River Turret then cutting across the watershed following the Allt an t- Sidhean stream to the A82 at Laggan and then to Invergarry where it follows the A87 to the Kyle of Lochalsh and the islands of Skye, Mull, Jura, Arran, Scarba, Seil, Luing, Shuna, Torsa, Ulva, Gometra, Kerrera, Lismore and Eilean Shona
3.	<i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Bőrner [IPSXSE]	The eastern boundary for the pest-free area runs from Dumbarton along the A82 to Crianlarich. From Crianlarich the boundary continues along the A82 to Loch Tulla and then it follows the railway line from Loch Tulla to Rannoch Station, to Tulloch Station to Roybridge Station. It then follows the C road by the river Roy up to Brae Roy Lodge, following the River Turret then cutting across the watershed following the Allt an t- Sidhean stream to the A82 at Laggan and then to Invergarry where it follows the A87 to the Kyle

 (1)	(2)
<i>PFA quarantine pest (with EPPO code)</i>	Description of GB pest-free area
 	of Lochalsh and the islands of Skye, Mull, Jura, Arran, Scarba, Seil, Luing, Shuna, Torsa, Ulva, Gometra, Kerrera, Lismore and Eilean Shona
[THAUPR]	areas of Barking and Dagenham, Barnet, Basildon, Basingstoke and Deane, Bexley, Bracknell Forest, Brent, Brentwood, Bromley, Broxbourne, Camden, Castle Point, Chelmsford, Chiltern, City of London, City of Westminster, Crawley, Croydon, Dacorum, Dartford, Ealing, East Hertfordshire, Elmbridge District, Enfield, Epping Forest, Epsom and Ewell District, Gravesham, Greenwich, Guildford, Hackney, Hammersmith & Fulham, Haringey, Harlow,
	Harrow, Hart, Havering, Hertsmere, Hillingdon, Horsham, Hounslow, Islington, Kensington & Chelsea, Kingston-upon-Thames, Lambeth, Lewisham, Littlesford, Medway, Merton, Mid Sussex, Mole Valley, Newham, North Hertfordshire, Reading, Redbridge, Reigate and Banstead, Richmond-upon-Thames, Runnymede District, Rushmoor, Sevenoaks, Slough, South Bedfordshire, South Bucks, South Oxfordshire, Southwark, Spelthorne District, St Albans, Sutton, Surrey Heath, Tandridge, Three Rivers, Thurrock, Tonbridge and Malling, Tower Hamlets, Waltham Forest, Wandsworth, Watford, Waverley, Welwyn Hatfield, West Berkshire, Windsor and Maidenhead, Woking, Wokingham and Wycombe)"

SCHEDULE 4

Regulation 7

New Annex 4 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 4

List of GB regulated non-quarantine pests and their respective plants for planting In this Annex, 'RNQPs' means GB regulated non-quarantine pests.

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Part A: RNQPs concerning fodder plant seed

Part B: RNQPs concerning vine propagating material

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Part I: RNQPs concerning fruit propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production

Part J: RNQPs concerning seeds of Solanum tuberosum

Part K: RNQPs concerning plants for planting of Humulus lupulus, other than seeds

PART A

RNQPs concerning fodder plant seed

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	U	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds certified seed
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus (McCulloch 1925) Davis et al. [CORBIN]	Medicago sativa L.	0%	0%	0%
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0%	0%	0%

PART B

RNQPs concerning vine propagating material

Insects and mites			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting other than seeds (genus or species)	Thresholds for initial propagating material, basic propagating material and certified material	Thresholds for standard material

<i>Daktulosphaira vitifoliae</i> Fitch [VITEVI]	Non-grafted Vitis vinifera L.	0%	0%
<i>Daktulosphaira vitifoliae</i> Fitch [VITEVI]	Vitis L. other than non- grafted Vitis vinifera L.	Practically free	Practically free
Viruses, viroids, virus-	like diseases and phytop	lasmas	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting other than seeds (genus or species)	Thresholds for initial propagating material, basic propagating material and certified material	Thresholds for standard material
Arabis mosaic virus [ARMV00]	Vitis L.	0%	0%
Grapevine fanleaf virus [GFLV00]	Vitis L.	0%	0%
Grapevine fleck virus [GFKV00]	Rootstocks of <i>Vitis</i> spp. and their hybrids, except <i>Vitis vinifera</i> L.		Not applicable
Grapevine leafroll associated virus 1 [GLRAV1]	Vitis L.	0%	0%
Grapevine leafroll associated virus 3 [GLRAV3]	Vitis L.	0%	0%

PART C

RNQPs concerning propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

Bacteria		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Amelanchier Medik., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus Tourn. ex L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobtrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus Bosc ex Spach, Photinia davidiana Decne., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTEU]	Capsicum annuum L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTGA]	Capsicum annuum L.	0%
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> [XANTVE]	Capsicum annuum L.	0%

Fungi and oomycetes

(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
Dothistroma septosporum (Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pinus</i> L.	0%
Phytophthora austrocedri Greslebin & Hansen [PHYTAU]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>lawsoniana</i> (Murr.) Parl., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> nootkatensis (D.Don) Sudw./(Lamb.) Spach, <i>Cupressus</i> sempervirens var. <i>sempervirens</i> L., <i>Juniperus</i> <i>communis</i> ssp. <i>communis</i> L. and <i>Libocedrus</i> chilensis (D.Don) Endl.	0%
Phytophthora lateralis T. Jung, M.J.C. Stukely & T.I. Burgess [PHYTLI]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>formosensis</i> Matsum., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> lawsoniana (Murr.) Parl., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>obtusa</i> Sieb. & Zucc. ex Endl., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> pisifera Sieb. & Zucc. ex Endl., <i>Taxus</i> brevifolia Nutt. and <i>Thuja</i> occidentalis L.	0%

<i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	Seeds of Helianthus annuus L.	0%
	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.	0%
Insects and mites	· · ·	
(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>RNQPs or symptoms caused by</i> <i>RNQPs</i>		Thresholds for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
[OPOGSC]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Beaucarnea</i> Lem., <i>Bougainvillea</i> Comm. ex Juss., <i>Crassula</i> L., <i>Crinum</i> L., <i>Dracaena</i> Vand. ex L., <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Pachira</i> Aubl., <i>Palmae</i> , <i>Sansevieria</i> Thunb. and <i>Yucca</i> L.	0%
Nematodes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Camassia</i> Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus</i> <i>flavus</i> Weston, <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> Tourn. ex L, <i>Hymenocallis</i> Salisb., <i>Muscari</i> Mill., <i>Narcissus</i> L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> L., <i>Puschkinia</i> Adams, <i>Scilla</i> L., <i>Sternbergia</i> Waldst. & Kit. and <i>Tulipa</i> L.	0%
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	seases and phytoplasmas	
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Chrysanthemum stunt viroid [CSVD00]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Argyranthemum</i> Webb ex Sch.Bip. and <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.	0%
<i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus [INSV00]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Begonia x hiemalis</i>	0%
	Fotsch, <i>Impatiens</i> L. and New Guinea Hybrids	
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L.	0%
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of the following species of <i>Prunus</i> L.:	0%
	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus blireiana Andre, Prunus brigantina Vill., Prunus cerasifera Ehrh., Prunus cistena Hansen, Prunus curdica Fenzl and Fritsch., Prunus domestica ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid, Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb. and Zucc., Prunus nigra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl. and other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plum pox virus	
Tomato ringspot virus [TORSV0]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pelargonium x</i> <i>hortorum</i> , <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L.	0%
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds, of <i>Begonia x hiemalis</i>	0%

Fotsch, *Capsicum annuum* L., *Chrysanthemum* L., *Gerbera* L., *Impatiens* L., New Guinea Hybrids and *Pelargonium* L.

PART D

RNQPs concerning forest reproductive material, other than seeds

Fungi and oomycetes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	<i>Plants for planting (genus or species)</i>	Thresholds for the forest reproductive material concerned
Dothistromaseptosporum(Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Pinus L.	0%

PART E

RNQPs concerning vegetable seed

Fungi and oomycetes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (seeds) (genus or species)	Thresholds for the vegetable seed concerned
CandidatusLiberibacter'solanacearum'Liefting et al.[LIBEPS]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. [CORBMI]		0%
Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. phaseoli (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPH]	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	0%
Xanthomonas fuscans subsp. fuscans Schaad et al. [XANTFF]	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTEU]		and 0%
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič 1957) Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTGA]	-	and 0%

Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> [XANTVE]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Insects and mites		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (seeds) (genus or species)	Thresholds for the vegetable seed concerned
Acanthoscelides obtectus (Say) [ACANOB]	<i>Phaseolus coccineus</i> L. and <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.	0%
Bruchus pisorum (Linnaeus) [BRCHPI]	Pisum sativum L.	0%
Bruchus rufimanus Boheman [BRCHRU]	Vicia faba L.	0%
Nematodes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (seeds) (genus or species)	Thresholds for the vegetable seed concerned
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L.	0%
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	seases and phytoplasmas	
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (seeds) (genus or species)	Thresholds for the vegetable seed concerned
Pepino mosaic virus [PEPMV0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Tomato apical stunt viroid [TASVD0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid [TCDVD0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%

PART F

RNQPs concerning seed potatoes

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	direct p	lds for the rogeny of pre- ed potatoes PB	Thresholds for the direct progeny of basic seed potatoes	Thresholds for the direct progeny of certified seed potatoes
Symptoms of virus infection	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0.5%	4%	10%
	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	Practically free	Practically free	Practically free
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et al.</i> [LIBEPS]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
Ditylenchudestructor Thorne [DITYDE]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
Black scurf as caused by <i>Thanatephorus</i> <i>cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk [RHIZSO]		0%	tubers over more than		tubers over more than 10% of their
2	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	tubers over more than		tubers over more than 10% of their
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0.1%	0.8%	6%
and					
symptoms caused by Potato leaf roll virus [PLRV00]					
<i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen [MELGFA]		0%	0%	0%	0%

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	direct p	olds for the rogeny of pre- red potatoes PB	Thresholds for the direct progeny of basic seed potatoes	Thresholds for the direct progeny of certified seed potatoes
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%

PART G

RNQPs concerning seed of oil and fibre plants

In this Part, 'specified size', in relation to a seed lot, means-

- (a) in the case of seed of Brassica rapa L. var. silvestris (Lam.) Briggs, 70g;
- (b) in the case of seed of *Brassica napus* L. (partim), 100g;
- (c) in the case of seed of *Sinapis alba* L., 200g.

Fungi and oomycetes				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre- basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds for certified seed
<i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> Groves	Linum usitatissimum	5%	5%	5%
& Skolko [ALTELI]	L.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. linicola, <i>Colletotrichum lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. linicola, <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. linicola, <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.
Boeremia exigua var. linicola	Linum usitatissimum	1%	1%	1%
	L flax	5% affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichum lini and Fusarium spp.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.
	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L linseed	5%	5%	5%

Vassiljevsky) Aveskamp, Gruyter & Verkley [PHOMEL]		5% affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichum lini and Fusarium spp.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.	5% affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp.
<i>Botrytis cinerea</i> de Bary [BOTRCI]	Helianthus annuus L. and Linum usitatissimum L.	5%	5%	5%
<i>Colletotrichum lini</i> Westerdijk [COLLLI]	Linum usitatissimum L.	e	with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichum	with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua
Diaporthe caulivora (Athow & Caldwell) J.M. Santos, Vrandecic & A.J.L. Phillips [DIAPPC];	Glycine max (L.) Merr	15 % for infection with the Phomopsis complex		infection with
Diaporthe phaseolorum var. sojae Lehman [DIAPPS]				
<i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus) Link [1FUSAG] other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL] and <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]	Linum usitatissimum L.	5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus) Link other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i>	5 % affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus) Link other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon	5 % affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus) Link other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

		Nirenberg & O'Donnell	and <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell	and <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell
Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	Helianthus annuus L.	0%	0%	0%
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	Brassica rapa L. var. silvestris (Lam.) Briggs,	5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of	sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot of the	5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	Brassica napus L. (partim) and Helianthus annuus L.	10sclerotiaorfragmentsofsclerotiafoundinalaboratory	sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot of the	10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	Sinapis alba L.	5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of	sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot of the	5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each

PART H

RNQPs concerning vegetable propagating and planting material other than seeds

Bacteria	
(1)	(2)

(3)

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Thresholds for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
Candidatus Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting et al. [LIBEPS]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. [CORBMI]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTEU]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al. [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> [XANTVE]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
Fungi and oomycetes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Thresholds for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
<i>Fusarium</i> Link (anamorphic genus) [1FUSAG] other than <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL] and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]	Asparagus officinalis L.	0%
Helicobasidiumbrebissonii(Desm.) Donk [HLCBBR]	Asparagus officinalis L.	0%
Stromatinia cepivora Berk. [SCLOCE]	<i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium fistulosum</i> L., <i>Allium porrum</i> L. and <i>Allium sativum</i> L.	0%
Verticillium dahliae Kleb. [VERTDA]	<i>Cynara cardunculus</i> L.	0%
Nematodes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Thresholds for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned

	L.			
Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas				
(1)	(2)	(3)		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Thresholds for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned		
Leek yellow stripe virus [LYSV00]	Allium sativum L.	1%		
Onion yellow dwarf virus [OYDV00]	<i>Allium cepa</i> L. and <i>Allium sativum</i> L.	1%		
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%		
Tobacco mild green mosaic virus [TMGMV0]	Capsicum annuum L. and Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%		
Tomato apical stunt viroid [TASVD0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%		
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid [TCDVD0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0%		
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	Capsicum annuum L., Lactuca sativa L., Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	0%		

Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Allium cepa L., Allium sativum 0% Filipjev [DITYDI] L.

PART I

RNQPs concerning fruit propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production

Bacteria		
(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs</i>	<i>Plants for planting (genus or species)</i>	Thresholds for the fruit propagating and fruit plants concerned
Agrobacterium tumefaciens (Smith & Townsend) Conn [AGRBTU]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch,	0%

Prunus salicina Lindley, *Pyrus* L. and *Vaccinium* L.

Agrobacterium spp. Conn [1AGRBG]	Rubus L.	0%
<i>Candidatus Phlomobacter</i> 'fragariae' Zreik, Bové & Garnier [PHMBFR]	Fragaria L.	0%
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Pseudomonas avellanae</i> Janse <i>et al.</i> [PSDMAL]	<i>Corylus avellana</i> L.	0%
Pseudomonas savastanoi pv. savastanoi (Smith) Gardan et al. [PSDMSA]	Olea europaea L.	0%
morsprunorum (Wormald)	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch and Prunus salicina Lindley	0%
	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L. and Prunus armeniaca L.	0%
Pseudomonasviridiflava(Burkholder)Dowson[PSDMVF]	Prunus armeniaca L.	0%
<i>Rhodococcus fascians</i> Tilford [CORBFA]	Rubus L.	0%
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. Corylina (Miller, Bollen, Simmons, Gross & Barss) Vauterin, Hoste, Kersters & Swings [XANTCY]	Corylus avellana L.	0%
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. Juglandi (Pierce) Vauterin et al. [XANTJU]	Jugland regia L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>fici</i> (Cavara) Dye [XANTFI]	Ficus carica L.	0%
XanthomonasfragariaeKennedy & King [XANTFR]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
Fungi and oomycetes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by	Plants for planting (genus or	

RNQPs or symptoms caused by Plants for planting (genus or RNQPs species)

Thresholds for the fruit propagating and fruit plants concerned

<i>Armillariella mellea</i> (Vahl) Kummer [ARMIME]	Corylus avellana L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill. and Pyrus L	0%
Chondrostereum purpureum Pouzar [STERPU]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Colletotrichum acutatum Simmonds [COLLAC]	Fragaria L.	0%
<i>Diaporthe strumella</i> (Fries) Fuckel [DIAPST]	Ribes L.	0%
<i>Exobasidium vaccinii</i> (Fuckel) Woronin [EXOBVA]	Vaccinium L.	0%
Glomerellacingulata(Stoneman)Spaulding & vonSchrenk [GLOMCI]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Godronia cassandrae (anamorph Topospora myrtilli) Peck [GODRCA]	Vaccinium L.	0%
Microsphaera grossulariae (Wallroth) Léveillé [MCRSGR]	Ribes L.	0%
<i>Mycosphaerella punctiformis</i> Verkley & U. Braun [RAMUEN]	Castanea sativa Mill.	0%
<i>Neofabraea alba</i> Desmazières [PEZIAL]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Neofabraea malicorticis Jackson [PEZIMA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Peronospora rubi Rabenhorst [PERORU]	Rubus L.	0%
<i>Phytophthora cactorum</i> (Lebert & Cohn) J.Schröter [PHYTCC]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.	0%

Phytophthora cambivora (Petri) Buisman [PHYTCM]	<i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill. and <i>Pistacia ver</i> a L.	0%
Phytophthora cinnamomi Rands [PHYTCN]	Castanea sativa Mill.	0%
Phytophthoracitrophthora(R.E. Smith & E.H. Smith)Leonian [PHYTCO]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle and <i>Poncirus</i> Raf.	0%
PhytophthoracryptogeaPethybridge& Lafferty[PHYTCR]	Pistacia vera L.	0%
<i>Phytophthora fragariae</i> C.J. Hickman [PHYTFR]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
<i>Phytophthora nicotianae</i> var. <i>parasitica</i> (Dastur) Waterhouse [PHYTNP]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle and Poncirus Raf.	0%
<i>Phytophthora</i> spp. de Bary [1PHYTG]	Rubus L.	0%
Podosphaeraaphanis(Wallroth) Braun & Takamatsu[PODOAP]	Fragaria L.	0%
Podosphaeramors-uvae(Schweinitz)Braun&Takamatsu [SPHRMU]	Ribes L.	0%
<i>Rhizoctonia fragariae</i> Hussain & W.E. McKeen [RHIZFR]	Fragaria L.	0%
<i>Rosellinia necatrix</i> Prillieux [ROSLNE]	Pistacia vera L.	0%
<i>Sclerophora pallida</i> Yao & Spooner [SKLPPA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> Reinke & Berthold [VERTAA]	Corylus avellana L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill. and Pyrus L.	0%
[VERTDA]	Corylus avellana L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Olea europaea L., Pistacia vera L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.	0%
Insects and mites		

(2)

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the fruit propagating and fruit plants concerned
Cecidophyopsis ribis Westwood [ERPHRI]	Ribes L.	0%
Chaetosiphon fragaefolii Cockerell [CHTSFR]	Fragaria L.	0%
Dasineura tetensi Rübsaamen [DASYTE]	Ribes L.	0%
<i>Epidiaspis leperii</i> Signoret [EPIDBE]	Juglans regia L.	0%
<i>Eriosoma lanigerum</i> Hausmann [ERISLA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Phytoptus avellanae</i> Nalepa [ERPHAV]	Corylus avellana L.	0%
<i>Phytonemus pallidus</i> Banks [TARSPA]	Fragaria L.	0%
Pseudaulacaspis pentagona Targioni-Tozzetti [PSEAPE]	Juglans regia L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Ribes L.	0%
Psylla spp. Geoffroy [1PSYLG]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Resseliella theobaldi</i> Barnes [THOMTE]	Rubus L.	0%
<i>Tetranychus urticae</i> Koch [TETRUR]	Ribes L.	0%
Nematodes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the fruit propagating and fruit plants concerned
Aphelenchoides blastophthorus Franklin [APLOBL]	Fragaria L.	0%
Aphelenchoidesfragariae(Ritzema Bos)Christie[APLOFR]	Fragaria L.	0%
Aphelenchoides ritzemabosi (Schwartz) Steiner & Buhrer [APLORI]	Fragaria L. and Ribes L.	0%

<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Ribes</i> L.	0%
<i>Heterodera fici</i> Kirjanova [HETDFI]	Ficus carica L.	0%
Longidorus attenuatus Hooper [LONGAT]	Fragaria L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Rubus L.	0%
8	Fragaria L. Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Longidorus macrosoma Hooper [LONGMA]	Fragaria L. Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Meloidogyne arenaria Chitwood [MELGAR]	Ficus carica L. Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch and Prunus salicina Lindley	0%
<i>Meloidogyne hapla</i> Chitwood [MELGHA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill. and Pyrus L.	0%
Meloidogyne javanica Chitwood [MELGJA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Malus Mill., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D.A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.	0%
	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Malus Mill., Pistacia vera L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D.A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.	0%
Pratylenchus vulnus Allen & Jensen [PRATVU]	Citrus L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L.,	0%

Fortunella Swingle, Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Olea europaea L., Pistacia vera L., Poncirus Raf., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.

Xiphinema diversicaudatum Fragaria L., Juglans regia 0% (Mikoletzky) Thorne [XIPHDI] L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L. and Rubus L.

Xiphinema index Thorne & *Pistacia vera* L. 0% Allen [XIPHIN]

Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas			
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the fruit propagating and fruit plants concerned	
Apple chlorotic leaf spot virus [ACLSV0]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Pyrus L.		
Apple flat limb agent [AFL000]	Malus Mill.	0%	
Apple mosaic virus [APMV00]	Corylus avellana L., Malus Mill., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley and Rubus L.		
Apple star crack agent [APHW00]	Malus Mill.	0%	
Apple rubbery wood agent [ARW000]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%	
Apple scar skin viroid [ASSVD0]	Malus Mill.	0%	

Apple stem-grooving virus [ASGV00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Apple stem-pitting virus [ASPV00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Apricot latent virus [ALV000]	<i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L. and <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch	0%
Arabis mosaic virus [ARMV00]	Fragaria L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Aucuba mosaic agent and blackcurrant yellows agent combined	Ribes L.	0%
Black raspberry necrosis virus [BRNV00]	Rubus L.	0%
Blackcurrant reversion virus [BRAV00]	Ribes L.	0%
Blueberry mosaic associated virus [BLMAV0]	Vaccinium L.	0%
Blueberry red ringspot virus [BRRV00]	Vaccinium L.	0%
Blueberry shock virus [BLSHV0]	Vaccinium L.	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'asteris' Lee <i>et al.</i> [PHYPAS]	<i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'fragariae' Valiunas, Staniulis & Davis [PHYPFG]	Fragaria L.	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pyri' [PHYPPY]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'rubi' Malembic-Maher <i>et al.</i> [PHYPRU]	Rubus L.	0%
Cherry green ring mottle virus [CGRMV0]	<i>Prunus avium</i> L. and <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L.	0%
Cherry leaf roll virus [CLRV00]	Juglans regia L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L. and Prunus cerasus L.	0%
Cherry mottle leaf virus [CMLV00]	Prunus avium L. and Prunus cerasus L.	0%
Cherry necrotic rusty mottle virus [CRNRM0]	Prunus avium L. and Prunus cerasus L.	0%
Chestnut mosaic agent	<i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	0%

Citrus cristacortis agent [CSCC00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle and Poncirus Raf.	0%
Citrus impietratura agent [CSI000]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle and Poncirus Raf.	0%
Citrus leaf Blotch virus [CLBV00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle and Poncirus Raf.	0%
Citrus variegation virus [CVV000]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle and Poncirus Raf.	0%
Clover phyllody phytoplasma [PHYP03]	Fragaria L.	0%
Cranberry false blossom phytoplasma [PHYPFB]	Vaccinium L.	0%
Cucumber mosaic virus [CMV000]	Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Fruit disorders: chat fruit [APCF00], green crinkle [APGC00], bumpy fruit of Ben Davis, rough skin [APRSK0], star crack, russet ring [APLP00], russet wart	Malus Mill.	0%
Gooseberry vein banding associated virus [GOVB00]	Ribes L.	0%
•	<i>Prunus avium</i> L. and <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L.	0%
Myrobalan latent ringspot virus [MLRSV0]	Prunus domestica L. and Prunus salicina Lindley	0%
Olive leaf yellowing associated virus [OLYAV0]	Olea europaea L.	0%
Olive yellow mottling and decline associated virus [OYMDAV]	Olea europaea L.	0%
Peach latent mosaic viroid [PLMVD0]	Prunus persica (L.) Batsch	0%
Pear bark necrosis agent [PRBN00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Pear bark split agent [PRBS00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Pear blister canker viroid [PBCVD0]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Pear rough bark agent [PRRB00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasifera, Prunus cerasus L., Prunus 39	0%

	domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D.A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch and Prunus salicina Lindley.	
	In the case of Prunus hybrids where material is grafted onto rootstocks, other species of <i>Prunus</i> L. rootstocks susceptible to Plum pox virus.	
Prune dwarf virus [PDV000]	Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch and Prunus salicina Lindley	0%
Prunus necrotic ringspot virus [PNRSV0]	Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch and Prunus salicina Lindley	0%
Quince yellow blotch agent [ARW000]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Raspberry bushy dwarf virus [RBDV00]	Rubus L.	0%
Raspberry leaf mottle virus [RLMV00]	Rubus L.	0%
Raspberry ringspot virus [RPRSV0]	Fragaria L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Raspberry vein chlorosis virus [RVCV00]	Rubus L.	0%
Raspberry yellow spot [RYS000]	Rubus L.	0%
Rubus yellow net virus [RYNV00]	Rubus L.	0%
Strawberry crinkle virus [SCRV00]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
Strawberry latent ringspot virus [SLRSV0]	Fragaria L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Ribes L. and Rubus L.	0%
Strawberry mild yellow edge virus [SMYEV0]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%

Strawberry [SMOV00]	mottle	virus	Fragaria L.	0%
Strawberry phytoplasma	-		Fragaria L.	0%
Tomato b [TBRV00]	lack ring	virus	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> <i>avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L.	0%
Tomato [TORSV0]	ringspot	virus	Prunus L. and Malus L.	0%

PART J

RNQPs concerning seed of Solanum tuberosum L.

Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas			
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQP	Plants for planting	Threshold for seed	
Potato spindle tuber viroio [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	

PART K

RNQPs concerning plants for planting of Humulus lupulus, other than seeds

Fungi and oomycetes				
(1)	(2)	(3)		
RNQP	Plants for planting	Threshold for seed		
Verticillium dahliae Kleb. [VERTDA]	Humulus lupulus L.	0%		
<i>Verticillium nonalfalfae</i> Inderbitzin, H.W. Platt, Bostock, R.M. Davis & K.V. Subbarao [VERTNO]	Humulus lupulus L.	0%"		

SCHEDULE 5

Regulation 8

New Annex 5 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 5

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on specific plants for planting

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Part A:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on fodder plant seed
Part B:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of Vitis sp.
Part C:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of ornamental plants and plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
Part D:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on forest reproductive material, other than seeds
Part E:	Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on vegetable seed
Part F:	Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on seed potatoes
Part G:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of oil and fibre plants
Part H:	Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seeds
Part I:	Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on seed of Solanum tuberosum L.
Part J:	Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on plants for planting of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> , other than seeds

Interpretation

In this Annex:

'competent authority', in relation to plants for planting originating in a third country, means the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin or any official authority or body acting under the supervision of the national plant protection organisation;

'RNQPs' means GB regulated non-quarantine pests.

PART A

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on fodder plant seed

1. Inspection of the crop

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out field inspections on the crop from which the fodder plant seed is produced concerning the presence of RNQPs in the crop to ensure that the presence of RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in the table in Part A of Annex 4.

(2) For the purposes of point (1), the competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than the professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

(3) Field inspections may only be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection. At least one field inspection must be carried out each year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

(4) The competent authority must determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

(5) The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority must be at least 5%.

2. Sampling and testing of fodder plant seed

(1) The competent authority must:

- (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of fodder plant seed;
- (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling on its behalf and under its official supervision;
- (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samplers under official supervision as referred to in point (b);
- (c) supervise the performance of the seed samplers provided for in point (2).

(2) The competent authority or the professional operator under official supervision must sample and test the fodder plant seed in accordance with up-to-date international methods.

(3) Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority must check a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for official certification.

(4) That proportion must be as spread as evenly possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

(5) In the case of automatic sampling, appropriate procedures must be applied and the sampling must be officially supervised.

(6) For the examination of seed for certification, samples must be drawn from homogeneous lots and, as regards the lot and sample weights, in accordance with the table in Annex 3 to Directive $\frac{66}{401}$ /EEC.

3. The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

<i>RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs</i>	Plants for planting Requirements (genus or species)
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus	Pre-basic, basic certified seedsand (a) ofthe seeds originate in areas known to be free from Clavibacter

<i>RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs</i>	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
		 sativa L. crop adjacent to it, during the previous cropping, or (c) the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to <i>Clavibacter</i> michiganensis ssp. insidiosus and the content of inert matter does not exceed 0.1% by weight
Ditylenchus dipsaci		 (a) no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> have been observed at the site of production during the previous cropping, no main host crops have been grown during the two preceding years on the site of production and appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infestation of the place of production, (b) no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> have been observed at the site of production during the previous cropping and no <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> has been found by laboratory tests on a representative sample, or (c) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate physical or chemical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> and have been found to be free of this pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.

PART B

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of Vitis sp.

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

Insects and mite	5			
RNQPs or sympto by RNQPs	ms caused	Plants for plantin (genus or species)	g Req	uirements
Daktulosphaira Fitch [VITEVI]	vitifoliae	Vitis vinifera L.	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Daktulosphaira vitifoliae</i> Fitch,

(b) the plants have been grafted on rootstocks resistant to Daktulosphaira vitifoliae Fitch, or (c) in the case where propagating material which is intended for marketing showed signs or symptoms of *Daktulosphaira* vitifoliae Fitch, the entire lot of that material has been subjected to fumigation, hot water treatment or another appropriate treatment in accordance with protocols of the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization, or other protocols which are internationally recognised to ensure freedom from Daktulosphaira vitifoliae Fitch.

Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas			
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements	
<i>Arabis</i> mosaic virus [ARMV00], Grapevine fanleaf virus [GFLV00], Grapevine fleck virus [GFKV00], Grapevine leafroll associated virus 1 [GLRAV1] and Grapevine leafroll associated virus 3 [GLRAV3]	Vitis vinifera L.	Symptoms of all viruses listed in column 1 have been observed on no more than 10% of vines in the stock nurseries and those vines have been eliminated from propagation.	

PART C

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

Bacteria		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM	1 0	

Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus Tourn. ex L., (b) Cydonia Mill., Eriobtrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus Bosc ex Spach, Photinia davidiana Decne., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.

Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Capsicum annuum L. Jones *et al.* [XANTEU]

Erwinia amylovora (Burrill) Winslow *et al.*, or

the plants have been grown in a production site that has been visually inspected at an appropriate time during the last growing season for the detection of that pest and plants showing symptoms of that pest, and any surrounding host plants, have been immediately rogued out and destroyed.

In the case of seeds:

- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.*,
- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
- (c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.*

In the case of plants other than seeds:

- (a) the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the above requirements, and
- (b) the plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.

In the case of seeds:

- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex Šutič) Jones *et al.*,
- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by *Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex Šutič) Jones *et al.* have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of

Xanthomonas gardneri (ex *Capsicum annuum* L. Šutič) Jones *et al.* [XANTGA] *Xanthomonas perforans Capsicum annuum* L. Jones *et al.* [XANTPF]

vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or

(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas* gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from *Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex Šutič) Jones et al.

In the case of plants other than seeds:

- (a) the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the above requirements, and
- (b) the plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.
- In the case of seeds:
 - (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al.,
 - (b) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at the site of production at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants, or
 - (c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas perforans* Jones *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

In the case of plants other than seeds:

(a) the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the above requirements, and

(b) the plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.

Functional account of			
Fungi and oomycetes			
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Reqt	uirements
Dothistroma septosporum (Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Pinus L.	(a) (b)	the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet, no symptoms of needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet, have been observed at the site of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or
		(c)	appropriate treatments have been carried out against needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet and the plants have been inspected before movement and found free from symptoms of needle blight.
	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>lawsoniana</i> (Murr.) Parl., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>nootkatensis</i> (D.Don) Sudw./(Lamb.) Spach, <i>Cupressus sempervirens</i> var. <i>sempervirens</i> L., <i>Juniperus communis</i> ssp. <i>communis</i> L., and	(a) (b)	the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Phytophthora</i> <i>austrocedri</i> Greslebin & Hansen, or no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora</i> <i>austrocedri</i> Greslebin & Hansen have been observed on plants at the site of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
<i>Phytophthora lateralis</i> T. Jung, M.J.C. Stukely & T.I. Burgess [PHYTLI]	Libocedrus chilensis (D.Don) Endl. Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>formosensis</i> Matsum., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> <i>lawsoniana</i> (Murr.) Parl., <i>Chamaecyparis</i> obtusa Sieb. & Zucc. ex Endl., <i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i> Sieb. & Zucc. ex Endl., 48		the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Phytophthora</i> <i>lateralis</i> T. Jung, M.J.C. Stukely & T.I. Burgess, or no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora</i> <i>lateralis</i> T. Jung, M.J.C. Stukely & T.I. Burgess have been observed on plants at the site of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

Taxus brevifolia Nutt. and *Thuja occidentalis* L.

Plasmopara	halstedii	Seeds	of	Helianthus	(a)
(Farlow) Berlese	& de Toni	annuus	L.		
[PLASHA]					

- the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni,
- (b) no symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been observed at the seed production site in at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the growing season,
- (c) (i) the seed production site has been subject to at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest, during the growing season,
 - (ii) no more than 5% of plants have shown symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni during those inspections, and all plants showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection, and
 - (iii) at the final inspection no plants have been found showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni,
- (d) (i) the seed production site has been subject to at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the growing season,
 - (ii) all plants showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection, and
 - (iii) at the final inspection, no plants have been found showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni, and a representative sample from each lot has

		(e)	been tested and found free from <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni, or the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate treatment which has been demonstrated to be effective against all known strains of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni.
Puccinia horiana P. Hennings [PUCCHN]	Chrysanthemum L.	(a) (b)	the plants derive from mother plants which have been inspected at least monthly during the previous three months and no symptoms have been seen at the site of production, or mother plants showing symptoms have been removed and destroyed, along with plants within a 1 m radius, and an appropriate physical or chemical treatment has been applied to the plants which have been inspected before movement and found free from symptoms.
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Reqi	uirements
Opogona sacchari Bojer [OPOGSC]	Beaucarnea Lem., Bougainvillea Comm. ex Juss., Crassula L., Crinum L., Dracaena Vand. ex L., Ficus L., Musa L., Pachira Aubl., Palmae, Sansevieria Thunb. and Yucca L.		the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer, the plants have been grown at a production site at which no symptoms or signs of <i>Opogona</i> <i>sacchari</i> Bojer have been observed on visual inspections carried out at least every three months during a period of at least six months prior to movement, or a regime is applied on the site of production aimed at monitoring and suppressing the population of <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer and at removing infested plants and each lot has been visually inspected, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, before movement and found free from symptoms of <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer.

(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Reqi	uirements
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Camassia</i> Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus</i> flavus Weston, <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hymenocallis</i> Salisb., <i>Muscari</i> Mill., <i>Narcissus</i> L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> L., <i>Puschkinia</i> Adams, Sternbergia Waldst. & Kit., <i>Scilla</i> L., and <i>Tulipa</i> L.		the plants have been inspected and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed on the lot since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or the bulbs have been found free from symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev on the basis of visual inspections carried out at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, and have been packed for sale to the final consumer.
Viruses, viroids, virus-like	diseases and phytoplasm	as	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Reqi	uirements
	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pyrus</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants: (i) derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected and found free from symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pyri' Seemüller & Schneider, and (ii) (aa) have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pyri' Seemüller & Schneider, or (bb) the plants have been grown in a site of production found free from the pest over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, or no more than 2% of plants in the site of production have

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Chrysanthemum stunt viroid [CSVD00]		shown symptoms during visual inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately. The plants derive within three generations of propagation from stock which has been
	Argyranthemum Webb	found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt viroid by testing.
Impatiens necrotic spot tospovirus [INSV00]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Begonia</i> <i>x hiemalis</i> , Fotsch, <i>Impatiens</i> L. and New Guinea Hybrids	 a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring of relevant thrips vectors (<i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> Pergande) and, upon their detection, to appropriate treatments to ensure effective suppression of their populations, and no symptoms of <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period, or (b) any plants at the production site showing symptoms of <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants has been tested and found free from Impatiens necrotic spot tospovirus.
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capiscum annuum L.	 (a) no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or (b) the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of following species of <i>Prunus</i> L.:	 (a) in the case of vegetatively propagated rootstocks of <i>Prunus</i> L., they are derived from mother plants which have been sampled

Prunus armeniaca L., and tested within the previous five Prunus blireiana Andre, pox virus, and Prunus brigantina Vill., Prunus cerasifera (b) the plants have been (i) Ehrh., Prunus cistena Hansen, Prunus curdica Fenzl and Fritsch... Prunus domestica ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. insititia (L.) K. Schneid, Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb. Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus *mandshurica* (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus destroyed, or maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb. and Zucc., Prunus nigra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl. and all other Prunus L. susceptible to Plum pox virus Fotsch virus Pelargonium L'Herit. ex (a)

years and found free from Plum

- produced in areas known to be free from Plum pox virus,
- (ii) no symptoms of Plum pox virus have been observed on the plants at the site of production over the last complete growing season and in the most appropriate period of the year, taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant and the biology of Plum pox virus, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately (iii) where symptoms of Plum
- pox virus have been observed on no more than 1% of plants at the site of production over the last complete growing season and in the most appropriate period of the year, taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant and the biology of Plum pox virus, any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed, and a representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested and found free from the pest.
- the plants originate from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus, or

(b) the plants are no more than fourth generation stock, derived from mother plants found to be free

Tomato ringspot [TORSV0]

Ait.

				from Tomato ringspot virus by testing.
Tomato ringspot [TORSV0]	virus	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Malus L. and <i>Prunus</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants are derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least the pest Tomato ringspot virus, using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, and has been found free from the pests tested, and no symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato ringspot virus item have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
Tomato spotted tospovirus [TSWV00]	wilt	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Begonia</i> <i>x hiemalis</i> Fotsch, <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., Gerbera L., <i>Impatiens</i> L., New Guinea Hybrids and <i>Pelargonium</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants have grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring of relevant thrips vectors (<i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> and <i>Thrips tabaci</i>) and, upon their detection, to appropriate treatments to ensure effective suppression of their populations, and no symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period, or any plants at the production site showing symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus.

PART D

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on forest reproductive material, other than seeds

1. Visual inspections

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements in point (2) are satisfied in respect of forest reproductive material, other than seeds, of *Pinus* spp.

(2) The requirements are that the forest reproductive material is found free from *Dothistroma septosporum* upon visual inspection at the production site or place.

(3) The visual inspections must take place once a year, in the most appropriate period to detect those pests, taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant, and the biology of the pest.

2. Other requirements

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that, the requirements in point (2) are satisfied in respect of forest reproductive material of *Pinus* spp.

- (2) The requirements are that:
 - (a) the forest reproductive material originates in areas known to be free from *Dothistroma septosporum*;
 - (b) no symptoms of needle blight caused by *Dothistroma septosporum* have been observed at the place or site of production or its immediate vicinity over the last complete growing season; or
 - (c) appropriate treatments have been carried out in the place or site of production against needle blight caused by *Dothistroma septosporum* and the forest reproductive material has been visually inspected before movement and found free from symptoms of *Dothistroma septosporum*.

PART E

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on vegetable seed

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

Bacteria		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. [CORBMI]	<i>v</i> 1	(a) the seeds have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid extraction method or an equivalent method, and
		(b) (i) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et al.</i> ,

Xanthomonas axonopodis Phaseolus vulgaris L. pv. *phaseoli* (Smith) Vauterin *et al.* [XANTPH]

Xanthomonas fuscans subsp. *Phaseolus vulgaris* L. *fuscans* Schaad *et al.* [XANTFF]

- (ii) no symptoms of disease caused by *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis *et al.* have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
- (iii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *michiganensis* (Smith) Davis *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* pv. *phaseoli* (Smith) Vauterin *et al.*,
- (b) the crop from which the seed was harvested has been visually inspected at appropriate times during the growing season and found free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* pv. *phaseoli* (Smith) Vauterin *et al.*, or
- (c) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found in those tests to be free from *Xanthomonas axonopodis* pv. *phaseoli* (Smith) Vauterin *et al.*.
- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas fuscans* subsp. *fuscans* Schaad *et al.*,
- (b) the crop from which the seed was harvested has been visually inspected at appropriate times during the growing season and found free from *Xanthomonas fuscans* subsp. *fuscans* Schaad *et al.*, or
- (c) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found in those tests to be free from

Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Capsicum annuum L. Jones *et al.* [XANTEU]

Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Solanum lycopersicum (a) Jones *et al.* [XANTEU] L.

Xanthomonas gardneri (ex *Capsicum annuum* L. Šutič) Jones *et al.* [XANTGA] *Xanthomonas fuscans* subsp. *fuscans* Schaad *et al.*

(a) the seeds originate in areas known to free from *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.*,

(b) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or

(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

the seeds have been obtained by an appropriate acid extraction, and originate in areas known to free from *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.*, and

(b) either:

- (i) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
- (ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* Jones *et al.* on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas* gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al.,

(b) no symptoms of disease caused by *Xanthomonas gardneri* (ex Šutič)

Jones et al. have been observed on

visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or the seeds have been subjected to (c) official testing for Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest. Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Solanum lycopersicum (a) the seeds have been obtained by Šutič) Jones et al. L. an appropriate acid extraction and [XANTGA] originate in areas known to be free from Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al., and either: (b) (i) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production. or (ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest. perforans Capsicum annuum L Xanthomonas

- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Xanthomonas perforans* Jones *et al.*,
- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
- (c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for *Xanthomonas perforans* Jones *et al.* on a

Jones et al. [XANTPF]

L.

lycopersicum (a)

Xanthomonas perforans Solanum Jones et al. [XANTPF]

vesicatoria Capsicum annuum L Xanthomonas (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]

representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

the seeds have been obtained by an appropriate acid extraction and originate in areas known to be free from Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al., or

- (b) (i) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
 - (ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
- the seeds originate in areas known (a) to be free from *Xanthomonas* vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.,
- (b) no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or
- the seeds have been subjected to (c) official testing for Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	2 1	 (a) the seeds have been obtained by an appropriate acid extraction and originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>, (b) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> have been observed on visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production, or (c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> on a representative sample using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment) and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
(<i>l</i>)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
Acanthoscelides obtectus (Say) [ACANOB]		A representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect <i>Acanthoscelides obtectus</i> (Say), which may be following an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found to be free from that pest.
Bruchus pisorum (L.) [BRCHPI]	Pisum sativum L.	A representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect <i>Bruchus</i> <i>pisorum</i> (L.), which may be following an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found to be free from that pest.
Bruchus rufimanus L. [BRCHRU]	Vicia faba L.	A representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect <i>Bruchus</i> <i>rufimanus</i> L., which may be following an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found to be free from that pest.
Nematodes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
		Requirements

by RNQPs	(genus or species)		
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Allium cepa</i> L. and <i>Allium porrum</i> L.	(a) (b)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time to detect <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of that pest have been observed, the harvested seeds have been
			found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative
		(c)	sample, or the planting material has been subjected to an appropriate chemical or physical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev and the seeds have been found to be free of that pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.
Viruses, viroids, virus-like			
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Reqi	uirements
Pepino mosaic virus [PEPMV0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a)	the seeds have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid extraction method or an equivalent method, and
		(b)	 (i) the seeds originate in areas where Pepino mosaic virus is known not to occur,
			 (ii) no symptoms of diseases caused by Pepino mosaic virus have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or
			 (iii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Pepino mosaic virus, on a representative sample using appropriate methods, and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

RNQPs or symptoms causedPlants for plantingby RNQPs(genus or species)

Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	<i>Capsicum</i> and <i>lycopersic</i>	Solanum	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds originate in areas where Potato spindle tuber viroid is not known to occur, no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
Tomato apical stunt viroid [TASVD0]	Solanum L.	lycopersicum	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds originate in areas where Tomato apical stunt viroid is not known to occur, no symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato apical stunt viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Tomato apical stunt viroid on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid [CSVS0]	Solanum L.	lycopersicum	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds originate in areas where Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid is not known to occur, no symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

PART F

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed potatoes

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure

(1)(2)(3) *RNOPs or symptoms* Plants for planting *Requirements* caused by RNQPs (genus or species) Blackleg (Dickeya Samson Solanum tuberosum L. In the case of pre-basic seed potatoes, et al. spp. [1DICKG]; official inspections show that they Pectobacterium Waldee derive from mother plants which are free emend. Hauben et al. spp. from *Dickeya* Samson *et al.* spp. and [1PECBG]) Pectobacterium Waldee emend. Hauben et al. spp. In the case of all categories, the growing plants have been subjected to official field inspections by the competent authority. Candidatus Liberibacter Solanum tuberosum L. In the case of pre-basic seed potatoes, 'solanacearum' Liefting et al. [LIBEPS] official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from Candidatus Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting *et al*. In the case of all categories: (a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from Candidatus Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting et al., taking into account the possible presence of the vectors, or (b) no symptoms of *Candidatus* Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting et al., have been seen during official inspections by the competent authority of growing plants at the site of production since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation. Mosaic symptoms caused Solanum tuberosum L. In the case of pre-basic seed potatoes, by viruses and symptoms they derive from mother plants which caused by Potato leaf roll are free from Potato virus A, Potato virus M, Potato virus S, Potato virus X, virus Potato virus Y and Potato leaf roll virus. Where methods of micro-propagation are used, compliance with this requirement must be established by

that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
		official testing, or testing under official supervision, of the mother plant.
		Where methods of clonal selection are used, compliance with this requirement must be established by official testing, of testing under official supervision, of the clonal stock.
		In the case of all categories, the growin plants have been subjected to official inspection by the competent authority.
<i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen [MELGFA]	Solanum tuberosum L.	 (a) the tubers originate in an area in which <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karsse is known not to occur, or (b) where they originate in an area in
		 which <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karsse is known to occur: (i) that the tubers originate from a place of production which has been found free from <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops, by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection bot externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or (ii) that after harvest the tubers have been randomly sample and checked for the presenc of symptoms after an appropriate method to induce symptoms or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually, both externally and by cutting the tubers, at appropriate times, and no symptoms of <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen have been found.
Potato spindle tuber viroid	Solanum tuberosum L.	In the case of clonal stock, official

Potato spindle tuber viroid *Solanum tuberosum* L. [PSTVD0]

In the case of clonal stock, official testing, or testing under official supervision, has shown that they derive

(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
		from mother plants which are free from Potato spindle tuber viroid.
		In the case of pre-basic and basic seed potatoes, no symptoms of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been found, or for each lot, official post-harvest testing of tubers have been performed and those tubers have been found free from Potato spindle tuber viroid.
		In the case of certified seed potatoes, official visual inspection has shown that they are free from Potato spindle tuber viroid, and if any symptoms of the pest were seen, testing was carried out.
Symptoms of virus infection	Solanum tuberosum L.	During official inspection of the direct progeny, the number of symptomatic plants did not exceed the threshold specified in Part F of Annex 4.
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> [LIBEPS]	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they do not exceed the threshold specified in Part F of Annex 4.
Ditylenchus destructor Thorne [DITYDE]	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they do not exceed the threshold specified in Part F of Annex 4.
Black scurf affecting tubers over more than 10% of their surface, as caused by <i>Thanatephorus</i> <i>cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk [RHIZSO]	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they do not exceed the threshold specified in Part F of Annex 4.
Powdery scab affecting tubers over more than 10% of their surface as caused by <i>Spongospora</i> <i>subterranea</i> (Wallr.) Lagerh. [SPONSU].	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they do not exceed the threshold specified in Part F of Annex 4.

In addition, the competent authority must carry out official inspections to ensure that the presence of the RNQPS on the growing plants specified in any entry of the table below do not exceed the thresholds in the corresponding entries of the table:

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	direct p	lds for the rogeny of pre- ed potatoes PB	Thresholds for the direct progeny of basic seed potatoes	Thresholds for the direct progeny of certified seed potatoes
Symptoms of virus infection	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0.5%	4%	10%
Blackleg (<i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al.</i> spp. [1DICKG]; <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al.</i> spp. [1PECBG])	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	Practically free	Practically free	Practically free
Candidatus Liberibacter solanacearum Liefting et al. [LIBEPS]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
Ditylenchudestructor Thorne [DITYDE]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
Black scurf as caused by <i>Thanatephorus</i> <i>cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk [RHIZSO]		0%	tubers over more than		tubers over more than 10% of their
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	tubers over more than		tubers over more than 10% of their
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0.1%	0.8%	6%
and					
symptoms caused by Potato leaf roll virus [PLRV00]					
<i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen [MELGFA]		0%	0%	0%	0%
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0%	0%	0%	0%

PART G

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPS on seed of oil and fibre plants

1. Inspection of the crop

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out field inspections on the crop from which the seed of *Helianthus annuus* L. is produced concerning the presence of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni in the crop to ensure that the presence of that pest does not exceed the thresholds set out in the table in Part G of Annex 4.

(2) For the purposes of point (1), the competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than the professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

(3) Those field inspections must be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection. At least one field inspection must be carried out each year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

(4) The competent authority must determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

(5) The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority must be at least 5%.

2. Sampling and testing of oil and fibre plants

- (1) The competent authority must:
 - (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of oil and fibre plants;
 - (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling on its behalf and under its official supervision;
 - (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samplers under official supervision as referred to in point (b);
 - (c) supervise the performance of the seed samplers.

(2) The competent authority or the professional operator under official supervision must sample and test oil and fibre plants in accordance with up-to-date international methods.

(3) Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority must check a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for official certification.

(4) That proportion must be spread as evenly as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

(5) In the case of automatic sampling, appropriate procedures must be applied and the sampling must be officially supervised.

(6) For the examination of seed for certification, samples must be drawn from homogeneous lots and, as regards the lot and sample weights, in accordance with the table in Annex 3 to Directive $\frac{66}{401}$ /EEC.

