
STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2021 No. 496

The Myanmar (Sanctions) Regulations 2021

PART 6 U.K.

Exceptions and licences

Finance: exceptions from prohibitions U.K.

41.—(1) The prohibition in regulation 11 (asset-freeze in relation to designated persons) is not contravened by an independent person (“P”) transferring to another person a legal or equitable interest in funds or economic resources where, immediately before the transfer, the interest—

- (a) is held by P, and
- (b) is not held jointly with the designated person.

(2) In paragraph (1), “independent person” means a person who—

- (a) is not the designated person, and
- (b) is not owned or controlled directly or indirectly (within the meaning of regulation 7) by the designated person.

(3) The prohibitions in regulations 11 to 13 (asset-freeze in relation to, and making funds available to, or for the benefit of, designated persons) are not contravened by a relevant institution crediting a frozen account with interest or other earnings due on the account.

(4) The prohibitions in regulations 12 and 13 (making funds available to, or for the benefit of, designated persons) are not contravened by a relevant institution crediting a frozen account where it receives funds transferred to that institution for crediting to that account.

(5) The prohibitions in regulations 12 and 13 are not contravened by the transfer of funds to a relevant institution for crediting to an account held or controlled (directly or indirectly) by a designated person, where those funds are transferred in discharge (or partial discharge) of an obligation which arose before the date on which the person became a designated person.

(6) The prohibitions in regulations 11 to 13 are not contravened in relation to a designated person (“P”) by a transfer of funds from account A to account B, where—

- (a) account A is with a relevant institution which carries on an excluded activity within the meaning of section 142D of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ^{M1},
- (b) account B is with a ring-fenced body within the meaning of section 142A of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ^{M2}, and
- (c) accounts A and B are held or controlled (directly or indirectly) by P.

(7) In this regulation—

“designated person” has the same meaning as it has in Part 3 (Finance);

“frozen account” means an account with a relevant institution which is held or controlled (directly or indirectly) by a designated person;

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Myanmar (Sanctions) Regulations 2021. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

“relevant institution” means a person that has permission under Part 4A of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000^{M3} (Permission to carry on regulated activity).

(8) The definition of “relevant institution” in paragraph (7) is to be read with section 22 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000^{M4}, any relevant order under that section^{M5} and Schedule 2 to that Act^{M6}.

Commencement Information

I1 Reg. 41 in force at 29.4.2021 at 5.00 p.m., see [reg. 1\(3\)](#)

Marginal Citations

M1 2000 c. 8. Section 142D was inserted by the [Financial Services \(Banking Reform\) Act 2013 \(c. 33\), section 4\(1\)](#).

M2 [Section 142A](#) was inserted by the [Financial Services \(Banking Reform\) Act 2013, section 4\(1\)](#).

M3 [Part 4A](#) was inserted by the [Financial Services Act 2012 \(c. 21\), section 11\(2\)](#); and most recently amended by [S.I. 2019/632](#).

M4 [Section 22](#) was amended by the [Financial Guidance and Claims Act 2018 \(c. 10\), section 27\(4\)](#); the [Financial Services Act 2012 \(c. 21\), section 7\(1\)](#); and [S.I. 2018/135](#).

M5 [S.I. 2001/544](#), as most recently amended by [S.I. 2018/1149](#); [S.I. 2018/1403](#); [S.I. 2019/632](#); [S.I. 2019/660](#); [S.I. 2019/679](#); [S.I. 2019/710](#); [S.I. 2019/1361](#); [S.I. 2020/117](#); and [S.I. 2020/480](#).

M6 [Schedule 2](#) was amended by the [Regulation of Financial Services \(Land Transactions\) Act 2005 \(c. 24\), section 1](#); the [Dormant Bank and Building Society Accounts Act 2008 \(c. 31\), section 15](#) and [Schedule 2, paragraph 1](#); the [Financial Services Act 2012, sections 7\(2\) to \(5\) and 8](#); the [Financial Guidance and Claims Act 2018, section 27\(13\)](#); [S.I. 2013/1881](#); [S.I. 2018/135](#); and [S.I. 2019/632](#).

Exception for authorised conduct in a relevant country **U.K.**

42.—(1) Where a person's conduct in a relevant country would, in the absence of this regulation, contravene a prohibition in any of regulations 11 to 15 (asset-freeze etc.) or Chapters 2 to 5 of Part 5 (Trade) (“the relevant prohibition”), the relevant prohibition is not contravened if the conduct is authorised by a licence or other authorisation which is issued—

- (a) under the law of the relevant country, and
- (b) for the purpose of disapplying a prohibition in that jurisdiction which corresponds to the relevant prohibition.

(2) In this regulation, “relevant country” means—

- (a) any of the Channel Islands,
- (b) the Isle of Man, or
- (c) any British overseas territory.

Commencement Information

I2 Reg. 42 in force at 29.4.2021 at 5.00 p.m., see [reg. 1\(3\)](#)

Exception for acts done for purposes of national security or prevention of serious crime **U.K.**

43.—(1) Where an act would, in the absence of this paragraph, be prohibited by the prohibition in regulation 9(2) (confidentiality) or any prohibition in Part 3 (Finance) or Part 5 (Trade), that

prohibition does not apply to the act if the act is one which a responsible officer has determined would be in the interests of—

- (a) national security, or
- (b) the prevention or detection of serious crime in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.

