

## SCHEDULE 4

Articles 3, 5(1), 12(1), 15(2), 18(1), 18(3)  
and 20(1)

Restrictions on the introduction into and movement within Wales of relevant material

## PART A

Relevant material, originating in third countries, which may  
only be landed if special requirements are complied with

(1) <i>Item</i>	(2) <i>Description of relevant material</i>	(3) <i>Requirement of landing</i>
1.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of conifers (Coniferales), originating in any country outside Europe	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been produced in a nursery and that the place of production is free from <i>Pissodes</i> spp. (non-European)
2.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Scirrhia acicola</i> (Dearn.) Siggers or <i>Scirrhia pini</i> Funk and Parker have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
3.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr. or <i>Tsuga</i> Carr., intended for planting, originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
4.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L. originating in the USA	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i> (Bretz) Hunt.
5.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. or <i>Quercus</i> L., originating in any country outside Europe	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no signs of <i>Cronartium</i> spp. (non-European) have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
6.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. or <i>Quercus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr; or

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		(b) no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
7.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Corylus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in Canada or the USA	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown in a nursery and: (a) originate in an area established in the country of export by the national plant protection organisation in that country as being free from <i>Anisogramma anomala</i> (Peck) E. Müller, in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”; or (b) originate in a place of production established in the country of export by the national plant protection organisation in that country as being free from <i>Anisogramma anomala</i> (Peck) E. Müller on official inspections carried out at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation, in accordance with ISPM No. 10, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration” and declared free from <i>Anisogramma anomala</i> (Peck) E. Müller
8.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, but including cut branches with or without foliage, of <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans ailantifolia</i> Carr., <i>Juglans mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus davidiana</i> Planch. or <i>Pterocarya rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc., originating in Canada, China, Democratic People’s Republic of	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire for the purposes of point 11.4 of Section I of Annex IV Part A, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export

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	Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan or the USA	
9.	Plants of <i>Betula</i> L., other than fruit or seeds, but including cut branches of <i>Betula</i> L., with or without foliage, originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a country known to be free of <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory
10.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Platanus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in Armenia, Switzerland or the USA	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. & T.C. Harr. have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
11.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
12.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L., originating in any country of the American continent	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Mycosphaerella populorum</i> G.E. Thompson have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
13.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Ulmus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any country in North America	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma ulmi</i> have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
14.	Plants, other than scions, cuttings, plants in tissue culture, pollen or seeds, of <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Aronia</i> Medik., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. or <i>Sorbus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in Canada or the USA	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or the phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading "Additional declaration"; or

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		<p>(b) they have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with ISPM No. 10:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin;</li> <li>(ii) which has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius carried out at appropriate times;</li> <li>(iii) where the plants have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius or with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 500 m in which the absence of <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius has been confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times; and</li> <li>(iv) immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their stems, have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius, which included destructive sampling, where appropriate</li> </ul>
15.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., originating in any third country	The fruits must be free from peduncles and leaves and the packaging, any label attached to the packaging or any document normally used for trade purposes which accompanies the consignment must bear an appropriate origin mark (which may be a reference to the name of the country of origin)

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16.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Naringi</i> Adans., or <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., originating in any third country	<p>The fruits must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which has been previously notified in writing to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation;</p> <p>(b) they originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration” and has been previously notified in writing to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation;</p> <p>(c) they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> in accordance with ISPM No. 10, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”;</p> <p>(d) they:</p> <p>(i) have been subjected to a treatment with sodium orthophenylphenate or any other effective treatment which has been previously notified in writing to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation;</p>

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="927 448 1299 730">(ii) originate in a site of production, which along with the immediate vicinity, are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i>; and</li> <li data-bbox="927 730 1339 954">(iii) are free from symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i>, as shown from official inspections carried out at appropriate times prior to export; and</li> <li data-bbox="927 954 1339 1021">(iv) which includes information on traceability; or</li> <li data-bbox="863 1021 1307 1111">(e) in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing into juice in the European Union:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="927 1111 1339 1335">(i) they have been found free of symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> during official inspections carried out prior to export;</li> <li data-bbox="927 1335 1307 1626">(ii) they originate in a site of production which, along with the immediate vicinity, was subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i>;</li> <li data-bbox="927 1626 1326 1850">(iii) they are subject to a licence granted under article 40(1) of this Order authorising their movement within Wales and, where applicable, their processing and storage in Wales;</li> <li data-bbox="927 1850 1339 2036">(iv) they are transported in individual packages bearing a label which contains a traceability code and indicates that the fruits are destined for industrial processing; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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		(v) which includes information on traceability
17.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., originating in any third country	The fruits must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Cercospora angolensis</i> Carv. et Mendes in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which has been previously notified in writing to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation; (b) they originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Cercospora angolensis</i> Carv. et Mendes in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration” and has been previously notified in writing to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation; or (c) no symptoms of <i>Cercospora angolensis</i> Carv. et Mendes have been observed in the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation and none of the fruits harvested in the site of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this plant pest
18.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., other than fruits of <i>Citrus aurantium</i> L. or <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Tanaka, originating in any third country, other than Argentina, Brazil, South Africa or Uruguay	The fruits must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which has been previously notified in writing to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation; (b) they originate in an area established by the national plant protection

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		<p>organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration” and has been previously notified in writing to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation;</p> <p>(c) they:</p> <p>(i) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with ISPM No. 10, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or the phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”; and</p> <p>(ii) have been found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa by official inspection of a representative sample defined in accordance with ISPM No. 31;</p> <p>(d) they originate in a site of production subjected:</p> <p>(i) to appropriate treatments and cultural measures against <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa; and</p> <p>(ii) official inspections have been carried out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa have been detected in the fruits; and</p>



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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="927 443 1350 730">(iii) the harvested fruits from that site of production have been found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa during an official inspection, prior to export, of a representative sample, defined in accordance with ISPM No. 31; and</li> <li data-bbox="927 730 1350 792">(iv) which includes information on traceability; or</li> <li data-bbox="863 792 1350 891">(e) in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing into juice in the European Union:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="927 891 1350 1142">(i) they have been found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa prior to export during an official inspection of a representative sample defined in accordance with ISPM No. 31;</li> <li data-bbox="927 1142 1350 1491">(ii) they originate in a site of production which was subject to appropriate treatments against <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa at appropriate times and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”;</li> <li data-bbox="927 1491 1350 1715">(iii) they are subject to a licence granted under article 40(1) of this Order authorising their movement within Wales and, where applicable, their processing and storage in Wales;</li> <li data-bbox="927 1715 1350 1912">(iv) they are transported in individual packages bearing a label which contains a traceability code and indicates that the fruits are destined for industrial processing; and</li> <li data-bbox="927 1912 1350 1980">(v) which includes information on traceability</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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19.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., other than fruits of <i>Citrus aurantium</i> L. or <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Tanaka, which originate in Argentina, Brazil, South Africa or Uruguay and are not destined exclusively for industrial processing into juice	<p>The fruits must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or the phytosanitary certificate for re-export and has been previously notified in writing to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation;</li> <li>(b) in the case of fruits originating in Brazil, be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which includes an official statement under the heading “Additional Declaration” that they meet the requirements specified in Articles 4 and 7 of Decision (EU) 2016/715;</li> <li>(c) in the case of fruits originating in South Africa or Uruguay, be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which includes an official statement under the heading “Additional Declaration” that they meet the requirements specified in Articles 5 and 7 of Decision (EU) 2016/715;</li> <li>(d) in the case of fruits originating in Argentina, be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which includes an official statement under the heading “Additional Declaration” that they meet the requirements specified in Articles 5a and 7 of Decision (EU) 2016/715</li> </ul>
20.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., other than fruits of <i>Citrus aurantium</i> L. or <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Tanaka, which originate in Argentina, Brazil, South Africa or Uruguay and are destined exclusively for industrial processing into juice	<p>The fruits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) they originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta</i></li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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		<p><i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration” and has been previously notified in writing to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation; or</p> <p>(ii) they:</p> <p>(aa) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with ISPM No. 10, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or the phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”; and</p> <p>(bb) have been found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa by official inspection of a representative sample defined in accordance with ISPM No. 31;</p> <p>(b) in the case of fruits introduced into the European Union under the derogation specified in Article 8 of Decision (EU) 2016/715, they must be:</p> <p>(i) accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which includes an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration” in accordance with Articles 9(1) and 10 of Decision (EU) 2016/715 and</p>

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		<p>the information specified in Article 9(2) of that Decision;</p> <p>(ii) packaged and labelled in accordance with Article 17 of that Decision; and</p> <p>(iii) subject to a licence granted under article 40(1) of this Order authorising their movement within Wales and, where applicable, their processing and storage in Wales</p>
21.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., originating in any third country where Tephritidae (non-European) are known to occur on these fruits	<p>The fruits must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from Tephritidae (non-European);</p> <p>(b) no signs of Tephritidae (non-European) have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of Tephritidae (non-European);</p> <p>(c) they have been shown, in appropriate official examination on representative samples, to be free from Tephritidae (non-European) in all stages of their development; or</p> <p>(d) the fruits have been subjected to an appropriate treatment, any acceptable vapour heat treatment, cold treatment, or quick freeze treatment, which has been shown to be efficient against Tephritidae (non-European) without damaging the fruit, or, where not available, chemical treatment as far as it is acceptable under European Union legislation</p>
22.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> (L.) <i>Citrus</i> L., other than <i>Citrus limon</i> (L.) Osbeck, or <i>Citrus aurantii-folia</i> (Christm.)	The fruits must be accompanied by an official statement that:

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	Swingle, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch or <i>Punica granatum</i> L., originating in any country of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius or Israel	<p>(a) they originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with ISPM No. 4;</p> <p>(b) they originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or the phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”;</p> <p>(c) they:</p> <p>(aa) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with ISPM No. 10; and</p> <p>(bb) are free from that plant pest as shown from official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, which included a visual examination on representative samples of fruit, and which includes information on traceability; or</p> <p>(d) in the case of fruits which have been subjected to an effective cold treatment or any other effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) which has previously been notified in writing to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation, they have been subjected to such a treatment, and which includes the treatment data</p>
23.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Amelanchier</i> Med., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Ehrh., <i>Crataegus</i>	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants in the field of production or its immediate vicinity