3. The competent authority, or the professional operators under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out additional inspections and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

(1)	(2)	(3)		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requ	uireme	nts
Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni	Seeds of Helianthus annuus L	(a)	L. orig free fi	eds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> ginate in areas known to be rom <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> ow) Berlese & de Toni,
		(b)	no syn halste Toni h produ inspec	mptoms of <i>Plasmopara</i> <i>edii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de have been observed at the ection site in at least two ections at appropriate times g the growing season, or
		(c)	(i)	the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections at appropriate times to detect <i>Plasmopara</i> <i>halstedii</i> Farlow) Berlese & de Toni during the growing season,
				no more than 5 % of plants have shown symptons of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni during field inspection and all plants showing symptoms of that pest have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection and
				at the final inspection no plants have been found showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni,
		(d)	(i)	the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections at appropriate times during the growing season,
			(ii)	all plants showing symptom of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection, and
			(iii)	at the final inspection, no plants have been found showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara. Halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni,

(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements
		 and a representative sample from each lot has been tested and found free from that plant pest, or (e) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate treatment which has been demonstrated to be effective against all known strains of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni.
Botrytis cinerea	Seeds of <i>Helianthus</i> annuus L. and <i>Linum</i> usitatissimum L	 (a) seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Botrytis cinerea</i> has been applied, or (b) the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.
Diaporthe caulivora (Diaporthe phaseolorum var. caulivora)	Seeds of <i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merryl	 (a) seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Diaporthe caulivora</i> (<i>Diaporthe phaseolorum</i> var. <i>caulivora</i>) has been applied, or (b) the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.
Diaporthe var. sojae	Seeds of <i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merryl	 (a) seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Diaporthe</i> var. <i>sojae</i> has been applied, or (b) the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.
Alternaria linicola	Seeds of <i>Linum</i> usitatissimum L.	 (a) seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Alternaria linicola</i> has been applied, or (b) the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.
Boeremia exigua var. linicola	Seeds of <i>Linum</i> usitatissimum L.	 (a) seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> has been applied, or (b) the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.

(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Req	uirements
Colletotrichum lini	Seeds of <i>L</i> usitatissimum L.	<i>inum</i> (a) (b)	seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Colletotrichum lini</i> has been applied, or the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.
<i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus), other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell		<i>.inum</i> (a) (b)	seed treatment authorised for use against <i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus), other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell, has been applied, or the set tolerance on the seed is not exceeded based on laboratory test of a representative sample.

PART H

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seeds

1. The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that:

- (a) the plants appear at least, on visual inspection, to be practically free from pests listed in the table below, in respect of the genera or species concerned;
- (b) any plants showing visible signs or symptoms of the pests listed in the table below, at the stage of the growing crop, have been treated properly immediately upon their appearance or, where appropriate, have been eliminated;
- (c) in the case of bulbs of shallots and garlic, the plants derive directly from material which, at the stage of the growing crop, has been checked and found to be practically free from any pest listed in the table below.

2. In addition, the competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, are satisfied:

Bacteria		
(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs</i>	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> [LIBEPS]		 (a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et al.</i>, taking into account the possible presence of the vectors, or (b) no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter 'solanacearum' Liefting <i>et al.</i>, have been seen during official inspections by the competent authority of growing plants at the site of production since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. [CORBMI]		The plants have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements specified in Part E of Annex 5 and have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. [XANTEU]		The seedlings have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements specified in Part E of Annex 5 and the plants have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. [XANTGA]		The seedlings have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements specified in Part E of Annex 5 and the plants have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTPF]		The seedlings have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements specified in Part E of Annex 5 and the plants have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. [XANTEU]		The seedlings have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements specified in Part E of Annex 5 and the plants have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
Fungi and oomycetes		
(1)	(2)	(3)
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requirements

Fusarium Link (anamorphic Asparagus officinalis L. (a)

genus), other than *Fusarium* oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and *Fusarium circinatum* Nirenberg & O'Donnell ("the pest") the crop has been visually inspected as follows:

- (i) it has been inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season, a representative sample of the plants have been uprooted and no symptoms of the pest have been observed, or
- (ii) it has been inspected at least twice at appropriate times for the detection of the pest during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of the pest have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing crop, and
- (b) the crowns have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of the pest have been seen.
 -) the crop has been visually inspected as follows:
 - (i) it has been inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of *Helicobasidium* brebissonii (Desm.) Donk during the growing season, a representative sample of the plants have been uprooted and no symptoms of that pest have been observed, or
 - (ii) it has been inspected at least twice at appropriate times for the detection of *Helicobasidium brebissonii* (*Desm.*) Donk during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of that pest have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing crop, and
- (b) the crowns have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of *Helicobasidium brebissonii* (Desm.) Donk have been seen.

Helicobasidium brebissonii Asparagus officinalis L. (a) (Desm.) Donk [HLCBBR]

[SCLOCE]

Stromatinia cepivora Berk. Allium cepa L., Allium (a) fistulosum L. and Allium porrum L.

the plants are module-raised transplants grown in medium free from Stromatinia cepivora Berk., or

the crop has been visually (b) inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of Stromatinia cepivora Berk. during the growing season, and:

- no symptoms of that pest (i) have been observed, or
- plants showing symptoms (ii) of Stromatinia cepivora Berk. have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at an additional final inspection of the growing crop, and

(c) the plants have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of Stromatinia cepivora Berk, have been seen.

- (a) the crop has been visually inspected as follows:
 - it has been inspected at an (i) appropriate time for the detection of Stromatinia *cepivora* Berk. during the growing season and no symptoms of that pest have been observed, or
 - (ii) it has been inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of Stromatinia *cepivora* Berk. during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of that pest have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at an additional final inspection of the growing crop, and
- (b) the plants have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of Stromatinia cepivora Berk. have been seen.
- mother plants derive from (a) pathogen-tested material,
- the plants have been grown in a (b) site of production of which the cropping history is known, with

Stromatinia cepivora Berk. Allium sativum L. [SCLOCE]

Verticillium dahlia Kleb. Cynara cardunculus L. [VERTDA]

no records of the occurrence of

		(c)	<i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb., and the plants have been visually inspected at appropriate times since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and found to be free from symptoms of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb.
Nematodes (1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs			irements
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Allium cepa L. and Allium sativum L.	for tl (a) (b)	 e case of plants, other than plants he production of a commercial crop: the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed, (i) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and not more than 2% of plants have shown symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev infestation, (ii) the plants found to be infected by that pest have been rogued out immediately, and (iii) the plants have subsequently been found to be free from that pest through laboratory tests on a representative sample, or the plants have been subjected to an appropriate chemical or physical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev and have been found to be free from that pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.
	74		e case of plants for production of a nercial crop:

			(a) (b)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed, (i) the crop has been inspected at least once at an appropriate time for
				the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation,
				 (ii) plants showing symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been rogued out immediately, and
				(iii) the plants have subsequently been found to be free from that pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample, or
			(c)	the plants have been subject to an appropriate physical or chemical treatment and have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample.
Viruses, viroids, virus-like	diseases and phytoplas	smas		
(1)	(2)	(3)		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Requ	iren	nents
Leek yellow stripe virus [LYSV00]	<i>Allium sativum</i> L.	(a) (b)	insp app of I sinc con no s	crop has been visually bected at least once at an propriate time for the detection Leek yellow stripe virus be the beginning of the last inplete cycle of vegetation and symptoms of that pest have n seen, or the crop has been visually
		. /	. /	inspected at least once at an appropriate time

for the detection of Leek

		 yellow stripe virus since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation on which inspection not more than 10% of the plants showed symptoms of that pest, (ii) the plants found infected by that pest were rogued out immediately, and (iii) not more than 1% of plants showed symptoms of that pest on a final inspection.
Onion yellow dwarf virus [OYDV00]	Allium cepa L. and (a) Allium sativum L. (b)	 the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of Onion yellow dwarf virus have been seen, or (i) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of Onion yellow dwarf virus since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation on which inspection not more than 10% of the plants showed symptoms of that pest, and (ii) the plants found infected by that pest were rogued out immediately, and (iii) not more than 1% of plants showed symptoms of that pest on a final inspection.
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L. (a) and <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L. (b)	no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation, or the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found to be in those tests, free from that pest.
Tomato apical stunt viroid [TASVD0]	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> (a) L.	no symptoms of diseases caused by Tomato apical stunt viroid have

ns of diseases caused chlorotic dwarf viroid bserved on the plants of production during ete cycle of vegetation,
ave been subjected esting for Tomato varf viroid on a ve sample using methods and have been ose tests to be free from
ns of diseases caused mild green mosaic been observed on the place of production complete cycle of or
ave been subjected esting for Tobacco mosaic virus on a ve sample using methods and have been ose tests to be free from
ave been grown in duction that has ted to a monitoring elevant thrips vectors <i>lla occidentalis</i> and <i>Thrips tabaci</i> and upon detection etors appropriate have been carried out fective suppression of , and mptoms of Tomato d wilt tospovirus have observed on plants at
esting warf we sa meth sse te as of mild been of plac com or ave b esting mosa we sa meth sse te ave b ducti ted to elevan <i>Ula oc</i> ave b fectives ave b ducti

the current growing period, or

 (ii) any plants at the production site showing symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants has been tested and found to be free from that pest.

PART I

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of Solanum tuberosum L.

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the following requirements are satisfied in relation to seed of *Solanum tuberosum*:

- (a) the seeds originate in areas where Potato spindle tuber viroid is not known to occur;
- (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or
- (c) the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample using appropriate methods and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.

PART J

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on plants for planting of *Humulus lupulus* L., other than seeds

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, must carry out checks and take any other action which is necessary or appropriate to ensure that the requirements specified in the following table in relation to the respective RNQPs and plants for planting are satisfied:

Fungi			
(1)	(2)	(3)	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Reqi	lirements
Verticillium dahliae Kleb. [VERTDA]	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Humulus</i> <i>lupulus</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants for planting derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected at the most appropriate time and found to be free from symptoms of <i>Verticillium</i> <i>dahlia</i> , and the plants for planting have been:

- (i) produced in a place of production known to be free from *Verticilium dahlia*, or
- (ii) isolated from production crops of *Humulus lupulus*, and:
 - (aa) the production site has been found to be free from *Verticillium dahliae* over the last complete growing season at appropriate times by visual inspection of the foliage at the most appropriate time, and
 - (bb) the cropping and soilborne disease history of fields has been recorded and there has been a rest period from host plants of at least four years between findings of *Verticillium dahliae* and the next planting.
- (a) the plants for planting derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected at the most appropriate time and found to be free from symptoms of *Verticillium nonalfalfae*, and
- (b) the plants for planting have been:
 (i) produced in a place of production known to be free from *Verticillium nonalfalfae*, or
 - (ii) isolated from production crops of *Humulus lupulus*, and
 - (aa) the production site has been found to be free from *Verticillium nonalfalfae* over the last complete growing season at appropriate times by visual inspection of the foliage, and
 - (bb) the cropping and soilborne disease history of fields have been

Verticillium nonalfalfae Humulus lupulus L. Inderbitzin, H.W. Platt, Bostock, R.M. Davis & K.V. Subbarao [VERTNO]

recorded and there has been a rest period from host plants of at least four years between findings of *Verticillium nonalfalfae* and the next planting.

SCHEDULE 6

Regulation 9

New Annex 6 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 6

List of plants, plant products and other objects which may not be introduced into Great Britain if originating or dispatched from certain third countries

PART A

List of plants, plant products and other objects from third countries, other than high-risk plants, plant products and other objects, which may not be introduced into Great Britain

	(1)	(2)
	<i>Description of plants, plant products or other objects</i>	Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country
1.	Mill., Cedrus Trew, Chamaecyparis Spach, Juniperus L., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr.,	Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
2.		Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco,

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	<i>Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country</i>
		Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
3.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L., with leaves	Canada, Mexico and the USA
4.	Isolated bark of Castanea Mill.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland
5.	Isolated bark of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L.	Canada, Mexico and the USA
6.	Isolated bark of Acer saccharum Marsh.	Canada, Mexico and the USA
7.	Isolated bark of Populus L.	The Americas
8.	plants free from leaves, flowers and fruits, of <i>Chaenomeles</i> Ldl., <i>Crataegus</i> L.,	Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
9.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and their hybrids, and <i>Fragaria</i> L.	Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia,

following parts: Central Federal District

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country
		(Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine and the USA, other than Hawaii
10.	Plants, other than fruits, of Vitis L.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland
11.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle and <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland
12.		China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Republic of Korea and the USA
13.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Phoenix</i> spp.	Algeria and Morocco
14.	of the family <i>Poaceae</i> , other than plants of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies <i>Bambusoideae</i> and <i>Panicoideae</i> and of the genera <i>Buchloe</i> , <i>Bouteloua</i> Lag., <i>Calamagrostis</i> , <i>Cortaderia</i> Stapf., <i>Glyceria</i> R. Br., <i>Hakonechloa</i> Mak. ex Honda, <i>Hystrix</i> ,	Any third country other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey and Ukraine
15.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., seed potatoes	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland
16.	Plants for planting of stolon- or tuber- forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L. and their hybrids, other than tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L. specified in entry 15	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country
17.		Any third country other than Algeria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Egypt, EU Member States, Israel, Libya, Liechtenstein, Morocco, Serbia, Syria, Switzerland, Tunisia and Turkey
18.		Any third country other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey and Ukraine
19.	Soil consisting in part of solid organic substances	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland
20.	Growing medium, other than soil, consisting in whole or in part of solid organic substances, other than any composed entirely of peat or fibre of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L., previously not used for	

PART B

growing of plants or for any agricultural

List of high-risk plants, plant products and other objects from third countries which may not be introduced into Great Britain pending a risk assessment

1. Plants for planting, other than seeds, *in vitro* material and naturally or artificially dwarfed woody plants for planting, originating from any third country, other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland, and belonging to the following genera or species:

purposes

- Albizia Durazz.
- Alnus Mill.

[—] Acacia Mill.

[—] Acer L.

- *Annona* L.
- Bauhinia L.
- Berberis L.
- Betula L.
- Caesalpinia L.
- Cassia L.
- Castanea Mill.
- Cornus L.
- *Corylus* L.
- Crataegus L.
- Diospyros L.
- Fagus L.
- Ficus carica L
- Fraxinus L.
- Hamamelis L.
- Jasminum L.
- Juglans L.
- Ligustrum L.
- *Lonicera* L.
- Malus Mill.
- *Nerium* L.
- *Persea* Mill.
- Populus L.
- Prunus L.
- Quercus L.
- Robinia L.
- Salix L.
- Sorbus L.
- Taxus L.
- Tilia L.
- Ulmus L.

2. Plants of *Ullucus tuberosus* Loz., originating from any third country, other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland.

3. Fruits of *Momordica* L. originating from any third country or area of a third country where *Thrips palmi* Karny is known to occur and where effective mitigation measures for that pest are lacking.

4. Wood of *Ulmus* L. originating from any third country or area of a third country where *Saperda tridentata* Olivier is known to occur.

PART C

Other plants, plant products and other objects from third countries which are subject to emergency control measures and may not be introduced into Great Britain

	(1)	(2)		
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country		
1.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Coffea	Costa Rica and Honduras		
2.	Isolated bark of <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., <i>Quercus</i> spp. L. and <i>Taxus brevifolia</i> Nutt.	The USA"		

SCHEDULE 7

Regulation 10

New Annex 7 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 7

List of plants, plant products and other objects originating from third countries and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain

PART A

Plants, plant products and other objects originating in third countries which may only be introduced into Great Britain if special requirements are met

Interpretation

In this Annex:

'associated controlled dunnage', in entry 109, 111, 112, 113, 120, 123, 125, 130, 132, 135, 136, 138 or 140 of Part A, means wood which supports a consignment of wood of a genus or species specified in that entry and which—

- (i) is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment; and
- (ii) meets the requirements specified in column (3) of that entry;

'EPPO PM 9/2' means the standard describing a national regulatory control system for *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *sepedonicus* that provides guidance on surveillance for

the pathogen and its containment and eradication if found, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization(**3**);

'EPPO PM 9/5' means the standard describing the procedures for official control of *Synchytrium endobioticum*, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization(**4**);

'EPPO PM 9/26' means the standard describing a national regulatory control system for *Globodera pallida* and *Globodera rostochiensis*, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization(**5**);

'list of Xylella host plants' means the list, published by the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom from time to time, of plants that may host *Xylella fastidiosa* (Wells et al.).

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
1.	attached to or	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	 The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that the growing medium at the time of their planting: (i) was free from soil and organic matter and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes, (ii) was composed entirely of peat or fibre of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L. and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes, (iii) was subjected to effective fumigation or heat treatment* to ensure freedom from pests, or (iv) was subjected to an effective systems approach* to ensure freedom from pests, and in all the cases mentioned in points (i) to (iv) was

⁽³⁾ First approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization in September 2003 and available from its Secretariat at 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011, Paris, France and at https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.1111/ j.1365-2338.2011.02488.x.

⁽⁴⁾ First approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization in September 2006 and available from its Secretariat at 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011, Paris, France and at http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/epp.12440/epdf.

⁽⁵⁾ Approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization in September 2018 and available from its Secretariat at 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011, Paris, France and at https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.1111/ epp.12510.

(1)		(2)			(3)		
Description of plants, plant products or other objects		Origin			Special requirements		
-							stored and maintained under appropriate conditions to keep it free from GB quarantine pests, and
					(b)	(i)	since planting: appropriate measures have been taken to ensure that the growing medium has been kept free from GB quarantine pests, including at least: (aa) physical isolation of
							 the growing medium from soil and other possible sources of contamination, (bb) hygiene measures, (cc) using water free from GB quarantine pests, or
						(ii)	in the two weeks prior to export, the growing medium including, where appropriate, soil was completely removed by washing using water free from GB quarantine pests, and where replanting occurred, the the growing medium used met the requirements specified in point (a) and the measures described in point (b)(i) were taken to ensure that it remains free from GB quarantine pests.
					of a s be in certif	syster clude icate	of the treatment or the use ns approach must also d on the phytosanitary under the heading al declaration".
Machinery	and A	Any	third	country	The	mach	ninery or vehicles must b

2. Machinery and Any third country The machinery or vehicles must be vehicles which have other than EU accompanied by an official statement been operated for Member States, that the machinery or vehicles have

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	agricultural or forestry purposes	Liechtenstein and Switzerland	been cleaned and are free from soil and plant debris.
3.	Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	Liechtenstein and	 The machinery or vehicles must be accompanied by an official statement that the machinery or vehicles have been: (a) moved from an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of export in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (Walter) Engelbrecht & Harrington, or (b) in the case of machinery or vehicles moved from an area infected with <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (Walter) Engelbrecht & Harrington, they have been cleaned and made free from soil and plant debris prior to their movement out of the infected area.
4.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in open air	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the place of production has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> and <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival.
5.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in open air	other than EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens.
6.	other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes,	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown in a nursery and: (a) that they originate in: (i) an area* established by the national plant protection

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, or (ii) a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as an area that is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, on the basis of official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (b) that immediately prior to export, they have been subjected to an appropriate treatment⁺ against <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			† Details of the treatment must also be included on the phytosanitary certificate.
7.	Plants for planting, other than seeds	Any third country other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, EU	 The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that they have been grown in a nursery, (b) that they are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, and (c) that they have been inspected at appropriate times and have been found prior to their export to be:

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.	 (i) free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and (ii) free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
8.	Plants for planting, other than dormant plants, plants in tissue culture, seeds, bulbs, tubers, corms and rhizomes	where any of the following GB	 The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) in all cases, that no symptoms of the relevant pests have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation, and (b) in the case of plants originating in any third country where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) or other vectors of the relevant

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 —Cowpea mild mottle virus, —Cucumber vein yellowing virus, —Cucurbit yellow stunting disorder virus, —Lettuce infectious yellows virus, —Melon yellowing- associated virus, —Squash vein yellowing virus, —Sweet potato chlorotic stunt virus, —Sweet potato mild mottle virus, —Tomato mild mottle virus, —Tomato leaf curl 	 pests are known to occur, that not symptoms of the relevant pests have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation and: (i) that the plants originate in areas which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, are known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other vectors of the relevant pests, (ii) that the site of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other vectors of the relevant plant pests on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect those pests, or (iii) that the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and the other vectors of the relevant plant pests or subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and the other vectors of the relevant pests and have been found free from those pests prior to export.
€.	other than seeds,		The plants must be accompanied by ar official statement:
	of Cucurbitaceae and Solanaceae		 (a) in all cases: (i) that the plants originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Tomato leaf curl New

(ii) Delhi Virus, or(ii) that no symptoms of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus have been

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation, and (b) in the case of any plants originating in an area where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) or other vectors of Tomato leaf cur New Delhi Virus are known to occur: (i) that their site of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect the pest, or (ii) that the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and other vectors of Tomato
10.	Unrooted cuttings for planting of <i>Euphorbia</i> <i>pulcherrima</i> Klotzsch	Any third country	 leaf curl New Delhi Virus. The plants must be accompanied by a official statement: (a) that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius), (b) that no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) have been observed on the cuttings, or on plants from which the cuttings were derived and held or produced, at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once every three weeks during the whole production period of the plants at that place of production, or (c) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) has been found at the place of production.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 (i) that the cuttings and the plants from which the cuttings were derived and held and produced at the place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius), and (ii) that subsequently the place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from that place of production, the last of which was carried out immediately prior to their movement, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period.
1.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Euphorbia</i> <i>pulcherrima</i> Klotzsch and unrooted cuttings for planting of <i>Euphorbia</i> <i>pulcherrima</i> Klotzsch.		The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement: (i) that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius), and (aa) that no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) have been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements	
objects		once every three weeks during the nine weeks prior export, or (bb) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) has been found at the place of product that the plants he or produced at th place of product have undergone appropriate treat to ensure freedor from <i>Bemisia tal</i> and subsequently place of product has been found f from <i>Bemisia tal</i> (Gennadius) as a consequence of to implementation of appropriate procedures aime eradicating <i>Bem</i> .	e to e ion, eld ne ion an mer m bback y th ion iree back the the d at
		tabaci (Gennadi in official inspec carried out week during the three weeks prior to th movement from place of product the last of which was carried out immediately prio movement, and (ii) that evidence is availa that they have been produced from cutting	tion ly this ion, or to ble
		which: (aa) originate in an a: which, in accord with the measure	anc

specified in ISPM4, is known to be free

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special require	ments
objects		(bb)	from <i>Bemisia tabac</i> . (Gennadius), have been grown at a place of productio where no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) have been observed on official inspections carried out at least once every three weeks during the whole production period of these
		(cc)	plants, or in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) has been found at the place of production, have been grown on plants held or produced at the place of production
			having undergone a appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabac</i> (Gennadius) and subsequently this place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabac</i>
			(Gennadius) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> (Gennadius), in official inspection carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
2.	<i>objects</i> Plants for planting of <i>Begonia</i> L., other than seeds, tubers and corms, and plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Ajuga</i> L., <i>Crossandra</i>	Any third country	 was carried out immediately prior to movement, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period, or (b) in the case of plants for which there is evidence from their packing or their flower (or bract) development or by other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, an official statement that the plants have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) prior to their movement. The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius),
	Salisbury, Dipladenia A.DC., Ficus L., Hibiscus L., Mandevilla Lindl. and Nerium oleander L.		 (b) an official statement that no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) have been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once every three weeks during the nine weeks prior to marketing, (c) where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i>
			(Gennadius) has been found at the place of production, an official statement that the plants held or produced at the place of production, have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) and subsequently the place of production has beer

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from the place of production, the last of which wa carried out immediately prior to their movement from the place of production, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period, or (d) in the case of plants for which there is evidence from their packing or their flower development or from other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers no involved in professional plant production, an official statement that they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Gennadius) immediately prior to their movement.
13.	herbaceous species, other than bulbs, corms, plants of the family Poaceae,	where <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae Blanchard and <i>Nemorimyza</i> maculosa (Malloch) are known to occur	•

(b) In a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from *Liriomyza sativae* Blanchard and *Nemorimyza*

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch), on the basis of official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, (c) an official statement that immediately prior to export, they have been subjected to an appropriate treatment⁺ against <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> Blanchard and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> Blanchard and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch).
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			† Details of the treatment must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate.
14.	Trees and shrubs for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	other than:	 The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that have been grown in a nursery, (b) that they are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, and (c) that they have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export and have been found to be free from: (i) symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and viruslike organisms, and (ii) signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi or have been subjected to

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.	appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
15.	Deciduous trees and shrubs for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	other than:	The trees and shrubs must be accompanied by an official statement that they are dormant and free from leaves.

