
WELSH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2020 No. 574

**The Health Protection (Coronavirus,
International Travel) (Wales) Regulations 2020**

PART 3

Requirement to isolate etc.

Isolation requirements: exceptions

10.—(1) This regulation applies where a person (“P”) is required to reside in (and not leave or be outside of) premises in Wales by an isolation requirement.

(2) “Isolation requirement” in relation to P means a requirement imposed by—

- (a) regulation 7(3);
- (b) regulation 8(3)(b).

(3) An isolation requirement ceases to apply in relation to P if P leaves Wales, unless P is temporarily outside Wales for a purpose authorised by paragraph (4)(b) to (j).

(4) P may leave and be outside of the premises for as long as is necessary—

- (a) to travel for the purpose of leaving Wales in the manner described by paragraph (3);
- (b) to obtain basic necessities (including for other persons at the premises or any pets at the premises), where it is not possible or practicable—
 - (i) for another person at the premises to obtain them on P’s behalf, or
 - (ii) to obtain them by delivery to the premises from a third party;
- (c) to seek medical assistance, where this is required urgently or on the advice of a registered medical practitioner;
- (d) to receive a health service provided by a registered medical practitioner, where the provision of the service was arranged before P’s arrival in the United Kingdom;
- (e) to assist a person receiving a health service described in paragraph (d), or to accompany that person if P is a child for whom the person has responsibility;
- (f) to access veterinary services where—
 - (i) they are required urgently for a pet at the premises, and
 - (ii) it is not possible for another person at the premises to access those services;
- (g) to carry out specified activities in relation to edible horticulture, but only if P is residing at the premises in connection with those activities;
- (h) to avoid illness or injury or to escape a risk of harm;
- (i) to fulfil a legal obligation, including attending court or satisfying bail conditions, or to participate in legal proceedings;
- (j) to access public services (including social services or victims’ services) where—

- (i) access to the service is critical to P’s well-being, and
- (ii) the service cannot be provided if P remains at the premises;
- (k) for compassionate reasons, including to attend the funeral of—
 - (i) a member of P’s family;
 - (ii) a close friend.
- (5) Where—
 - (a) a legal obligation requires P to change the premises at which P resides for the purpose of an isolation requirement, or
 - (b) P is otherwise unable to remain at the premises at which P is residing for the purpose of an isolation requirement,

P may travel directly to alternative premises in Wales that are suitable for P to reside in until the end of the last day of P’s isolation; and references in this Part to premises, in relation to an isolation requirement, are to be read accordingly.

(6) Where paragraph (5) applies, P must notify the Secretary of State of the address of the alternative premises electronically as soon as is reasonably practicable using a facility provided by the Secretary of State for this purpose.

- (7) An isolation requirement does not apply in relation to any period during which P is—
 - (a) removed to, directed to go to or directed to remain at a place by an immigration officer, constable or public health officer under Schedule 21 to the Coronavirus Act 2020(1);
 - (b) detained at a place by virtue of a requirement imposed under the Immigration Acts.
- (8) For the purposes of this regulation—
 - (a) “edible horticulture” (“*garddwriaeth fwytadwy*”) means growing—
 - (i) protected vegetables grown in glasshouse systems,
 - (ii) field vegetables grown outdoors, including vegetables, herbs, leafy salads and potatoes,
 - (iii) soft fruit grown outdoors or under cover,
 - (iv) trees that bear fruit,
 - (v) vines and bines, or
 - (vi) mushrooms;

“health service” (“*gwasanaeth iechyd*”) means a service provided for or in connection with—

- (i) the prevention, diagnosis or treatment of illness, or
- (ii) the promotion or protection of public health;

“registered medical practitioner” (“*ymarferydd meddygol cofrestredig*”) means a fully registered person within the meaning of the Medical Act 1983(2) who holds a licence to practise under that Act;

“specified activities” (“*gweithgareddau penodedig*”), in relation to edible horticulture, means—

- (i) crop maintenance,
- (ii) crop harvesting,
- (iii) tunnel construction and dismantling,

(1) 2020 c. 7.

(2) 1983 c. 54. see section 55(1). The definition of “fully registered person” was amended by S.I. 2006/1914, S.I. 2007/3101 and S.I. 2008/1774

- (iv) irrigation installation and maintaining,
- (v) crop husbandry,
- (vi) packing and processing of crops on employers premises,
- (vii) preparing and dismantling growing areas and media,
- (viii) general primary production work in edible horticulture,
- (ix) activities relating to supervising teams of horticulture workers.