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	L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobotrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> L., <i>Photinia davidiana</i> (Dcne.) Cardot, <i>Pyracantha</i> Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. or <i>Sorbus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country	which have shown symptoms of <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> have been removed
24.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., or plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, <i>Persea</i> spp. or Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or which appear to have been in contact with growing medium, originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in a country known to be free from <i>Radopholus citrophilus</i> Huettel <i>et al.</i> and <i>Radopholus similis</i> (Cobb) Thorne; or (b) representative samples of soil and roots from the place of production have been subjected, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, to official nematological testing for at least <i>Radopholus citrophilus</i> Huettel <i>et al.</i> and <i>Radopholus similis</i> (Cobb) Thorne and have been found to be free from those plant pests
25.	Plants, other than fruit but including seeds, of <i>Aegle</i> Corrêa, <i>Aeglopsis</i> Swingle, <i>Afraegle</i> Engl., <i>Atalantia</i> Corrêa, <i>Balsamocitrus</i> Stapf, <i>Burkillanthus</i> Swingle, <i>Calodendrum</i> Thunb., <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Clausena</i> Burm. f., <i>Limonia</i> L., <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig ex L., <i>Pamburus</i> Swingle, <i>Severinia</i> Ten., <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., <i>Triphasia</i> Lour. or <i>Vepris</i> Comm., originating in any third country; or seeds of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Candidatus Liberibacter</i> spp., a causal agent of Huanglongbing disease of citrus/citrus greening
26.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Casimiroa</i> La Llave, <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Clausena</i> Burm. f., <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig ex L., <i>Vepris</i> Comm., <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L., originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in a country in which <i>Trioza erytrae</i> Del Guercio is known not to occur; (b) they originate in an area free from <i>Trioza erytrae</i> Del Guercio, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on

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		<p>the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”; or</p> <p>(c) they have been grown in a place of production:</p> <p>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin;</p> <p>(ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Trioza erythrae</i> Del Guercio; and</p> <p>(iii) where two official inspections were carried out at appropriate times during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement from the site, and no signs of that plant pest were observed in that site or in the surrounding area with a width of at least 200 m</p>
27.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Aegle</i> Corrêa, <i>Aeglopsis</i> Swingle, <i>Afraegle</i> Engl., <i>Amyris</i> P. Browne, <i>Atalantia</i> Corrêa, <i>Balsamocitrus</i> Stapf, <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Citropsis</i> Swingle & Kellermen, <i>Clausena</i> Burm. f., <i>Eremocitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Esenbeckia</i> Kunth., <i>Glycosmis</i> Corrêa, <i>Limonia</i> L., <i>Merrillia</i> Swingle, <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig ex L., <i>Naringi</i> Adans., <i>Pamburus</i> Swingle, <i>Severinia</i> Ten., <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., <i>Tetradium</i> Lour., <i>Toddalia</i> Juss., <i>Triphasia</i> Lour, <i>Vepris</i> Comm. or <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L., originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in: <p>(a) a country where <i>Diaphorina citri</i> Kuway is known not to occur; or</p> <p>(b) an area free from <i>Diaphorina citri</i> Kuway, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”</p>
28.	Plants, other than fruits or seeds, of <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Naringi</i> Adans. or <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <p>(a) they originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which has been notified in writing</p>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p>to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation; or</p> <p>(b) they originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration” and has been notified in writing to the European Commission by the national plant protection organisation</p>
29.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Crataegus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country where <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. is known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
30.	<p>Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L. or <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country where the following plant pests are known to occur on the following genera:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— on <i>Fragaria</i> L.:</li> <li>— <i>Phytophthora fragariae</i> Hickman, var. <i>fragariae</i>,</li> <li>— Arabis mosaic virus,</li> <li>— Raspberry ringspot virus,</li> <li>— Strawberry crinkle virus,</li> <li>— Strawberry latent ringspot virus,</li> <li>— Strawberry mild yellow edge virus,</li> <li>— Tomato black ring virus, or</li> <li>— <i>Xanthomonas fragariae</i> Kennedy and King;</li> <li>— on <i>Malus</i> Mill.:</li> <li>— <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev.;</li> <li>— on <i>Prunus</i> L.:</li> </ul>	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by the plant pests listed in column 2 of this item have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation



(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Apricot chlorotic leafroll mycoplasma, or</li> <li>— <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al</i>;</li> <li>— on <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch:</li> <li>— <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier <i>et al.</i>) Young <i>et al.</i>;</li> <li>— on <i>Pyrus</i> L.:</li> <li>— <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev.;</li> <li>— on <i>Rubus</i> L.:</li> <li>— Arabis mosaic virus,</li> <li>— Raspberry ringspot virus,</li> <li>— Strawberry latent ringspot virus, or</li> <li>— Tomato black ring virus; or</li> <li>— on all species:</li> <li>— non-European viruses or virus-like organisms</li> </ul>	
31.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill. or <i>Pyrus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country where Pear decline mycoplasma is known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that plants at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by Pear decline mycoplasma, have been rogued out at that place within the last three complete cycles of vegetation
32.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country where the following plant pests are known to occur: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Strawberry latent “C” virus,</li> <li>— Strawberry vein banding virus, or</li> <li>— Strawberry witches’ broom mycoplasma</li> </ul>	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least the plant pests in column 2 of this item using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those plant pests; or</li> <li>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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		<p>subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least the plant pests in column 2 of this item using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those plant pests; and</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the plant pests listed in column 2 of this item have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation</p>
33.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country where <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie is known to occur	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) no symptoms of <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or</p> <p>(b) in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants have been derived from plants which complied with paragraph (a) or have been officially tested by appropriate nematological methods and have been found free from <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie</p>
34.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus bisignifer</i> (Schenkling)
35.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Malus</i> Mill., intended for planting, originating in any third country where the following plant pests are known to occur on <i>Malus</i> Mill.: — Cherry rasp leaf virus (American), or — Tomato ringspot virus	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they have been:</p> <p>(i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least the plant</p>

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		<p>pests in column 2 of this item using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those plant pests; or</p> <p>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least the plant pests in column 2 of this item using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those plant pests; or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the plant pests listed in column 2 of this item have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation</p>
36.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Malus</i> Mill., intended for planting, originating in any third country where Apple proliferation mycoplasma is known to occur	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from Apple proliferation mycoplasma; or</p> <p>(b) other than plants raised from seeds, they have been:</p> <p>(i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least Apple proliferation mycoplasma using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that plant pest; or</p> <p>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate</p>

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		<p>conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last six complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least Apple proliferation mycoplasma using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that plant pest; and</p> <p>(ii) no symptoms of diseases caused by Apple proliferation mycoplasma have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation</p>
37.	<p>Plants, other than seeds, of the following species of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country where Plum pox virus is known to occur:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— <i>Prunus amygdalus</i> Batsch,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus blireiana</i> Andre,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus brigantina</i> Vill.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus cerasifera</i> Ehrh.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus cistena</i> Hansen,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus curdica</i> Fenzl and Fritsch.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus domestica</i> spp. domestica L.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus domestica</i> spp. insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus domestica</i> spp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus glandulosa</i> Thunb.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus holosericea</i> Batal.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus hortulana</i> Bailey,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus japonica</i> Thunb.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus mandshurica</i> (Maxim.) Koehne,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus maritima</i> Marsh.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus mume</i> Sieb and Zucc.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus nigra</i> Ait.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus salicina</i> L.,</li> </ul>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) other than plants raised from seed, they have been:</p> <p>(i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that plant pest; or</p> <p>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that plant pest; and</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of the diseases caused by Plum pox virus have been</p>

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— <i>Prunus sibirica</i> L.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus simonii</i> Carr.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus spinosa</i> L.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus tomentosa</i> Thunb.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus triloba</i> Lindl., or</li> <li>— other species of <i>Prunus</i> L.</li> </ul> <p>susceptible to Plum pox virus</p>	<p>observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation; or</p> <p>(c) plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms of disease caused by other viruses or virus-like pathogens, have been rogued out</p>
38.	<p>Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— originating in any third country where Tomato ringspot virus is known to occur on <i>Prunus</i> L.;</li> <li>— other than seeds, originating in any third country where the following plant pests are known to occur: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Cherry rasp leaf virus (American),</li> <li>— Peach mosaic virus (American),</li> <li>— Peach phony rickettsia,</li> <li>— Peach rosette mycoplasma,</li> <li>— Peach yellows mycoplasma,</li> <li>— Plum line pattern virus (American), or</li> <li>— Peach X-disease mycoplasma;</li> </ul> </li> <li>— other than seeds, originating in any country outside Europe where Little cherry pathogen is known to occur</li> </ul>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they have been:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least the relevant plant pests in column 2 of this item using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those plant pests; or</li> <li>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least the relevant plant pests listed in column 2 of this item using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those plant pests; and</li> </ul> <p>(b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant plant pests listed in column 2 of this item have been observed on the plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation</p>

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39.	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— originating in any third country where the following plant pests are known to occur on <i>Rubus</i> L.:</li> <li>— Tomato ringspot virus,</li> <li>— Black raspberry latent virus,</li> <li>— Cherry leaf roll virus, or</li> <li>— Prunus necrotic ringspot virus</li> <li>— other than seeds, originating in any third country where the following plant pests are known to occur:</li> <li>— Raspberry leaf curl virus (American), or</li> <li>— Cherry rasp leaf virus (American)</li> </ul>	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least the relevant plant pests in column 2 of this item using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those plant pests; or</li> <li>(b) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least the relevant plant pests in column 2 of this item using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from those plant pests; and</li> <li>(c) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant plant pests in column 2 of this item have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation</li> </ul>
40.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. originating in any third country where <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival is known to occur	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival (all races other than Race 1, the common European race), and no symptoms of <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of an adequate period
41.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. originating in any third country	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in a country known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> spp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottoff) Davis <i>et al.</i>