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	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.	
16.	Root and tubercle vegetables, other than tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	other than EU Member States,	The vegetables must be accompanied by an official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1% by net weight of soil and growing medium.
17.	Bulbs, corms, rhizomes and tubers, intended for planting, other than tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	The bulbs, corms, rhizomes or tubers, must be accompanied by an official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1% by net weight of soil and growing medium.
18.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	other than EU Member States,	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1% by net weight of soil and growing medium.
19.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	Any third country	The tubers must be accompanied by:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 (a) an official statement that they originate in a country where <i>Tecia solanivora</i> (Povolný) is not known to occur, or (b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Tecia solanivora</i> (Povolný).
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
20.		EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that: (i) they originate in an area, which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> , or (ii) they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> or is considered to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/2,

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 (b) that they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival or is considered to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/5,
		 (c) that they originate in an area in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> (i) is known not to occur, or (ii) is known to occur, and the tubers originate from a place of production found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> or considered to be free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aimed at eradicating <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i>
		emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , (d) that they either originate in an area in which <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) is known not to occur or in an area in which <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) is known to occur and: (i) they originate from a place of production

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 which has been found free from <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (al populations) based on an annual survey of host crop by visual inspection of hos plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or (ii) after harvest, they have been randomly sampled and checked for the presence of symptoms has been applied or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting tubers at appropriate times to detect the presence of <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i>, and in all cases at the time of closing of the packages or containers before movement, and found to b free from symptoms of tha pest, and (e) they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) or is considered to the implementation of the

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/26.
21.		Liechtenstein and	 The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that : (a) they belong to advanced selections, (b) they have been produced in an EU Member State or Switzerland, and (c) they have been derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected in an EU Member State or Switzerland to official quarantine testing and has been found in those tests to be free from GB quarantine pests.
22.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in column (1) of entry 20	Liechtenstein and	 There must be a registration number on the packaging, or in the case of loose-loaded tubers transported in bulk, on the accompanying documents, demonstrating that the tubers have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered collective storage or dispatching centres located in the area of production, indicating that: (a) the tubers are free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i>, (b) they originate in a place of production which has been found to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival or is considered to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival as a consequence of the

⁽⁶⁾ S.I. 2001/3510, amended by S.I. 2004/2949, 2007/1871, 2009/1273, 2010/1195, 2011/464, 1043, 2014/487, 2018/942, 2019/162; there are other amending instruments but none is relevant.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	-		implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/5,
			 (c) they originate in a place of production which had been found to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> or is considered to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM9/2(2), and (d) they originate in a place of production which has been found to be free <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) or is considered to be free <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/26.
23.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	where <i>Epitrix cucumeris</i> (Harris),	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement in relation to each pest listed in column (2) of this entry that is known to be present in the third country concerned ("the relevant plant pests"):
		<i>Epitrix subcrinita</i> (Leconte) or <i>Epitrix</i> <i>tuberis</i> Gentner is known to be present	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			undergone an equivalent method specifically applied in order to achieve the same outcome and remove the relevant plant pests and to ensure that there is no risk of the relevant plant pests spreading,
			 (b) that they have been found in an official examination carried out immediately prior to export to be free from the relevant plant pests and from the signs of infestation by those plant pests on potato tubers, and do not contain more than 0.1% of soil, and (c) that the packaging material
			in which the potato tubers are exported is clean.
			* The name of the area must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
24.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L.	Spain other than the Balearic Islands	The tubers must accompanied by an official statement that they have been washed so that there is no more than 0.1% of soil remaining.
25.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L.	Poland	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been found to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i>
26.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	Egypt	 The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that the tubers have been subjected to an intensive control regime to ensure the absence of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i>, covering growing conditions, field inspections, transport, packing, pre-export inspections and testing,

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 (b) that each lot* is made up of tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. which have been harvested in a single pest free area**, and (c) that each bag of tubers was sealed under the control of the competent Egyptian authorities.
			In addition, each bag of tubers in the consignment must be clearly labelled with an indelible indication of the relevant individual official code number of the area from which they have been harvested and the relevant lot number, and each consignment must indicate the name or trademark of the officially registered exporter.
			* The lot number(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Distinguishing marks".
			** The official code number for the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of Egypt has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.
7.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L.	Any third country	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that: (i) they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> , or

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 (ii) they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> or is considered to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/2,
		 (b) that: (i) they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival (all races other than Race 1, the common European race), and no symptoms of <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of an adequate period, (ii) they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements	
		 (Schilbersky) Percival as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/5, and (c) that they originate in an area in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i>, <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni <i>et al.</i>, <i>Ralstonia syziygii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> and <i>Ralstonia syziygii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> are known not to occur. 	
Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Lavandula</i> L., Solanaceae, <i>Vitis</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	Any third country	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Candidiatus</i> Phytoplasma 'solani' Quaglino <i>et al.</i>, or (b) an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'solani' Quaglino <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation. 	
		The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that the seeds derive from plants complying, as applicable, with the requirements set out in entry 20, and (a) that the seeds: (i) originate in areas known to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival, <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i> , and <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i>	
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Lavandula</i> L., Solanaceae, <i>Vitis</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	Description of Origin plants, plant products or other objects Plants for planting, Any third country other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Lavandula</i> L., Solanaceae, <i>Vitis</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L. Seeds of <i>Solanum</i> EU Member States, <i>tuberosum</i> L., ('true Liechtenstein and	

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements	ients
		 (ii) have been produced is a site where, since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, r symptoms of disease caused by the GB quarantine pests refer to in point (i) have be observed and where the following actions have been taken: (aa) staff and other items, such as tools, machiner vehicles, vessel and packaging material, from one sites producing solanaceous plat and other host provented from coming in contact with the or other approphygiene measure have been taken prevent infection by staff workin, or items used, at other sites producing solanaceous plat and other host provent infection by staff workin, or items used, at other sites producing and other host provent infection by staff workin, or items used, at other sites produce plat and other host provent infection by staff workin, or items used, at other sites produce plat and other host provent infection by staff workin, or items used, at other sites produce plat and other host provent infection by staff workin, or items used, at other sites produce plat and other host provent plat and other host provent infection by staff workin, or items used, at other sites produce plat and other host provent plat and plat plat plat plat plat plat plat plat	e no rred een the ve y, s other ants plant: le ve tto res n to on g, tt ucing ints plant: le d from

Plants for planting, Any third country The plants must be accompanied by: other than seeds, where *Ralstonia* (a) an official statement that they of *Capsicum annuum solanacearum* originate in an area which, in L., *Solanum* (Smith) Yabuuchi *et lycopersicum* L., *al.* emend. Safni *Musa* L., *Nicotiana et al.*, *Ralstonia pseudosolanacear-* found to be free from *Ralstonia solanacearum* (Smith) Yabuuchi

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	L. and Solanum melongena L.	um Safni et al., Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. or Ralstonia syzygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. is known to occur	 et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al., Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al., or (b) an official statement that no symptoms of Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al., Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
31.	with roots, of		The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a place of production which has been found to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) or is considered to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/26.
32.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L., <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., <i>Brassica</i> spp. L., and <i>Fragaria</i> L.	Liechtenstein and	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a place of production which has been found to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) or is considered to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/26.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
33.	Plants for planting of bulbs, tubers and rhizomes, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium ascalonicum</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Dahlia</i> spp., <i>Gladiolus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> spp. Ex L, <i>Iris</i> spp. L , <i>Lilium</i> spp. Ex L, <i>Narcissus</i> L. and <i>Tulipa</i> L.	Liechtenstein and	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a place of production which has been found to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) or is considered to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) as a consequence of the implementation of the procedures set out in EPPO PM 9/26.
34.	Plants, other than fruits and seeds, of <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham), or (b) an official statement they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham).
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
35.		where Beet curly	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of Beet curly top virus have been observed at place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
36.	seeds, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.,	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Spodoptera eridania</i>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 (Cramer), Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) and Spodoptera litura (Fabricius), (b) an official statement that no signs of Spodoptera eridania (Cramer), Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) or Spodoptera litura (Fabricius) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or (c) an official statement that the plants have undergone appropriate treatment** to protect them from those pests.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".
37.	other than seeds, of Chrysanthemum	other than EU	The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus,
			 (b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus, or
			(c) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
38.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L. <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait.	Any third country	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner) and <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisduval),
			 (b) an official statement that no signs of <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner) or <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete
			 cycle of vegetation, or (c) an official statement that the plants have undergone appropriate treatment** to protect them from those pests.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The active ingredient, concentration and date of application
		114	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	5		of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".
39.	<i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., Dianthus L.,	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	 The cut flowers and leafy vegetables must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> Blanchard and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch), or (b) an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> Blanchard and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch).
40.	Plants of herbaceous species for planting, other than bulbs, corms, plants of the family Gramineae, rhizomes, seeds, tubers	Any third country	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess), (b) an official statement that no signs of <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) or <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, (c) an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment** against those pests,

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 (d) an official statement that they originate from plant material (explant) which is free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>trifolii</i> (Burgess), are grown <i>in</i> <i>vitro</i> in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) or <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) and are exported in transparent containers under sterile conditions.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".
41.	Cut flowers of Orchidaceae		•
42.		Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia 116	 The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that the plants, including those collected directly from natural habitats, have been grown, held and trained for at least two consecutive years prior to

(1)	(2)	(3)		
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Spe	ecial re	equirements
	and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine	(b)	nurs an o regin that durin	the plants have at least ng the period referred to in t (a): been potted, in pots which are placed on shelves at least 50 cm above ground, have been subjected to appropriate treatments* to ensure freedom from non- European rusts, have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriate intervals for the presence of GB quarantine pests of concern and these inspections have also been carried out on plants in the immediate vicinity of the nurseries referred to in point (a), at least by visual examination of each row in the field or nursery and by visual examination of all parts of the plant above the growing medium, using a random sample of at least 300 plants from a given genus where the number o plants of that genus is not more than 3000 plants, or 10 % of the plants if there are more than 3000 plants from that genus, have been found to be free
				in those inspections, from the relevant GB quarantine

in those inspections, from the relevant GB quarantine pests of concern, infested plants have been removed and the remaining plants, where appropriate, have been effectively treated, and have been held for

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 an appropriate period and inspected to ensure freedom from those pests, (v) have been planted either in an unused artificial growing medium or in a natural growing medium, which has been treated by fumigation or by appropriate heat treatment and has been found free o any GB quarantine pests, and (vi) have been kept under conditions which ensure that the growing medium has been maintained free from GB quarantine pests and within two weeks priot to dispatch, have been: (aa) shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium an kept bare rooted, (bb) shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium an kept bare rooted, (bb) shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium an replanted in growing medium which meet the conditions in point (v), or (c) that the plants have been packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and bear the registration number** of that registered nursery.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	·		treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment".
			** The registration number must be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
43.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Pinales	other than EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants have been produced in a nursery and that they originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Pissodes cibriani</i> O'Brien, <i>Pissodes fasciatus</i> Leconte, <i>Pissodes nemorensis</i> Germar, <i>Pissodes nitidus</i> Roelofs, <i>Pissodes punctatus</i> Langor & Zhang, <i>Pissodes terminalis</i> Hopping, <i>Pissodes yunnanensis</i> Langor & Zhang and <i>Pissodes zitacuarense</i> Sleeper.
44.	Plants of Pinales, other than fruit and seeds, over 3 m in height	Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been produced in a nursery and that they originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Scolytidae</i> spp. (non-European).

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, and Ukraine	
45.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L.	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Cronartium</i> spp., with the exception of Cronartium gentianeum Thümen, <i>Cronartium pini</i> (Willdenow) Jørstad and <i>Cronartium ribicola</i> Fischer, have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
46.	Plants for planting of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	Any third country	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr is not known to occur, or (b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
47.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L.	Any third country	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr is not known to occur,
			 (b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr, or (c) an official statement that no
			(c) an orifetat statement that no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
48.	Plants for planting, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L.	North America	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Bretziella fagacearum</i> ((Bretz) Z.W. de Beer, Marincowitz, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
49.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Corylus</i> L.		 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been grown in a nursery and that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller, or (b) an official statement that the plants have been grown in a nursery and that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller on the basis of official inspections carried out at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
0.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> <i>ailantifolia</i> Carrière., <i>Juglans mandshurica</i> Maximowicz., <i>Ulmus</i> <i>davidiana</i> Planchon. and <i>Pterocarya</i> <i>rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zuccarini.	China, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, the Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire.
		UJA	A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
51.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Ulmus</i> L.	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'ulmi' Lee, Martini, Marcone & Zhu have been observed at the place of production or in the immediate vicinity of the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
52.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>duplicatus</i> (Sahlberg).
53.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill. and <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carrière., over 3 m in height	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>typographus</i> L.
54.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill. and <i>Pinus</i> L. over 3 m in height	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>amitinus</i> (Eichhoff).
55.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill., Cedrus Trew, <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> Mill, <i>Pinus</i> L., Pseudotsuga Carr. and <i>Tsuga</i> Carr.	Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle is	 The plants: (a) must be accompanied by an official statement: (i) that they have been grown in places of production where <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle and its symptoms have not been observed since the beginning of the last complete growing cycle,

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements	
		 (ii) that they have been grown throughout their life under complete physical protection to prevent <i>Monochamus</i> spp. reaching the plants, (iii) that they have been officially inspected, tested and found free from any <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle and <i>Monochamus</i> spp., and (b) must only be transported from those places of production and through areas in which the pest is known to occur outside the flight season of <i>Monochamus</i> spp. or in closed containers or packaging to prevent infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilu</i> (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle or <i>Monochamus</i> spp. 	
L. or <i>Pseudotsuga</i> <i>menziesii</i> (Mirbel)		 The plants must be accompanied by a official statement: (a) that the plants originate in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation and, (b) that they: (i) have been grown throughout their life in a country where <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell is known not to occur, (ii) have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordanc with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & 	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 (iii) originate in a place of production where no signs of <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell, including its vicinity of at least 1 km radius, have been observed during official inspections carried out within a period of two years prior to export and that they were tested immediately prior to export for <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
7.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Cedrus</i> Trew and <i>Pinus</i> L.		 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production in a country in which <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis & Schiffermüller) is not known to occur,
			 (b) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis & Schiffermüller),
			 (c) an official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries which, along with their vicinity, have been found free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis & Schiffermüller) on the basis of official inspections and official surveys carried out at appropriate times, or

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			(d) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea</i> <i>pityocampa</i> (Denis & Schiffermüller) and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Denis & Schiffermüller).
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional Declaration".
58.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Pinus</i> L.	Any third country	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in areas known to be free from <i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary and <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow, or (b) an official statement that no symptoms of needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary or <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow have been observed at the site of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
59.		EU Member States and the USA	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector, <i>Pityophthorus</i> <i>juglandis</i> Blackman, (b) an official statement:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 (i) that the plants originate in a place of production, including its vicinity of at least 5 km radius, where neither symptoms of <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat nor the presence of its vector, <i>Pityophthorus</i> <i>juglandis</i> Blackman have been observed during official inspections within a period of two years prior to export, and (ii) that the plants have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production, or (c) an official statement that the plants originate in a place of production with complete physical isolation and have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
60.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Betula</i> L.	other than EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
61.	1 0	EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			that is free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. & T.C. Harr.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
62.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L.	other than EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> f.sp. <i>tremuloidis</i> Shain have been observed at their place of production or in the immediate vicinity of the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
63.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L.	Americas	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Sphaerulina musiva</i> (Peck) Quaedvlieg, Verkley & Crous have been observed at their place of production or in the immediate vicinity of the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
64.	Plants for planting, other than scions, cuttings, plants in tissue culture, pollen and seeds, of <i>Amelanchier</i> Medikus., <i>Aronia</i> Medikus., <i>Crotoneaster</i> Medikus., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., Malus Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., Pyracantha M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L.		 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius, or (b) an official statement that they have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life: (i) in a place of production established as a place of production that is free from <i>Saperda candida</i>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		Fabricius in accordance with ISPM10:(aa) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin an has been subjected annually to two official inspections
		and (bb) where they have bee grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius or a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatmen which was surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 500 m in which the absence of <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius has been confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times
		 (ii) immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their stems, have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius, which included destructive

	(1)	(2)	(3)	
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special	requirements
				sampling, where appropriate.
			be inclue certifica	ame of the area(s) must ded in the phytosanitary te under the heading onal declaration".
55.	Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Acer macrophyllum Pursh, Acer pseudoplatanus L., Adiantum aleuticum (Ruprecht) C.A. Paris, Adiantum jordanii Muell., Aesculus californica (Spach) Nuttall, Aesculus hippocastanum L., Arbutus menziesii Pursh., Arbutus unedo L., Arctostaphylos spp. Calluna vulgaris (L.) Hull, Camellia spp., Castanea sativa Mill., Fagus sylvatica L., Frangula californica (Eschscholtz) A. Gray Frangula purshiana (DC.) Cooper, Fraxinus excelsior L., Griselinia littoralis (Raoul), Hamamelis virginiana L., Heteromeles arbutifolia (Lindl) Roemer, Kalmia latifolia L., Laurus nobilis L., Leucothoe spp., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hooker & Arnott) Rehder, Lonicera hispidula	The USA	(a) an (i)	 in an area* in which non- European isolates of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld are known not to occur, and that prior to export, they were inspected and found free from non- European isolates of <i>Phytophthora</i> <i>ramorum</i> Werres, De Coc & Man in 't Veld, or official statement: that no signs of non- European isolates of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld have been observed on any plants listed in column (1) at the place of production during official inspections which included laboratory testing of any suspicious symptoms carried out since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and

(1) (2)(3) Description of Special requirements Origin plants, plant products or other objects Dougl. ex Torr. & * The name of the area(s) must Gray, Magnolia spp., be included in the phytosanitary Magnolia doltsopa certificate under the heading (de Candolle) Figlar, "Additional declaration". Nothofagus obliqua (Mirbel) Ørsted Oerst. Osmanthus heterophyllus (G. Don) P. S. Green, Parrotia persica (de Candolle) von Meyer, Photinia x fraseri Dress, Pieris spp., Pseudotsuga menziesii (Mirbel) Franco, Quercus spp., Rhododendron other than spp., Rhododendron simsii Planchon., Rosa gymnocarpa Nuttall., Salix caprea L., Sequoia sempervirens (D. Don) Endl., Syringa vulgaris L., Taxus spp., Trientalis latifolia Hooker., Umbellularia californica (Hooker & Arnott) Nuttall Vaccinium ovatum Pursh and Viburnum spp. 66. Plants for planting, China The plants must be accompanied by: other than seeds, that an official statement that (a) have a stem or root the plants have been grown collar diameter of throughout their life in a place of 1 cm or more at production which is registered their thickest point, of and supervised by national Acer spp. L., Aesculus plant protection organisation in China and which is situated in an hippocastanum L., Alnus spp. Miller, area* established by the national plant protection organisation Betula spp. L., Carpinus spp., Citrus in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from spp.L., Cornus spp.,

Anoplophora chinensis (Forster),

Corylus

spp.,

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

(2)

Description of Origin plants, plant products or other objects Cotoneaster spp., Crataegus spp. L., Fagus spp., Lagerstroemia spp., Malus spp., Platanus spp.L., Populus spp.L., Prunus laurocerasus L., Pyrus spp., Rosa spp. L., Salix spp. L., and Ulmus spp. L.

Special requirements

(3)

(b) an official statement that the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants, which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from *Anoplophora chinensis* (Forster) in accordance with ISPM10:

- (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of China,
- (ii) which has been subjected annually to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of *Anoplophora chinensis* (Forster) carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found,
- (iii) where the plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) or in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments which was surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least 2 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) are carried out annually at appropriate times; and where signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) have been found, eradication measures were taken immediately to

 (1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 restore the pest freedom of the buffer zone, and (iv) where immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their roots and stems, were subjected to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%, or (c) an official statement that the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (b), grafted with scions which at the time of export were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point and have been subject to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%.
		A phytosanitary certificate may not include any of the official statements referred to in points (a) to (c) unless the national plant protection organisation of China has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the unique registration number of the place(s) of production.

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
,		The phytosanitary certificate must also include the registration number of the place of production under the heading "Additional declaration".
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
other than seeds, that have a stem or root	other than China, where <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster)	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place o production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and which is situated in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster) (b) an official statement: (i) that the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants, which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster) in accordance with ISPM No. 10: (a) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection

- organisation in the country of origin, (bb) which has been
 - subject annually

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special r	equirements
<i>DDJECIS</i>		(ii)	to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the plant pest have been found (cc) where the plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) or in a site with the application of appropriate preventative treatments which was surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least 2 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) are carried out annually at appropriate times; and where signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) have been found, eradication measures were taken immediately to restore the pest freedom of the buffe zone, and that immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their roots
			and stems, were subjected
	135		

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%, or (c) an official statement that the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (b), grafted with scions which at the time of export were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point and which have been subject to an official meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), which included targeted destructive sampling using samples to enable at least the detection of 1% level of infestation with a confidence of 99%.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"
68.	other than seeds, that have a stem diameter of 1 cm or more at their thickest point, of <i>Acer</i> spp. L., <i>Aesculus</i> spp., <i>Alnus</i> spp. Miller, <i>Betula</i> spp. L., <i>Carpinus</i> spp., <i>Cercidiphyllum</i> spp. L., <i>Corylus</i> spp., <i>Fagus</i> spp.,	other than any EU Member State where <i>Anoplophora</i> <i>glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) is known not to occur and any other third country	The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production which is registered and supervised by national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and is situated in an area* established by that organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky),

(1) (2) (3) Description of Origin Special requirements plants, plant products or other objects Koelreuteria an official statement that the (b) spp. Medikus, Platanus plants have been grown during spp. L., Populus spp. a period of at least two years L., Salix spp. L., Tilia prior to export, or in the case spp. and Ulmus spp. of plants, which are younger than two years, have been grown L. throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) in accordance with ISPM10: (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, (ii) which has been subject annually to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found, (iii) where the plants have been grown in a site: (aa) with complete physical protection against the introduction of Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky), or (bb) with the application of appropriate preventative treatments and which was surrounded by a buffer zone with a radius of at least 2 km where

official surveys for the presence or signs of *Anoplophora glabripennis* (Motschulsky) are

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
objects		 carried out annually at appropriate times and where signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) have been found, eradication measures were taken immediately to restore the pest freedom of the buffer zone, and (iv) that immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their branches and stems, were subjected to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky), which included targeted destructive sampling and, in the case of plants originating in sites which at the time of their production were located in a buffer zone where the presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) have been found, targeted destructive sampling at the appropriate level, or (c) an official statement that the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (b), grafted with scions which at the time of export were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point and which have been subject to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora</i> glabripennis (b), grafted with scions which at the time of export were no more than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point and which have been subject to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora</i>
	138	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<i>glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky), in the manner specified in point (b) (iv).
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			For the purpose of point (b)(iv), the appropriate level is 10% of the plants where the number of plants is 4,500 or less, and 450 plants where the number of plants is more than 4,500 plants.
69.	Plants for planting , other than plants in tissue culture and seeds, of <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.		 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller, (b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production established as a place of production that is free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with ISPM10: (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, (ii) which has been subjected to annual inspections for any signs of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest, (iii) where the plants have been grown in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and where the absence

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	<i>objects</i>		 of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest, and (iv) immediately prior to export the plants have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller, or (c) an official statement that they originate in an insect proof site of production to prevent the introduction of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". A phytosanitary certificate may not include the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing.
70.		where <i>Phyllosticta</i> solitaria Ellis &	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. & Ev. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
71.	Live pollen of <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl. or plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl., ("the specified plants")	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a country where <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto is known not to occur,

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements	
		(b) an official statement that the plants have been grow throughout their life in a place of production whice registered and supervised the national plant protect organisation in the count of origin and is situated i an area* established by t organisation in accordance ISPM4 as an area that is from <i>Pseudomonas syrin</i> actinidiae Takikawa, Ser	wn h is l by ion ry n hat ce with free gae py izawa,
		 Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & G (c) an official statement that plants have been produce place or site of production is registered and supervise the national plant protect organisation in the count of origin and established accordance with the ISP1 a place of production tha from <i>Pseudomonas syrin</i> actinidiae Takikawa, Ser Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & G where: (i) they have been groin a structure with a degree of isolation protection from the outside environment that effectively exce <i>Pseudomonas syrin</i> pv. actinidiae Takikawa Tsuyumu & Goto a have been officially inspected twice at the most appropriate time for the degree of isolation protection from the outside environment that effectively exce <i>Pseudomonas syrin</i> pv. actinidiae Takikawa Tsuyumu & Goto a have been officially inspected twice at the most appropriate time for detecting sympton of infection during last complete cycle vegetation prior to movement and four 	the ed in a on whice sed by ion ry in M10 as t is free gae pv izawa, oto wn a and buded agae cawa, a, nd y he mes toms the of their

(1)	(2)	(3)
plants, plant products or other	Origin	Special requirements
objects		 (ii) the place or site of production was surrounded by a zone with a radius of at least 100 m, where: (aa) official inspections were carried out twice at the place or site and in the zone a the most appropriate times for detecting symptoms of infection during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement, and (bb) where any plants showing symptoms of infection were found during those inspections, those plants were immediately destroyed, (d) an official statement that the specified plants have been produced in a place of production established in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto and which is surrounded: (i) by a zone with a radius of 500 m where: (aa) official inspections, sampling and testing have been carried out at that place of production and throughout that zone twice at the most appropriate times for detecting symptoms of
		infection during the last complete cycle

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
<i>objects</i>		 of vegetation prior to their movement, (bb) where any plants showing symptoms of infection were found during those inspections, those plants were immediately destroyed and all specified plants in the zone were immediately destroyed or have been regularly tested at the most appropriate times and found free from that pest, and (ii) by a further zone lying between 500 m and 4,500 m of that place of production where: (aa) official inspections, sampling and testing have been carried out twice at the most appropriate times throughout the area for detecting symptoms of infection during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement, and (bb) where any plants showing symptoms of infection were found during those inspections, those plants were immediately destroyed and all
		specified plants in the further zone

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			been tested according to a sampling scheme that is able to confirm with 99% reliability that the level of presence of pest in the specified plants is below 0.1%.
			Where point (b) or (c) applies, the official statement must also confirm that:
			—the specified plants have been derived directly from mother plants under conditions which comply with the requirements specified in points (a) or (b),
			—the specified plants have been directly derived from mother plants, which were subject to prior individual testing confirming their freedom from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. actinidiae Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto, or
			—the specified plants have been tested according to a sampling scheme that is able to confirm with 99% reliability that the level of presence of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto in the specified plants is below 0.1%.
72.	other than seeds,	where non- European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas or	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by the pests listed in column (2) have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
73.	5		
74.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Malus</i> Mill.		 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
5		Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller Schneider or
		 Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller Schneider, or (b) an official statement that the plants, other than plants raised from seeds: (i) have been officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller & Schneider using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that pest or (ii) have been derived in direct line from material which has been subjected, at least once within the last six complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller & Schneider
		indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free in those tests from that pest, and (iii) in either case, no symptoms of diseases caused by <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'mali' Seemüller & Schneider
		have been observed on plants at the place

