SCHEDULE Rule 2

FUNCTIONS OF A MAGISTRATES' COURT WHICH MAY BE EXERCISED BY AN AUTHORISED COURT OFFICER

Functions exercisable by any authorised court officer

- 1. An authorised court officer may—
 - (a) fix, cancel or vary the date, time or place for a hearing, including a trial, or adjourn a hearing;
 - (b) adjourn, remit or transfer proceedings from one local justice area to another;
 - (c) determine an application to extend a time limit set by a rule or by the court, unless the effect would be—
 - (i) to affect the date of any hearing that has been fixed, including a trial; or
 - (ii) significantly to affect the progress of the case in any other way;
 - (d) issue a summons at the request of a public authority;
 - (e) give a complainant permission to withdraw a case;
 - (f) fix the date, time and place of a hearing;
 - (g) amend the local justice area or responsible officer named in an order of the court;
 - (h) grant bail and remand the defendant where the defendant has previously been remanded on bail in the proceedings;
 - (i) state a case for the opinion of the High Court where the decision under appeal was made by an authorised court officer;
 - (j) authorise the inspection of court records pursuant to rule 66(12) of the Magistrates' Courts Rules 1981(1);
 - (k) endorse process for service in Scotland or Northern Ireland.

Functions exercisable only by an authorised court officer who is legally qualified

- **2.** An authorised court officer who is legally qualified may (but an authorised court officer who is not legally qualified may not)—
 - (a) determine an application to extend a time limit set by a rule or by the court;
 - (b) give, vary or revoke directions for the conduct of proceedings, including—
 - (i) the timetable for the case;
 - (ii) the attendance of the parties;
 - (iii) the service of documents (including summaries of any legal arguments relied on by the parties);
 - (iv) the manner in which evidence is to be given, insofar as these Rules make no other provision;
 - (c) actively manage the case in accordance with rule 3A of the Magistrates' Courts Rules 1981(2);
 - (d) impose a reporting restriction under section 39 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933(3) (identity of a person under 18) where there is no objection to the order;

1

⁽¹⁾ S.I. 1981/552. Rule 66(12) was amended by S.I. 1992/709, article 2(1) and (3) and Schedule 1.

⁽²⁾ S.I. 1981/552. Rule 3A was inserted by S.I. 2009/3362, rules 2 and 3.

^{(3) 1933} c. 12.

- (e) give permission for proceedings to be recorded;
- (f) ask a court security officer to remove a person from a courtroom;
- (g) issue a summons and give directions for its service;
- (h) dismiss a complaint where the complainant offers no evidence, provided that evidence has not been received on a previous occasion;
- (i) amend a complaint;
- (j) remand the defendant and grant bail where—
 - (i) the defendant is present; and
 - (ii) the complainant agrees to the grant of bail;
- (k) require a person who has made a written statement to attend before the court to give evidence;
- (1) issue a witness summons and give directions for its service;
- (m) issue a warrant of control;
- (n) extend the time for payment of a financial order (other than payment under a postponed warrant of commitment);
- (o) vary an order for the payment by instalments of a financial order (other than payment under a postponed warrant of commitment);
- (p) make an attachment of earnings order;
- (q) require the appellant to enter into a recognizance under section 114 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980(4) on an application to state a case for the opinion of the High Court;
- (r) order a report to assist in the determination of a case;
- (s) make or vary an order for a party to pay costs, if both parties agree;
- (t) make or vary an order for another person to pay costs, if that person agrees;
- (u) revoke a suspended disqualification imposed under the Child Support Act 1991(5) where the sum has been paid in full;
- (v) vary, discharge, remit, remove, revoke, review or suspend an order which an authorised court officer may make;
- (w) take a recognisance in any proceedings.

^{(4) 1980} c. 43.

^{(5) 1991} c. 48.