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42.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than early potatoes, originating in any third country where Potato spindle tuber viroid is known to occur	The faculty of germination in the tubers must have been suppressed
43.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country	<p>The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens and <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens;</li> <li>(b) they originate in an area in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> is known not to occur; and</li> <li>(c) they originate in an area where <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen are known not to occur; or</li> <li>(d) in areas where <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen are known to occur: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) they originate from a place of production which has been found free from <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production; or</li> <li>(ii) the tubers after harvest have been randomly sampled and, either checked for the presence of symptoms after an appropriate method to induce symptoms, or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting the tubers, at appropriate times and in all cases at the time of sealing</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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		of the packages or containers before marketing according to the provisions on sealing in Council <a href="#">Directive 2002/56/EC</a> on the marketing of seed potatoes, and no symptoms of <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden et al. (all populations) or <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen have been found
44.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those intended for planting, originating in any third country	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> is not known to occur
45.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. originating in any third country	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in: (a) a country where <i>Scrobipalopsis solanivora</i> Povolny is not known to occur; or (b) an area free from <i>Scrobipalopsis solanivora</i> Povolny, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4
46.	Plants, other than seeds, of Solanaceae, intended for planting, originating in any third country where Potato stolbur mycoplasma is known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of Potato stolbur mycoplasma have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
47.	Plants of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other than tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. or seeds of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., originating in any third country where Potato spindle tuber viroid is known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
48.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L. or <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country where <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> is known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in an area which has been found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> ; or (b) no symptoms of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the



(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
49.	Plants, other than fruits or seeds, of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. or <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with ISPM No. 4; or (b) they originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”
50.	Fruits of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. or <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., originating in any third country	The fruits must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with ISPM No. 4; (b) they originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”; or (c) they originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the last three months prior to export, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate

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		or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”
51.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> Reinke and Berthold or <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Klebahn have been observed on hops at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
52.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. or <i>Pelargonium</i> L’Hérit. ex Ait., originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area free from <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner) and <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisd.), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4;</li> <li>(b) no signs of <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner) or <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or</li> <li>(c) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from those plant pests</li> </ul>
53.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. or <i>Pelargonium</i> L’Hérit. ex Ait., originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area free from <i>Spodoptera eridania</i> (Cramer), <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> Smith and <i>Spodoptera litura</i> (Fabricius), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4;</li> <li>(b) no signs of <i>Spodoptera eridania</i> (Cramer), <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> Smith or <i>Spodoptera litura</i> (Fabricius) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or</li> <li>(c) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from those plant pests</li> </ul>
54.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul.,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
	intended for planting, originating in any third country	(a) they are no more than third generation stock derived from material which has been found to be free from <i>Chrysanthemum stunt viroid</i> during virological tests, or are directly derived from material of which a representative sample of at least 10% has been found to be free from <i>Chrysanthemum stunt viroid</i> during an official inspection carried out at the time of flowering; (b) the plants or cuttings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) have come from premises which have been officially inspected at least monthly during the three months prior to dispatch and on which no symptoms of <i>Puccinia horiana</i> Hennings have been observed during that period, and in the immediate vicinity of which no symptoms of <i>Puccinia horiana</i> Hennings have been known to have occurred during the three months prior to export; or</li> <li>(ii) have undergone appropriate treatment against <i>Puccinia horiana</i> Hennings; and</li> </ul> (c) in the case of unrooted cuttings, no symptoms of <i>Didymella ligulicola</i> (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings were derived, or that, in the case of rooted cuttings, no symptoms of <i>Didymella ligulicola</i> (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the rooting bed
55.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul. or <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have been grown throughout their life in a country free from <i>Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus</i>;</li> <li>(b) have been grown throughout their life in an area established by the national plant protection</li> </ul>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p>organisation in the country of export as being free from <i>Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus</i> in accordance with ISPM No. 4; or</p> <p>(c) the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production, established as being free from <i>Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus</i> and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing</p>
56.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have been found free from <i>Erwinia chrysanthemi</i> pv. <i>dianthicola</i> (Hellmers) Dickey, <i>Pseudomonas caryophylli</i> (Burkholder) Starr and Burkholder and <i>Phialophora cinerescens</i> (Wollenw.) Van Beyma on officially approved tests, carried out at least once within the two previous years; and</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of these plant pests have been observed on the plants</p>
57.	Bulbs of <i>Tulipa</i> L. or <i>Narcissus</i> L. other than those for which there is evidence from their packaging, or from other means, that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional cut flower production, originating in any third country	The bulbs must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
58.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Pelargonium</i> L'Hérit. ex Ait., intended for planting, originating in any third country where: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Tomato ringspot virus is known to occur, and</li> <li>— <i>Xiphinema americanum</i> Cobb sensu lato (non-European populations) or other vectors of Tomato ringspot virus are not known to occur</li> </ul>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they:</p> <p>(a) are directly derived from a place of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus; or</p> <p>(b) are of no more than fourth generation stock, derived from mother plants found to be free from Tomato ringspot virus under an officially approved system of virological testing</p>
59.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Pelargonium</i> L'Hérit. ex Ait.,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they:

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
	<p>intended for planting, originating in any third country where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Tomato ringspot virus is known to occur, and</li> <li>— <i>Xiphinema americanum</i> Cobb <i>sensu lato</i> (non-European populations) or other vectors of Tomato ringspot virus are known to occur</li> </ul>	<p>(a) are directly derived from a place of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus in the soil or plants; or</p> <p>(b) are of no more than second generation stock, derived from mother plants found to be free from Tomato ringspot virus under an officially approved system of virological testing</p>
60.	<p>Plants of herbaceous species, other than:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— bulbs,</li> <li>— corms,</li> <li>— plants of the family Gramineae,</li> <li>— rhizomes,</li> <li>— seeds, or</li> <li>— tubers,</li> </ul> <p>intended for planting, originating in any third country where <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) or <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) are known to occur</p>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown in a nursery and:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area established in the country of export by the national plant protection organisation in that country as being free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch), in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”;</p> <p>(b) originate in a place of production established in the country of export by the national plant protection organisation in that country as being free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch), in accordance with ISPM No. 10, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”, and declared free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export;</p> <p>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) and have been officially inspected and</p>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p>found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch). Details of the treatment must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export; or</p> <p>(d) they originate from plant material (explant) which is free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch), are grown in vitro in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) or <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions</p>
61.	Cut flowers of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L., <i>Gypsophila</i> L., <i>Solidago</i> L. or leafy vegetables of <i>Apium graveolens</i> L. or <i>Ocimum</i> L, originating in any third country	<p>The cut flowers and leafy vegetables must be accompanied by an official statement that they:</p> <p>(a) originate in a country free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch); or</p> <p>(b) immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch)</p>
62.	<p>Plants of herbaceous species, other than:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— bulbs,</li> <li>— corms,</li> <li>— plants of the family Gramineae,</li> <li>— rhizomes,</li> <li>— seeds, or</li> <li>— tubers,</li> </ul> <p>intended for planting, originating in any third country</p>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess);</p> <p>(b) no signs of <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) or <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting;</p> <p>(c) immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess)</p>

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p>and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess); or</p> <p>(d) they originate from plant material (explant) which is free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess), are grown in vitro in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) or <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions</p>
63.	Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in the open air, originating in any third country	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the place of production is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Speckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al. and <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival; and</p> <p>(b) the plants originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens</p>
64.	<p>Soil or growing medium that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— is attached to, or accompanies, plants for the purposes of sustaining the vitality of those plants,</li> <li>— consists wholly or partly of soil or any solid organic substance such as parts of plants or humus (including peat or bark) or partly of any solid inorganic substance, and</li> <li>— originates in Belarus, Georgia, Moldova, Russia, Turkey, Ukraine or any country outside Europe, other than Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Libya, Morocco or Tunisia</li> </ul>	<p>The growing material must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) at the time of planting it was:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) free from soil and organic matter;</li> <li>(ii) found to be free from insects and harmful nematodes and subjected to appropriate examination or heat treatment or fumigation to ensure that it was free from other plant pests; or</li> <li>(iii) subjected to appropriate heat treatment or fumigation to ensure freedom from plant pests; and</li> </ul> <p>(b) since planting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) appropriate measures have been taken to ensure that the growing material has been</li> </ul>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p>maintained free from plant pests; or</p> <p>(ii) within two weeks prior to dispatch, the plants were shaken free from the material leaving the minimum amount necessary to sustain vitality during transport, and, if replanted, the growing material used for that purpose meets the requirements in paragraph (a)</p>
65.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of Beet curly top virus (non-European isolates) have been observed since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
66.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country in which Beet leaf curl virus is known to occur	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) Beet leaf curl virus has not been known to occur in the area of production; and</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of Beet curly top virus have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation</p>
67.	<p>Plants, other than:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— bulbs,</li> <li>— corms,</li> <li>— rhizomes,</li> <li>— seeds, or</li> <li>— tubers,</li> </ul> <p>intended for planting, originating in any third country</p>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown in a nursery and:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area established in the country of export by the national plant protection organisation in that country as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”;</p> <p>(b) originate in a place of production established in the country of export by the national plant protection organisation in that country as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, in accordance with ISPM No. 10, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate</p>



(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p>or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”, and declared free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export;</p> <p>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny. Details of the treatment must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export; or</p> <p>(d) they originate from plant material (explant) which is free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, are grown in vitro in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions</p>
68.	Cut flowers of Orchidaceae or fruits of <i>Momordica</i> L. or <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., originating in any third country	<p>The cut flowers and fruits must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they originate in a country free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny; or</p> <p>(b) immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny</p>
69.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> L., originating in Belize, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico, the USA or French Polynesia where <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano is known to occur	<p>The fruits must be accompanied by an official statement that they:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”; or</p> <p>(b) originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection</p>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p>organisation in that country, as being free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano in accordance with ISPM No. 10, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”, and declared free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export at the place of production and its immediate vicinity</p>
70.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Palmae</i> , intended for planting, originating in any country outside Europe	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasma and Cadang-Cadang viroid, and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation;</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasma or Cadang-Cadang viroid have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the diseases have been rogued out at that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of <i>Myndus crudus</i> Van Duzee; or</li> <li>(c) in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants were derived from plants which have met the requirements in paragraphs (a) or (b)</li> </ul>
71.	Plants of <i>Palmae</i> , intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— <i>Brahea</i> Mart,</li> <li>— <i>Butia</i> Becc.,</li> <li>— <i>Chamaerops</i> L.,</li> </ul>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have been grown throughout their life in a country where <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) is not known to occur;</li> </ul>