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
75.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.		 (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least the pests listed in column (2) of this entry using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those pests, or (ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least the pests listed in column (2) of this entry using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those
			pests, and(b) that in either case, no symptoms of diseases caused by the

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements pests listed in column (2) have been observed on the plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three
76.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.	Any third country	complete cycles of vegetation. The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that they have been: (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene & Douglas. using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that pest, or (ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene & Douglas. using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that pest, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene & Douglas. using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that pest, and

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other obiects	Origin	Special requirements
		 (b) that in either case, no symptoms of diseases caused by <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'pruni' (16SrIII-A) Davis, Zhao, Dally, Lee, Jomantiene & Douglas have been observed on the plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.	Any third country	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller & Schneider, or (b) an official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller & Schneider have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch and <i>Prunus</i> <i>salicina</i> Lindley	Any third country	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie, or (b) an official statement no symptoms of diseases caused by the <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie have been observed on plants at the place of production, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and any symptomatic plants
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L. Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch and <i>Prunus</i>	Description of plants, plant products or other objects Plants for planting, Any third country other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L. Plants for planting, Any third country other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
79.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.	Any third country	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of productio in a country where <i>Xanthomona arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> is not known to occur, (b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>, (c) an official statement that they have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have shown no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> during the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of that pest have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or (d) in the case of plants of <i>Prunus laurocerasus</i> L. or <i>Prunus lusitanica</i> L. for which there is evidence from their packing or from other means that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>
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Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		place of production since the beginning of the last complete growing season.
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.		The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place or production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and is situated in an area* established in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Aromia</i> <i>bungii</i> (Faldermann), (b) an official statement: (i) that the plants have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export or, in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Aromia</i> <i>bungii</i> (Faldermann) in accordance with ISPM10: (a) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, (bb) which has been subjected annually to at least two official meticulous inspections for any signs of <i>Aromia</i> <i>bungii</i> (Faldermann)

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 carried out at appropriate times which, in the case of any increased level of suspicion of infestation by that pest, included targeted destructive sampling of the stem and branches of the plants, and no signs of infestation by that pest were found on those inspections, (cc) which has complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann) or has been subjected to appropriate preventive treatments, and (ii) that immediately prior to export, the plants were subjected to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann) which included targeted destructive sampling at the appropriate level, or (c) in the case of plants which have been grafted with scions that have not been grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (a), an official statement that: (i) the plants have been grown from rootstocks which were grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point (a), (ii) at the time of export, the scions were no more than

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point, and (iii) the plants have been subjected to a meticulous official inspection for the presence of <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann, in the manner specified in point (a)(i)(bb).
			For the purpose of point (a)(ii), the appropriate level is 10% of the plants where the number of plants is 4,500 or less, and 450 plants where the number of plants is more than 4,500.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
1.	Plants for planting of <i>Rubus</i> L., other than seeds originating in third countries where Raspberry leaf curl virus and Cherry rasp leaf virus are known to occur.	where Tobacco streak virus black raspberry latent strain, Raspberry leaf curl virus or	(a) be free from aphids, including their eggs, and

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been found to be free

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	objects		in those tests, from those pests, or (bb) derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for the pests referred to in column (2), using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found to be free in those tests from those pests, and
			 (ii) that no symptoms of diseases caused by the pests referred to in column (2) have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
82.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.		 The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been: (i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 to official testing for at least Strawberry vein banding virus and Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma, using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, and has been found to be free from those pests, or (ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for Strawberry vein banding virus and Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma, using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, and has been found to be free from those pests, and (b) that no symptoms of diseases caused by Strawberry vein banding virus and Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
83.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Rosa</i> spp. and <i>Rubus</i> spp.	other than EU Member States,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Anthonomus bisignifer</i> Schenkling.
84.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L.		 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie have been observed on plants at the

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, (b) in the case of plants in tissue culture, an official statement that the plants have been derived from plants which complied with point (a) or have been officially tested by appropriate nematological methods and have been found free from <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie, or (c) in the case of plants originating in any EU Member State, an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from
85.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	Any third country	 Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie. The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants originate in an area, which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Diaporthe vaccinii</i> Shear, or (b) an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Diaporthe vaccinii</i> Shear have been observed at the production site over the last complete growing season.
86.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Vitis</i> L.		The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i> (Panagopoulos) Willems, Gillis, Kersters, van den Broeke & De Ley have been observed on the mother stock plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last two complete cycles of vegetation.
87.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Vitis</i> L.		 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants originate in an area, which in accordance with the measures

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma (b) an official statement that the plants originate in a site of production where: (i) no symptoms of Grapevin flavescence dorée phytoplasma on <i>Vitis</i> spp have been observed at the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and, in the case of plants used for the propagation of <i>Vitis</i> spp., no symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma on <i>Viti</i> spp. have been observed at the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and, in the case of plants used for the propagation of <i>Vitis</i> spp., no symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma on <i>Vit</i> spp. have been observed at the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last two complete cycles vegetation, (ii) monitoring of the vectors is conducted and appropriate treatments are carried out to control the vectors of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma, and (iii) abandoned <i>Vitis</i> L. from the immediate vicinity of the site of production have been monitored during the growing season for symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma and, in case of symptoms, have been rogued out or tested and found free of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma, or

Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Spec	cial requirements
			(c)	an official statement that they have undergone hot water treatment according to international standards.
seeds and plants in			offic (a) (b)	plants must be accompanied by an ial statement: that they have been grown throughout entire their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with ISPM4 as free from Rose Rosette Virus and <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> Keifer, and that they have been packed to prevent infestation by <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> Keifer during transport.
			be in certif	e name of the area(s) must cluded in the phytosanitary ficate under the heading litional declaration".
Plants, of <i>Rosa</i> spp. L. in tissue culture	Canada, Mexico USA		offici	plants must be accompanied by an ial statement that they have been uced from mother plants tested and d free from Rose Rosette Virus.
Plants for planting of <i>Arecaceae (Palmae)</i> having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm	Any third	country	(a) (b)	plants must be accompanied by: an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production in a country where <i>Paysandisia</i> <i>archon</i> (Burmeister) is not known to occur, an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister), or an official statement that they
	tissue culture, of <i>Rosa</i> spp., L. Plants, of <i>Rosa</i> spp. L. in tissue culture Plants for planting of <i>Arecaceae</i> (<i>Palmae</i>) having a diameter of the stem at the base of	tissue culture, of <i>Rosa</i> USA spp., L. Plants, of <i>Rosa</i> spp. L. Canada, in tissue culture Mexico USA Plants for planting of Any third <i>Arecaceae</i> (<i>Palmae</i>) having a diameter of the stem at the base of	tissue culture, of <i>Rosa</i> USA spp., L. Plants, of <i>Rosa</i> spp. L. Canada, India, in tissue culture Mexico and the USA Plants for planting of Any third country <i>Arecaceae</i> (<i>Palmae</i>) having a diameter of the stem at the base of	tissue culture, of <i>Rosa</i> USA (a) spp., L. (b) * Th be in certir "Add Plants, of <i>Rosa</i> spp. L. Canada, India, The in tissue culture Mexico and the offic USA prod Plants for planting of Any third country The <i>Arecaceae (Palmae)</i> having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 two years prior to export, been grown in a place of production: (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, (ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister), and (iii) where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to export, no signs of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) have been observed.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
91.	Plants for planting of <i>Aeraceae</i> (<i>Palmae</i>) having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm		 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement they have been grown throughout their life in a place of production in a country where <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) is known not to occur,
			 (b) an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), or (c) an official statement that they have, during a period of at least two years prior to export, been grown in a place of production:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, (ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), and (iii) where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to export, no signs of <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) have been observed.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
92.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Aeraceae</i> (<i>Palmae</i>)		 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, (b) an official statement that no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by those pests have been rogued out

(1)		(2)	(3)	
plan	ription of ts, plant ucts or other cts	Origin	Spec	cial requirements
		federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine	(c)	at that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of <i>Haplaxius crudus</i> (Van Duzee), or in the case of plants in tissue culture, an official statement that the plants are derived from plants which have met the requirements in point (a) or (b).
Fisch spp., R. B	<i>tocoryne</i> sp.	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	offici been nema samp the d found	plants must be accompanied by an ial statement that the roots have subjected to testing for at least atode pests, of a representative ble, using appropriate methods for etection of the pests and have been d on those tests to be free from the atode pests.
4. Fruits (L.)	s of <i>Capsicum</i>	Any country of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius, Israel		fruits must be accompanied by: an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), an official statement: (i) that they originate in a place of production established by the

Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), and (ii) that they are free from that pest as shown from official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, which included a visual examination on representative samples of fruit, and (iii) which includes information on traceability, or (d) in the case of fruits which have been subjected to an effective treatment, an effective systems approach or another effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), an official statement they have been subjected to such a treatment.
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
		** The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.
		A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
		—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
		—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,
		—the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the treatment or approach.
L., Momordica L., Solanum aethiopicum	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	 The fruits must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> (Smith) is not known to be present, (b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> (Smith), or (c) an official statement that they originate in areas other than those referred to in point (b), and they comply with the following conditions: (i) the plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, (ii) official inspections have been carried out in the

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> (Smith) has been detected on the plants, and (iii) prior to their export, the plants have been subject to an official inspection.
96.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.		 The fruits must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller. (b) an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller have been carried out at appropriate times during the growing season including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which have shown the fruits to be free of that pest, and which includes information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
			—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,
			—the official statement referred to in point (c) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the approach or treatment.
97.	and <i>Pyrus</i> L o M L	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	 originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka, (b) an official statement that they
			originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka,
			 (c) an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Botryosphaeria</i> <i>kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka, have been carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 fruits to be free of that pest, and which includes information on traceability, or (d) an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsuka</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka.
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
		** The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.
		A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
		—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom this information in writing,
		—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,
		—the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			of the United Kingdom with written details of the approach or treatment.
8.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill. and Pyrus L.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	 originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say, (b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say, (c) an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say, are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the fruits to be free of the pest and which includes information on traceability, or (d) an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	5		A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
			—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
			—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,
			—the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the approach or treatment.
99.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill.		 The fruits must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh), (b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh),

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 (c) an official statement that they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) have been carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the fruits to be free of that pest, and which includes information on traceability, or (d) an official statement that they have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment** to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh).
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
		** The use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method must be included in the phytosanitary certificate.
		A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
		—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
		and information in writing,

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas,
			—the official statement referred to in point (d) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the treatment or approach.
100.	Fruits of Solanaceae	Australia, the Americas and New Zealand	 originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Šulc.), (b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Šulc.), (c) an official statement that: (i) they originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Šulc.) have been carried out during the last three
			months prior to export at the place of production and its immediate vicninty, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, which has shown the fruits to be free of that

	(1)	(2)		(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Special requirements
				 pest, and which includes information on traceability, and (ii) in the case of fruit of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. that all green parts have been removed, or (d) an official statement that they originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Šulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and which includes information on traceability.
				* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
				A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
				—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom of this information in writing,
				—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas.
101.	annuum L., Solanum		-	The fruits must be accompanied by:(a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Spe	ccial requirements
Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	Liechtenstein Switzerland	and (b)	accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from from <i>Neoleucinodes</i> <i>elegantalis</i> (Guenée), an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i>
		(c)	 (Guenée), or an official statement: (i) that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), and (ii) that they are free from that pest as shown from official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, which included an examination on representative samples of fruit, and (iii) which includes information
		(d)	on traceability, or an official statement that they originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and which includes information on traceability.
			ne name of the area(s) must ncluded in the phytosanitary
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	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	5		certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place of production(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			A phytosanitary certificate may not include:
			—the official statement referred to in point (a) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom o this information in writing,
			—the official statement referred to in point (b) unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of area or areas.
02.	Fruits of <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	other than EU	 The fruits must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham), (b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham), or
		 (c) an official statement that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production 	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			that is free from <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the last three months prior to export.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
103.	Fruits of Solanum melongena L.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	 The fruits must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, (b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, or (c) an official statement that immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
104.	Fruits of <i>Momordica</i> L.	Any third country other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and Switzerland	 The fruits must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, or

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	5		(b) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"
105.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> L.	Belize, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, French Polynesia, Guatemala, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico and the USA	 The fruits must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano, or (b) an official statement that they originate in a place of production** established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a place of production that is free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano, on the basis of official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export at the place of production and its immediate vicinity.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the place(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
106.	Seeds of Zea mays L.	Any third country where Pantoea stewartii subsp. stewartii (Smith) 175	The seeds must be accompanied by:(a) an official statement that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters is known to occur	specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters, or
			 (b) an official statement that a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters.
107.		Iran, Iraq, Mexico,	The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate ir an area* where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
108.	Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>x Triticosecale</i>	-	 The grain must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it originates in an area* where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur, or (b) an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation and representative samples of the grain have been taken both at the time of harvest and before export and have been tested and found free from <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement mentioned in point (b), the statement "tested and found free from <i>Tilletia</i>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<i>indica</i> Mitra" must be included under the heading "name of produce".
109.	 Wood of conifers (Pinales), other than wood of <i>Thuja</i> L. and <i>Taxus</i> L. and wood in the form of: —chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, —wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, —wood of <i>Libocedrus decurrens</i> Torr. where there is evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured for pencils using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 82 °C for a seven to eight- day period, 	Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico,	The wood must be accompanied by:
	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface		 (b) an official statement: (i) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and
			(ii) kiln drying to below 20%

(ii) kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content expressed as a percentage of dry

	Special requirements matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule. There must also be evidence of the heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate and, in the case of point (b), evidence of the kiln- drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD"
	an appropriate time/ temperature schedule. There must also be evidence of the heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate and, in the case of point (b), evidence of the kiln- drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD"
	heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate and, in the case of point (b), evidence of the kiln- drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD"
	or another internationally recognised mark.
0. Wood of conifers Canada, China, (Pinales) in the form Japan, Republic of chips, particles, of Korea, Mexico, sawdust, shavings, Taiwan, the USA wood waste and scrap obtained in whole States other than or part from these conifers States where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle is known not to occur	The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement: (i) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), and (ii) that subsequent to its treatment, it was transported, until its export from the country issuing the statement, outside the flight season of its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp., taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season or, in the case of wood which is not free from bark, with a protective covering to prevent infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle <i>et al.</i> or its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp., or
	(b) an official statement:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 (i) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and (ii) kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.
			There must also be evidence of the heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate and, in the case of point (b), evidence of the kiln- drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark.
111.	waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, — wood packaging	Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico,	 The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it is bark-free, (b) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or
	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface		Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a

	(1)	(2)		(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Special requirements
	5			mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
				Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
112.	 Wood of conifers (Pinales), other than in the form of: chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface 	Kazakhstan, Tand Turkey	Russia	 The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it originates in an area* known to be free from: (i) Monochamus spp. (ii) Pissodes cibriani O'Brien, Pissodes fasciatus Leconte, Pissodes nemorensis Germar, Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Pissodes strobi (Peck), Pissodes terminalis Hopping, Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang and Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper, and (iii) Scolytidae spp. (non-European), (b) an official statement that it is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by its vectors, Monochamus spp., which are larger than 3 mm across, (c) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or (d) an official statement that it it

(.	1)	(2)	(3)	
р р	Description of lants, plant roducts or other bjects	Origin	Spe	cial requirements
-	- J			minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).
			be ir certi	ne name of the area(s) must included in the phytosanitary ficate under the heading ditional declaration".
			inclu to in evid marl inter on th	ere the phytosanitary certificate udes the official statement referred a point (c), there must also be ence of that kiln-drying by a k "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another mationally recognised mark, put he wood or on any wrapping in ordance with current usage.
			inclu to in evid marl any curre	ere the phytosanitary certificate ades the official statement referred point (d), there must also be ence of that heat treatment by a k "HT" put on the wood or on wrapping in accordance with ent usage and on the phytosanitary ficate.
(P in	 Vood of conifers Pinales), other than the form of: chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, 	Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Canary Islands, China, EU Member States, Faroe Islands, Georgia,		wood must be accompanied by: an official statement that it is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp., which are larger than 3 mm across, an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or an official statement that has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface.	Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Republic of Korea, Russia, San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Taiwan, Turkey, Ukraine and the USA	the entire profile of the wood (including at its core). Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
14. Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from conifers (Pinales)	other than: Albania, Albania, Andorra, Armenia,	 The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the wood originates in areas* which in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, are known to be free from: (i) Monochamus spp. (ii) Pissodes cibriani O'Brien, Pissodes fasciatus Leconte Pissodes nemorensis Germar, Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Pissodes nemorensis Germar, Pissodes strobi (Peck), Pissodes terminalis Hopping, Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang and Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper, and (iii) Scolytidae spp. (non-

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	Ukraine and the USA	 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or (d) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
 Isolated bark conifers (Pinales)	of Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal	 The bark must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark, and (b) that subsequent to its treatment, it was transported, until its export from the country issuing the statement, outside the flight season of its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp., taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season or with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle et al. or its vectors, <i>Monochamus</i> spp. cannot occur.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	objects	Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine; and	
		EU Member States where <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner & Bührer) Nickle is known not to occur	
6.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	Any third country where <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell is known not to occur, other than EU Member States	 The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it originates in a country* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell, (b) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell, or (c) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
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	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
117.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	Any third country	 The wood must: (a) be bark-free, (b) be accompanied by an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> (Eichhoff), <i>Ips duplicatus</i> (Sahlberg) and <i>Ips typographus</i> (L.), or (c) have evidence by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
118.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	Any third country	 The bark must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles, or (b) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> (Eichhoff), <i>Ips duplicatus</i>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		(Sahlberg) and <i>Ips typographus</i> (L.).
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
19. Isolated bark conifers (Pinales)	of Any third country where <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell is known not to occur, other than EU Member States	originates in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Fusarium</i>

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
120.	 Wood of Juglans L. and Pterocarya Kunth, other than in the form of: chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants, wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface 	EU Member States and the USA	 The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, (b) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), or (c) an official statement that it has been squared to entirely remove the natural rounded surface. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
121.		EU Member States and the USA	The wood or the isolated bark must be accompanied by:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
	L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants		 (a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, or (b) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark or the wood.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
122.	Wood of Acer macrophyllum Pursh, Aesculus californica (Spach) Nutt., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hook & Arn.) Rehd., Quercus spp. L. and Taxus brevifolia Nutt.	The USA	 The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it originates in an area* in which non- European isolates of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld are known not to occur, (b) an official statement that the wood has been stripped of its bark and: (i) that it has been squared so as to entirely remove the rounded surface, (ii) that the water content of the wood does not exceed 20% expressed as a percentage of the dry matter, or (iii) that the wood has been disinfected by an appropriate hot-air or hot
			water-water treatment, or(c) in the case of sawn wood with o without residual bark attached,

	(1)	(2)			(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin			Special requirements
					an official statement that it has undergone kiln drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.
					* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
					Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or its packaging in accordance with current usage.
123.	Wood of <i>Acer</i> saccharum Marsh., other than in the form of: — wood intended	Canada USA	and	the	The wood must be accompanied by ar official statement that it has undergon- kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a
	for the production of veneer sheets, — chips, particles,				percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule, and
	sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, — wood				there must be evidence of that kiln drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD or other internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with
	packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,				current usage.
	including wood which has not kept its natural round surface				
124.	Wood of <i>Acer</i> saccharum Marsh.,	Canada USA	and 189	the	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that it originates

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects intended for the production of veneer sheets	Origin	Special requirements in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Davidsoniella</i> <i>virescens</i> (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingf
			Moreau and is intended for the production of veneer sheets.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
125.	Wood of <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans ailantifolia</i> Carr., <i>Juglans</i> <i>mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus</i> <i>davidiana</i> Planch. and <i>Pterocarya</i> <i>rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc., other than in the form of — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these trees, — wood packaging material, except associated controlled	Belarus, Canada, China, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, the Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine and the USA	 The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, or (b) an official statement that the wood originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 an area that is free from <i>Agrilus</i> <i>planipennis</i> Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
	dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood		include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.
126.	Wood in the form of chips, particles,	Belarus, Canada,	The official statement must confirm that the wood originates in an area*

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from Fraxinus L., Juglans ailantifolia Carr., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch.	China, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, the Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan,	established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". A phytosanitary certificate may not
	Ukraine and the USA	A phytosanitally certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area or areas.
objects made of bark of <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans ailantifolia</i> Carr., <i>Juglans</i> <i>mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus</i>	Democratic People's Republic of Korea,	The official statement must confirm that the bark originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire. * The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration". A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national
		plant protection organisation of the

	(1)	(2)		(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin		Special requirements
				 (b) be accompanied by an official statement: (i) that it originates in areas known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill.) Barr., or (ii) that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.
129.	Isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	Any third	country	The isolated bark must be accompanied by an official statement that it originates in areas known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill.) Barr.
130.	Wood of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, — casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, including staves, where there is documented evidence that the wood has been produced or manufactured using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of	Canada USA	and the	 e The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it is squared so as to remove entirely the rounded surface, (b) an official statement that it is bark-free and the water content is less than 20% expressed as a percentage of the dry matter, (c) an official statement that it is bark-free and has been disinfected by an appropriate hot air or hot water treatment, or (d) in the case of sawn wood, with or without residual bark attached, an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (d), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or other

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects 176 °C for 20 minutes — wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Origin	Special requirements on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
Wood in the form		 e The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or (b) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).
		Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.
Wood of <i>Betula</i> L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in	USA (where Agrilus anxius Gory	
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects 176 °C for 20 minutes — wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or part from <i>Quercus</i> L. Wood of <i>Betula</i> L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap	Description of plants, plant products or other objects Origin 176 °C for 20 minutes 176 °C for 20 minutes — wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, wood but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface USA Wood in the form Canada and the of chips, particles, USA sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or part from <i>Quercus</i> L. Wood of <i>Betula</i> L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap Canada and the USA (where <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory is known to occur) sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects — wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage,	Origin	Special requirements dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.
	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood		
133.	Wood chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Betula</i> L.	other than EU Member States, Liechtenstein and	The wood must be accompanied by a an official statement that it originates in a country which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
134.	5	USA (where	The bark or objects made out of bark must be accompanied by an official statement confirming that it is free from wood.
135.	L., other than wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Platanus</i>		 The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. & T.C. Harr., or (b) an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.
	L.		Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also and there must be evidence of that kiln- drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD"

	(1)	(2)			(3)	
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin			Spe	cial requirements
					marl	ther internationally recognised k, put on the wood or on any oping in accordance with current te.
					be ir certi	te name of the area(s) must included in the phytosanitary ficate under the heading ditional declaration".
136.	 Wood of <i>Populus</i> L., other than in the form of: chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface 	Americas			(a) (b) Whe incluto in evid mark inter on th	wood must be accompanied by: an official statement that it is bark-free, or an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. ere the phytosanitary certificate ides the official statement referred point (b), there must also be ence of that kiln-drying by a k "kiln-dried" or "KD" or other nationally recognised mark, put ne wood or on any wrapping in ordance with current usage.
137.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or in part from <i>Acer</i> <i>saccharum</i> Marsh., or <i>Populus</i> L.		and	the	The (a) (b) (c)	wood must be accompanied by: an official statement that it has been produced from debarked round wood, an official statement that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).

	(1)	(2)			(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin			Special requirements
					Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.
138.	 Wood of Amelanchier Medik., Aronia Medik., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., other than in the form of: chips, sawdust and shavings, obtained in whole or part from these plants, wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface 	Canada USA	and	the	 The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius, (b) an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, or (c) an official statement that it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate. * The name of the area(s) must
					be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
139.	Wood in the form of chips obtained in whole or part from <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Aronia</i> Medik., <i>Cotoneaster Medik.</i> ,	USA	and	the	 The wood must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to

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	(1)	(2)	(3)	
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Spec	cial requirements
	Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.		(b) (c)	be free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius, an official statement that it has been processed into pieces of not more than 2.5 cm thickness and width, or an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C
			inclu to in evide a ma	for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood. The phytosanitary certificate ides the official statement referred point (c), there must also be ence of that heat treatment by irk "HT" on the phytosanitary ficate.
			be in certi	e name of the area(s) must included in the phytosanitary ficate under the heading ditional declaration".
140.	 Wood of <i>Prunus</i> L., other than in the form of: chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap , obtained in whole or part from these plants, wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, 	People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic of Korea, Vietnam and EU Member States other than	The (a)	wood must be accompanied by: an official statement that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann), an official statement that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, or an official statement that it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1
	associated controlled		(c)	an official statement that it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achie

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	Origin	Special requirements
	<i>objects</i> its natural round surface		Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
141.	of chips, particles,	People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic	originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann),
			includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" on the phytosanitary certificate.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
142.	Wood, obtained in whole or in part,	EU Member States other than any EU Member State	In the case of wood: (a) in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste or scrap,

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
 products of other objects from Acer spp. L. Aesculus spp., Alnus spp. Miller, Betula spp. L. Carpinus spp., Cercidiphyllum spp. L., Corylus spp., Fagus spp., Fraxinus spp. L., Koelreuteria spp. Medikus, Platanus spp.L., Populus spp. L., Salix spp. L., Tilia spp. and Ulmus spp.L., other than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not retained its natural round surface. 	where <i>Anoplophora</i> glabripennis (Motschulsky) is known not to occur and any other third country where <i>Anoplophora</i> glabripennis (Motschulsky) is known to occur	 the wood must be accompanied by: (i) an official statement that it originates in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky), (ii) an official statement that it is debarked and has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), or (iii) an official statement that the wood has been processed into pieces of not more than 2.5 cm thickness and width, (b) in any other form, the wood must be accompanied by: (i) an official statement that it originates in an area* established by the national plant
		protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky), or (ii) an official statement that it is debarked and has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum

duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core).

