#### STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

# 2020 No. 759

## The Criminal Procedure Rules 2020

#### **PART 47**

#### **INVESTIGATION ORDERS AND WARRANTS**

SECTION 6: INVESTIGATION ANONYMITY ORDERS UNDER THE CORONERS AND JUSTICE ACT 2009

### When this Section applies

- **47.46.** This Section applies where—
  - (a) a justice of the peace can make or discharge an investigation anonymity order, under sections 76 and 80(1) of the Coroners and Justice Act 2009(1); and
  - (b) a Crown Court judge can determine an appeal against—
    - (i) a refusal of such an order, under section 79 of the 2009 Act, or
    - (ii) a decision on an application to discharge such an order, under section 80(6) of the 2009 Act.

[Note. Under the Coroners and Justice Act 2009, an investigation anonymity order may be made prohibiting the disclosure of information that identifies, or might identify, a specified person as someone who is, or was, willing to assist the investigation of an offence of murder or manslaughter caused by a gun or knife.]

### Exercise of court's powers

- **47.47.**—(1) The court may determine an application for an investigation anonymity order, and any appeal against the refusal of such an order—
  - (a) at a hearing (which must be in private unless the court otherwise directs); or
  - (b) without a hearing.
- (2) The court must determine an application to discharge an investigation anonymity order, and any appeal against the decision on such an application—
  - (a) at a hearing (which must be in private unless the court otherwise directs); and
  - (b) in the presence of the person specified in the order, unless—
    - (i) that person applied for the discharge of the order,
    - (ii) that person has had an opportunity to make representations, or
    - (iii) the court is satisfied that it is not reasonably practicable to communicate with that person.
  - (3) The court may consider an application or an appeal made or ally instead of in writing.

#### Application for an investigation anonymity order

- **47.48.**—(1) This rule applies where an applicant wants a magistrates' court to make an investigation anonymity order.
  - (2) The applicant must—
    - (a) apply in writing;
    - (b) serve the application on the court officer;
    - (c) identify the person to be specified in the order, unless—
      - (i) the applicant wants the court to determine the application at a hearing, or
      - (ii) the court otherwise directs;
    - (d) explain how the proposed order meets the conditions prescribed by section 78 of the Coroners and Justice Act 2009(2);
    - (e) say if the applicant intends to appeal should the court refuse the order;
    - (f) attach any material on which the applicant relies; and
    - (g) propose the terms of the order.
  - (3) At any hearing of the application, the applicant must—
    - (a) identify to the court the person to be specified in the order, unless—
      - (i) the applicant has done so already, or
      - (ii) the court otherwise directs; and
    - (b) unless the applicant has done so already, inform the court if the applicant intends to appeal should the court refuse the order.

[Note. See section 77 of the Coroners and Justice Act 2009.]

### Application to discharge an investigation anonymity order

- **47.49.**—(1) This rule applies where one of the following wants a magistrates' court to discharge an investigation anonymity order—
  - (a) an applicant; or
  - (b) the person specified in the order.
  - (2) That applicant or the specified person must—
    - (a) apply in writing as soon as practicable after becoming aware of the grounds for doing so;
    - (b) serve the application on—
      - (i) the court officer, and as applicable
      - (ii) the applicant for the order, and
      - (iii) the specified person;
    - (c) explain—
      - (i) what material circumstances have changed since the order was made, or since any previous application was made to discharge it, and
      - (ii) why it is appropriate for the order to be discharged; and
    - (d) attach—
      - (i) a copy of the order, and

- (ii) any material on which the applicant relies.
- (3) A party must inform the court if that party intends to appeal should the court discharge the order.

[Note. See section 80 of the Coroners and Justice Act 2009.]

#### Appeal

**47.50.**—(1) This rule applies where one of the following ('the appellant') wants to appeal to the Crown Court—

- (a) the applicant for an investigation anonymity order, where a magistrates' court has refused to make the order; or
- (b) a party to an application to discharge such an order, where a magistrates' court has decided that application.
- (2) The appellant must—
  - (a) serve on the Crown Court officer a copy of the application to the magistrates' court; and
- (b) where the appeal concerns a discharge decision, notify each other party, not more than 15 business days after the decision against which the appellant wants to appeal.
  - (3) The Crown Court must hear the appeal without justices of the peace.

[Note. See sections 79 and 80(6) of the Coroners and Justice Act 2009, and section 74 of the Senior Courts Act 1981(3).]

<sup>(3) 1981</sup> c. 54; section 74 was amended by sections 79 and 106 of, and Table (4) of Part V of Schedule 15 to, the Access to Justice Act 1999 (c. 22), article 3 of, and paragraphs 11 and 12 of the Schedule to S.I. 2004/2035 and section 15 of, and paragraphs 114 and 133 of Schedule 4 to, the Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4). The Act's title was amended by section 59(5) of, and paragraph 1 of Schedule 11 to, the Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4).