### WELSH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

# 2018 No. 1182

The Sustainable Drainage (Enforcement) (Wales) Order 2018

## PART 2

## Exercise of enforcement functions

## Agreement to exercise enforcement function

- **3.**—(1) An approving body <sup>M1</sup> may agree with the local planning authority ("the Authority") that the Authority may exercise an enforcement function under this Order as if it were the approving body.
  - (2) The agreement—
    - (a) may relate to any breach of the requirement for approval, and
    - (b) may contain arrangements to reimburse the costs incurred by the Authority in exercising the enforcement function.
- (3) In this article, "enforcement function" means any function exercisable by the approving body in relation to—
  - (a) powers of entry;
  - (b) a temporary stop notice, enforcement notice or stop notice.

## **Marginal Citations**

M1 "Approving body" is defined in paragraph 6 of Schedule 3.

## Powers of entry

- **4.**—(1) An authorised person may at any reasonable time enter a construction area (except any premises in the construction area used wholly or mainly as a private dwelling house) to determine if—
  - (a) there has been a breach of the requirement for approval, or
  - (b) a temporary stop notice, stop notice or enforcement notice has been complied with.
  - (2) Paragraph (1) is subject to paragraph (4).
  - (3) The authorised person must on request produce evidence of authorisation.
  - (4) In an emergency, powers of entry may be exercised at any time.
- (5) An authorised person may not exercise powers of entry to determine if there has been a breach of the requirement for approval if a drainage system for the construction work has been adopted.
- (6) A justice of the peace may, by signed warrant, permit an authorised person to enter any premises in a construction area, if necessary by reasonable force, if the justice on sworn information in writing is satisfied—

- (a) that there are reasonable grounds to enter the premises for the purposes of paragraph (1) of this article, and
- (b) that any of the conditions in paragraph (7) are met.
- (7) The conditions are—
  - (a) entry to the premises has been, or is likely to be, refused, and notice of the intention to apply for a warrant has been given to the occupier;
  - (b) asking for admission to the premises, or giving such a notice, would defeat the object of the entry;
  - (c) entry is required urgently;
  - (d) the premises are unoccupied or the occupier is temporarily absent.
- (8) A warrant is valid for 3 months.
- (9) An authorised person entering premises which are unoccupied or from which the occupier is temporarily absent must leave the premises as effectively secured against unauthorised entry as they were before entry.

## Compensation for loss resulting from exercise of powers of entry

- 5.—(1) A developer or other person is entitled to compensation if—
  - (a) an authorised person enters a construction area or any premises in a construction area in exercise of powers of entry but finds no evidence of a breach of the requirement for approval, and
  - (b) as a result of the exercise of those powers the developer or other person incurs loss.
- (2) If an authorised person enters a construction area or any premises in a construction area in exercise of powers of entry and a breach of the requirement for approval is found, compensation is payable—
  - (a) to the developer for any loss resulting only from an unreasonable exercise of those powers;
  - (b) to any other person as if no evidence of a breach were found.
- (3) Any claim for compensation must be made to the approving body within 12 months after the exercise of those powers.
  - (4) Disputes about compensation are to be determined by the Upper Tribunal.

Changes to legislation:
There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Sustainable Drainage (Enforcement) (Wales) Order 2018, PART 2.