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (b)(ii), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
		* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

PART B

Plants, plant products and other objects originating in third countries which are subject to emergency measures and may only be introduced into Great Britain if special requirements are met

In this Part, 'ISPM31' means International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 31 of April 2008 on methodogies for sampling of consignments prepared by the Secretariat of the IPPC established by the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations(7).

 (1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
other than seeds,		 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that the plants originate in an area* established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld; (b) an official statement that since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation no signs of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld have

⁽⁷⁾ Available from the IPPC Secretariat, AGPP-FAO, Viale Delle Terme di Caracalla, 00153, Rome, Italy and at https:// www.ippc.int/int.

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		 been observed on the plants at the place of production during official inspections, including laboratory testing of any suspicion symptoms, carried out at least twice during the growing season a appropriate times when the plants were in active growth and with an intensity which took into account the particular production system o the plants, or (c) where signs of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld have been found on the plants at the place of production, an official statement that appropriate procedures have been implemented for the purpose of eradicating that pest and the plants have been found free from the pest following those procedures, which consisted of at least: (i) destruction of the infected plants muthin a 2 m radius of the infected plants, including associated growing media and plant debris, (ii) in the case of plants listed in column (1) of this entry within a 10 m radius of the infected plants and any remaining plants from the infected lot: (aa) they have been retained at the place of production, (bb) additional official inspections have been taken when the plants are in active growth,

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 (cc) no treatments that may suppress symptoms of the plant pest have been carried out in that three month period, and (dd) the plants have been found free from the pest on these official inspections, (iii) in the case of all other plants listed in column (1) of this entry at the place of production, the plants have been subjected to intensive official re-inspection and have been found free from the pest on those inspections, and (iv) appropriate phytosanitary measures have been taken on the growing surface within a 2 m radius of infected plants.
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
2.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, which belong to the genera and species listed in the list of <i>Xylella</i> host plants	where <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known not	is not present in the country,

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			 standards, using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability the level of presence of infected plants of 5%, in which the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) was confirmed, and (c) in the case of plants, other than seeds, intended for planting, of <i>Polygala myrtifolia</i> L., that prior to their movement out of their production site and as close to that time as possible, each lot of plants was subjected in addition to official visual inspection and sampling, as well as testing, in line with international standards for the presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability the level of presence of infected plants of 5%, in which the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) was confirmed.
			organisation of the country of origin has notified the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom in writing that <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is not present in the country.
3.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, which belong to the genera and species listed in the list of <i>Xylella</i> host plants	where <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to	 The plants must be accompanied by: (a) in the case of plants originating in an area which has been established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as as area* that is free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), an official statement that they originate in such an area, (b) in the case of plants which originate in an area where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to be present and have not been

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		grown for their entire production cycle <i>in vitro</i> , an official statemer (i) that the plants have been produced in a site**: (aa) that is authorised by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM10 as a site that is free from <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al. and its vectors, (bb) that is physically protected against the introduction of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> by in vectors, (cc) that is surrounded by a zone with a width of 100 m which has been subject to officia inspections twice a year and where all of the plants found to be infected with, or to have symptoms of, <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) have bee immediately removed and appropriate phytosanitary treatments against the vectors of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) have been applied before that removal, (dd) that at appropriate times throughout the year, is subject to phytosanitary treatments to maintain freedom from the vectors of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) including the removal of plants,

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements	
 		(ee) that is subject annua together with the zon referred to in point (to at least two officia inspections during the flight season of the vectors of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et a	ne cc), ıl
		(ff) where throughout the production time of the plants, neither symptoms of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et a nor its vectors were found in the site or if suspect symptoms were observed, testin was carried out and the absence of <i>Xylel</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et a confirmed, and	ng fa il.)
		(gg) where throughout th production time of th plants, no symptoms of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) were found in the zone referred to in point (or if suspect sympton were observed, testin was carried out and the absence of <i>Xylell</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et a confirmed,	ne ccc) ms ng <i>la</i> .)
		 (ii) that representative sample of each species of the plan from the site have been subject to annual testing, at the most appropriate time, and the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) has been confirmed on the basis of tests carrier out in accordance with internationally validated testing methods, 	ts

(1)	(2)	(3))
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Sp	pecial requirements
		(c)	 (iii) that the plants have been transported in closed containers or packaging, to prevent infection with <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) or any of its known vectors, (iv) that as practically close to the time of export as possible, the lots of the plants were subject to official visual inspection, sampling and molecular testing, carried out in accordance with internationally validated testing methods, using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability the level of presence of infected plants of 1% and targeting in particular plants displaying symptoms of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), which confirmed the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), and (v) that immediately prior to export, the lots of the plants were subject to phytosanitary treatments against any knowr vectors of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), or in the case of plants which originate in an area where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to be present and have been grown for their entire production cycle <i>in vitro</i>, an official statement: (i) that the plants have been grown in a site** of production: (aa) that is authorised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with ISPM10 as site of production that is free
	2	.06	

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements	
		from <i>Xylella fastidic</i> (Wells et al.) and its vectors, (bb) that is physically	osa
		protected against the introduction of <i>Xyle</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et a by its vectors,	lla
		(cc) that is subjected annually to at least two official inspections carried of at appropriate times, and	
		(dd) where throughout the production time of the plants, neither symptoms of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et a nor its vectors were found in the site or,	l
		if suspect symptoms were observed, testin was carried out, and the absence of <i>Xylel</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et a confirmed,	ng la
		 (ii) that the plants have been transported under sterile conditions in a transparen container that precludes th possibility of infection by <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells e al.) through its vectors, an 	ne et
		 (iii) that the plants have been grown from seeds, propagated under sterile conditions from mother plants which have spent 	
		their entire lives in an area free from <i>Xylella fastidios</i> (Wells et al.) and have bee tested and found free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells e al.) or have been propagat under sterile conditions fr	ra en n et ed

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			been grown in a site which meets the requirements in point (b)(i) and have been tested and found free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.).
			A phytosanitary certificate may not include any of the official statements referred to in point (a) to (c) unless the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of the area(s) or the site(s) (as the case may be).
			* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			** The name of the site(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
4.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, which belong to the genera and species listed in the list of Xylella host plants and have never been grown in an area where <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to occur	Liechtenstein	 es, The plants must be accompanied by: an official statement that they have been grown in a site that is subject to annual official inspection, and in the case of symptoms of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), sampling, taking into account the technical guidelines for the survey of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) published by the European Commission from time to time(8), and testing in line with international standards for the presence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), in which the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), in the case of plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Coffea</i>,

⁽⁸⁾ https://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/supporting/pub/en-1873.

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		Lavandula dentata L., Nerium oleander L., Olea europaea L., Polygala myrtifolia L. and Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D.A. Webb, an official statement: (i) that they have been grown in a site that is subject to annual official inspection and sampling, taking into account the technical guidelines for the survey of Xylella fastidiosa (Wells et al.) published by the European Commission from time to time, and testing in line with international standards for the presence of Xylella fastidiosa (Wells et al.), using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability the level of presence of infected plants of 5%, in which the absence of Xylella fastidiosa (Wells et al.) was confirmed, and (ii) in respect of any plants for planting, other than seeds, of Polygala myrtifolia L., that prior to their movement out of their production site and as close to that time as possible, each lot of plants was s

(1)		(2)	(3)	
Descripti plants, pl products objects	lant	Origin	Special require	ments
			presence of <i>Xyle</i> al.) must have b and in the case of presence must h carrying out, in	s of point (b), the ella fastidiosa (Wells et een screened by one test, of positive results, its ave been identified by line with international st one positive molecular
other than belong to and spec the list of plants an grown for of their area in t Union, or Switze <i>Xylella</i>		Liechtenstein	grown for their of <i>in vitro</i> , the plan (a) be accomp statement: (i) that a site (aa)	ants which have not been entire production cycle its must: panied by an official they have been grown in that: is registered and authorised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with ISPM10 as a site that is free from <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) and its vectors, and is physically protected against the introduction of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) by its vectors, is surrounded by a zone with a width of 100 m which has been subject to official inspections twice a year and where all of the plants found to be infected with, or to have symptoms of, <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) have been immediately removed and appropriate phytosanitary treatments against the vectors of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et

 (1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements	
		al.) have been applie before that removal, (cc) is subject to phytosanitary treatments, which m include the removal plants, at appropriat times of the year to maintain freedom from vectors of <i>Xyle</i>	ay of e
		fastidiosa (Wells et a (dd) is subject annually, together with the zo referred to in point (bb) to at least two official inspections, taking into account technical guidelines the survey of <i>Xylella</i> fastidiosa (Wells et al.) published by the European Commissi from time to time,	ne the for <i>n</i>
		(ee) where throughout the time of growth of the plants, neither symptoms of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et nor its vectors were found in the site or, suspect symptoms w observed, tests were carried out confirmi the absence of <i>Xylel</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et and	n al.) if vere ng <i>la</i>
		(ff) where throughout the time of growth of the plants, no symptoms of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) were found in the zone referred to in point (or, if suspect sympto were observed, testi has been undertaken	e bbj oms ng

and absence of Xylella

(1)	(2)	(3)	
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Spe	ecial requirements
		(b)	fastidiosa (Wells et al.) confirmed, (ii) that representative samples of each species of the plants from the site have been subject to annual testing, at the most appropriate time, and the absence of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) has been confirmed on the basis of tests carried out in accordance with internationally validated testing methods, (iii) that as practically close to the time of export as possible, the lots of the plants were subject to official visual inspection, sampling and molecular testing, carried out in accordance with internationally validated testing methods, using a sampling scheme able to identify with 99% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 1% or above and targeting in particular plants displaying symptoms of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), in accordance with ISPM31, and (iv) that prior to their movement from the area, the lots of the plants were subject to phytosanitary treatments against the vectors of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), and be moved in closed containers or packaging from the area to prevent infection with <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) or any of its vectors.
	2	In ti seed plan	packaging from the area to pre infection with <i>Xylella fastidios</i>

(1)		(2)	(3)	
plants	cts or other	Origin		requirements be accompanied by an official
			(a)	statement:
				 (i) that they have been grown in a site that is registered by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and that as practically close to the time of export as possible, the plants have undergone an appropriat thermotherapy treatment in an authorised treatment facility authorised and supervised by that national plant protection organisation for that purpose, where the dormant plants were submerged for 45 minutes in water heated to 50°C in accordance with EPPO PM 10/18, and (ii) that prior to their movement from the area, the lots of the plants were subject to the formation of the plants were subject to the formation of the plants were subject to the formation of the plants were subject to the site of the plants were subject to the plants were subject to the site of the plants were subject to the site of the plants were subject to the plants were subject to the plants were subject to the site of the plants were subject to the plant the plant the plant the site of the plant the p
				phytosanitary treatments against the vectors of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.), and
			(b)	be transported in closed containers or packaging from the area to prevent infection with <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) or any of its vectors.
				In addition, the plants must not have been moved through any other area where <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> is known to occur unless they were transported into and through the area in

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		closed containers or packaging to prevent infection with <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al. or any of its vectors,
		 (c) in the case of plants which originate in an area where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to be present and have been grown for their entire production cycle <i>in vitro</i>, an official statement that
		(i) the plants have been grown in a site** of production:
		(aa) that is authorised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with ISPM10 as a sit of production that is free from <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Well et al.) and its vectors,
		(bb) that is physicall protected agains the introduction of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Well et al.) by its vectors,
		(cc) that is subjected annually to at least two officia inspections carried out at appropriate times, and
		(dd) where

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		the production time of the plants, neither symptoms of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) nor its vectors were found in the site or, if suspect symptoms were observed, testing has been undertaken and the absence of <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) confirmed,
		 (ii) that the plants have been transported under sterile conditions in a transparent container tha precludes the possibility of infection by <i>Xylella</i> <i>fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) by its vectors, and
		 (iii) that the plants have been grown from seeds, propagated under sterile conditions from mother plants which have spent their entire lives in an area free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) and have been tested and found free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) or have been propagated under sterile conditions from mother plants which have been grown in a site which meets the requirements in point (c) (i) and have been tested and found free from

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
			<i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.).
			In the second paragraph, in point (a)(i), 'EPPO PM 10/18' means the standard describing a long-duration hot water treatment of grapevine material against flavescence dorée phytoplasma, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization(9).
6.	Seeds of <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Capsicum</i> spp., intended for planting	Any third country	 The seeds must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they are of <i>Capsicum</i> spp. varieties which are known to be resistant to Tomato brown rugose fruit virus, or (b) an official statement: (i) that the mother plants of seeds have been produced in a production site* where Tomato brown rugose fruit virus is known not to occur on the basis of official inspections carried out at the appropriate time to detect that pest, and (ii) that the seeds or their mother plants have undergone official sampling and testing for Tomato brown rugose fruit virus and have been found, according to those tests, to be free from that
			pest. *The name of the site(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".
			For the purposes of point (b)(ii), the official sampling and testing of the seeds

⁽⁹⁾ Approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization in September 2012 and available from its Secretariat at 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011, Paris, France and at https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.1111/ epp.2594.

(1))	(2)	(3)
pl. pr	escription of ants, plant oducts or other vjects	Origin	Special requirements
	~		must be carried out in accordance with the paragraphs below.
			The official sampling of seeds for testing must be carried out in accordance with the following sampling schemes referred to in the relevant table of ISPM31:
			—in the case of seed lots which include 3000 or fewer seeds, a hypergeometric sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 10% or above,
			—in the case of seed lots which include 30000 or fewer seeds, but more than 3000 seeds, a sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 1% or above,
			—in the case of seed lots which include more than 30000 seeds, a sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 0.1% or above.
			Sub samples must consist of nor more tha 1000 seeds for Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) methods.
			The testing of seeds must be carried out using one of the following methods and the method used must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration":
			—real-time RT-PCR using the primers and probes described in the ISF protoco (2020), or
			—real-time RT-PCR using primers and probe of Menzel and Winter (Acta Horticulturae, in press).

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
7.	Plants for planting of Solanum lycopersicum L. and Capsicum spp.	Any third country	The plants must be accompanied by: (a) an official statement that they are of <i>Capsicum</i> spp. varieties which are known to be resistant to Tomato brown rugose fruit virus, or (b) an official statement that: (i) the plants are derived from seeds which have undergone sampling and testing for Tomato brown rugose fruit virus in the manner set out ir column (3) of entry 6 which has shown them to be free from that pest, and (ii) the plants have been produced in a production site* which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and is known to be free from Tomato brown rugose fruit virus on the basis of official inspections carried out at the appropriate time to detect that pest, and where the plants have shown symptom of Tomato brown rugose fruit virus, the plants have undergone official sampling and testing for Tomato brow rugose fruit virus and have been found, according to those tests, to be free from that pest.
			*The name of the site(s) of production must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additiona declaration".
			For the purposes of point (b)(ii), the official sampling and testing of the seed must be carried out in accordance with the paragraphs below.

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Origin	Special requirements
		In the case of plants for planting, 200 leaves must be collected per site of production and cultivar.
		In case of symptomatic plants, sampling for testing must be performed on at least 3 symptomatic leaves.
		One of the following testing methods must be carried out for the detection of Tomato brown rugose fruit virus:
		—in the case of symptomatic material only, ELISA,
		—conventional RT-PCR using the primers of Alkowni et al. (2019),
		—conventional RT-PCR using the primers of Rodriguez-Mendoza et al. (2019),
		—real-time RT-PCR using the primers and probes described in the ISF protoco (2020),
		—real-time RT-PCR using primers and probe of Menzel and Winter (Acta Horticulturae, in press).
		In case of a positive result of the detection test, a second testing method, different from the one used for detection must be carried out with one of the RT-PCR methods mentioned above, using the same sample to confirm the identification."

SCHEDULE 8

Regulation 11

New Annex 8 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 8

List of plants, plant products and other objects originating in a CD territory or Great Britain and the special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory or their movement within Great Britain

PART A

List of plants, plant products and other objects originating in a CD territory or Great Britain and the special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory or their movement within Great Britain

Interpretation

In this Part—

'relevant PCN provisions' means-

- (i) in relation to potatoes produced in England, Part 4 of Schedule 2 to the Official Controls (Plant Health and Genetically Modified Organisms) (England) Regulations 2019(10);
- (ii) in relation to potatoes produced in Wales, Part 4 of Schedule 2 to the Official Controls (Plant Health and Genetically Modified Organisms) (Wales) Regulations 2020(11);
- (iii) in relation to potatoes produced in Scotland, paragraphs 4 and 5 of Part 2, and Part 4, of Schedule 2 to the Plant Health (Official Controls and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Regulations 2019(12);

'relevant Potato Wart Disease provisions' means-

- (i) in relation to potatoes produced in England, Part 3 of Schedule 2 to the Official Controls (Plant Health and Genetically Modified Organisms) Regulations 2019;
- (ii) in relation to potatoes produced in Wales, Part 3 of Schedule 2 to the Official Controls (Plant Health and Genetically Modified Organisms) (Wales) Regulations 2020;
- (iii) in relation to potatoes produced in Scotland, Part 3 of Schedule 2 to the Plant Health (Official Controls and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Rgulations 2019.

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
1.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air	There must be evidence that the place of production is known to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival.

⁽¹⁰⁾ S.I. 2019/1517 to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations.

⁽¹¹⁾ S.I. 2020/206 (W. 48).

⁽¹²⁾ S.S.I. 2019/421, amended by S.S.I. 2020/152, 176.

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
2.	tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, being stored	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants have been held under quarantine conditions and have been found free from any GB quarantine pests by laboratory testing, as described in entry 3, before release from quarantine.
		Each organisation or research body holding such material must inform the competent authority of the material held.
3.	 Plants for planting of stolon or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, other than: those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> specified in entries 4, 5 and 6; and seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. specified in entry 18 	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been held under quarantine conditions and: (a) have been found free from GB quarantine pests by laboratory testing before release from quarantine, using methods described in EPPO PM 3/21, which was: (i) supervised by the competent authority and executed by scientifically trained staff of that authority or of any officially approved body, (ii) executed at a site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain GB quarantine pests and maintain the material, including indicator plants, in such a way as to eliminate any risk of spreading GB quarantine pests; (iii) executed on each unit of the material: (aa) by visual examination at regular intervals during the full length of at least one vegetative cycle, having regard to the type of material and its stage of development during the testing programme, for symptoms caused by any GB quarantine pests and (bb) by laboratory testing:

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
	 in the case of all potato material at least for: Andean potato latent virus, Andean potato mild mottle virus, Andean potato mottle virus, Arracacha virus B. oca strain, Potato black ringspot virus, Potato virus T, Potato yellow vein virus, Potato yellow vein virus, Potato yellow vein virus, non-European isolates of potato virus (including Yo, Yn and Yc) and Potato leafroll virus (including Yo), <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann & Kotthoff) Li <i>et al.</i>, <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i>, <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni <i>et al.</i>, <i>Ralstonia syzygii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni <i>et al.</i>, and <i>Ralstonia syzygii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni <i>et al.</i>, in the case of seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
		 18, at least for the viruses and viroids listed above, with the exception of Andean potato mottle virus, and non-European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Yo, Yn and Yc) and Potato leafroll virus, and (iv) included appropriate testing on any other symptoms observed in the visual examination in order to identify the GB quarantine pests having caused such symptoms.
		In point (a), 'EPPO PM 3/21' means the standard describing inspection and tests for detection of pests infecting <i>Solanum</i> species or hybrids imported for germplasm, conservation, breeding or research purposes in post-entry quarantine, approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization(13).
4.		The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that the relevant Potato Wart provisions to combat <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival have been complied with.
5.		 The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i>: (a) is known not to occur; or (b) is known to occur, and the tubers originate from a place of production found free from

⁽¹³⁾ First approved by the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization in September 1983 and available from its Secretariat at 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011, Paris, France and at https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.1111/epp.12613.

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
		Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith)Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni etal. or considered to be free ofRalstonia solanacearum (Smith)Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safniet al. as a consequence of theimplementation of an appropriateprocedure aimed at eradicatingRalstonia solanacearum (Smith)Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni
6.	for planting, other than those which are authorised to be planted for the purposes of this entry by the	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that the relevan PCN provisions to combat <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens have been complied with.
7.		The tubers must be accompanied b an official statement that they originat in an area in which <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Perciva <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuch <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Globoder</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globoder</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens ar known not to occur.
8.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting, other than tubers of those varieties accepted on to the GB Variety List pursuant to the Seeds (National Lists of Varieties) Regulations 2001	(a) that they belong to advanced selections,
9.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in entries 2 to 6 or 8, originating in Great Britain	

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
		 dispatching centres located in the area of production, indicating: (a) that the tubers are free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i>, and (b) that the relevant Potato Wart provisions to combat <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival and the relevant PCN provisions to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens have been complied with.
10.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in entry 7, originating in a CD territory	There shall be evidence by a registration number put on the packaging, or in the case of loose-loaded potatoes transported in bulk, on the accompanying documents, demonstrating that the tubers have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered collective storage or dispatching centres located in the area of production, indicating that the tubers are free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival, <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens.
11.	of <i>Capsicum</i> spp., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., other than those	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the relevant PCN provisions to combat <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens have been complied with.
12.	of <i>Capsicum</i> spp., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum</i>	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area in which <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are known not to occur.

Plants for planting, other than seeds. The plants must be accompanied by: 13. of Capsicum annuum L., Solanum (a)

an official statement that they originate in an area which, in

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
	<i>lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	 accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i>, or (b) an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
14.	in the open air of Allium porrum L., Asparagus officinalis L., Beta	There must be evidence that the relevant PCN provisions to combat <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens have been complied with.
15.	in the open air of Allium porrum L., Asparagus officinalis L., Beta vulgaris L., Brassica spp. and	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area in which <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are known not to occur.
16.	the open air, of <i>Allium ascalonicum</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Dahlia</i> spp.,	There must be evidence that the relevant PCN provisions to combat <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens have been complied with.
17.	the open air, of <i>Allium ascalonicum</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Dahlia</i> spp., <i>Gladiolus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hyacinthus</i>	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area in which <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are known not to occur.

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
8.		The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that they derive from plants which comply with the requirements set out in entries 4 to 6, 8 and 9, and (b) that they: (i) originate in an area known to be free from <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival and <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> ; or (ii) comply with all of the following requirements: (aa) they have been produced in a site where, since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, no symptoms of disease caused by the GB quarantine pests referred to in point (b)(i) have been observed; (bb) they have been produced at a site where all of the following actions have been taken: staff and other items, such as tools, machinery vehicles, vessels and packaging material, from other sites producing solanaceous plants have been prevented from coming into contact with the site or other appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infection by staff working, or items used, at other sites producing solanaceous plants, and -only water free from all GB quarantine pests referred to point (b)(i)

(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
19. Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus</i> L.	 The plants must be accompanied by official statement that: (a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller & Schneider, or (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma 'prunorum' Seemüller & Schneider have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

PART B

List of plants, plant products or other objects originating in a CD territory or Great Britain that are subject to emergency measures and may only be introduced into Great Britain from a CD territory or moved within Great Britain if special requirements are met

In this Part, "ISPM 31" has the same meaning as in Part B of Annex 7.

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
1.	Plants for planting, other than seeds, of <i>Viburnum</i> spp. L., <i>Camellia</i> spp. L. and <i>Rhododendron</i> spp. L., other than <i>Rhododendron simsii</i> Planch,	 (a) an official statement that the plants originate in an area in which <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld is known not to occur, (b) an official statement that since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation no signs of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld have been observed on the plants at the place of production during official inspections, including laboratory testing of any suspicious symptoms, carried out at least twice during the growing season at appropriate times when the plants were in active growth and with an intensity which took into account the particular production system of the plants, or (c) where signs of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld have
	22	28

Description of plants, plant products or	
other objects	Special requirements
	been found on the plants at the pla
	of production, an official statemer
	that appropriate procedures have
	been implemented for the purpose
	eradicating that pest and the plants
	been found free from the pest follo those procedures, which consisted
	least:
	(i) destruction of the infected p
	and all susceptible plants wi
	2 m radius of the infected pl
	including associated growing
	and plant debris,
	(ii) in the case of plants listed in (1) of this entry within a 10
	radius of the infected plants
	remaining plants from the in
	lot:
	(aa) they have been retaine
	place of production,
	(bb) additional official insp
	have been carried out a
	twice in the three mon
	the eradication measur been taken when the p
	in active growth,
	(cc) no treatments that may
	suppress symptoms of
	have been carried out i
	three month period, an
	(dd) the plants have been for
	free from the pest on the
	official inspections,
	(iii) in the case of all other plants in column (1) of this entry a
	place of production, the plan
	have been subjected to inten
	official re-inspection and ha
	found free from the pest on
	inspections, and
	(iv) appropriate phytosanitary m
	have been taken on the grow surface within a 2 m radius of
	infected plants.
	intected plants.