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— <i>Jubaea</i> Kunth,</li> <li>— <i>Livistona</i> R. Br.,</li> <li>— <i>Phoenix</i> L.,</li> <li>— <i>Sabal</i> Adans.,</li> <li>— <i>Syagrus</i> Mart.,</li> <li>— <i>Trachycarpus</i> H. Wendl.,</li> <li>— <i>Trithrinax</i> Mart.,</li> <li>— <i>Washingtonia</i> Raf.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(b) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4;</li> <li>(c) have, during a period of at least two years prior to export, been grown in a place of production: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin;</li> <li>(ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) or with the application of appropriate preventive treatments; and</li> <li>(iii) where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to export, no signs of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) have been observed</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
72.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Fuchsia</i> L., intended for planting, originating in the USA or Brazil	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Aculops fuchsiae</i> Keifer have been observed at the place of production and that immediately prior to export the plants have been inspected and found free from <i>Aculops fuchsiae</i> Keifer
73.	Trees or shrubs, other than seeds or plants in tissue culture, intended for planting, originating in any third country other than a country in the Euro-Mediterranean area	The trees and shrubs must be accompanied by an official statement that they: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have been grown in a nursery;</li> <li>(b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits; and</li> <li>(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses, and virus-like organisms, and either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to</li> </ul>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms
74.	Deciduous trees or shrubs, other than seeds or plants in tissue culture, intended for planting, originating in any third country other than a country in the Euro-Mediterranean area	The trees and shrubs must be accompanied by an official statement that they are dormant and free from leaves
75.	Annual or biennial plants, other than plants of Gramineae or seeds, intended for planting, originating in any third country other than a country in the Euro-Mediterranean area	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have been grown in a nursery;</li> <li>(b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits; and</li> <li>(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export; and <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms; and</li> <li>(ii) found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
76.	Plants, other than seeds, of the family Gramineae, of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies Bambusoideae, Panicoideae or of the genera <i>Buchloe</i> , <i>Bouteloua</i> Lag., <i>Calamagrostis</i> , <i>Cortaderia</i> Stapf., <i>Glyceria</i> R. Br., <i>Hakonechloa</i> Mak. ex. Honda, <i>Hystrix</i> , <i>Molinia</i> , <i>Phalaris</i> L. <i>Shibataea</i> , <i>Spartina</i> Schreb., <i>Stipa</i> L. or <i>Uniola</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country other than a country in the Euro-Mediterranean area	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have been grown in a nursery;</li> <li>(b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits;</li> <li>(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export; and <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms; and</li> <li>(ii) found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
77.	Naturally or artificially dwarfed plants, other than seeds, intended for planting, originating in any third country outside Europe	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the plants, including those collected directly from natural habitats, have been grown, held and trained for at least two consecutive years prior to dispatch in an officially registered nursery which is subject to an</li> </ul>

<i>(1)</i> <i>Item</i>	<i>(2)</i> <i>Description of relevant material</i>	<i>(3)</i> <i>Requirement of landing</i>
		<p>officially supervised control regime; and</p> <p>(b) the plants have at least during that period:</p> <p>(i) been potted in pots which have been placed on shelves at least 50 cm above ground;</p> <p>(ii) have been subjected to appropriate treatments to ensure freedom from non-European rusts (and the active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment”);</p> <p>(iii) have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriate intervals for the presence of plant pests mentioned in the Schedules to this Order, along with the plants in the immediate vicinity of the nursery, by visual examination of each row in the field or nursery and all parts of the plant above the growing medium, using a random sample of at least 300 plants from a given genus where the number of plants of that genus is not more than 3,000 plants, or 10% of the plants if there are more than 3,000 plants from that genus;</p> <p>(iv) have been found free, in the inspections referred to in paragraph (iii), from the relevant plant pests or where infested, have been removed, and the remaining plants have been effectively treated and held for an appropriate period and inspected to ensure freedom from such plant pests;</p> <p>(v) have been planted in an unused artificial growing</p>

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<i>(1)</i> <i>Item</i>	<i>(2)</i> <i>Description of relevant material</i>	<i>(3)</i> <i>Requirement of landing</i>
		<p>medium or in a natural growing medium which has been treated by fumigation or by appropriate heat treatment and examined afterwards and found free of any plant pests; and</p> <p>(vi) have been kept under conditions which ensure that the growing medium has been maintained free from plant pests and within two weeks prior to dispatch, have been:</p> <p>(aa) shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and kept bare rooted; or</p> <p>(bb) shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and replanted in growing medium which meets the conditions in paragraph (v); or</p> <p>(cc) subjected to appropriate treatments to ensure that the growing medium is free from plant pests (and the active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment”); and</p> <p>(c) the plants have been packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and bear the registration number of the registered nursery, and the registration number must be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading</p>

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		“Additional declaration” for identification purposes
78.	Herbaceous perennial plants, other than seeds, intended for planting, of the families Caryophyllaceae (except <i>Dianthus</i> L.), <i>Compositae</i> (except <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., Cruciferae, Leguminosae or Rosaceae (except <i>Fragaria</i> L.), originating in any third country other than a country in the Euro-Mediterranean area	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have been grown in a nursery;</li> <li>(b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits; and</li> <li>(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export and found free from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses, and virus-like organisms; and</li> <li>(ii) signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
79.	Plants, other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds or tubers, of herbaceous species or plants of <i>Ficus</i> L. or <i>Hibiscus</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any country outside Europe	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area established in the country of export by the national plant protection organisation in that country as being free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations), in accordance with ISPM No. 4, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”;</li> <li>(b) they originate in a place of production established in the country of export by the national plant protection organisation in that country as being free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations), in accordance with ISPM No. 10, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “Additional declaration”, and declared free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) on official inspections carried out at least once each three</li> </ul>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p>weeks during the nine weeks prior to export;</p> <p>(c) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) has been found at the place of production, they are held or produced in this place of production and have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) and subsequently this place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) in official inspections carried out weekly during the nine weeks prior to export and in monitoring procedures throughout the period. Details of the treatment must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export; or</p> <p>(d) they originate from plant material (explant) which is free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations), are grown in vitro in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions</p>
80.	Cut flowers of <i>Aster</i> spp., <i>Eryngium</i> L., <i>Gypsophila</i> L., <i>Hypericum</i> L., <i>Lisianthus</i> L., <i>Rosa</i> L., <i>Solidago</i> L. or <i>Trachelium</i> L. or leafy vegetables of <i>Ocimum</i> L., originating in any country outside Europe	<p>The cut flowers and leafy flowers must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they originate in a country free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations); or</p> <p>(b) immediately prior to their export, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations)</p>
81.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., intended for	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of



(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
	planting, originating in any third country where Tomato yellow leaf curl virus is known to occur and <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. is not known to occur	Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the plants
82.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country where Tomato yellow leaf curl virus and <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. are known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the plants; and (i) the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn.; or (ii) the place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export; or (b) no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed at the place of production and the place of production has been subjected to an appropriate treatment and monitoring regime to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn.
83.	Plants, other than seeds, bulbs, tubers, corms or rhizomes, intended for planting, originating in any third country where the following plants pests are known to occur: — Bean golden mosaic virus, — Cowpea mild mottle virus, — Lettuce infectious yellow virus, — Pepper mild tigré virus, — Squash leaf curl virus, or — other viruses transmitted by  <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn., and where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) or other vectors of the relevant plant pests are not known to occur	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of the relevant plant pests in column 2 of this item have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation
84.	Plants, other than seeds, bulbs, tubers, corms or rhizomes, intended for planting, originating in any third	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of the relevant plant pests in column 2 of this

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
	<p>country where the following plants pests are known to occur:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Bean golden mosaic virus,</li> <li>— Cowpea mild mottle virus,</li> <li>— Lettuce infectious yellow virus,</li> <li>— Pepper mild tigré virus,</li> <li>— Squash leaf curl virus, or</li> <li>— other viruses transmitted by <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn., and where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) or other vectors of the relevant plant pests are known to occur</li> </ul>	<p>item have been observed on the plants during an adequate period, and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. and other vectors of the plant pests;</li> <li>(b) the place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. and other vectors of the plant pests on official inspections carried out at appropriate times;</li> <li>(c) the plants have been subjected to an appropriate treatment aimed at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn.; or</li> <li>(d) the plants originate from plant material (explant) which is free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) and which did not show any symptoms of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations), are grown in vitro in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions</li> </ul>
85.	Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L., originating in any third country	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni; or</li> <li>(b) other than those that have been produced on varieties resistant to all races of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni present in the area of production, they have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni</li> </ul>
86.	Seeds of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., originating in any third country	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid extraction method and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area where <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis et al., <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv.</li> </ul>

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p><i>vesicatoria</i> (Doidge) Dye or Potato spindle tuber viroid are not known to occur;</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of the diseases caused by those plant pests have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or</p> <p>(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for at least those plant pests on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found free from those plant pests</p>
87.	Seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L., originating in any third country	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev has been revealed by laboratory tests on a representative sample;</p> <p>(b) fumigation has taken place prior to export; or</p> <p>(c) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate physical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev and have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample</p>
88.	Seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L., originating in any third country where <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> Davis et al. is known to occur	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last 10 years;</p> <p>(b) either:</p> <p>(i) the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> Davis et al.;</p> <p>(ii) it has not yet started its fourth complete cycle of vegetation from sowing when the seed</p>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p>was harvested, and there was not more than one preceding seed harvest from the crop; or</p> <p>(iii) the content of inert matter which has been determined in accordance with the rules applicable for the certification of seed marketed in the European Union, does not exceed 0.1% by weight;</p> <p>(c) no symptoms of <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> Davis et al. have been observed at the place of production, or on any <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. crop adjacent to it, during the last complete cycle of vegetation or, where appropriate, the last two cycles of vegetation; and</p> <p>(d) the crop has been grown on land on which no previous <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. crop has been present during the last three years prior to sowing</p>
89.	Seeds of <i>Oryza sativa</i> L., originating in any third country	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they have been officially tested by appropriate nematological tests and have been found free from <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie; or</p> <p>(b) they have been subjected to an appropriate hot water treatment or other appropriate treatment against <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie</p>
90.	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> L., originating in any third country	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Dye; or</p> <p>(b) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Dye</p>
91.	Seeds of <i>Zea mays</i> L., originating in any third country	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Erwinia stewartii</i> (Smith) Dye; or</p>