(2) Where, in the absence of this paragraph, a thing would be required to be done under or by virtue of a provision of Part 7 (Information and records) or Part 9 (Maritime enforcement), that requirement does not apply if a responsible officer has determined that not doing the thing in question would be in the interests of—

- (a) national security, or
- (b) the prevention or detection of serious crime in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.

(3) In this regulation, “responsible officer” means a person in the service of the Crown or holding office under the Crown, acting in the course of that person's duty.

Commencement Information

I3 Reg. 43 in force at 29.4.2021 at 5.00 p.m., see [reg. 1\(3\)](#)

Treasury licences **U.K.**

44.—(1) The prohibitions in regulations 11 to 15 (asset-freeze etc.) do not apply to anything done under the authority of a licence issued by the Treasury under this paragraph.

(2) The Treasury may issue a licence which authorises acts by a particular person only where the Treasury consider that it is appropriate to issue the licence for a purpose set out in Schedule 4.

Commencement Information

I4 Reg. 44 in force at 29.4.2021 at 5.00 p.m., see [reg. 1\(3\)](#)

Trade licences **U.K.**

45. The prohibitions in Chapters 2 to 5 of Part 5 (Trade) do not apply to anything done under the authority of a licence issued by the Secretary of State under this regulation.

Commencement Information

I5 Reg. 45 in force at 29.4.2021 at 5.00 p.m., see [reg. 1\(3\)](#)

Licences: general provisions **U.K.**

46.—(1) This regulation applies in relation to Treasury licences and trade licences.

(2) A licence must specify the acts authorised by it.

(3) A licence may be general or may authorise acts by a particular person or persons of a particular description.

(4) A licence may —

- (a) contain conditions;
- (b) be of indefinite duration or a defined duration.

(5) A person who issues a licence may vary, revoke or suspend it at any time.

(6) A person who issues, varies, revokes or suspends a licence which authorises acts by a particular person must give written notice to that person of the issue, variation, revocation or suspension of the licence.

(7) A person who issues, varies, revokes or suspends a general licence or a licence which authorises acts by persons of a particular description must take such steps as that person considers appropriate to publicise the issue, variation, revocation or suspension of the licence.

Commencement Information

I6 Reg. 46 in force at 29.4.2021 at 5.00 p.m., see [reg. 1\(3\)](#)

Finance: licensing offences **U.K.**

47.—(1) A person (“P”) commits an offence if P knowingly or recklessly—

- (a) provides information that is false in a material respect, or
- (b) provides or produces a document that is not what it purports to be,

for the purpose of obtaining a Treasury licence (whether for P or anyone else).

(2) A person who purports to act under the authority of a Treasury licence but who fails to comply with any condition of the licence commits an offence.

Commencement Information

I7 Reg. 47 in force at 29.4.2021 at 5.00 p.m., see [reg. 1\(3\)](#)

Trade: licensing offences **U.K.**

48.—(1) A person (“P”) commits an offence if P knowingly or recklessly—

- (a) provides information that is false in a material respect, or
- (b) provides or produces a document that is not what it purports to be,

for the purpose of obtaining a trade licence (whether for P or anyone else).

(2) A person who purports to act under the authority of a trade licence but who fails to comply with any condition of the licence commits an offence.

(3) A licence in respect of which an offence under paragraph (1) has been committed is to be treated as void from the time at which it was issued.

Commencement Information

I8 Reg. 48 in force at 29.4.2021 at 5.00 p.m., see [reg. 1\(3\)](#)

Section 8B(1) to (3) of the Immigration Act 1971: directions **U.K.**

49.—(1) The Secretary of State may direct that, in relation to any person within regulation 17 (immigration) whose name is specified, or who is of a specified description, section 8B(1) and (2) of the Immigration Act 1971, or section 8B(3) of that Act, have effect subject to specified exceptions.

(2) A direction may contain conditions.

(3) A direction must be of a defined duration (and that duration may be expressed in any way, including, for example, being expressed in a way such that the direction ceases to have effect on, or within a specified period after, the occurrence of a specified event).

(4) The Secretary of State may vary, revoke or suspend a direction at any time.

(5) On the issue, variation, revocation or suspension of a direction under this regulation, the Secretary of State may take such steps as the Secretary of State considers appropriate to publicise the issue, variation, revocation or suspension of the direction.

(6) In this regulation, “specified” means specified in a direction under this regulation.

Commencement Information

19 Reg. 49 in force at 29.4.2021 at 5.00 p.m., see [reg. 1\(3\)](#)

Changes to legislation:

There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to The Myanmar (Sanctions) Regulations 2021. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.

[View outstanding changes](#)

Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole Instrument associated Parts and Chapters:

Whole provisions yet to be inserted into this Instrument (including any effects on those provisions):

- Pt. 3A inserted by [S.I. 2024/643 reg. 16\(4\)](#)
- reg. 5(1)(aa) inserted by [S.I. 2024/643 reg. 16\(3\)](#)
- reg. 44A inserted by [S.I. 2024/643 reg. 16\(5\)](#)
- reg. 47A inserted by [S.I. 2024/643 reg. 16\(7\)](#)
- reg. 65(3A)-(3D) inserted by [S.I. 2024/643 reg. 16\(10\)](#)