Capsicum spp., intended for planting, state other than plants for planting of *Capsicum* (a) spp. varieties which are known to be

) that the mother plants of seeds have been produced in a production site where

(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
resistant to Tomato brown rugose fruit virus	 Tomato brown rugose fruit virus is known not to occur on the basis of official inspections carried out at the appropriate time to detect that pest, (b) that the seeds or their mother plants have undergone sampling and testing for Tomato brown rugose fruit virus by the competent authority, or have been subjected to sampling and testing by professional operators under official supervision of the competent authority, and have been found, according to those tests, to be free from that pest, and (c) in the case of any seeds which were in storage prior to 15th August 2020, that the seeds have been sampled and tested for Tomato brown rugose fruit virus by the competent authority and found in those tests to be free from that pest.
	For the purposes of point (b), the sampling and testing of the seeds must be carried out in accordance with the paragraphs below.
	The official sampling of seeds for testing must be carried out in accordance with the following sampling schemes referred to in the relevant table of ISPM31:
	—in the case of seed lots which include 3000 or fewer seeds, a hypergeometric sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 10% or above,
	—in the case of seed lots which include 30000 or fewer seeds, but more than 3000 seeds, a sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 1% or above,
	—in the case of seed lots which include more than 30000 seeds, a sampling scheme that is able to identify with 95% reliability a level of presence of infected plants of 0.1% or above.
23	Sub samples must consist of no more than 1000 seeds for Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) methods.

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
		The testing of seeds must be carried out using one of the following methods and the method used must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration":
		real-time RT-PCR using the primers and probes described in the ISF protocol (2020), or
		—real-time RT-PCR using primers and probe of Menzel and Winter (Acta Horticulturae, in press).
3.	Plants for planting of <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Capsicum</i> spp., other than plants for planting of <i>Capsicum</i> spp. varieties which are known to be resistant to Tomato brown rugose fruit virus	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:
		For the purposes of point (b)(ii), the sampling and testing of the seeds must be carried out in accordance with the paragraphs below.
		In the case of plants for planting, 200 leaves must be collected per site of production and cultivar.
		In case of symptomatic plants, sampling for testing must be performed on at least 3 symptomatic leaves.
		One of the following testing methods must be carried out for the detection of Tomato brown rugose fruit virus:

(1)	(2)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements
	—in the case of symptomatic material only, ELISA,
	—conventional RT-PCR using the primers of Alkowni et al. (2019),
	conventional RT-PCR using the primers of Rodriguez-Mendoza et al. (2019),
	real-time RT-PCR using the primers and probes described in the ISF protocol (2020),
	—real-time RT-PCR using primers and proto of Menzel and Winter (Acta Horticulturae, i press).
	In case of a positive result of the detection test, a second testing method, different from the one used for detection, must be carried of with one of the RT-PCR methods mentioned above, using the same sample to confirm the identification."

SCHEDULE 9

Regulation 13

New Annex 10 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 10

List of plants, plant products and other objects to be introduced into, or moved within, GB pest-free areas and corresponding special requirements

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements	Description of GB pest-free area
1.	Plants for planting, other than fruits and seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus</i> <i>suber</i> L., of a girth of at least 8 cm measured at a height	(a) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in places of production	Great Britain (excluding the local authority areas of Barking and Dagenham, Barnet, Basildon, Basingstoke and Deane, Bexley, Bracknell Forest, Brent, Brentwood, Bromley, Broxbourne, Camden, Castle Point,

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Special requirements	Description of GB pest-free area
of 1.2 m from the root collar	 Thaumetopoea processionea L. is not known to occur, (b) an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from Thaumetopoea processionea L. established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from Thaumetopoea processionea L., or (c) an official statement that he plants have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Thaumetopoea processionea L. and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from Thaumetopoea processionea L. 	Chelmsford, Chiltern, City of London, City of Westminster, Crawley, Croydon, Dacorum, Dartford, Ealing, East Hertfordshire, Elmbridge District, Enfield, Epping Forest, Epsom and Ewell District, Gravesham, Greenwich, Guildford, Hackney, Hammersmith & Fulham, Haringey, Harlow, Harrow, Hart, Havering, Hertsmere, Hillingdon, Horsham, Hounslow, Islington, Kensington & Chelsea, Kingston-upon-Thames, Lambeth, Lewisham, Littlesford, Medway, Merton, Mid Sussex, Mole Valley, Newham, North Hertfordshire, Reading, Redbridge, Reigate and Banstead, Richmond-upon- Thames, Runnymede District, Rushmoor, Sevenoaks, Slough, South Bedfordshire, South Bucks, South Oxfordshire, Southwark, Spelthorne District, St Albans, Sutton, Surrey Heath, Tandridge, Three Rivers, Thurrock, Tonbridge and Malling, Tower Hamlets, Waltham Forest, Wandsworth, Watford, Waverley, Welwyn Hatfield, West Berkshire, Windsor and Maidenhead, Woking, Wokingham and Wycombe)"

SCHEDULE 10

Regulation 14

New Annex 11 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 11

List of plants, plant products and other objects and the respective third countries of origin or dispatch in respect of which phytosanitary certificates are required

PART A

List of plants, plant products and other objects and the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate, as referred to in Article 72(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
Misc	ellaneous		
1.	which have been	Agricultural, horticultural or forestry machinery for soil preparation or cultivation already having been operated; lawn or sports-ground rollers – already operated:	Any third country
		–Ploughs:	
		ex 8432 10 00	
		-Harrows, scarifiers, cultivators, weeders and hoes:	
		ex 8432 21 00	
		ex 8432 29 10	
		ex 8432 29 30	
		ex 8432 29 50	
		ex 8432 29 90	
		–Seeders, planters and transplanters:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 8432 31 00	
	ex 8432 39 11	
	ex 8432 39 19	
	ex 8432 39 90	
	-Manure spreaders and fertiliser distributors:	
	ex 8432 41 00	
	ex 8432 42 00	
	-Other machinery:	
	ex 8432 80 00	
	-Parts:	
	ex 8432 90 00	
	Harvesting or threshing machinery, including straw or fodder balers; grass or hay mowers; machines for cleaning, sorting or grading eggs, fruit or other agricultural produce, other than machinery of heading 8437 – already operated:	
	-Straw or fodder balers, including pick-up balers:	
	ex 8433 40 00	
	-Combine harvesters - threshers:	
	ex 8433 51 00	
	-Root or tuber harvesting	

(3)

Description of plants, CN code Country of origin or dispatch plant products or other and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 ex 8433 53 10 ex 8433 53 30 ex 8433 53 90 Other agricultural, horticultural, forestry, poultry-keeping or beekeeping machinery, including germination plant fitted with mechanical or thermal

equipment; poultry incubators and brooders - already

-Forestry machinery:

ex 8436 80 10

operated:

(2)

(1)

objects

Tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709) - already operated:

-Road tractors for semitrailers:

ex 8701 20 90

Other than single axle tractors, road tractors or track-laying tractors:

-Agricultural tractors and forestry tractors, wheeled:

ex 8701 9110

ex 8701 9210

ex 8701 9310

ex 8701 9410

ex 8701 9510

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
2.	Growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants	Not applicable	Any third country
3.		Wheat and meslin, other than seeds for sowing: 1001 19 00	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and the USA
		1001 99 00	
		Rye, other than seed for sowing:	
		1002 90 00	
		Triticale, other than seed for sowing:	
		ex 1008 60 00	
Ger	neral categories		
4.	Plants for planting, other than seeds	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, in growth or in flower; chicory plants and roots other than roots of heading 1212:	Any third country
		0601 10 10	
		0601 10 20	
		0601 10 30	
		0601 10 40	
		0601 10 90	
		0601 20 10	
		0601 20 30	
		0601 20 90	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips;	Country of origin or dispatch
	other than mushroom spawn:	
	0602 10 90	
	0602 20 20	
	0602 20 80	
	0602 30 00	
	0602 40 00	
	0602 90 20	
	0602 90 30	
	0602 90 41	
	0602 90 45	
	0602 90 46	
	0602 90 47	
	0602 90 48	
	0602 90 50	
	0602 90 70	
	0602 90 91	
	0602 90 99	
	Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh, for planting:	
	ex 0703 10 11	
	ex 0703 10 90	
	ex 0703 20 00	

Description of plants, plant products or other objectsCN codeCountry of origin or dispatchand its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No. 2658/87Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90Lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 29 00Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), presh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 29 00Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a growing substrate:ex 0709 99 90	(1)	(2)	(3)
objects and its respective description under Council Regulation (<i>IEEC</i>) No.2558/87 Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 Lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 10 00 ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 00 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 Lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 90 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		under Council Regulation	
ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 Lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh, planted	
ex 0704 90 90 Lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		ex 0704 10 00	
Lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		ex 0704 90 10	
chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		ex 0704 90 90	
ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh, planted in a growing	
ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		ex 0705 11 00	
ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		ex 0705 19 00	
Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		ex 0705 21 00	
planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		ex 0705 29 00	
Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a			
lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10 Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		ex 0709 40 00	
Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.),	
growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		ex 0709 99 10	
Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a			
(curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a		ex 0709 99 90	
		(curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a	
239		239	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants,	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
plant products or other objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 0910 11 00	
	ex 0910 20 10	
	ex 0910 30 00	
	ex 0910 99 31	
	ex 0910 99 33	
Root and tubercle vegetables	Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, fresh or chilled:	Any third country
	0706 10 00	
	0706 90 10	
	0706 90 30	
	0706 90 90	
	Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh or chilled:	
	ex 0709 99 90	
	Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content, fresh, chilled, not frozen nor dried, not sliced or in the form of pellets:	
	ex 0714 10 00	
	ex 0714 20 10	
	ex 0714 20 90	
	ex 0714 30 00	
	ex 0714 40 00	

((1)	(2)	(3)
ŀ	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
0	objects	and its respective description	
		under Council Regulation	
		(EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 0714 50 00	
		ex 0714 90 20	
		ex 0714 90 90	
		Ginger, saffron, turmeric	
		(curcuma), and other spices	
		in the form of root or tubercle	
		plant parts, fresh or chilled, other than dried:	
		ex 0910 11 00	
		ex 0910 30 00	
		ex 0910 99 91	
		Sugar beet, not ground, fresh	
		and chilled:	
		ex 1212 91 80	
		Chicory roots, fresh and chilled:	
		ex 1212 94 00	
		Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh and chilled:	
		ex 1212 99 95	
		Swedes, mangolds, fodder	
		roots, similar forage products,	
		not in the form of pellets, fresh	
		or chilled, other than dried:	
		ex 1214 90 10	
		ex 1214 90 90	
Р	lants of Crimtocoring		Any third country
		Other live plants (including	Any third country
S	p Fischer ex Wydler,		Any third country

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

	(1)	(2)	(3)	
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch	
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87		
		ex 0602 10 90		
		ex 0602 90 50		
		Foliage, branches and other parts of tomato or eggplant plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:		
		ex 0604 20 90		
Par	ts of plants, other than fru	uit and seeds of:		
7.		Foliage, branches and other parts of tomato or eggplant plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Any third country	
		ex 0604 20 90		
		Vegetable products of tomato or eggplant plants, not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:		
		ex 1404 90 00		
8.	Zea mays L.	Other vegetables, fresh or chilled:	Any third country	
		-Sweetcorn:		
		ex 0709 99 60		
		Maize (corn), other:		
		1005 90 00		
		Vegetable products of maize (<i>Zea mays</i>), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:		
		ex 1404 90 00		

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
		and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
9.	· •	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Americas, Australia and New Zealand
		ex 0603 19 70	
		Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
		ex 0604 20 90	
		Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	
10.		Other vegetables, fresh or chilled:	Any third country
		0709 40 00	
	R.D. uld Octmun E.	ex 0709 99 10	
		ex 0709 99 90	
		Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh not cut, crushed nor powdered:	
		ex 1211 90 86	
		Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
11.	Leaves of <i>Manihot</i> esculenta Crantz	Leaves of cassava (<i>Manihot</i> esculenta), fresh or chilled:	Any third country
		ex 0709 99 90	
		Vegetable products of cassava (<i>Manihot esculenta</i>), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	
12.	Conifers (Pinales)	Foliage, branches and other parts of conifer (Pinales) plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Any third country
		ex 0604 20 20	
		ex 0604 20 40	
13.	Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul., Dianthus	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Any third country
	L., <i>Gypsophila</i> L., <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Herit. ex	0603 12 00	
	Ait, <i>Phoenix</i> spp. L, <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Quercus</i> L.	0603 14 00	
	and <i>Solidago</i> L.	ex 0603 19 70	
		Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
		ex 0604 20 90	
		Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	

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	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
14.	Acer saccharum Marshall	 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of sugar maple (<i>Acer saccharum</i>), without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 	Canada and the USA
		Vegetable products of plants of sugar maple (<i>Acer saccharum</i>), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	
15.	Prunus L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of <i>Prunus</i> spp. of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Any third country other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, EU Member States,
		ex 0603 19 70	Faroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland,
		Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp., without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny
		ex 0604 20 90	okrug), Southern Federal
		Vegetable products of plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp. not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District
		ex 1404 90 00	(Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
16.	Betula L.	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.), without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a	Any third country

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
		ex 0604 20 90	
		Vegetable products of plants of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.) not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	
		ex 1404 90 00	
17.	L., Pterocarya Kunth	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or	Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republi of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan,
		for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Mongolia, the
		ex 0604 20 90	Republic of Korea,
		Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or	Russia, Taiwan,
		included, fresh:	Ukraine and the USA
		ex 1404 90 00	
18.	Pursh, Acer pseudoplatanus L.,	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	The USA
	Adiantum aleuticum (Rupr.) Paris, Adiantum jordanii C. Muell.,	ex 0603 19 70	
	Aesculus californica (Spach) Nutt., Aesculus hippocastanum L., Arbutus menziesii Pursch., Arbutus unedo	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
	L., <i>Arctostaphylos</i> spp. Adans, <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> (L.) Hull, <i>Camellia</i>	ex 0604 20 90	
	spp. L., Castanea sativa Mill., Fagus sylvatica L., Frangula californica (Eschsch.) Gray, Frangula	Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting (for example, bamboos, rattans, reeds, rushes, osier, raffia, cleaned, bleached or dyed earach straw, and lime back)	
	purshiana (DC.) Cooper,	cerear straw, and mile bark),	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 1401 90 00	
(Raoul), Hamamelis		
	Vegetable products not	
Heteromeles arbutifolia	-	
(Lindley) M. Roemer,	included, fresh:	
Kalmia latifolia L.,	1 40 4 00 00	
	ex 1404 90 00	
Leucothoe spp. D. Don,		
Lithocarpus densiflorus		
(Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., Lonicera hispidula		
<i>Lonicera hispidula</i> (Lindl.) Dougl. ex Torr.&		
Gray, Magnolia spp.		
L., Michelia doltsopa		
(de Candolle) Figlar		
Nothofagus obliqua		
(Mirbel) Orsted,		
Osmanthus		
heterophyllus (G. Don)		
P. S. Green, Parrotia		
persica (DC) C.A.		
Meyer, <i>Photinia</i> x		
fraseri Dress, Pieris		
spp. D. Don,		
Pseudotsuga menziesii		
(Mirbel) Franco,		
Quercus spp. L.,		
Rhododendron spp.		
L., other than		
Rhododendron simsii		
Planch., Rosa		
gymnocarpa Nutt., Salix caprea L., Sequoia		
sempervirens (Lamb. ex		
D. Don) Endl., Syringa		
vulgaris L., Taxus spp.		
L., Trientalis latifolia		
(Hook), Umbellularia		
californica (Hook. &		
Arn.) Nutt., Vaccinium		
ovatum Pursh and		
<i>Viburnum</i> spp. L		

Fruits of:

^{19.} *Momordica* L. and Tomatoes, fresh or chilled: Any third country Solanaceae Juss.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
		and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 0702 00 00	
		0702 00 00	
		Other vegetables, of Solanaceae, fresh or chilled:	
		0709 30 00	
		0709 60 10	
		0709 60 91	
		0709 60 95	
		0709 60 99	
		ex 0709 99 90	
		Other fruit, fresh or chilled:	
		ex 0810 90 75	
20.		Avocados, fresh or chilled:	Any third country
		ex 0804 40 00	
		Guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, fresh or chilled:	
	Gaertn., <i>Vaccinium</i> L. and <i>Vitis</i> L.	ex 0804 50 00	
		Grapes, fresh or chilled:	
		0806 10 10	
		0806 10 90	
		Melons (including watermelons) and papaws (papayas), fresh or chilled:	
		-Papaws (papayas):	
		0807 20 00	
		Apples, pears and quinces, fresh or chilled:	
		248	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	0808 10 10	
	0808 10 80	
	0808 30 10	
	0808 30 90	
	0808 40 00	
	Apricots, cherries, peaches	
	(including nectarines), plums	
	and sloes, fresh or chilled:	
	,	
	0809 10 00	
	0809 21 00	
	0809 29 00	
	0809 30 10	
	0809 30 90	
	0809 40 05	
	0809 40 90	
	Strawberries, fresh or chilled:	
	0810 10 00	
	Raspberries, blackberries,	
	mulberries and loganberries,	
	fresh or chilled:	
	08010 20 10	
	ex 0810 20 90	
	Black-, white- or redcurrants	
	and gooseberries, fresh or	
	chilled:	
	0810 30 10	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		0810 30 30	
		0810 30 90	
		Cranberries, bilberries and other fruit of the genus Vaccinium, fresh or chilled:	
		0810 40 10	
		0810 40 30	
		0810 40 50	
		0810 40 90	
		Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled:	
		0810 50 00	
		Persimmons, fresh or chilled:	
		0810 70 00	
		Other, fresh or chilled:	
		ex 0810 90 20	
		ex 0810 90 75	
Cut	flowers of:		
21.	Orchidaceae	Orchids, fresh:	Any third country
		0603 13 00	
22.	Tournier ex Linnaeus.,	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Albania, Andorra, Armeni
	Rosa L. and Trachelium		Islands, EU Member State Faroe Islands, Georgia, Icelan
		ex 0603 1970	Liechtenstein, Moldow Monaco, Montenegro, Nor Macedonia, Norway, Russ (only the following part Central Federal Distri
		250	(Tsentralny federalny okrug

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
		(EEC) NO.2030/8/	
Tub	ers of:		
23.	Solanum tuberosum L.	Potatoes, fresh or chilled, other than seed potatoes:	Any third country
		ex 0701 90 10	
		ex 0701 90 50	
		ex 0701 90 90	
Seed	ls of:		
24.	<i>Brassicaceae</i> , <i>Poaceae</i> and <i>Trifolium</i> spp.	Seeds of wheat and meslin:	Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, New Zealand,
		1001 11 00	Uruguay
		1001 91 10	
		1001 91 20	
		1001 91 90	
		Seed of rye:	
		1002 10 00	
		Seed of barley:	
		1003 10 00	
		Seed of oats:	
		1004 10 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Seed of maize (corn):	
	1005 10 13	
	1005 10 15	
	1005 10 18	
	1005 10 90	
	Seed of rice:	
	1006 10 10	
	Seed of sorghum:	
	1007 10 10	
	1007 90 00	
	Seed of millet:	
	1008 21 00	
	Canary seed for sowing:	
	ex 1008 30 00	
	Fonio (<i>Digitaria</i> spp.) seed for sowing:	
	ex 1008 40 00	
	Seed of triticale:	
	ex 1008 60 00	
	Seed of other cereals for sowing:	
	ex 1008 90 00	
	Rape or colza seeds, for sowing:	
	1205 10 10 252	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 1205 90 00	
	Mustard seed, for sowing:	
	1207 50 10	
	Clover (<i>Trifolium</i> spp.) seeds for sowing:	
	1209 22 10	
	1209 22 80	
	Fescue seeds for sowing:	
	1209 23 11	
	1209 23 15	
	1209 23 80	
	Kentucky blue grass (<i>Poa pratensis</i> L.) seed for sowing:	
	1209 24 00	
	Ryegrass (<i>Lolium multiflorum</i> Lam., <i>Lolium</i> perenne L.) seeds for sowing:	
	1209 25 10	
	1205 25 90	
	Timothy grass seed; seeds of the genus Poa (<i>Poa palustris</i> L., <i>Poa trivialis</i> L.); cocksfoot grass (<i>Dactylis glomerata</i> L.) and bent grass (<i>Agrostis</i>) seeds, for sowing:	
	ex 1209 29 45	
	Seeds of other grasses for sowing:	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 1209 29 80	
		Seeds of ornamental grasses for sowing:	
		ex 1209 30 00	
		Other brassicas' (<i>Brassicaceae</i>) seeds for sowing:	
		ex 1209 91 80	
25.	Genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and x	Seeds of wheat and meslin:	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South
	Triticosecale Wittm. ex	1001 11 00	Africa and the USA
	A. Camus	1001 91 10	
		1001 91 20	
		1001 91 90	
		Seeds of rye:	
		1002 10 00	
		Seeds of triticale:	
		ex 1008 60 00	
26.	Capsicum spp. L.,	Sweetcorn for sowing:	Any third country
	Castanea Mill., Helianthus annuus L.,	ex 0709 99 60	
	Prunus L., Rubus L., Zea mays L., Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L.,	Beans (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) for sowing:	
		0713 33 10	
	<i>Phaseolus cocineus</i> . and <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.	Almonds, for sowing:	
		ex 0802 11 10	
		ex 0802 11 90	
		ex 0802 12 10	
		254	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation	Country of origin or dispatch
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 0802 12 90	
	Maize (corn) seeds, for sowing:	
	1005 10 13	
	1005 10 15	
	1005 10 18	
	1005 10 90	
	Rice, for sowing:	
	1006 10 10	
	Sunflower seeds, for sowing:	
	1206 00 10	
	Lucerne (alfalfa) seeds, for sowing:	
	1209 21 00	
	Other vegetable seeds, for sowing:	
	ex 1209 91 80	
	Other seeds, for sowing:	
	ex 1209 99 99	
	Chestnuts (<i>Castanea</i> spp.) seeds, for sowing:	
	ex 1209 99 10	
	Chestnuts (<i>Castanea</i> spp.) in shells, for sowing:	
	ex 0802 41 00	
Solanum tuberosum L.	Potato true seeds, for sowing:	Any third country

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
		and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 1209 91 80	
Veg	etable seeds of:		
28.	Pisum sativum L.	Peas (<i>Pisum sativum</i>) seeds, for sowing:	Any third country
		0713 10 10	
29.	<i>Vicia faba</i> L.	Broad beans and horse beans seeds, for sowing:	Any third country
		ex 0713 50 00	
		Other, seeds for sowing:	
		ex 0713 90 00	
See	ds of oil and fibre plants o	f:	
30.	<i>Brassica napus</i> L.	Rape or colza seeds, for sowing:	Any third country
		1205 10 10	
		ex 1205 90 00	
31.	Brassica rapa L.,	Seeds of <i>Brassica</i> rapa, for sowing:	Any third country
		ex 1209 91 80	
32.	Glycine max (L.) Merrill	Soya bean seeds for sowing:	Any third country
		1201 10 00	
33.	Linum usitatissimum L.	Linseed, for sowing :	Any third country
		1204 00 10	
34.	Sinapis alba L.	Mustard seeds, for sowing:	Any third country
		1207 50 10	
Isol	ated bark of:		
35.	Conifers (Pinales)	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included:	Any third country
		ex 1404 90 00	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in	Country of origin or dispatch
		similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	
		-Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		ex 4401 40 90	
36.	Populus L., and Quercus L. other than Quercus	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included:	Any third country
	suber L.	ex 1404 90 00	
		Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	
		-Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		ex 4401 40 90	
37.		Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included:	Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan,
		ex 1404 90 00	Mongolia, the
		Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips	Republic of Korea,
			Russia, Taiwan,
		or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs,	Ukraine and the USA