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		(b) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Erwinia stewartii</i> (Smith) Dye
92.	Seeds of the genera <i>Triticum</i> , <i>Secale</i> or <i>X Triticosecale</i> from Afghanistan, India, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa or the USA where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known to occur	The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that they originate in an area where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur, and the name of the area must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export
93.	Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> , <i>Secale</i> or <i>X Triticosecale</i> from Afghanistan, India, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa or the USA where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known to occur	The grain must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) it originates in an area where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur, and the name of the area must be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “place of origin”; or (b) no symptoms of <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation and representative samples of the grain have been taken both at the time of harvest and before shipment and have been tested and found free from <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra, which must be evidenced by a statement “tested and found free from <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra” on the phytosanitary certificate or phytosanitary certificate for re-export under the heading “name of produce”
94.	Susceptible plants within the meaning of Article 1(2) of <a href="#">Decision 2002/757/EC</a> originating in the USA	The plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate or a phytosanitary certificate for re-export which includes: (a) an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration” that they: (i) meet the requirements in point 1a(a) or 1a(b) of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2002/757/EC</a> ; and (ii) have been found free from non-European isolates of

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		<p><i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> Werres, De Cock &amp; Man in't Veld sp. nov.; and</p> <p>(b) where point 1a(a) of that Annex applies, the name of the area in which they originate under the heading "place of origin"</p>
95.	Susceptible plants within the meaning of Article 1(b) of <a href="#">Decision 2007/365/EC</a> originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate or a phytosanitary certificate for re-export which includes an official statement under the heading "Additional declaration" that the plants, including those collected from natural habitats, meet the requirements specified in point 1(a), (b) or (c) of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2007/365/EC</a>
96.	Specified plants within the meaning given in Article 1(2) of <a href="#">Decision 2007/433/EC</a> originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate or a phytosanitary certificate for re-export which includes an official statement under the heading "Additional declaration" that they: <p>(a) originate in a place of production which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin; and</p> <p>(b) meet the requirements specified in point 1(a), (b) or (c) of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2007/433/EC</a></p>
97.	Specified plants within the meaning of Article 1(a) of <a href="#">Decision 2012/138/EU</a> originating in China	The plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate or a phytosanitary certificate for re-export which includes: <p>(a) an official statement under the heading "Additional declaration" in accordance with point 1 of Section 1(B) of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2012/138/EU</a>; and</p> <p>(b) where point 1(b) of that Section applies, the place of production of the plants must meet the requirements specified in Article 1(c) of <a href="#">Decision 2012/138/EU</a></p>
98.	Specified plants within the meaning of Article 1(a) of <a href="#">Decision 2012/138/EU</a> originating in any third country where <i>Anoplophora</i>	The plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate or a phytosanitary certificate for re-export which includes:

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
	<i>chinensis</i> (Forster) is known to be present, other than China	(a) an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration” in accordance with point 1 of Section 1(A) of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2012/138/EU</a> ; and (b) where point 1(a) of that Section applies, the name of the relevant pest-free area under the heading “place of origin”
99.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., intended for planting, originating in any third country where <i>Epitrix cucumeris</i> (Harris), <i>Epitrix papa</i> sp.n, <i>Epitrix subcrinita</i> (Lec.) or <i>Epitrix tuberis</i> (Gentner) is known to be present	The tubers must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which includes an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration” in accordance with Section 1 of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2012/270/EU</a>
100.	Plants, other than seeds, intended for planting, which can only grow in water or soil that is permanently saturated with water and which originate in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which includes an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration” in accordance with Section I of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2012/697/EU</a>
101.	Live pollen of <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl. or plants, other than seeds, of <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl. intended for planting, originating in any third country	The live pollen or plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which includes an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration” in accordance with Section I of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision (EU) 2017/198</a>
102.	Specified plants within the meaning of Article 1(c) of <a href="#">Decision (EU) 2015/789</a> originating in any third country, other than a third country where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to be present	The plants must: (a) originate in a third country which has been notified to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation in accordance with Article 16(a) of <a href="#">Decision (EU) 2015/789</a> ; and (b) be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which includes an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration”; (i) in accordance with Article 16(b) of that <a href="#">Decision</a> ; or (ii) in the case of plants, other than seeds, intended for planting, of <i>Coffea</i> , <i>Lavandula dentata</i> L., <i>Nerium oleander</i> L., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Polygala myrtifolia</i> L. or <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D.A.

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirement of landing
		Webb, in accordance with Article 16(b) and the second sub-paragraph of Article 16 of that Decision
103.	Specified plants within the meaning of Article 1(c) of Decision (EU) 2015/789 originating in any third country where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to be present	<p>The plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) in the case of plants originating in an area which has been established as free from <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) in accordance with ISPM No. 4 and has been notified to the European Commission by the relevant national plant protection organisation in accordance with Article 17(2)(a) of Decision (EU) 2015/789, the name of the area under the heading “place of origin”;</li> <li>(b) in the case of plants which originate in an area where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to be present and have not been grown for their entire production cycle <i>in vitro</i>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration” in accordance with Article 17(3) of that Decision; and</li> <li>(ii) the name of the site from which they originate under the heading “place of origin”;</li> </ul> </li> <li>(c) in the case of plants which originate in an area where <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.) is known to be present and have been grown for their entire production cycle <i>in vitro</i>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration” in accordance with Article 17(3a) of that Decision; and</li> <li>(ii) the name of the site from which they originate under the heading “place of origin”</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
104.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Mangifera</i> L. originating in India	The plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which includes an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration” describing the



(1) <i>Item</i>	(2) <i>Description of relevant material</i>	(3) <i>Requirement of landing</i>
		appropriate measures taken to ensure freedom from harmful organisms
105.	Specified plants within the meaning of Article 1(a) of Decision (EU) 2015/893 originating in any third country where <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) is known to be present	The plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate or a phytosanitary certificate for re-export which includes— (a) an official statement under the heading “Additional declaration” that they meet the requirements specified in point (1)(a), (b) or (c) of Section 1(A) of Annex II to Decision (EU) 2015/893; and (b) where point (1)(a) of that Section applies, the name of the relevant pest-free area under the heading “place of origin”
106.	Plants of <i>Fraxinus</i> L., intended for planting originating in any third country	The plants must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate which has been issued by the national plant protection organisation of the country from which the plants originate and which includes under the heading “Additional declaration” an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area which has been established and is maintained as an area free from <i>Chalara fraxinea</i> T. Kowalski (including its teleomorph <i>Hymenoscyphus pseudoalbidus</i> ) in accordance with ISPM No. 4

## PART B

Relevant material, from the European Union, which may only be introduced into or moved within Wales if special requirements are complied with

(1) <i>Item</i>	(2) <i>Description of relevant material</i>	(3) <i>Requirements of introduction</i>
(1) <i>Item</i>	(2) <i>Description of relevant material</i>	(3) <i>Requirements of introduction</i>
1.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Scirrhia pini</i> Funk and Parker have been observed at the place of production or in

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(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Item</i>	Description of relevant material	<i>Requirements of introduction</i>
		its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
2.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr. or <i>Tsuga</i> Carr., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
3.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
4.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. or <i>Quercus</i> L., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr; or</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation</li> </ul>
5.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Platanus</i> L., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. &amp; T.C. Harr.; or</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. &amp; T.C. Harr have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation</li> </ul>
6.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Ulmus</i> L., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma ulmi</i> have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
7.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Amelanchier</i> Med., <i>Chaenonmeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Ehrh., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill.,	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirements of introduction
	<i>Eriobotrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> L., <i>Photinia davidiana</i> (Dcne.) Cardot, <i>Pyracantha</i> Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. or <i>Sorbus</i> L., intended for planting	(a) they originate in a zone recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> ; or (b) the plants in the field of production or in its immediate vicinity which have shown symptoms of <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> have been rogued out
8.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf.	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio <i>et al.</i>, <i>Phoma tracheiphila</i> (Petri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili and <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (European strains);</li> <li>(b) the plants derive from a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official individual testing for, at least, <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (European strains), using appropriate tests or methods in line with international standards, and have been growing permanently in an insect proof glasshouse or isolated cage on which no symptoms of <i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio <i>et al.</i>, <i>Phoma tracheiphila</i> (Petri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili or <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (European strains) have been observed; or</li> <li>(c) they:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) have been derived from a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official individual testing for, at least, <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (European strains), using appropriate tests or methods in line with international standards, and has been found</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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		<p>free from <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (European strains) and certified free from at least <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (European strains) in official individual tests carried out according to the methods mentioned in this paragraph; and</p> <p>(ii) have been inspected and no symptoms of <i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio <i>et al.</i>, <i>Phoma tracheiphila</i> (Petri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili or <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (European strains) have been observed since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation</p>
9.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Casimiroa</i> La Llave, <i>Clausena</i> Burm. f., <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig ex L., <i>Vepris</i> Comm., or <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L.	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they originate in an area free from <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4;</p> <p>(b) they have been grown in a place of production:</p> <p>(i) which is registered and supervised by the relevant competent authority in the member State of origin;</p> <p>(ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio; and</p> <p>(iii) where two official inspections were carried out at appropriate times during the last complete cycle of vegetation prior to their movement from the site, and no signs of that plant pest were observed in that site or in the surrounding area with a width of at least 200 m</p>
10.	Plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, <i>Persea</i> spp. or Strelitziaceae, rooted or	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:

(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Item</i>	Description of relevant material	<i>Requirements of introduction</i>
	with growing medium attached or which appear to have been in contact with growing medium	(a) no contamination by <i>Radopholus similis</i> (Cobb) Thorne has been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or (b) soil and roots from suspected plants have been subjected since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation to official nematological testing for at least <i>Radopholus similis</i> (Cobb) Thorne and have been found to be free from that plant pest
11.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L. or <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in an area known to be free from the following plant pests: (i) in the case of <i>Fragaria</i> L.: — <i>Phytophthora fragariae</i> Hickman var. <i>fragariae</i> , — Arabis mosaic virus, — Raspberry ringspot virus, — Strawberry crinkle virus, — Strawberry latent ringspot virus, — Strawberry mild yellow edge virus, — Tomato black ring virus, — <i>Xanthomonas fragariae</i> Kennedy and King; (ii) in the case of <i>Prunus</i> L.: — Apricot chlorotic leafroll mycoplasma, — <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al; (iii) in the case of <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch: — <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier et al.) Young et al.; and (iv) in the case of <i>Rubus</i> L.: — Arabis mosaic virus, — Raspberry ringspot virus,

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Strawberry latent ringspot virus,</li> <li>— Tomato black ring virus; or</li> </ul>
		(b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the plant pests in paragraph (a) have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
12.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill. or <i>Pyrus</i> L., intended for planting	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from Pear decline mycoplasma; or</li> <li>(b) plants at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by Pear decline mycoplasma, have been rogued out at that place within the last three complete cycles of vegetation</li> </ul>
13.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie;</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or</li> <li>(c) in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants have been derived from plants complying with paragraph (b) or have been officially tested by appropriate nematological methods and have been found free from <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie</li> </ul>
14.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Malus</i> Mill., intended for planting	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from Apple proliferation mycoplasma; or</li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Item</i>	Description of relevant material	<i>Requirements of introduction</i>
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(b) other than plants raised from seed, they have been:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official testing for at least Apple proliferation mycoplasma using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that plant pest; or</li> <li>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last six complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least Apple proliferation mycoplasma using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that plant pest; and</li> </ul> </li> <li>(c) no symptoms of diseases caused by Apple proliferation mycoplasma have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation</li> </ul>
15.	Plants, other than seeds, of the following species of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— <i>Prunus amygdalus</i> Batsch,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus blireiana</i> Andre,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus brigantina</i> Vill.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus cerasifera</i> Ehrh.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus cistena</i> Hansen,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus curdica</i> Fenzl and Fritsch.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus domestica</i> spp. <i>domestica</i> L.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus domestica</i> spp. <i>insititia</i> (L.) C.K. Schneid.,</li> </ul>	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from Plum pox virus;</li> <li>(b) other than plants raised from seed, they have been:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— <i>Prunus domestica</i> spp. <i>italica</i> (Borkh.) Hegi.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus glandulosa</i> Thunb.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus holosericea</i> Batal.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus hortulana</i> Bailey,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus japonica</i> Thunb.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus mandshurica</i> (Maxim.) Koehne,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus maritima</i> Marsh.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus mume</i> Sieb. and Zucc.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus nigra</i> Ait.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus salicina</i> L.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus sibirica</i> L.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus simonii</i> Carr.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus spinosa</i> L.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus tomentosa</i> Thunb.,</li> <li>— <i>Prunus triloba</i> Lindl., or</li> <li>— other species of <i>Prunus</i> L. susceptible to Plum pox virus</li> </ul>	<p>testing for, at least, Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that plant pest; or</p> <p>(ii) derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, at least once within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, to official testing for at least Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free from that plant pest; and</p> <p>(c) no symptoms of disease caused by Plum pox virus have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation; and</p> <p>(d) plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms of disease caused by other viruses or virus-like pathogens, have been rogued out</p>
16.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Vitis</i> L.	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO or <i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i> (Panagopoulos) Willems <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the mother-stock plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last two complete cycles of vegetation
17.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., intended for planting	<p>The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the European Union provisions to combat <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival have been complied with;</p> <p>(b) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> spp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottoff) Davis <i>et al.</i> or the European Union provisions to combat</p>



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		<p><i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> spp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottoff) Davis <i>et al.</i> have been complied with;</p> <p>(c) they originate in an area in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i></p> <p>(i) is known not to occur; or</p> <p>(ii) is known to occur, and the tubers originate from a place of production found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> or considered to be free of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aimed at eradicating <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i>; and</p> <p>(d) they originate in an area in which <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen are known not to occur or an area in which <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) or <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen are known to occur and:</p> <p>(i) they originate from a place of production which has been found free from <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production; or</p> <p>(ii) the tubers after harvest have been randomly sampled and checked for the presence of symptoms after an</p>

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(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Item</i>	Description of relevant material	<i>Requirements of introduction</i>
		appropriate method to induce symptoms or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually, both externally and by cutting the tubers, at appropriate times and in all cases at the time of sealing of the packages or containers before marketing according to the provisions on sealing in Council <a href="#">Directive 2002/56/EC</a> on the marketing of seed potatoes <sup>(1)</sup> , and no symptoms of <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) or <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen have been found
18.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., intended for planting, other than those to be planted in accordance with Article 4(4)(b) of <a href="#">Directive 2007/33/EC</a>	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that the European Union provisions to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with
19.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., intended for planting, other than tubers of those varieties accepted in one or more member States pursuant to Council <a href="#">Directive 2002/53/EC</a> on the common catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species <sup>(2)</sup>	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that they: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) belong to advanced selections, such a statement being indicated in an appropriate way on the document accompanying the tubers;</li> <li>(b) have been produced within the European Union;</li> <li>(c) have been derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected within the European Union to official quarantine testing in accordance with appropriate methods and has been found free from plant pests</li> </ul>
20.	Plants of stolon- or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., intended for planting, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. specified in column 2 of items 17 to 19,	The plants must have been held under quarantine conditions and:

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 60, to which there are amendments not relevant to this Order.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 193, 20.7.2002, p. 1, as amended by Regulation [\(EC\) No 1829/2003](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ No L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 1).

(1) <i>Item</i>	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) <i>Requirements of introduction</i>
	culture maintenance material being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections or seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., specified in column 2 of item 21	<p>(a) must have been found free of any plant pests in quarantine testing which was:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) supervised by the responsible official body of the member State concerned and executed by scientifically trained staff of that organisation or any officially approved body;</li> <li>(ii) executed at a site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain plant pests and maintain the material including indicator plants in such a way as to eliminate any risk of plant pests spreading;</li> <li>(iii) executed on each unit of the material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(aa) by visual examination at regular intervals during the full length of at least one vegetative cycle, having regard to the type of material and its stage of development during the testing programme, for symptoms caused by any plant pests; and</li> <li>(bb) by testing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— in the case of all potato material at least for:</li> <li>— Andean potato latent virus,</li> <li>— Arracacha virus B. oca strain,</li> <li>— Potato black ringspot virus,</li> <li>— Potato spindle tuber viroid,</li> <li>— Potato virus T,</li> <li>— Andean potato mottle virus,</li> <li>— common potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Y<sup>o</sup>, Y<sub>n</sub> and Y<sub>c</sub>) and</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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		<p>Potato leaf roll virus,                      — <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> spp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kottoff) Davis <i>et al.</i>                      — <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i>;                      — in the case of seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those specified in column 2 of item 21, at least for the viruses and viroid listed above; and</p> <p>(iv) included appropriate testing on any other symptom observed in the visual examination in order to identify the plant pests having caused such symptoms;</p> <p>(b) any material which has not been found free, under the testing referred to in paragraph (a) from plant pests specified in that paragraph must have been immediately destroyed or subjected to procedures which eliminate the plant pests; and</p> <p>(c) each organisation or research body holding this material must inform their official member State Plant Protection Organisation of the material held</p>
21.	Seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L, other than those specified in column 2 of item 22	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement:</p> <p>(a) that they:</p> <p>(i) derive from plants complying with the requirements specified in column 3 of items 17 to 20; and</p> <p>(ii) originate in areas known to be free from <i>Synchytrium</i></p>

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		<p><i>endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival, <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis <i>et al.</i>, <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> and Potato spindle tuber viroid; or</p> <p>(b) that they have been produced in a site in which no symptoms of the disease caused by those plant pests have been observed since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation and where the following actions have been taken:</p> <p>(i) the site has been separated from other solanaceous plants and other host plants of Potato spindle tuber viroid;</p> <p>(ii) staff and other items, such as tools, machinery, vehicles, vessels and packaging material, from other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been prevented from coming into contact with the site or other appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infection by staff working, or items used, at other sites producing solanaceous plants and other host plants of Potato spindle tuber viroid;</p> <p>(iii) only water free from those plant pests has been used</p>
22.	Plants of stolon- or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., intended for planting, being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections	Each organisation or research body holding such material must inform their official member State Plant Protection Organisation of the material held
23.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in column 2 of items 18 to 22	There must be evidence by a registration number put on the packaging, or in the case of loose-loaded potatoes transported in bulk, on the vehicle transporting the potatoes, that the potatoes have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially

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		<p>registered collective storage or dispatching centres located in the area of production, indicating that the tubers are free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> and that the following provisions are complied with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the European Union provisions to combat <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival;</li> <li>(b) where appropriate, the European Union provisions to combat <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis <i>et al.</i>; and</li> <li>(c) the European Union provisions to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens</li> </ul>
24.	Plants, other than seeds, of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other than plants mentioned in column 2 of items 22 and 23	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from Potato stolbur mycoplasma; or</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of Potato stolbur mycoplasma have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation</li> </ul>
25.	Plants with roots of <i>Capsicum</i> spp., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. or <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., intended for planting, other than those to be planted in accordance with Article 4(4)(a) of <a href="#">Directive 2007/33/EC</a>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the European Union provisions to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with</p>
26.	Plants with roots of <i>Capsicum</i> spp., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L. or <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., intended for planting	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> or</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation</li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Item</i>	Description of relevant material	<i>Requirements of introduction</i>
27.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> Reinke and Berthold or <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Klebahn have been observed on hops at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
28.	Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: — <i>Brahea</i> Mart., — <i>Butia</i> Becc., — <i>Chamaerops</i> L., — <i>Jubaea</i> Kunth, — <i>Livistona</i> R. Br., — <i>Phoenix</i> L., — <i>Sabal</i> Adans., — <i>Syagrus</i> Mart., — <i>Trachycarpus</i> H. Wendl., — <i>Trithrinax</i> Mart., — <i>Washingtonia</i> Raf.	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they: (a) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4; (b) have, during a period of at least two years prior to export, been grown in a place of production: (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin; (ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) or with the application of appropriate preventive treatments; and (iii) where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, no signs of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) have been observed
29.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. or <i>Pelargonium</i> L'Hérit. ex Ait., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they originate in an area free from <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner) and <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisd.), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4; (b) no signs of <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> (Hübner) or <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the

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		<p>beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or</p> <p>(c) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from those plant pests</p>
30.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they are of no more than third generation stock derived from material which has been found to be free from <i>Chrysanthemum stunt viroid</i> during virological tests, or are directly derived from material of which a representative sample of at least 10% has been found to be free from <i>Chrysanthemum stunt viroid</i> during an official inspection carried out at the time of flowering;</p> <p>(b) the plants or cuttings:</p> <p>(i) have come from premises which have been officially inspected at least monthly during the three months prior to dispatch and on which no symptoms of <i>Puccinia horiana</i> Hennings have been observed during that period, and in the immediate vicinity of which no symptoms of <i>Puccinia horiana</i> Hennings have been known to have occurred during the three months prior to marketing; or</p> <p>(ii) have undergone appropriate treatment against <i>Puccinia horiana</i> Hennings; and</p> <p>(c) in the case of unrooted cuttings, no symptoms of <i>Didymella ligulicola</i> (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed on the cuttings or the plants from which the cuttings were derived or, in the case of rooted cuttings, no symptoms of <i>Didymella ligulicola</i> (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the rooting bed</p>
31.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:



(1)	(2)	(3)
Item	Description of relevant material	<i>Requirements of introduction</i>
		<p>(a) they have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have been found free from <i>Erwinia chrysanthemi</i> pv. <i>Dianthicola</i> (Hellmers) Dickey, <i>Pseudomonas caryophylli</i> (Burkholder) Starr and Burkholder and <i>Phialophora cinerescens</i> (Wollenw.) Van Beyma on officially approved tests, carried out at least once within the two previous years; and</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of these plant pests have been observed on the plants</p>
32.	Bulbs of <i>Tulipa</i> L. or <i>Narcissus</i> L. other than those for which there is evidence from their packaging, or from other means, that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional cut-flower production	The bulbs must be accompanied by an official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Fililjev have been observed on the bulbs since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
33.	Plants of herbaceous species, other than: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— bulbs,</li> <li>— corms,</li> <li>— plants of the family Gramineae,</li> <li>— rhizomes,</li> <li>— seeds, or</li> <li>— tubers,</li> </ul> intended for planting	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area known to be free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess);</p> <p>(b) no signs of <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) or <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting;</p> <p>(c) immediately prior to marketing, the plants have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess); or</p> <p>(d) they originate from plant material (explant) which is free from <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess), are grown <i>in vitro</i> in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude</p>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirements of introduction
		the possibility of infestation with <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions
34.	Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in the open air	There must be evidence that the place of production is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis <i>et al.</i> and <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival
35.	Plants with roots grown in the open air of <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L., <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., <i>Brassica</i> spp. or <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than those plants to be planted in accordance with Article 4.4(a) or (c) of <a href="#">Directive 2007/33/EC</a>	There must be evidence that the European Union provisions to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with
36.	Bulbs, tubers or rhizomes, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium ascalonicum</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Dahlia</i> spp., <i>Gladiolus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> spp., <i>Iris</i> spp., <i>Lilium</i> spp., <i>Narcissus</i> L. or <i>Tulipa</i> L., other than those bulbs, tubers or rhizomes to be planted in accordance with Article 4.4(a) or (c) of <a href="#">Directive 2007/33/EC</a>	There must be evidence that the European Union provisions to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with
37.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from Beet leaf curl virus; or</li> <li>(b) Beet leaf curl virus has not been known to occur in the area of production and no symptoms of Beet curly top virus have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation</li> </ul>
38.	Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.	The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni; or</li> <li>(b) other than those that have been produced on varieties resistant to all races of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i></li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Item	Description of relevant material	<i>Requirements of introduction</i>
39.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., intended for planting	<p>(Farlow) Berl. and de Toni present in the area of production, they have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni</p> <p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from Tomato yellow leaf curl virus;</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the plants; and <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn.; or</li> <li>(ii) the place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export; or</li> </ul> </li> <li>(c) no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed at the place of production and the place of production has been subjected to an appropriate treatment and monitoring regime to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn.</li> </ul>
40.	Seeds, of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid extraction method and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area where <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et al.</i>, or <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>vesicatoria</i> (Doidge) Dye is not known to occur;</li> <li>(b) no symptoms of diseases caused by those plant pests have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or</li> <li>(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for at least those plant pests, on a representative</li> </ul>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) <i>Requirements of introduction</i>
41.	Seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	<p>sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found free from those plant pests</p> <p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev has been revealed by laboratory tests on a representative sample;</li> <li>(b) fumigation has taken place prior to marketing; or</li> <li>(c) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate physical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev and have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample</li> </ul>
42.	Seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> Davis <i>et al.</i>; or</li> <li>(b) <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> Davis <i>et al.</i> has not been known to occur on the farm or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last 10 years; and <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> Davis <i>et al.</i>;</li> <li>(ii) it had not yet started its fourth complete cycle of vegetation from sowing when the seed was harvested, and there has not been more than one preceding seed harvest from the crop; or</li> <li>(iii) the content of inert matter which has been determined in accordance with the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

(1)	(2)	(3)
Item	Description of relevant material	Requirements of introduction
		<p>rules applicable for the certification of seed marketed in the European Union, does not exceed 0.1% by weight;</p> <p>(c) no symptoms of <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> Davis et al. have been observed at the place of production, or on any <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. crop adjacent to it, during the last complete cycle of vegetation or, where appropriate, the last two cycles of vegetation; and</p> <p>(d) the crop has been grown on land on which no previous <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. crop has been present during the last three years prior to sowing</p>
43.	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> L.	<p>The seeds must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Dye; or</p> <p>(b) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Dye</p>
44.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf.	<p>The packaging, any label attached to the packaging or any document normally used for trade purposes which accompanies the consignment must bear an appropriate origin mark (which may be a reference to the name of the country of origin)</p>
45.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Viburnum</i> spp. L., <i>Camellia</i> spp. or <i>Rhododendron</i> spp. L., other than <i>Rhododendron simsii</i> Planch, intended for planting	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they meet the requirements specified in point 3 of the Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2002/757/EC</a></p>
46.	Susceptible plants within the meaning of Article 1(b) of <a href="#">Decision 2007/365/EC</a>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown in accordance with the requirements specified in point 2(a), (b) (c) or (d) of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2007/365/EC</a></p>
47.	Specified plants within the meaning of Article 1(2) of <a href="#">Decision 2007/433/EC</a>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they meet the requirements specified in Section II of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2007/433/EC</a></p>

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(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Item</i>	Description of relevant material	<i>Requirements of introduction</i>
48.	Specified plants within the meaning of Article 1(a) of <a href="#">Decision 2012/138/EU</a> which originate in an area established in accordance with Article 6 of that Decision	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they meet the requirements specified in point 1 of Section 2 of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2012/138/EU</a>
49.	Specified plants within the meaning of Article 1(a) of <a href="#">Decision 2012/138/EU</a> which do not originate in, but have been introduced into, a place of production that is in an area established in accordance with Article 6 of that Decision	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the place of production into which the plants have been introduced meets the requirements specified in point 1(iii) of Section 2 of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2012/138/EU</a>
50.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., including those intended for planting, which originate in an area established in accordance with Article 5 of <a href="#">Decision 2012/270/EU</a> , other than those which originate in Wales and are only being moved within such an area	The tubers must be accompanied by an official statement that the tubers meet the requirements specified in point (1)(a) to (c) of Section 2 of Annex I to <a href="#">Decision 2012/270/EU</a>
51.	Live pollen of <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl. or plants, other than seeds, of <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl. intended for planting	The pollen and plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they meet one of the requirements specified in point (2) and, where appropriate, one of the requirements in point (3) of Annex II to <a href="#">Decision 2017/198/EU</a>
52.	Host plants within the meaning of Article 1(b) of Decision (EU) 2015/789 which have never been grown in an area established in accordance with Article 4 of that Decision	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they meet the requirements specified in Article 9(8)(a) of Decision (EU) 2015/789; or</li> <li>(b) in the case of plants, other than seeds, intended for planting, of <i>Coffea</i>, <i>Lavandula dentata</i> L., <i>Nerium oleander</i> L., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Polygala myrtifolia</i> L. or <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D.A. Webb, they meet the requirements specified in the second subparagraph of Article 9(8) of that Decision</li> </ol>
53.	Pre-basic mother plants as defined in Article 1(3) of Commission Implementing <a href="#">Directive 2014/98/EU</a> or pre-basic material as defined in Article 2(5) of Council Directive 2008/90/EC which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— belong to the species <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Prunus amygdalus</i> Batsch, <i>P. amygdalus</i> x</li> </ul>	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they meet the requirements specified in Article 9(9)(a) and (b) of Decision (EU) 2015/789

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirements of introduction
	<p><i>P. persica</i>, <i>P. armeniaca</i> L., <i>P. avium</i> (L.) L., <i>P. cerasus</i> L., <i>P. domestica</i> L., <i>P. domestica</i> x <i>P. salicina</i>, <i>P. dulcis</i> (Mill.) D.A. Webb, <i>P. persica</i> (L.) Batsch, or <i>P. salicina</i> Lindley,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— have been grown outside an area established in accordance with Article 4 of Decision (EU) 2015/789, and</li> <li>— have spent at least part of their life outside insect proof facilities</li> </ul>	
54.	Specified plants within the meaning of Article 1(c) of Decision (EU) 2015/789, other than those belonging to the varieties specified in Annex III to that Decision, which have been grown for at least part of their life in an area established in accordance with Article 4 of that Decision	<p>The plants must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) in the case of plants which have not been grown for their entire production cycle <i>in vitro</i>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) be accompanied by an official statement that they meet the requirements specified in Article 9(2) to (4) and (5) of Decision (EU) 2015/789; or</li> <li>(ii) in the case of dormant plants, other than seeds, of <i>Vitis</i> intended for planting, be accompanied by an official statement that they meet the requirements specified in Article 9(4a) and (5) of that Decision;</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) in the case of plants which have been grown for their entire production cycle <i>in vitro</i>, be accompanied by an official statement that they meet the requirements specified in Article 9a(2) and (3) of that Decision and be transported in the manner specified in Article 9a(4) of that Decision</li> </ul>
55.	Specified plants within the meaning of Article 1(a) of Decision (EU) 2015/893 which originate, or have been introduced into a place of production, in an area established in accordance with Article 7 of that Decision	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) in the case of plants which originate in an area established in accordance with Article 7 of Decision (EU) 2015/893, they have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to their movement, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years, throughout their life, in a place</li> </ul>