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	
		-Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		ex 4401 40 90	
38.	Betula L.	Vegetable products of bark of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.), not elsewhere specified or included:	Canada and the USA
		ex 1404 90 00	
		Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	
		-Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		ex 4401 40 90	
9.	Pursh, Aesculus californica (Spach)	Vegetable products of bark not elsewhere specified or included:	The USA
		ex 1404 90 00	
	Arn.) Rehd. and <i>Taxus</i> brevifolia Nutt.	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	
		-Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	

plant products or other objects and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 ex 4401 40 90 40. Juglans L. Pterocarya Kunth. and Vegetable products of bark not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 EU Member States Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: -Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90 Wood of: Wood of:		(1)	(2)	(3)
objects and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.265887 ex 4401 40 90 ex 4401 40 90 40. Juglans L. Pterocarya Kunth. and Vegetable products of bark not elsewhere specified or included: EU Member States ex 1404 90 00 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in tvigs, in faggots or in similar forms; or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: –Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90 W 41. fban wood packaging in tvigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not kept its natural round waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, products or parts thereof, forms: The USA 41. fban wood packaging in tvigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not verifice, except where the not agglomerated in logs, products or parts thereof, including staves, and here is documented similar forms: –Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in tvigs, in faggots or in it tree; so documented similar forms: evidence that the wood has been processed or of 176°C for 20 minutes –Non-coniferous: –Non-coniferous: –Non-coniferous: –Non-coniferous:			CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
 40. Juglans L. Pterocarya Kunth. 40. Juglans L. Pterocarya Kunth. 40. Vegetable products of bark products of bark sincluded: 41. Cuercus L, other than wood packaging material, but including material, but including similar forms; wood in clips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: 41. Quercus L, other than wood packaging in twigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90 41. Quercus L, other than wood packaging in twigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not of particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, surface, except where the not agglomerated in logs, including staves, and there is documented similar forms: tubs or other coopers' products or parts thereof, -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, including staves, and there is documented similar forms: evidence that the wood has been processed or -Non-coniferous: -Non-coniferous: 			under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
Pterocarya Kunth. not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: -Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90 Year 401 40 90 waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90 waste and scrap, not agglomerated: as wood packaging in twigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms: wood in chips wood which has not or particles; sawdust and wood kept its natural round waste and scrap, whether or surface, except where the not agglomerated in logs, in billets, the USA in twigs, in faggots or in the form briquettes, pellets or similar of casks, barrels, vars, forms: ubs or other coopering products or parts thereof, including staves, and there is documented in logs, in faggots or in similar forms: waste and scrap, whether or surface, except where the not agglomerated in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: wood is in the form briquettes, pellets or similar of casks, barrels, vars, forms: ubs or other coopering in twigs, in faggots or i				
Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in fagots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90 Yood of: 41. <i>Quercus</i> L, other Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, The USA than wood packaging in twigs, in fagots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not or particles; sawdust and wood kept its natural round waste and scrap, whether or surface, except where the not agglomerated in logs, wood is in the form briquettes, pellets or similar of casks, barrels, vats, forms: tubs or other coopers' products or parts thereof, -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, including staves, and in twigs, in fagots or in there is documented similar forms: evidence that the wood has been processed or -Non-coniferous: manufactured using a het treatment to achieve ex 4401 12 00 a minimum temperature of 176°C for 20 minutes -Wood in chips or particles: -Non-coniferous:	40.		not elsewhere specified or	EU Member States
in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: -Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90 Wood of: 41. Quercus L, other Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, The USA than wood packaging in twigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not surface, except where the not agglomerated in logs, wood is in the form briquettes, pellets or similar of casks, barrels, vats, forms: tubs or other coopers' products or parts thereof, -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, including staves, and in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176°C for 20 minutes -Non-coniferous: -Non-coniferous:			ex 1404 90 00	
agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90 Wood of: 41. Quercus L, other Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, The USA than wood packaging in twigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not or particles; sawdust and wood kept its natural round waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, wood is in the form briquettes, pellets or similar of casks, barrels, vats, forms: tubs or other coopers' products or parts thereof, including staves, and there is documented evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve ex 4401 12 00 a minimum temperature of 176°C for 20 minutes –Non-coniferous: –Non-coniferous:			in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar	
 Wood of: 41. Quercus L, other Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, The USA than wood packaging in twigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not or particles; sawdust and wood kept its natural round waste and scrap, whether or surface, except where the not agglomerated in logs, wood is in the form briquettes, pellets or similar of casks, barrels, vats, forms: tubs or other coopers' products or parts thereof, -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, including staves, and in twigs, in faggots or in there is documented similar forms: evidence that the wood has been processed or -Non-coniferous: manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve ex 4401 12 00 a minimum temperature of 176°C for 20 minutes -Wood in chips or particles: -Non-coniferous: 			-	
 Quercus L, other Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, The USA than wood packaging in twigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not or particles; sawdust and wood kept its natural round waste and scrap, whether or surface, except where the not agglomerated in logs, wood is in the form briquettes, pellets or similar of casks, barrels, vats, forms: tubs or other coopers' products or parts thereof, -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, including staves, and in twigs, in faggots or in there is documented similar forms: evidence that the wood has been processed or -Non-coniferous: manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve ex 4401 12 00 a minimum temperature of 176°C for 20 minutes -Wood in chips or particles: -Non-coniferous: 			ex 4401 40 90	
than wood packaging in twigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not or particles; sawdust and wood kept its natural round waste and scrap, whether or surface, except where the not agglomerated in logs, wood is in the form briquettes, pellets or similar of casks, barrels, vats, forms: tubs or other coopers' products or parts thereof, -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, including staves, and in twigs, in faggots or in there is documented similar forms: evidence that the wood has been processed or -Non-coniferous: manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve ex 4401 12 00 a minimum temperature of 176°C for 20 minutes -Wood in chips or particles: -Non-coniferous:	Woo	od of:		
-Non-coniferous:	41.	than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, except where the wood is in the form of casks, barrels, vats, tubs or other coopers' products or parts thereof, including staves, and there is documented evidence that the wood	in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	The USA
ex 4401 22 00		heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature		
		heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature	-Wood in chips or particles:	

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(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
	–Sawdust:	
	ex 4401 40 10	
	-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	–Of oak (Quercus spp.):	
	4403 91 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	260	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Not impregnated	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated)	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	–Of oak (Quercus spp.):	
	4407 91 15	
	4407 91 31	
	4407 91 39	
	4407 91 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Other:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products 261	

(1) (2) (3) Description of plants, CN code Country of origin or dispatch plant products or other objects and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00 42. other Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, Albania, Armenia, the EU Platanus L., than wood packaging in twigs, in faggots or in Member States, Switzerland, material, but including similar forms; wood in chips Turkey and the USA wood which has not kept or particles; sawdust and wood its natural round surface waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: -Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 -Wood in chips or particles: -Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 -Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: -Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	ex 4403 9900	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated)	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: 263	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
		and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 4407 99 27	
		ex 4407 99 40	
		ex 4407 99 90	
		Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
		ex 4408 90 15	
		ex 4408 90 35	
		ex 4408 90 85	
		ex 4408 90 95	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
43.	than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not kept	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Americas

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4401 12 00	
	-Wood in chips or particles:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4401 22 00	
	-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
	-Sawdust:	
	ex 4401 40 10	
	–Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
5	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i>	
	spp.):	
	4403 97 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and	
	stakes of wood, pointed but not	
	sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or	
	tramway sleepers (cross-ties)	
	of wood:	
	-Not impregnated	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated)	
	-Other (than not impregnated)	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness	
	exceeding 6 mm:	
	Of poplar and aspon (Populus	
	-Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i>	
	spp.):	
	4407 97 10	
	4407 97 91	
	4407 97 99	
	Sheets for veneering (including	
	those obtained by slicing	
	laminated wood), for plywood	
	or for similar laminated	
	wood and other wood, sawn	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	266	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
		ex 4408 90 15	
		ex 4408 90 35	
		ex 4408 90 85	
		ex 4408 90 95	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
44.	other than wood packaging material, but including wood which	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Canada and the USA
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	

(1)		(2)	(3)
Description of plant product		CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects		and its respective description	
5		under Council Regulation	
		(EEC) No.2658/87	
		Sawdust and wood waste and	
	S	crap, not agglomerated:	
	-	Sawdust:	
	e	x 4401 40 10	
	-	Wood waste and scrap (other	
		han sawdust):	
	e	x 4401 40 90	
	Ţ	Vood in the rough, not	
		tripped of bark or sapwood, or	
		oughly squared:	
		Tracted with point stains	
		Treated with paint, stains, reosote or other preservatives:	
		-	
	-	Non-coniferous:	
	e	x 4403 12 00	
	Ţ	Vood in the rough, whether	
		r not stripped of bark or	
	S	apwood, or roughly squared:	
		Other than treated with	
		aint, stains, creosote or other	
		reservatives:	
	e	x 4403 99 00	
	c	plit poles; piles, pickets and	
		takes of wood, pointed but not	
		awn lengthwise:	
		Non-coniferous:	
	e	x 4404 20 00	
	١	Non-coniferous railway or	
		ramway sleepers (cross-ties)	
		f wood:	
		Not impregnated	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated)	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness	
	exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Of maple (Acer spp.):	
	4407 93 10	
	4407 93 91	
	4407 93 99	
	Sheets for veneering (including	
	those obtained by slicing	
	laminated wood), for plywood	
	or for similar laminated	
	wood and other wood, sawn	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded,	
	spliced or end-jointed, of a	
	thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs	
	and other coopers' products	
	and parts thereof, of wood,	
	including staves:	

(1) (2) (3) Description of plants, CN code Country of origin or dispatch plant products or other objects and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00 45. Conifers (Pinales), other Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, Any third country than wood packaging in twigs, in faggots or in material, but including similar forms; wood in chips wood which has not kept or particles; sawdust and wood its natural round surface waste and scrap, whether or surface not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: -Coniferous 4401 11 00 -Wood in chips or particles: -Coniferous 4401 21 00 -Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: -Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: -Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: 270

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Coniferous:	
	4403 11 00	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Coniferous, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Of pine (Pinus spp.):	
	ex 4403 21 10	
	ex 4403 21 90	
	ex 4403 22 00	
	-Of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.):	
	ex 4403 23 10	
	ex 4403 23 90	
	ex 4403 24 00	
	-Other, coniferous:	
	ex 4403 25 10	
	ex 4403 25 90	
	ex 4403 26 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4404 10 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	Coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated:	
	4406 11 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	4406 91 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	-	
	-Coniferous:	
	-Of pine (Pinus spp.):	
	4407 11 10	
	4407 11 20	
	4407 11 90	
	-Of fir (Abies spp.) and spruce	
	(Picea spp.):	
	4407 12 10	
	4407 12 20	
	4407 12 90	
	-Other, coniferous:	
	4407 19 10	
	4407 19 20	
	4407 19 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
		-Coniferous:	
		4408 10 15	
		4408 10 91	
		4408 10 98	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
46.	L., <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth and <i>Ulmus davidiana</i> Planch., other than wood packaging material, but including wood which	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine and the USA
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		272	

(1) (2) (3) Description of plants, CN code Country of origin or dispatch plant products or other objects and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 -Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 -Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: -Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: -Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: -Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: -Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	Non-coniferous railway or	
	tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness	
	exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Of ash (Fraxinus spp.):	
	4407 95 10	
	4407 95 91	
	4407 95 99	
	-Other:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn	
	wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	-	
	$a_{\rm N}$ 1108 00 15	

ex 4408 90 15

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
	ex 4416 00 00	
	Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
	ex 9406 10 00	
than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not kep	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Canada and the USA
	-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4401 12 00	
	-Wood in chips or particles:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4401 22 00	
	-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
	–Sawdust:	

(1)	(2	2)	(3)
Description of plant product objects	s or other au	'N code nd its respective descripti nder Council Regulation	Country of origin or dispatch
		EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex	4401 40 10	
		Wood waste and scrap (otl an sawdust):	ner
	ex	4401 40 90	
	str	ood in the rough, not ipped of bark or sapwood ughly squared:	l, or
		Freated with paint, stains, eosote or other preservation	ves:
	-1	Non-coniferous:	
	ex	4403 12 00	
	or	ood in the rough, whether not stripped of bark or pwood, or roughly square	
	pa	Other than treated with int, stains, creosote or oth eservatives:	ner
	-0	Of birch (Betula spp.):	
	44	03 95 10	
	44	.03 95 90	
	44	03 96 00	
	sta	lit poles; piles, pickets ar akes of wood, pointed but wn lengthwise:	
	-1	Jon-coniferous:	
	ex	4404 20 00	
	tra	on-coniferous railway or mway sleepers (cross-tie wood:	s)

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
-	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Not impregnated:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness	
	exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Of birch (Betula spp.):	
	4407 96 10	
	4407 96 91	
	4407 96 99	
	Sheets for veneering (including	
	those obtained by slicing	
	laminated wood), for plywood	
	or for similar laminated	
	wood and other wood, sawn	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded,	
	spliced or end-jointed, of a	
	thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs	
	and other coopers' products	
	and parts thereof, of wood,	
	including staves:	
	ex 4416 00 00	
	278	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants,	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	plant products or other objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
48.	Aronia Medik., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., other than wood packaging material, but	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: -Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in	Canada and the USA
		ex 4403 12 00	
		CA 1103 12 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	ex 4403 99 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated 280	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
		and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
		ex 4408 90 15	
		ex 4408 90 35	
		ex 4408 90 85	
		ex 4408 90 95	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
49.	than wood packaging material, but including	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, EU Member States, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, the USA and Vietnam
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		a ~ 1	

	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4401 22 00	
	-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
	-Sawdust:	
	ex 4401 40 10	
	-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	ex 4403 99 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Not impregnated:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness	
	exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Of cherry (Prunus spp.):	
	4407 94 10	
	4407 94 91	
	4407 94 99	
	-Other:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including	
	those obtained by slicing	
	laminated wood), for plywood	
	or for similar laminated	
	wood and other wood, sawn	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded,	
	spliced or end-jointed, of a	
	thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
		and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 4408 90 95	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
50.	L., Alnus L., Betula L., Carpinus L., Cercidiphyllum Siebold & Zucc., Corylus L., Fagus L., Fraxinus L., Koelreuteria Medikus., Platanus L., Populus	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	Any third country where <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> is known to be present
	than wood packaging material, but including	-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
	wood which has not kept its natural round surface	-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	
		-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		–Sawdust:	
		ex 4401 40 10	
		-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
		-Wood waste and scrap (other	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Of beech (Fagus spp.):	
	4403 93 00	
	4403 94 00	
	-Of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.):	
	4403 95 10	
	4403 95 90	
	4403 96 00	
	-Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.):	
	4403 97 00	
	-Of other:	
	ex 4403 99 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and	
	stakes of wood, pointed but not	
	sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or	
	tramway sleepers (cross-ties)	
	of wood:	
	-Not impregnated:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped	
	lengthwise, sliced or peeled,	
	whether or not planed, sanded	
	or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	-	
	-Of beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.):	
	4407 92 00	
	-Of maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.):	
	4407 93 10	
	4407 93 91	
	4407 93 99	
	-Of ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.):	
	4407 95 10	
	4407 95 91	
	4407 95 99	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description	Country of origin or dispatch
	under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.):	
	4407 96 10	
	4407 96 91	
	4407 96 99	
	Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.):	
	4407 97 10	
	4407 97 91	
	4407 97 99	
	Of other:	
	4407 99 27	
	4407 99 40	
	4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
		and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
51.	macrophyllumPursh,Aesculuscalifornica(Spach)Nutt.,Lithocarpusdensiflorus(Hook. & Arn.)Rehd.	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	The USA
	packaging matchai	-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Coniferous:	
		ex 4401 11 00	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Coniferous:	
		ex 4401 21 00	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	
		-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		-Sawdust:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4401 40 10	
	-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4403 11 00	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Other, coniferous:	
	ex 4403 25 10	
	ex 4403 25 90	
	ex 4403 26 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Other, of non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 99 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4404 10 00	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated:	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4406 11 00	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4406 91 00	
	-Non-coniferous	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Coniferous:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
	ex 4407 19 10	
	ex 4407 19 20	
	ex 4407 19 90	
	-Of maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.):	
	4407 93 10	
	4407 93 91	
	4407 93 99	
	-Of other:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Coniferous:	
	ex 4408 10 15	
	ex 4408 10 91	
	ex 4408 10 98	
	-Other:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 4408 90 85	
		ex 4408 90 95	
		Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
		ex 4416 00 00	
		Prefabricated buildings of wood:	
		ex 9406 10 00	
52.	Wood of <i>Juglans</i> L. an <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth.	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:	EU Member States
		-Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 12 00	
		-Wood in chips or particles:	
		-Non-coniferous:	
		ex 4401 22 00	
		-Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:	
		-Sawdust:	
		ex 4401 40 10	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	-Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):	
	ex 4401 40 90	
	Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 12 00	
	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	
	-Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:	
	-Other, non-coniferous:	
	ex 4403 99 00	
	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:	
	-Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4404 20 00	
	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:	
	-Not impregnated:	
	ex 4406 12 00	
	-Other (than not impregnated):	
	202	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 4406 92 00	
	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:	
	-Of other:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90	
	Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:	
	–Other:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:	
	ex 4416 00 00	
	Prefabricated buildings of wood:	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	

PART B

List of other plants which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate, as referred to in Article 73(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
		and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
1.	meaning of Article 2(1)		Any third country
		ex 0601 10 90	
		ex 0601 20 10	
	a kind suitable for bouque	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	
		0603 15 00	
		0603 19 10	
		0603 19 20	
		ex 0603 19 70	
		Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, not mosses or lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: 295	

(1)		(2)	(3)
	Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
-	ects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
		ex 0604 20 90	
		Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh or chilled, other than for planting:	
		ex 0703 10 19	
		ex 0703 10 90	
		ex 0703 20 00	
		ex 0703 90 00	
		Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate:	
		ex 0704 10 00	
		ex 0704 90 10	
		ex 0704 90 90	
		Lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate:	
		ex 0705 11 00	
		ex 0705 19 00	
		ex 0705 21 00	
		ex 0705 29 00	
		Cucumbers and gherkins, fresh or chilled:	
		0707 00 05	
		0707 00 90	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	Leguminous vegetables,	
	shelled or unshelled, fresh or chilled:	
	chined.	
	0708 10 00	
	0708 20 00	
	0708 90 00	
	Asparagus, celery other than	
	celeriac, spinach, New Zealand	
	spinach and orache spinach	
	(garden spinach), globe	
	artichokes, olives, pumpkins, squash and gourds (<i>Cucurbita</i>	
	spp.), salad vegetables, (other	
	than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>)	
	and chicory (Cichorium spp.)),	
	chard (or white beet) and	
	cardoons, capers, fennel and other vegetables, fresh or	
	chilled, other than planted in a	
	growing substrate:	
	0709 20 00	
	ex 0709 40 00	
	ex 0709 70 00	
	0709 91 00	
	0709 92 10	
	0709 92 90	
	0709 93 10	
	0709 93 90	
	ex 0709 99 10	
	ex 0709 99 20	
	0709 99 40	

(1) (2) (3) Description of plants, CN code Country of origin or dispatch plant products or other objects and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87 ex 0709 99 50 ex 0709 99 90 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, not skinned or split, for sowing: ex 0713 20 00 ex 0713 31 00 ex 0713 32 00 ex 0713 34 00 ex 0713 35 00 ex 0713 39 00 ex 0713 40 00 ex 0713 60 00 ex 0713 90 00 Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh, whole, not shelled, not peeled, also for ssowing: ex 0801 21 00 ex 0801 31 00 Other nuts, fresh, whole not shelled, not peeled, also for sowing: ex 0802 11 10 ex 0802 11 90 ex 0802 21 00 ex 0802 31 00

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Status:	This is the original version (as it was originally made).

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
	ex 0802 41 00	
	ex 0802 51 00	
	ex 0802 61 00	
	ex 0802 70 00	
	ex 0802 80 00	
	ex 0802 90 10	
	ex 0802 90 50	
	ex 0802 90 85	
	Figs, fresh or chilled:	
	0804 20 10	
	Melons, fresh or chilled:	
	0807 11 00	
	0807 19 00	
	Other fruit, fresh or chilled:	
	ex 0810 20 90	
	ex 0810 90 20	
	ex 0810 90 75	
	Coffee berries (other than beans), fresh, whole in husk, not roasted:	
	ex 0901 11 00	
	Tea leaves, fresh, whole, not cut, not fermented, not flavoured:	
	ex 0902 10 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	ex 0902 20 00	
	Thyme and fenugreek seeds for sowing:	
	ex 0910 99 10	
	ex 0910 99 31	
	ex 0910 99 33	
	Bay leaves, fresh:	
	ex 0910 99 50	
	Barley, seed for sowing:	
	1003 10 00	
	Oats, seed for sowing:	
	1004 10 00	
	Grain sorghum, seed for sowing:	
	1007 10 10	
	1007 10 90	
	Buckwheat, millet and canary seed, other cereals, seed for sowing:	
	ex 1008 10 00	
	1008 21 00	
	ex 1008 30 00	
	ex 1008 40 00	
	ex 1008 50 00	
	ex 1008 90 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	Groundnuts, fresh, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whole, not shelled, not broken, also seed for sowing:	
	1202 30 00	
	ex 1202 41 00	
	Other oil seeds for sowing and oleaginous fruits, fresh, not broken:	
	ex 1207 10 00	
	1207 21 00	
	ex 1207 30 00	
	1207 40 10	
	ex 1207 60 00	
	ex 1207 70 00	
	1207 91 10	
	1207 99 20	
	Seeds and fruit, of a kind used for sowing:	
	1209 10 00	
	1209 22 10	
	1209 22 80	
	1209 23 11	
	1209 23 15	
	1209 23 80	
	1209 24 00	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other objects	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
	and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	
	1209 25 10	
	1209 25 90	
	1209 29 45	
	1209 29 50	
	1209 29 60	
	1209 29 80	
	1209 30 00	
	1209 91 30	
	1209 91 80	
	1209 99 10	
	1209 99 91	
	1209 99 99	
	Hop cones, fresh:	
	ex 1210 10 00	
	Plants, other than for planting, and parts of plants (including seeds for sowing and fruits), fresh or chilled, not cut nor crushed or powdered:	
	ex 1211 30 00	
	ex 1211 40 00	
	ex 1211 50 00	
	ex 1211 90 30	
	ex 1211 90 86	
	Locust beans for sowing, and sugar cane, fresh or chilled, 302	

(1)	(2)	(3)
Description of plants, plant products or other	CN code	Country of origin or dispatch
objects	and its respective description	
	under Council Regulation	
	(EEC) No.2658/87	
	not ground; fruit stones and	
	kernels for sowing and other	
	fresh vegetable products	
	not elsewhere specified or	
	included:	
	ex 1212 92 00	
	ex 1212 93 00	
	ex 1212 94 00	
	ex 1212 99 41	
	ex 1212 99 95	
	Vegetable materials of a kind	
	used primarily for plaiting,	
	fresh:	
	iresii.	
	ex 1401 90 00	
	Vegetable products not	
	elsewhere specified or	
	included, fresh:	
	ex 1404 90 00	

PART C

List of plants, together with the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, which do not require phytosanitary certificates pursuant to Article 73(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Country of origin or dispatch
1.	Fruits of <i>Ananas comosus</i> (L.) Merrill	Any third country
2.	Fruits of Actinidia sp. Lindl	Any third country
3.	Fruits of Cocos nucifera L.	Any third country

	(1)	(2)
	Description of plants, plant products or other objects	Country of origin or dispatch
4.	Fruit and leaves of Citrus sp. L.	Any third country
5.	Fruit of Fortunella sp. Swingle	Any third country
6.	Fruit of Poncirus L. Raf	Any third country
7.	Fruit of Diospyros sp. L.	Any third country
8.	Fruits of <i>Durio zibethinus</i> Murray	Any third country
9.	Fruits (bolls) of Gossypium spp.	Any third country
10.	Grain of <i>Oryza</i> spp. L.	Any third country
11.	Leaves of Murraya spp.	Any third country
12.	Fruits of Musa	Any third country
13.	Fruits of Mangifera sp. L.	Any third country
14.	Fruits of Phoenix dactylifera L.	Any third country
15.	Fruits of Passiflora sp. L	Any third country
16.	Fruits of Psidium sp.	Any third country"

SCHEDULE 11

Regulation 16

New Annex 13 to the Phytosanitary Conditions Regulation

"ANNEX 13

List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a UK plant passport is required for their movement within Great Britain or for their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory

In this Annex:

- (a) 'Seeds Marketing Regulations' has the meaning given in regulation 2(1) of the Seeds (National Lists of Varieties) Regulations 2001(14);
- (b) the references to seed in paragraphs 2, 4, 5 and 6 do not include seed where it is subject to an exception described in Article 6(3) and the special requirements in Annex 8 or 10 do not apply in relation to the seed.
- 1. All plants for planting, other than seeds.

2. Seed of the following species, where the seed is permitted to be marketed under the Seeds Marketing Regulations and the movement of the seed relates to its marketing:

- (a) Allium cepa L.,
- (b) Allium porrum L.,
- (c) Phaseolus coccineus L.,

⁽¹⁴⁾ S.I. 2001/3510; relevant amending instruments are S.I. 2011/464, 2016/106 (W.52), S.S.I. 2015/395, 2018/942.

- (d) Phaseolus vulgaris L.,
- (e) Pisum sativum L.,
- (f) Vicia faba L.
- 3. Seeds of the following species:
 - (a) Castanea Mill.,
 - (b) Capsicum spp L.,
 - (c) Solanum lycopersicum L.,
 - (d) Solanum tuberosum L.

4. Seed of *Medicago sativa* L, where the seed is permitted to be marketed under the Seeds Marketing Regulations and the movement of the seed relates to its marketing.

5. Seed of the following species, where the seed is permitted to be marketed under the Seeds Marketing Regulations and the movement of the seed relates to its marketing:

- (a) Brassica napus L.,
- (b) Brassica rapa L.,
- (c) Glycine max (L.) Merrill,
- (d) Helianthus annuus L.,
- (e) Linum usitatissimum L.,
- (f) Sinapis alba L.

6. Seed of the following species, where the seed is permitted to be marketed under the Marketing of Ornamental Propagating Material Regulations 1999(15) and the movement of the seed relates to its marketing:

- (a) *Capsicum annuum* L.;
- (b) Helianthus annuus L.

7. Plants of *Abies* Mill., *Larix* Mill., *Picea* A. Dietr., *Pinus* L. and *Pseudotsuga* Carr over three metres in height, including felled or fallen trees, other than fruit, seeds, leaves or foliage.

8. Wood, where it is considered to be a plant product and has been obtained in whole or in part from the following genera or species, other than wood which is bark-free:

- (a) conifers (Pinales),
- (b) Castanea Mill.

9. Wood, where it is considered to be a plant product and has been obtained in whole or part from the following species, including wood which has not kept its natural round surface:

- (a) Juglans L.,
- (b) Platanus L.,
- (c) Pterocarya L.

10. Isolated bark of the following genera or species:

- (a) conifers (Pinales),
- (b) Castanea Mill."

⁽¹⁵⁾ S.I. 1999/1801.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations are made in exercise of the powers conferred by the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (c. 16) in order to address failures of retained EU law to operate effectively and other deficiencies (in particular the deficiencies referred to in paragraphs (a), (d) and (g) of section 8(2)) arising from the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union.

The Regulations make amendments to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 establishing uniform conditions for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and the Council, as regards protective measures against pests of plants.

An impact assessment has not been produced for this instrument as no, or no significant, impact on the private or voluntary sector is foreseen.