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(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Item</i>	Description of relevant material	<i>Requirements of introduction</i>
		of production which meets the requirements specified in point (1)(a) and (b) of Section 2(A) of Annex II to that Decision; and
		(b) they meet the requirements specified in point (1)(c) of that Section
56.	<p>Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle or <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., other than fruits of <i>Citrus aurantium</i> L. or <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Tanaka, which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— originate in Brazil, South Africa or Uruguay;</li> <li>— are destined exclusively for industrial processing into juice; and</li> <li>— have been introduced into another part of the European Union in accordance with Articles 9 to 13 of Decision (EU) 2016/715</li> </ul>	<p>The fruits must be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) packaged and labelled in accordance with Article 17 of that Decision; and</li> <li>(b) subject to a licence granted under article 40(1) of this Order authorising their introduction into, and their movement within, Wales and, where applicable, their processing and storage in Wales</li> </ul>
57.	<p>Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Naringi</i> Adans. Or <i>Swinglea</i> Merr. which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— originate in any third country;</li> <li>— are destined for industrial processing into juice; and</li> <li>— have been introduced into another part of the European Union in accordance with Article 3 of Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/2374</li> </ul>	<p>The fruits must be subject to a licence granted under article 40(1) of this Order authorising their introduction into, and their movement within, Wales and, where applicable, their processing and storage in Wales</p>
58.	Plants of <i>Fraxinus</i> L. intended for planting	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life in an area which has been established and is maintained as an area free from <i>Chalara fraxinea</i> T. Kowalski (including its teleomorph <i>Hymenoscyphus pseudoalbidus</i>) in accordance with ISPM No.4</p>
59.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in column 2 of items 19 to 22, originating in Poland	<p>The tubers must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the responsible official body of Poland confirming that they have been found to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis <i>et al.</i> in official laboratory tests</p>



(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Item</i>	<i>Description of relevant material</i>	<i>Requirements of introduction</i>
60.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., including those intended for planting, originating in any area of Spain which is within the European Union, other than those originating in an area established in accordance with Article 5 of <a href="#">Decision 2012/270/EU</a> or the Balearic Islands	The tubers must have been washed so that there is no more than 0.1% of soil remaining

## PART C

Relevant material which may only be landed in or moved within Wales (as a protected zone) if special requirements are complied with

(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Item</i>	<i>Description of relevant material</i>	<i>Requirements of landing</i>
1.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Platanus</i> L. intended for planting, originating in the European Union or in Armenia, Switzerland or the USA	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) in an area free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. &amp; T.C. Harr., established in accordance with ISPM No. 4; or</li> <li>(b) in a protected zone which is recognised as a protected zone for <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.M. Walter) Engelbr. &amp; T.C. Harr.</li> </ul>
2.	Plants, other than fruit or seeds, of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries in which <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis &amp; Schiffermüller is not known to occur;</li> <li>(b) they have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis &amp; Schiffermüller, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4;</li> <li>(c) they have been produced in nurseries which, along with their vicinity, have been found free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis</li> </ul>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirements of landing
		& Schiffermüller on the basis of official inspections and official surveys carried out at appropriate times; or (d) they have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller
3.	Plants of <i>Castanea Mill.</i> intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that they have been grown throughout their life: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) in a place of production in a country where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr is known not to occur;</li> <li>(b) in an area free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4; or</li> <li>(c) in a protected zone which is recognised as a protected zone for <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr</li> </ul>
4.	Plants, other than seeds, of <i>Prunus L.</i> , intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries in which <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> is not known to occur;</li> <li>(b) they have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>, established by the national plant protection organization in accordance with ISPM No. 4;</li> <li>(c) they have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have shown no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> during the</li> </ul>

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirements of landing
5.	Plants of <i>Palmae</i> , intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: <i>Brahea</i> Mart., <i>Butia</i> Becc., <i>Chamaerops</i> L., <i>Jubaea</i> Kunth, <i>Livistona</i> R. Br., <i>Phoenix</i> L., <i>Sabal</i> Adans., <i>Syagrus</i> Mart., <i>Trachycarpus</i> H. Wendl., <i>Trithrinax</i> Mart., or <i>Washingtonia</i> Raf.	<p>last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of that plant pest have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or</p> <p>(d) in the case of plants of <i>Prunus laurocerasus</i> L. or <i>Prunus lusitanica</i> L. for which there is evidence from their packing or from other means that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete growing season</p> <p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(a) they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) is known not to occur;</p> <p>(b) they have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) established by the national plant protection organization in accordance with ISPM No. 4; or</p> <p>(c) they have, during a period of at least two years prior to export or movement, been grown in a place of production:</p> <p>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organization in the country of origin;</p> <p>(ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister); and</p> <p>(iii) where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times,</p>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirements of landing
		including immediately prior to movement from the place of production, no signs of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) have been observed
6.	Plants of <i>Palmae</i> , intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following taxa: <i>Areca catechu</i> L., <i>Arenga pinnata</i> (Wurmb) Merr., <i>Bismarckia</i> Hildebr. & H. Wendl., <i>Borassus flabellifer</i> L., <i>Brahea armata</i> S. Watson, <i>Brahea edulis</i> H. Wendl., <i>Butia capitata</i> (Mart.) Becc., <i>Calamus merrillii</i> Becc., <i>Caryota maxima</i> Blume, <i>Caryota cumingii</i> Lodd. ex Mart., <i>Chamaerops humilis</i> L., <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L., <i>Copernicia</i> Mart., <i>Corypha utan</i> Lam., <i>Elaeis guineensis</i> Jacq., <i>Howea forsteriana</i> Becc., <i>Jubae chilensis</i> (Molina) Baill., <i>Livistona australis</i> C. Martius, <i>Livistona decora</i> (W. Bull) Dowe, <i>Livistona rotundifolia</i> (Lam.) Mart., <i>Metroxylon sagu</i> Rottb., <i>Phoenix canariensis</i> Chabaud, <i>Phoenix dactylifera</i> L., <i>Phoenix reclinata</i> Jacq., <i>Phoenix roebelenii</i> O'Brien, <i>Phoenix sylvestris</i> (L.) Roxb., <i>Phoenix theophrasti</i> Greuter, <i>Pritchardia</i> Seem. & H. Wendl., <i>Ravenea rivularis</i> Jum. & H. Perrier, <i>Roystonea regia</i> (Kunth) O.F. Cook, <i>Sabal palmetto</i> (Walter) Lodd. ex Schult. & Schult. F., <i>Syagrus roman-zoffiana</i> (Cham.) Glassman, <i>Trachycarpus fortunei</i> (Hook.) H. Wendl. Or <i>Washingtonia</i> Raf.	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) is known not to occur;</li> <li>(b) they have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), established by the national plant protection organization in accordance with ISPM No. 4; or</li> <li>(c) they have, during a period of at least two years prior to export or movement, been grown in a place of production: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organization in the country of origin;</li> <li>(ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier); and</li> <li>(iii) where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to movement from the place of production, no signs of <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) have been observed</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
7.	Uprooted cuttings of <i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i> Willd., intended for planting	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations);</li> <li>(b) no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) have been</li> </ul>

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirements of landing
		<p>observed on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings are derived and which are held or produced at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the whole production period of these plants at the place of production; or</p> <p>(c) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the cuttings and the plants from which the cuttings are derived and which are held or produced at the place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations), in official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period. The last inspection of the weekly inspections must have been carried out immediately prior to movement</p>
8.	<p>Plants of <i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i> Willd., intended for planting, other than:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— seeds,</li> <li>— those for which there is evidence from their packing or their flower (or bract) development or from other means that they are intended for sale to final customers not involved in professional plant production, or</li> <li>— those specified in item 7</li> </ul>	<p>The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations);</li> <li>(b) no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) have been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the nine weeks prior to marketing; or</li> <li>(c) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations)</li> </ul>

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		<p>has been found at the place of production, the plants held or produced at the place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations), in official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period. The last inspection of the weekly inspections must have been carried out immediately prior to movement; and</p> <p>(d) evidence is available that they have been produced from cuttings which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations);</li> <li>(ii) have been grown at a place of production where no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) have been observed on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the whole production period of these plants; or</li> <li>(iii) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, have been grown on plants held or produced at the place of production having undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations)</li> </ul>

(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirements of landing
		<p>and subsequently this place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations), in official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period. The last inspection of the weekly inspections must have been carried out immediately prior to movement</p>
9.	Plants, other than seeds, tubers or corms, of <i>Begonia</i> L., intended for planting; or plants, other than seeds, of <i>Dipladenia</i> A.DC., <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Hibiscus</i> L., <i>Mandevilla</i> Lindl. or <i>Nerium oleander</i> L., intended for planting	<p>(a) The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>(b) they originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations);</p> <p>(c) no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) have been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the nine weeks prior to marketing;</p> <p>(d) where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants, held or produced at the place of production, have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently the place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations), in official</p>

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(1) Item	(2) Description of relevant material	(3) Requirements of landing
		inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from the place of production, and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period; or (e) in the case of plants for which there is evidence from their packing or their flower development or from other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, they have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) immediately prior to their movement
10.	Plants of <i>Castanea Mill.</i> , other than plants in tissue culture, fruit or seeds	(a) The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life: (b) in a place of production in a country where <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu is known not to occur; (c) in an area free from <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM No. 4; or (d) in a protected zone which is recognised as a protected zone for <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu